"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Friday; rising temperature; variable winds.
☞ For full weather report see Page 18.

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HOUSE INQUIRY TO SIFT WRONGS DONE IN MEXICO

Rules Committee Will Call Ambassador Fletcher as the First Witness.

EXPECT TO FRAME POLICY

Mrs. Correll and Her Son Arrive to Tell Story of Crimes in Oil District.

HEAR GERMAN LED BANDITS

Widow Says She Brings the "Ghosts of 500 Victims of Mexican Murderers."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Investigation of the Mexican situation, with Ambassador Fletcher as the first witness, will be begun next Tuesday morning by the Rules Committee of the House, the resolution introduced by Representative Gould of New York to appoint a joint committee from the Senate and House to look into all relations between this country and Mexico since 1910 being made the occasion for the inquiry.

It is generally predicted that these hearings will lead to a thorough overhauling of the Mexican problem, with a view to definite recommendations.

There were other developments in connection with Mexican relations today. Mrs. John W. Correll, wife of the American citizen who was murdered, either by bandits or Carranza soldiers, near Tampico on June 1d, reached Washington this afternoon with her son, Joseph, 16 years old, in an effort to obtain an audience at the White House and the State Department, to tell her story in all its revolting details and to demand that the Government exact satisfaction.

Mrs. Correll, who has the blood of the Chickasaw Indian tribe in her veins and is the mother of eleven children, is 50 years old, but appears to be scarcely more than 30. She was brought here by the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico.

She speaks excellent English, but hesitated about going into the details of her experience on the day her husband was killed. Her son Joseph was shot at a dozen times by the Mexicans and narrowly escaped death, one bullet passing through his clothing.

It is possible that Mrs. Correll may appear as a witness before the Rules Committee of the House, but no arrangements to that end have yet been made. Representative Tom D. McKeown of the Fourth Oklahoma District is endeavoring to arrange appointments for her with President Wilson and the State Department.

On the way here from Ada, Okla., where she was taken after the murder of her husband, Mrs. Correll, it is said, made the statement that she was determined to bring to the attention of the country the "terrible condition" which prevailed in the Tampico oil district, and that she was bringing with her "the ghosts of 500 victims of Mexican murderers to march up the steps of the State Department" and parade before the White House.

Searching Inquiry Outlined.

The announcement concerning the hearings before the Rules Committee caused much interest here, as it is accepted as the first step in a searching inquiry which will lay much emphasis on the latest atrocities in the oil district. If a joint committee is decided upon to conduct an investigation it will be composed of three Senators and three Representatives.

Subjects set forth for investigation as suggested by Mr. Gould's resolution are:

1. The relations, economic, political and military, of the Government of the United States with the Republic of Mexico from the year 1910 until the date of the report to be made.

2. The conditions and incidents leading up to, concerned in, or responsible for such relations.

3. The economic, political, and physical treatment accorded to American and other foreign citizens in Mexico and elsewhere, as to their lives and properties in the Republic of Mexico, subsequent to 1910.

4. The extent to which the Government of the United States, through Ministerial assurances to foreign Governments or otherwise, has obligated the people of the United States for the collection, payment, or liquidation of public or private claims against the Government or people of the Republic of Mexico.

5. The policy and activity of the Government of the United States in presenting and pressing claims of American citizens for loss of life and property by violence, confiscation, retroactive legislation, or governmental activity, in seeming violation of the tenets of international law, since 1910, including measures taken and representations made to the Government of Mexico in efforts to forestall the inimical effects of such acts or measures of the Mexican Government.

6. The individual and factional responsibility for robbery, maltreatment, and murder of American citizens in the Republic of Mexico and on American territory contiguous thereto.

The special committee is empowered to

Continued on Page Three.

"THE FIVE MILLION"—Lyric Theatre. The Big Comedy Hit of the Year.—Advt.

Remember—"TOCA—Pure Havana Cigars." Remember—"None Better Made."—Advt.

Bela Kun Regime in Straits; Army Chief Is Put in Prison

VIENNA, July 16. (Associated Press.)—There is a crisis in the Hungarian Soviet Government. General Boehm, commander of the armies, has been in prison. Reports have been circulated that his health required rest in a sanatorium. Strumfeld, second in command, is reported to have fled.

Statements that Bela Kun, the Soviet leader, has been invited to a conference by the Allies have given rise to reports that he has accepted this opportunity to escape from Hungary without the intention of returning. It is denied, however, that he has left Hungary thus far, or even departed from the capital.

SCIENTISTS PLAN 20-STORY CHURCH

To Build $4,000,000 Structure on the Site of Old St. Bartholomew's.

WILL HOUSE OFFICES ALSO

Auditorium for Services to Seat 1,800, with Entrance on Forty-third Street.

Formally announcing the purchase of the old St. Bartholomew's Church property, Madison Avenue, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets, the Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist, last night disclosed its plans for the site. The sale of the property for $3,500,000 was published last month.

The Fifth Church, now located in Aeolian Hall, plans to erect a $4,000,000 building, twenty stories high, containing an auditorium and rooms for the various activities of the church.

In addition to the quarters to be occupied by the church, the building will contain a large number of offices, with an office entrance on Madison Avenue. Entrance to the church auditorium, which will be 100 feet square and capable of seating 1,800 persons, will be on Forty-third Street.

Plans for the building already have been prepared by Arthur D. Pickering, architect, and C. J. Jepsen, engineer, and call for an Indiana limestone facade. The construction contract has been awarded to the William J. Taylor Company, and the building is expected to be ready for occupancy by Oct. 1, 1920.

The land purchase was made by the Madison Avenue Offices, Inc., which will erect and manage the building for the benefit of the church.

The Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist, formerly occupied the Presbyterian Church edifice at Madison Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, but for five years has held its services in Aeolian Hall. The growth of the congregation, it was stated, had rendered larger quarters necessary.

REDS FORCE KOLCHAK FROM EKATERINBURG

Northern Wing of Siberian Army Falling Back in Ural Mining Region.

LONDON, July 16.—Ekaterinburg, 100 miles southeast of Perm, has been captured by the Bolsheviki, according to a Russian wireless dispatch received here today. The town was occupied on Monday.

Ekaterinburg, the centre of the Ural mining region, has been one of the main supply bases of the northern wing of the Kolchak army. If the report of its capture is true, the Kolchak forces have lost their last important base north of the Trans-Siberian Railway at Tcheliabinsk. The Bolsheviki reported the capture of Perm in a dispatch through London on July 2.

PARIS, July 16.—Premier Clemenceau sent a message of thanks today to Admiral Kolchak, head of the All-Russian Government at Omsk, in reply to a message of congratulation upon the signing of the German Peace Treaty.

Premier Clemenceau in his reply said the Allies, and particularly France, did not forget the aid given by the Russian armies. He expressed the hope Russia would soon resume her place among the great democratic nations.

Continued on Page Four.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion.—Advt.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES On Your Library Table.—Advt.

ODD DEFINITIONS GIVEN BY FORD IN LIBEL SUIT

Manufacturer Says an Idealist Is "One Who Helps to Make Profits."

BENEDICT ARNOLD A WRITER

Explains to Counsel That Treason Is "Anything Against the Government."

SAYS HE WAS A 'MURDERER'

Just the Same as Anybody Else Was Who Advocated Preparedness for War.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT CLEMENS, Mich., July 16.—Continuation of Henry Ford's testimony today as a witness in the hands of Elliott G. Stevenson in Mr. Ford's $1,000,000 libel suit against The Chicago Tribune showed more fully how he permitted Theodore Delavigne to make statements for him which he cannot even remember. "Delavigne wrote it," "I was responsible, but I didn't see it," "Delavigne didn't show it to me" were his answers to numerous questions.

Mr. Ford testified that Delavigne had returned from France, where he went with the American Army, and was believed to be somewhere in the South.

Mr. Ford was led to say that he had been a murderer "just as well as anybody else was" in advocating preparedness, although he said a moment later that those who advocated preparedness in 1916 were not murderers in 1917 when he began his war activities "because we were then at war." He said he never had intended to call Henry B. Joy an apostle of murder.

He defined treason as anything against the Government, said that Benedict Arnold was a writer, admitted himself an "ignorant idealist," "to stop the argument," defined an idealist as "one who helps to make profits," and excused lack of knowledge on Government affairs by saying: "I could find a man in five minutes who could tell me all about it."

He said that Henry A. Wise Wood, who reported a conversation with him on preparedness and other matters, "looked like a slave of the financiers." He denied that he (Ford) had ever said he would pull down the Stars and Stripes from his factory. He "supposed that the Santa Ysabel massacre happened," and "had read something about the Columbus raid," which he supposed might have been about the time he was writing his articles against militarism.

Mr. Ford and Mr. Stevenson got on very well at that, but twice objections by Alfred Lucking led to reprimands by the court.

Ford's View of a "Lazy Vulture."

Mr. Stevenson reverted to a paragraph from Mr. Ford's Delavigne-made pamphlet, "Peace vs. War," "reading "It is the same old scarecrow talk by the same old lazy vultures who make human lives, seldom their own, the stake of their so-called battles of brain."

"Isn't it a fact, Mr. Ford, that you had reference to the people who were advocating preparedness in the same old scarecrow talk,' and that is the way you characterized them?"

"Not people that were advocating preparedness; people who wanted war for a profit. My view of the lazy vulture is the fellow who makes money out of war."

"I understand the trend of your various arguments in general was to warn that the advocates of preparedness were persons who were trying to instill fear into the minds of people of dangers that did not exist, that they might cause the Government to overprepare, as you call it?"

"Yes, and thereby sell munitions. That is the man at the bottom of it—the man who makes money out of it. He has got his hooks into everything that pertains to the system."

"And you characterized everybody who advocated preparedness as doing it

Pigeon Believed to Be the R-34's Deserter Picked Up by Ship 1,100 Miles at Sea

While the R-34 was speeding eastward a week ago, one of the two carrier pigeons slipped from a window of the forward gondola and disappeared into the night, being officially reported as a "casualty" by Brig. Gen. E. J. Maitland when the dirigible came down at Pulham, England. If, however, Captain John Chapman of the Munson liner West Kyska, which arrived yesterday from London, is correct, there's an entry due in the service records of the British Air Ministry, to read as follows: "Returned to duty, N. U. R. P. 16-0."

Last Friday found the West Kyska 1,100 miles east of Sandy Hook. It was a blustery day and the rain fell in unbroken lines. Watching the swirling disappearance of a wave that had smacked in over the bow, Captain Chapman suddenly saw a bird drop out of the sky and land on deck almost at the tip of the bow. A misguided seagull, he thought, but he changed that verdict when the bedraggled bit of feathers, which proved to be a carrier pigeon, unsteadily got on its feet. Captain Chapman had two seamen make a guest of the newcomer in short order.

Down on the Captain's table minutes afterward the pigeon, utterly exhausted, was fed.

Looking the pigeon over, the officers discovered on its right leg an aluminium band with the letters "N. U. R. P. 16-0" stamped on it. There was a hook attached to the band, seemingly for a letter-cartridge, but nothing else that would serve to identify the stranger.

When the Munson Liner docked yesterday, Captain Chapman himself took the bird to the offices of the line, and officials there, suspecting that it was the missing passenger of the R-34, took the pigeon to the offices of the British Provost Guard, 44 Whitehall Street, turning it over to Colonel Norman Thwaites. Colonel Thwaites immediately got in touch with the United States Army Signal Corps on Bedloe's Island, where the officer in charge said that it was undoubtedly a British bird.

According to the reports of the arrival of the R-34 at the hangars at Pulham, General Maitland said that the trip had produced only "one casualty," the loss of one of the pigeons carried for emergency signalling purposes, when the bird escaped in the early hours of the morning of July 9.

Colonel Thwaites cabled a description of the whitish-gray bird to England last night.

MAGNIFICO—A cigar known by its bouquet. Mild, too. Of Key West make. Exclusively in UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

Birkenfeld Republic Set Up in French Area of Occupation

COBLENZ, July 16, (Associated Press.)—A republic has been proclaimed in Birkenfeld, in the allied area of occupation.

A Provisional Government was formed on Monday and complete separation from Oldenburg proclaimed.

Birkenfeld is a small principality of Germany inclosed by Rhenish Prussia, although belonging to Oldenburg. It has an area of 194 square miles and a population of about 45,000. The principal city and capital is Birkenfeld, twenty-five miles east-southeast of Treves.

The American area of occupation includes Treves, but Birkenfeld is in the French area to the south of the Americans.

CHURCHILL PROPOSES NEW BRITISH PARTY

Wants Moderates of Old Parties to Unite to Conserve What the War Won.

LLOYD GEORGE AS LEADER

Secretary of War Indicates That Premier Is Only Possibility in Sight.

LONDON, July 16, (Via Montreal.)—Colonel Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War, is sponsor for a permanent coalition party, to be known as the Centre Party.

In a speech at a dinner at which more than 100 members of the House of Commons were present, Churchill, who had just returned from a visit to Premier Lloyd George at Criccseith, urged the necessity of such an organization.

Speaking as a disciple of Lloyd George, he reviewed the old political differences and emphasized the need for continued combination of the moderates among the Unionists and Liberals to preserve what had been won in the war. He insisted upon co-operation for the purpose of fighting Bolshevism.

Among the speakers who supported this plan were the chief Coalition, Liberal, and Unionist whips.

The Lord Chancellor referred sympathetically to the future of the Labor Party, but there is some speculation as to the new party's attitude toward other elements.

Those present at the dinner are said to have gained the impression that Mr. Lloyd George would lead the new Centre Party.

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LONDON, July 16.—Recognizing Lloyd George as the only possible leader, Mr. Churchill read carefully a prepared speech, which lasted more than an hour, pointing out that as a result of the war the empire had reached a success greater than ever before in its history. All this now is imperilled and might be lost within the next ten years unless moderate men of all parties combined to secure and protect it.

One difficulty in organizing the new political party would be the question of who shall hold and control the fund of the old parties which it is planned to wipe out. In addition to such occasional campaign subscriptions as are collected in the United States, British political parties have what might be called endowments, or invested funds, which are supposed to be very large. The income is used to keep the party machinery in order between elections as well as to supplement subscriptions collected for specific campaigns.

The new organization is planning to entertain both Lloyd George and Bonar Law. If these two leaders of opposite schools of political thought give the scheme their indorsement it is likely to be successful.

QUESTION IN COMMONS ON U. S. SENATE ACTION

Resolution on Ireland Not Regarded as Violation of the League Covenant.

LONDON, July 16.—The British Government does not regard the action of the United States Senate with respect to Ireland, or the acts in the same connection of other persons or bodies representing the American people, as in violation of Article X. of the League of Nations covenant, said Andrew Bonar Law, the Government leader, in the House of Commons today.

The Government, Bonar Law added, would not put the question of the future government of Ireland in the program for consideration at the next meeting of the Council of the League of Nations.

Mr. Bonar Law's statement was made in reply to a question by Colonel Malone, one of many that are put daily to the Government on the Irish policy, and usually followed by supplementary questions.

Joseph Devlin interjected today while Mr. Bonar Law was making his answer:

"What is the League of Nations for?"

"It is being formed in the hope of preventing war," said Mr. Bonar Law.

This did not satisfy the Irish leader, who came back with:

"Is not the best way of preventing war to withdraw the armies of occupation from civilized countries, such as Ireland?"

"That is not the only way," rejoined the Government spokesman. "Another would be to withdraw the necessity of having an army.

"Will the right honorable gentleman withdraw the necessity by giving the people the right to control their own affairs?" was Mr. Devlin's retort. To this he received no reply.

"THE FIVE MILLION"—Lyric Theatre. The Big Comedy Hit of the Town.—Advt.

WILSON ASKS REPUBLICAN SENATORS TO SEE HIM ON TREATY ONE BY ONE; BLOCKADE OF RUSSIA AND HUNGARY

FIRM HAND WITH BELA KUN

Exclusion From Trade as Penalty for Breaking the Armistice.

TO CURB RED RUSSIA, TOO

Free Importation of Food Into Bolshevist Areas Will Not Be Permitted.

NEUTRALS MUST COOPERATE

Failure to Join the Blockade May Be Followed by Economic Penalties.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 15.—Bolshevist Russia and Bolshevist Hungary are a present menace to the restoration of complete peace with which the allied Powers must deal immediately. The Supreme Council is becoming more and more concerned over the situation in those countries. The Council has given much consideration to the problems involved, but without arriving at a definite decision.

The great celebration of victory has emphasized the fact that peace has been only partly restored, and the allied statesmen have had brought forcibly to their minds that Russia and Hungary must be dealt with in the most drastic manner possible.

Upper Silesia also offers a problem. This an man's land, whose ultimate sovereignty is to be determined by a plebiscite, must be occupied by allied troops until the question of its future is answered. Its German population resent the Peace Treaty provision for its possible and probable transfer to the new Polish state and threaten to make trouble. There were at one time clear indications that the German Government was ready to furnish help to resist the transfer, but since the allied Powers warned Germany against such a course this danger appears to have lessened. It is necessary, however, in the opinion of the Supreme Council, to carry out the provisions of the Versailles treaty for the military occupation of Upper Silesia, and attention is now being given to the problem of how to obtain the necessary troops.

The shouts of those who were the last to abandon the Victory celebration had hardly died away before the Supreme Council, or Council of Foreign Ministers, resumed consideration of the Bolshevist dangers. Before President Wilson's departure from France the Powers had virtually recognized the anti-Bolshevist Government headed by Admiral Kolchak by offering to furnish food to the regions occupied by his forces and by urging the Finnish Government to join with Kolchak in a concerted campaign against Petrograd. With the resumption of the sessions of the Council after the Victory fêtes, immediate attention was given to further arrangements for lessening the ability of the Bolshevist authorities to make trouble.

Plan to Restrict Food Supplies.

Last Saturday the allied Governments lifted the blockade of Germany, and at the same time some of them removed the restrictions placed on trade between Germany and Russia. The developments in the resumed meetings of the Council show that it is not intended to permit a free flow of food and other supplies into that large portion of Russia controlled by the Lenin administration. Methods to prevent this are receiving the Council's closest attention. All that is taking place in the sessions of the Council in this connection goes to show that the Allies, while unwilling to treat the Bolshevist Government as a declared enemy, intend to deal with Bolshevism as a menace to world peace that must not be tolerated or condoned.

As for Bolshevist Hungary, comprising Budapest and some surrounding territory, the Allies have full warrant for taking positive measures in dealing with the situation. Last week the Supreme Council, acting for the principal allied Powers, served notice on Bela Kun, head of the Bolshevist authority in Budapest, that the Allies would have no dealings with him. This course was necessary in order to bring sharply to Bela Kun's mind the fact that Hungary was considered conquered territory awaiting the disposition of the victors.

In response to the notification from the Supreme Council that it was ready to receive Hungarian peace delegates, Bela Kun sent a communication, assuming that the Allies had asked his government to deal with them on equal terms in arranging conditions of peace. The refusal of the Allies to receive a Hungarian peace delegation is based on the violation of the armistice terms by Bela Kun's Government, and he has been so informed. Having taken that course, the Supreme Council must now devise means of making the recalcitrant Hungarians realise that their future is subject to allied disposition, and not to that of Bela Kun.

It would take probably 200,000 troops to exercise complete control of Hungary,

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing think of WAHLIG.—Advt.

Greece and Italy to Fix Spheres in Asia Minor; Council Debates Schleswig and Polish Questions

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 16.—Many matters of importance were considered by the Supreme Council this afternoon, among them the determination of the areas which the Greeks and Italians will be permitted to occupy in Southern Asia Minor. Premier Venizelos made the problem easier by informing the council that Greece had 65,000 troops in that region, which, he said, was too many, and that she was willing to withdraw some of them.

The council decided to have the Italians and Greeks agree on a boundary, which, however, should be merely tentative and approved by the council without prejudice to future territorial settlements.

There have been clashes between Greeks and Turks since the Greeks landed at Smyrna. The assertion that the Italians are encouraging the Turks is declared to be without foundation.

In considering the Austrian Peace Treaty, the council decided to insert a provision that Austria should build for Italy, at the latter's expense, two railroads through the Reschen and Prodil Passes.

Long reports from two commissions for the execution of the German treaty were considered by the coupcil. Stress was laid upon the recommendation that commissions for carrying out the terms with reference to Schleswig and Poland should be in those countries on the day the treaty became effective through its ratification by three of the principal Allied Powers. This was embarrassing to the American delegation, which is unable to appoint American members on these commissions because of the uncertainty whether the Senate will ratify the treaty without reservations.

On account of the principal part the British are taking in guarding Schleswig until a plebiscite is held there to determine whether it will remain German or not, it was decided by the council that a British officer should head the plebiscite commission. A French officer will be Chairman of the commission to carry out the provision relating to Danzig, Silesia, and the western boundaries of Poland.

BERLIN BANKERS LOOK FOR AID HERE

Negotiations Begun to Establish Credits for the Benefit of German Interests.

BOND ISSUE IS UNLIKELY

Financing May Take the Form of Acceptances or Other Banking Arrangement.

Officials of the Deutsche Bank of Berlin, the largest private banking institution in Germany, have started negotiations with New York banks for the purpose of establishing credits for the benefit of German interests here. It is understood that the Deutsche Bank officials are not acting for themselves alone, but are the spokesmen for the German Government and the proposed German banking "kartel" which it has been suggested be formed by the seven big private German banks and the Reichsbank to refinance Germany.

The proposal made by the German banks is that bank credits, either in the form of acceptances or otherwise, be opened here. Such a credit would be guaranteed jointly by the German Government and the banking kartel. Nothing has been said definitely about the size of the credit desired, but American bankers have been given to understand that the amount wanted is considerable. Tentatively, amounts ranging from $30,000,000 to $50,000,000 have been spoken of for a beginning. Nothing is said as to the probable rate of interest to be charged.

It was said yesterday that the initial German financing would almost surely be done through the medium of banking arrangements. This is the opinion entertained here and in Germany. It is believed that it would be extremely difficult to float a large issue of German bonds in this market at the present time and financial authorities who have studied the situation say that the banks will have to pave the way for re-establishing German financial and commercial relations.

The exact form of a banking credit has not been decided upon. Some financiers think that an acceptance credit, similar to that made for the benefit of Belgium, and later for Czechoslovakia, would be possible, but there is some doubt as to the attitude of the Federal Reserve Board in this matter. An acceptance credit, or any other kind, for that matter, would have to run for rather a long time, and if it should be an acceptance credit, it is thought that some renewal arrangement would be necessary. As it is necessary to secure the consent of the Federal Reserve Board in order to have renewable bills made rediscountable or purchasable by Federal Reserve Banks, the attitude of the board would be of the utmost importance, and some bankers in New York fear that the Reserve Board would not consider a renewable German acceptance credit with favor.

However, bankers explain that it would still be possible for banks to extend substantial assistance in getting commerce moving to Germany, even without the aid of the Federal Reserve system. This can be done by either open account or by some commercial

Continued on Page Two.

CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

WHEAT IS PUT UNDER LICENSE

Wilson, by Proclamation, Gives Barnes Control of Imports and Exports.

CAN CURB BAKERS ALSO

Disposition of Guarantee Fund Also Put in Wheat Director's Hands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Wilson, by proclamations issued tonight, put entire control of the wheat situation in the hands of Julius H. Barnes, Wheat Director, making it possible for him, by a license system to regulate the export and import of wheat and wheat flour, the domestic and foreign distribution, the milling processes and the baking of bread and other products.

With the authority vested in him, Mr. Barnes will be able to regulate importations of wheat from Australia and South American countries, which have large supplies of wheat, selling below the Government guaranteed price, and from Canada, despite the reciprocity agreement.

It will, also, to a large extent, give Mr. Barnes authority to decide whether there shall be any change of policy that will operate for the reduction of bread prices, with the Government paying the losses resulting from maintaining the guaranteed price to the producers.

Mr. Barnes has been opposed to any plan that would bring about such a decrease to the consumer at the expense of the $1,000,000,000 fund, it is said, and recently wrote to Congress that he had made a profit of $26,000,000 for the Government in the handling of wheat. This statement has stirred up some members of Congress who have been talking of the high cost of living and expressed the opinion that the public should have a reduction in bread costs, at least to the point where the Government would break even rather than make a profit.

One proclamation issued by the President today deals with the control over exports and imports and contains these provisions:

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by the aforesaid act of Congress, as well as by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by any and all other acts of Congress conferring authority upon me in the premises, hereby find and proclaim to all it may concern that it is essential in carrying out the guarantees aforesaid and to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder, that wheat and wheat flour, on and after July 1, 1919, shall not be imported into the United States from and shall not be exported from or shipped from or taken out of the United States to Abyssinia, Afghanistan, Albania, Argentina, Austria, Belgium, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Finland, France, her colonies, posses-

Continued on Page Two.

INVITED TO WHITE HOUSE

President Begins Conferences Today With Fifteen Members of Majority.

HALF HOUR TO EACH ONE

Full Information Offered to Lodge, Knox, and Other League Opponents.

WILL GO, BUT RELUCTANTLY

Data Alone Desired by Them—Lodge Committee Calls for German-Chinese Treaty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—So as to lay before the opponents of the League of Nations covenant information touching upon provisions to which objection has been raised in the Senate, President Wilson, it was announced at the White House today, will begin tomorrow a series of conferences with Republican Senators at the White House.

Fifteen Republican Senators are on the President's list, including most of the members of the Foreign Relations Committee. The conferences, it was stated, will last probably half an hour for each Senator. The Senators will be invited to appear one at a time instead of collectively.

It had been the President's idea to appear before the Foreign Relations Committee, and he had made it known to the committee through Senator Hitchcock, the ranking Democratic member, but the committee ignored the suggestion, and this, it is stated, induced the President to decide upon the conferences at the White House.

It was learned late tonight that one of the Republicans invited by the President to confer with him at the White House was Senator Colt of Rhode Island, who has been asked to meet the President at 2:45 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Wilson is anxious, it is said, that the Republican Senators acquaint themselves by personal interview with all the matters upon which they say they want enlightenment. He has expressed himself as eager to answer any questions put to him. It is his plan to receive four or five Senators on each day of the conference, seeing each separately. Senator Lodge, Chairman, and Mr. Knox, another leading member of the Foreign Relations Committee, will be among the first invited to the White House.

At the conference, it is understood, President Wilson will take the League foes into his full confidence as to the proceedings at the Peace Conference relating to the features of the treaty that have been under attack in the Senate. He will take up not only the League of Nations provisions but the award of rights in the Shantung Peninsula to Japan.

Reluctant to Confer.

Although none of the Senators who will be invited is expected to decline to meet the President, it was clearly indicated by majority members of the Foreign Relations Committee today that, as for themselves, they were not any too eager to go. The data wanted by the majority members, it was explained, had all been set forth in the various resolutions acted upon by the committee within the last few days. These call for complete data as to proceedings touching upon the treaty negotiations at Paris, together with information as to what had happened to the American draft of the League of Nations; a copy of the alleged secret peace treaty between Japan and Germany, and a copy of the memorandum alleged to have been filed by Secretary Lansing, General Bliss, and Andrew D. White, as American Peace Commissioners, against the Shantung award.

Senator Lodge asserted that if the President submitted to the Senate committee all the data asked for, White House conferences would not be necessary. As to interpretations to be put on treaty provisions, Republican members said, that was a matter for the committee to undertake.

Administration Senators felt, after hearing of the contemplated conferences with their Republican confreres at the White House, that much doubt in the minds of opponents of the League of Nations covenant thus would be removed and that the way would be paved for speedily putting the treaty through. They were hopeful that opposition to Article X., the Monroe Doctrine, and other provisions would not be so strong after the President had opportunity to express his views.

Majority leaders, however, insisted that the fight for reservations would be carried through. They reiterated their claim that they had votes enough to make reservations in the resolution of ratification.

The fight on the Shantung award, which reached an acute stage in yesterday's debate, will be resumed tomorrow, when Senator Sherman, Republican, of Illinois, an implacable opponent of the League of Nations covenant, will speak in the Senate. Mr. Sherman insists that the Administration cannot defend the acquiescence of the United States in the award to Japan through the exclusive-

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion.—Advt.

tion, offered by Senator Williams of Mississippi, that it was done so as to influence Japan into signing the treaty of peace with Germany.

"That confession will not be accepted by the Senate as a sufficient motive for the United States bargaining in the steal of the Shantung Peninsula," said Senator Sherman.

The Republican majority will offer a resolution of reservation on the Shantung award after the Foreign Relations Committee has completed its deliberations on the treaty. It is expected that the reservation will be reported favorably by the committee and that it will be one of the first to be voted upon by the Senate. The Republicans assert that they will have more than enough votes to adopt it.

Calls for Treaty of 1898.

The Foreign Relations Committee today discussed briefly the agreement spoken of in yesterday's debate, entered into in 1898, by which the United States recognized the treaty under which Germany was granted rights in the Shantung Peninsula by China. The committee voted to ask the State Department to submit a copy of the agreement, which was entered into in the Roosevelt Administration. In the Senate debate it was contended that the United States, by acquiescing in the German-Chinese Treaty, had acknowledged the virtual "theft" of rights on the Shantung Peninsula, and by becoming a party to turning these rights over to Japan had emphasized a wrong done to China. This point will be stressed in the forthcoming Senate debate.

Opposition Senators expressed the view that the alleged treaty entered into between Germany and Japan last year for a separate peace was only part of Japan's effort to enforce her claims to Shantung Peninsula at the Peace Conference. Germany and Japan, according to one Senator, are believed to have been in touch as to the alleged secret treaty in 1915, at the time Japan effected the agreement with Great Britain and France to support the Mikado's Government in the Shantung claim in return for Japan's support in England's claim to South Pacific islands and France's effort to get German ships in Chinese waters.

All the data pertaining to the German-Japanese negotiations have been asked of the President in the Lodge resolution, which was adopted by the Senate yesterday. No intimation came from the White House today as to whether the information would be supplied.

The Foreign Relations Committee's session lasted two hours. Only three Democratic Senators—Hitchcock, Williams, and Pomerene—attended, Senator Hitchcock entering the committee room shortly before the committee adjourned for the day. The committee went on with its reading of the treaty, disposing of seventy pages, making 125 covered. The provisions touched upon today related to Shantung, Egypt, Danzig and other territories involving disposition to Allied powers. Senators Moses and Fall announced that they would have reservations to offer as to Shantung.

Senator Borah, who has asked, in his resolution now before the Senate, for the memorandum signed by Mr. Lansing, Baron Rosen and Mr. Wright, of Shantung, said he did not know whether the memorandum would appear in the stenographic reports of the Peace Conference proceedings, asked for this memorandum in a resolution directed to the President, which was adopted yesterday. The memorandum, Mr. Borah said, may merely have been handed to the conferees and not read into the proceedings. In any event, Mr. Borah said, the committee could have at its disposal a friend of the Senator, who accompanied the American commission to Paris and who saw the memorandum. This witness will be called if Mr. Lansing, now on his way home, does not produce the memorandum before the committee.

Democrats at White House.

President Wilson talked with seven Democratic Senators today at the White House. Each one, after the conference, said personal matters were discussed, chiefly pertaining to speaking engagements on the forthcoming trip of the President through the country. Not a word was spoken, the Senators said, as to the treaty of peace.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon was one of the White House visitors. His appearance, in view of the strained relations after the Senator's attacks upon the Administration eighteen months ago, in which he alleged inefficiency in the conduct of the war, occasioned some surprise. As he left the White House, Senator Chamberlain said he had been sent for by the President, who wanted suggestions as to where to speak in Oregon.

"The President was as cordial as he always is," said Mr. Chamberlain. "Our interview was brief. Not a word was spoken on the League of Nations contest in the Senate or about any phase of the treaty of peace."

Senator Swanson of Virginia, one of the leaders in the fight for the League covenant, conferred with the President at the latter's appearance at the tercentennial anniversary celebration of the House of Burgesses at Williamsburg, Va., on July 30. Mr. Wilson, the Senator said, had promised to attend if he could arrange his engagements to suit.

Senators Pomerene of Ohio, Wolcott of Delaware, Harris of Georgia, and Gerry of Rhode Island went to the White House on what they described as personal matters. Senator Owen of Oklahoma called upon the President to discuss the bill offered in the Senate by Senator Edge of New Jersey, to create an international banking corporation, supervised by the Government, to stabilize European finances and open up a market abroad for American commerce.

To See Most Republican Senators.

WASHINGTON, July 16. (Associated Press.)—A half-dozen Republican Senators, whose names were withheld, were asked to meet the President tomorrow, and it was indicated that the invitations would be a daily feature until Mr. Wilson had seen most of the Republican membership of the treaty ratifying body. During the day he selected the men whom he desires to see this week.

The President's letters of invitation, sent by mail late in the day, had not been delivered tonight, and there was much speculation as to the choices he had made for tomorrow's conferences. Republican leaders opposing the treaty in its present form did not hesitate to predict that the White House talks would fail to lessen the opposition to unreserved ratification. Those in the President's confidence indicated that the burden of his appeal to the Republican Senators would concern the League of Nations and the Shantung settlement, the two provisions which have aroused the greatest criticism in the Senate.

CHICAGO INVITES WILSON.

President Asked to Speak There on League Covenant and Treaty.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Twenty of the largest civic, industrial and educational organizations in Chicago today sent a telegram to President Wilson inviting him to Chicago and to make an address on the League of Nations and the Peace Treaty.

It is considered probable he will accept. The date on which he will speak here has not been decided because arrangements for the President's tour have not been completed.

The telegram addressed to the President read:

"The undersigned organizations of Chicago, representing commercial, civic, and patriotic activities of city, cordially invite you to deliver address in this city under our joint auspices. Will make all arrangements necessary for largest and most representative audience that can be accommodated. All details to be arranged to suit your entire convenience. Believe you should include Chicago in your proposed Western itinerary and that your address here will be of far-reaching influence. Please communicate reply to Harry H. Merrick, President Chicago Association of Commerce. We earnestly hope you will accept."

The organizations signing the invitation are the Board of Trade, Association of Commerce, Association of Credit Men, Chicago Athletic Association, Chicago Bar Association, Clearing House Association, Real Estate Board, City Club, Civic Federation, Commercial Club, Cook County Real Estate Board, Illinois Athletic Club, Illinois Manufacturers' Association, Industrial Club, Iroquois Club, League to Enforce Peace, Traffic Club, Union League Club, University of Chicago and Northwestern University.

SAY CHINA OFFERED TO SIGN PEACE TREATY

It Was at the Last Moment, Returning Envoys Explain, and Tender Was Ignored.

Dr. H. K. Kung and T. H. Hsu, who carried the protest of the people of China to the Chinese delegates at the Peace Conference, urging them not to accede to the proposed grant of the Shantung Peninsula to Japan, returned to New York yesterday from Paris. After a few days in Washington they will return to China.

The two envoys explained the steps taken by the Chinese delegation to have the Peace Conference withhold the awarding of Shantung to Japan. First the delegation attempted to put through with the Big Three an agreement to sign the treaty on condition that a Shantung reservation clause were included. This proffer was rejected. Then China offered to sign if a "declaration" on Shantung were permitted to be filed. This would have permitted China to place the Shantung matter before the League of Nations. This request also was refused. The Chinese delegates on the morning of the day for signing the treaty, dispatched a note to the heads of some of the peace delegations agreeing to omit the reservation on Shantung if permitted to sign the treaty. The delegates said Clemenceau returned the letter without an answer, while President Wilson made no acknowledgment.

"China wants to sign the Austrian treaty, so she may become a member of the League of Nations," said Mr. Hsu. "We do not know whether she will be permitted to sign. China is still at war technically with Germany, and must make a separate peace.

"The Chinese delegates at the Peace Conference held several audiences with the Big Three at the beginning of the conference, but afterward their requests for audiences were refused. We appreciate the efforts of President Wilson in behalf of China, but his hands were tied. He could not do much in the face of obligations made by allied countries.

"Our intention is to leave for Washington soon to confer with Senators in Congress who are interested in the Chinese-Japanese situation and then to return to China. When we reach our country we intend to advise the Government to refuse to carry out the twenty-one demands of Japan, made in 1915, which, if carried out in full, would enable Japan to control all of China.

BULGARIANS DUE JULY 25.

Peace Mission to Paris to be Headed by the Foreign Minister.

PARIS, July 16, (Associated Press.)—The Bulgarian delegation which is to receive the allied terms will arrive in Paris on July 25. The Peace Conference has been notified that it will comprise the following: General Theodoroff, Foreign Minister, President of the delegation; Dr. Sakaroff, Minister of Commerce, Industry, and Labor; M. Ganeff, Minister of Justice; M. Spanboulisky, Minister of Public Works; M. Saranoff, Minister of Finance.

Six councillors will be attached, among them Professor Stephen Panaretoff, Minister to the United States, and General Loukoss, Chief of the General Staff. There will be thirty-five persons in the delegation.

OUR DELEGATES CAUTIOUS.

Avoid Discussing American Membership of Treaty Commissions.

PARIS, July 16, (Associated Press.)—Members of the American peace delegation are taking part in all discussions of plans for enforcing the German Peace Treaty and the creation of commissions to execute its terms.

The American delegates, however, are refraining from discussion of the probable American membership of these commissions, apparently it is said, wishing to avoid any possible criticism on the score of undue haste in preparing to enforce the treaty before its ratification by the United States.

DANES PREPARING FOR SCHLESWIG VOTE

Bills Covering the Transition Period To Be Presented to Parliament.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, July 16.—In the future the "Schleswig element," the leader of which is Hanssen Noerremoelle, will present bills to Parliament concerning the destined reunion, especially regarding the transition period.

There is the question of the church, school, and judicial system, and there are other questions, above all the valuation problem, which is presenting very great difficulties. The Germans in the first zone, (the northern zone, where the result is to be foreseen,) have not been able to make up their minds whether they will vote or abstain from voting. On the whole, the insignificant German community there begins to understand the situation.

On the Hill of Knivsbjerg the Germans had erected a statue of Bismarck ten feet high. Since that day no Dane has put foot in Knivsbjerg. Now the Germans are quietly setting about removing their imposing monument.

In the second zone, Central Schleswig, the Germans are preparing to make vigorous efforts to preserve as much as possible for Germany, but the Danes are also active and especially so in the pro-Danish communities. Premier Zahle, in a speech at Skelskoer, has declared with regard to Central Schleswig:

"Nobody can tell just now with any definiteness for which nationality the population of Central Schleswig will vote. Under present conditions we must take it for granted that those voting for Denmark now will also in future be fairly loyally Danes. On this basis we will unreservedly welcome into Denmark the Central Schleswigians and the inhabitants of Flensburg, if the majority there votes for Denmark."

Festivities for Reunion Day are being prepared as well in the Kingdom of Denmark as in Schleswig itself. An old Schleswigian prophesy is that "reunion will take place when a Danish King crosses the frontier, riding on a white horse," and that is what probably will happen.

The Danish people await the final solution of the Schleswig problem on a national basis with content. Editorials in the journals and the manifestations of the people have proved that Denmark has not forgotten that the fulfillment of her claim is due to the power of the allied and associated nations.

Baruch Won't Take Burleson's Place

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Bernard M. Baruch, who has just returned from Paris, flatly denied rumors that he was to succeed Albert S. Burleson as Postmaster General of the United States. He made his denial at the White House, to which he went to see President Wilson on a matter which he regarded as purely personal.

EXPECT PEACEFUL OUTCOME IN SILESIA

Paris Conferees Believe Plebiscite Can Be Held Without Allied Troops.

GERMANS WILLING TO LEAVE

Said to be Disposed to Withdraw Their Forces in Accordance with the Treaty.

PARIS, July 16.—(Associated Press.)—The Americans as well as others of the peace delegations seem confident that difficulties between the Poles and the Germans can be adjusted so as to hold the plebiscite in Upper Silesia without the necessity of using foreign military forces. Plans for the plebiscite are being perfected rapidly.

All German and Polish soldiers will leave the district peacably, according to present indications, and enable the Allies to organize a local police force sufficiently strong to insure proper conduct of the balloting.

The United States as well as the other Powers, it is said, has expressed in the Supreme Council meetings a willingness to send troops to Upper Silesia if necessary. The delegates generally are said to be of the opinion that the Germans are disposed to execute in good faith that part of the treaty terms calling for the evacuation of the Baltic provinces, Upper Silesia, and other parts of Poland occupied by German troops.

There are said to be many indications that the extreme bitterness existing there six months ago is disappearing gradually because of a general desire to avoid further fighting and to begin the work of economic reconstruction.

The Territorial Commission took up the question of Thrace yesterday. According to the Journal, Premier Venizelos set forth Greece's claims to Thrace at great length, and the Supreme Council decided afterward to await a report that Signor Tittoni will deliver on behalf of Italy before July 25.

"The choice of Signor Tittoni as the reporter on the situation," the Journal says, "opens a strange prospect when the marked open sympathies of Italy toward Bulgaria are remembered."

The Responsibilities Commission considered special clauses to be inserted in the Bulgarian treaty, providing for trials whether Bulgarian officers and officials charged with atrocities in Serbia, Greece, and Rumania should be tried by local tribunals or by an interallied tribunal.

Baron von Lersner, head of the German delegation, sent the Interallied Council today a note stating the German Government wished to meet Belgian representatives to discuss arrangements for the transfer of Malmedy, a town of Rhenish Prussia, awarded to Belgium by the terms of the Peace Treaty.

July 29 has been fixed as the date upon which representatives of Holland and Belgium now present will meet the five great powers in Paris and begin work on the revision of the treaty of 1839.

Stark Named for Rhine Post.

Herr von Stark has been named by the German Government as its commissioner in the administration of the occupied territory of the Rhenish province. Announcement of this appointment was made today in a note from Baron von Lersner to the Interallied Council.

The departure of Dr. Theodor Lewald, head of a German commission, from Versailles on Saturday followed a discussion between Dr. Lewald and the Interallied Rhineland Commission as to a proposal made by Germany that no difference should be made as regards postal and customs regulations between occupied and unoccupied Germany. No reply has been given the German proposal, but it is believed one will be sent later. The Allied representatives, however, seemed unwilling to accept the German view.

When Dr. Lewald left Versailles it was said he was going to Berlin to receive further instructions from his Government and would return in a few days.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the French Senate met yesterday and named a sub-committee to study the treaty of peace with Germany. Leon Bourgeois will draw up a general report, and also a special report on the League of Nations. Others will report on the labor, political, military, naval, reparation, financial, economic, Alsace-Lorraine, Sarre, colonies, and punishment clauses.

Premier Clemenceau has proposed to the Supreme Inter-Allied Council, according to newspapers today, that Foreign Minister Tittoni of Italy be designated to draft a report on the territorial differences between Greece and Bulgaria.

Herr von Stark, mentioned in the foregoing dispatch, was recently appointed Governor of the area occupied by the allied armies, and went to Coblenz. There he sought to persuade the Interallied Commission to deal with the Rhineland organizations through him. He spent four days in Coblenz, but it was said, received little encouragement. The Interallied Commissioners held that there was no provision in the treaty for dealing with the German Government representative.

SWISS RIGHTS ON THE RHINE

Holland Formally Recognizes All Privileges of Navigation.

BERNE, July 16.—The Dutch Government has sent to Switzerland a formal recognition of Switzerland's right to navigate the Rhine, with all the privileges attending such navigation.

Under the provisions governing the navigation of the Rhine, as set forth in the treaty signed with Germany, Switzerland receives two representatives on the Rhine Commission, the same number as Holland. This commission, of nineteen members in all, is to come into being within six months after the German treaty goes into effect, the allied powers reserving the right to reach an understanding with Holland for the revision by this commission of the Convention of Mannheim, negotiated in 1868, governing navigation on the Rhine. Switzerland also received the right to pass upon any proposals of the commission for extending its jurisdiction along the Rhine above Basle as far as Lake Constance.

KARL MUCK NOT DEPORTED.

Did Not Choose to Go, Department of Justice Official Says.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Dr. Karl Muck, former conductor of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, interned during the war as a dangerous enemy alien, is still at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., John R. Creighton of the Department of Justice told the House Immigration Committee today at a hearing on a bill to deport undesirable aliens.

In view of recent reports that Dr. Muck had left Charleston, S. C., on a Government transport with several hundred aliens, representative Siegel of New York asked why he had been deported.

"Dr. Muck has not been deported," Mr. Creighton said. "He did not choose to go. The fact that he is retained at Fort Oglethorpe places him in the class with prominent German business men held there because we believed their cases were serious."

Not more than forty or fifty of the 300 enemy aliens still interned at Fort Oglethorpe and Fort Douglas, Utah, can be deported under present laws, Mr. Creighton said in urging additional legislation.

"Eighty per cent. of those now interned are not wanted in this country," he added.

Many German and Austrian subjects, Mr. Creighton said, had decided to stay in the United States and take their medicine.

"But we cannot go much further in paroling these people," the committee was told, "without letting out those who were considered dangerous during the war."

At the Department of Justice today it was said that most of the 250 enemy aliens who were deported from the Philippines to this country after the United States entered the war would be allowed to return to the islands. Only about fifty of them were interned and it is probable that they will be held for further consideration of their cases.

CAPTAIN LOST FROM SHIP.

Mystery of Mauerhoff's Disappearance is Being Investigated.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Mystery surrounds the death of Captain F. M. Mauerhoff, master of the steamship Lake Cormonia, which came into port today with two Federal detectives aboard, investigating the officer's disappearance.

Captain Mauerhoff was last seen on the night of June 19. Only a few hours after the vessel had sailed from Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Henry N. Brown of Chicago, third officer of the ship, heard a strange noise. He shouted to the watch to investigate, but the seaman, unable to speak English, was unable to understand his command, and all subsequent search for the Captain failed. A foreign seaman had been assigned to the lookout because of the scarcity of English-speaking sailors.

According to F. K. Lerned, the ship's cook, there had been "several drunks aboard who had been raising a chatter," but Lerned believes the Captain was swept overboard. He said that Mauerhoff had no enemies among the crew.

The first stop of the vessel was at Cuba. The Cuban Government sent a board of officers to investigate and during the investigation prevented the officers or sailors to leave the ship. The report of the Cuban inquiry was transmitted to the American Government and thus far the document has not been made public. Shipping Board detectives also went aboard the Lake Cormonia at Cuba and came here with her.

Captain Mauerhoff was of Scandinavian birth, but was an American citizen, according to members of the crew. He was a seaman of many years' experience. His home was at Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, and he leaves a wife and two children.

GURKHAS WIN SHARP FIGHT.

Defeat Mohmands Who Were Trying to Ambuscade Cavalry.

SIMLA, India, July 16.—A body of Mohmands, trying to ambuscade cavalry near Dakka recently, were surprised by Gurkhas and twenty-five of the Mohmands were killed and a number wounded.

The Gurkhas climbed a hill unperceived by the Mohmands, and the latter fled. The Gurkhas, realizing that they were greatly outnumbered, returned to the crest of the hill, down which they rolled boulders on the enemy. Short-range firing ensued, and finally the Gurkhas reattacked the Mohmands, who, caught by a flanking fire, fled, affording good targets.

Dakka has fallen in Khyber for two days and the temperature has dropped considerably.

BERLIN BANKERS LOOK FOR AID HERE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

paper operation, just as other big fanancial operations which are not eligible for Federal Reserve Bank rediscount are handled.

The Deutsche Bank proposal is not the first to come from German sources, although it is the first direct proposition. Holland bankers have been conducting conversations with New York financial interests for several days, and it is expected something definite will develop within a very short time. The proposals from Holland and other European neutral countries run all the way from offers to sell German credits and even German currency, to bond offerings, in which latter the neutrals are acting purely as intermediaries for the Germans.

The objection to offering bonds in this market at the present time is solely one of psychology. Everybody in financial circles appreciates the economic necessity of extending credits to Germany if she is to work out her indemnity problems, but, at the same time, it is considered doubtful if the investing public would be favorably disposed to a big German bond issue.

The problem of marketing German bonds, quite aside from any feeling against Germany, presents many delicate angles, too. As one banker recently pointed out, if the rate of interest is too low investors will naturally refuse to buy the bonds, while if it is made too high investors will be inclined to look with suspicion on the offering.

FIRM HAND WITH BELA KUN

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

according to Allied calculations. As so large a force cannot be be formed immediately, the Supreme Council is considering other measures that can be applied without delay. It is now preparing plans to prevent Hungary from trading with the outside world, as the first step toward showing Bela Kun that he must live up to the armistice pledges.

May Put Pressure on Neutrals.

A program of the same character is to be prepared with reference to Bolshevist Russia. While the great war was in progress the Allies kept supplies out of enemy countries through arrangements with the European neutrals whose territory adjoined that of the Central Powers. These neutrals, who were in crying need of food and other things, obtained them from allied sources only under pledges not to re-export them to any enemy countries. With the lifting of the German blockade, it is feared that neutrals will resume commercial relations with Hungary and Bolshevist Russia. The program of the Supreme Council contemplates preventing this.

Necessarily, negotiations must be conducted with the neutral governments to accomplish the results desired. It must be impressed upon them that they cannot expect to get the needed supplies from allied sources if they intend to permit these or the domestic products which they supplement to pass into Russia and Hungary. Some of the European neutrals recently declined to join the Allies in arrangements that contemplated a more drastic blockade of Germany in the event of the Berlin Government's refusing to accept the Peace Treaty. Whether this attitude will extend to resistance to the measures contemplated against Russia and Hungary is something that cannot be predicted now.

So the allied Powers, in their desire to put the world to rights, are face to face with embarrassing problems. All that is involved in their present effort with respect to Russia, Hungary and Upper Silesia emphasizes what was said by Secretary Lansing in the statement which he gave to the press just before his departure from Paris last Saturday, about the problems of peace that require the best ability of allied statesmen and the whole-hearted support of their fellow-citizens for their solution.

CALLS PRESIDENT MAKER OF PEACE

Charles H. Grasty Says Agreement Would Not Have Been Reached Without Him.

LAUDS HIS WAR DECISIONS

Declares Europe Is Depending on America for Help and Guidance in the Future.

Charles H. Grasty related some of his impressions of the Paris Peace Conference at a luncheon yesterday of the Advertising Club of New York, at 47 East Twenty-fifth Street. Mr. Grasty said that his chief impression was how great the power of America now loomed up in the mind of the average European. America meant courage, capacity, and "altruism with a kick in it" to Europeans, he said.

The war from the American point of view, said Mr. Grasty, was generally successful in its management. The two decisions that stood out foremost were both made by President Wilson. One was to send a great army of untrained American soldiers to Europe, and the other to lay a mine barrage across the upper end of the North Sea. Both shortened the war, the first because it proved the superb quality of the American soldier, and the second because it put the submarines out of business, and eventually made Germany see the hopelessness of winning the war.

The speaker said it was a mistake to hold the Peace Conference in Paris because the international atmosphere was so surcharged with conflicting ideas that the proper judicial spirit could not be reached. He said it would not do to tell the inside story of the conference now, because to do so would "create an awful row." When it was told it would reveal that one man represented a country that was wholly altruistic, while several others represented "shell shocked people trying to reach for everything in sight."

One man had a passion for results, and two or three others had the European habit of delaying, he said. One man placed all his cards on the table, while the others acted as if suspicious because he was willing to have the others know what his objects were.

President Wilson, said Mr. Grasty, had an ardent love for adventure.

"He knew that in a short time there would be one more agreat to treat," he continued. "But he wanted to match his mind with the minds of the European statesmen, and he never hesitated. Back in his mind was always the desire to help the Allies."

Mr. Grasty said that Sir Robert Cecil wrote the League of Nations covenant and the President rewrote it. Much trouble at the conference would have been prevented, he thought, had the President, who had promised open diplomacy and pitiless publicity, soon found out that if this course were followed it would disrupt the conference. The Prime Ministers of Europe are absolutely dependent on their Parliaments, and if the things happening at the conference had been made public properly all the Governments in Europe would have fallen.

Premier Clemenceau never had a majority in the Chamber of Deputies back of him nor a party behind him, and since the armistice there has been a desire to remove him from office.

Mr. Grasty said he was opposed to any military alliance with European nations. He thought France would have fared better if she had waited until she was about to be attacked, and then had made an appeal for aid. Under such circumstances, he said, the whole world would have gone to her rescue.

Critics who call President Wilson a visionary and doctrinaire are mistaken, he asserted. He maintained that on the contrary the President was too practical. He held that, all things considered, the treaty was a good treaty, but without the help of the President it could not have been made.

"The League of Nations is the backbone of the treaty," he continued. "The treaty of to the present and the League is of the future. There will be inevitable readjustments. For this reason the conference put the stiffest terms on a conquered country. Germany could not be trusted. It depends upon Germany whether this is going to be a united world or one divided into two parts, with the criminal inside."

The speaker said the whole world was looking to America for help, wise counsel, and guidance in the future.

DOWSEY SOUGHT CRIMINALS

Said He Had Evidence Against Four for Shipbuilding Frauds.

TACOMA, Wash., July 16.—Additional light was thrown today on the mystery surrounding the death of F. A. Dowsey, the Government agent found dead in Seattle May 2, with statements from George P. Wright and Horace V. X. Wright of the Wright Shipyards in Tacoma.

The Wrights, in an authorized interview, said they were in conference with Mr. Dowsey, who was investigating alleged shipbuilding frauds in Tacoma two days before he was found dead. After hearing what they had to say and going over the evidence in regard to alleged frauds in Northwest shipyards, Mr. Dowsey is declared to have said:

"I have now enough evidence to send at least four men from this part of the country to the penitentiary."

WHEAT IS PUT UNDER LICENSE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

sions, and protectorates: Germany, Great Britain, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hedja, Honduras, Hungary, Italy, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Japan, her colonies and protectorates; Liechtenstein, Liberia, Luxemburg, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, Nepal, The Netherlands, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Peru, Poland, Portugal, her colonies, possessions and protectorates; Rumania, Russia, Salvador, San Marino, Kingdom of Serbs, Croatia, and Slovenes, Siam, Spain, her colonies, possessions, and protectorates; Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela, or any other foreign country, except at such time or times and under such regulations or orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as shall be prescribed, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress.

"The regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions will be prescribed and administered by and under the authority of Julius H. Barnes, United States Wheat Director, from whom licenses in conformity with said regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions will issue.

"The powers and authority heretofore vested in the War Trade Board by any proclamation or executive order heretofore issued by me in respect to the prohibition or regulation of imports or exports of wheat or wheat flour is hereby transferred to and vested in the United States Wheat Director as of July 1, 1919."

The second proclamation states that it is found necessary "to license the storage and distribution of wheat and the manufacture, storage and distribution of wheat flour to the extent hereinafter specified." The proclamation continues:

"All persons, firms, corporations, and associations engaged in or carrying on the business of storing or distributing wheat or manufacturing, storing or distributing wheat flour, and all persons, firms, corporations, and associations who manufacture, either wholly or partly from wheat flour, bread or other bakery products for sale, excepting, however

"(a) Bakers and manufacturers of bakery products, whose consumption of flour in the manufacture of such products is, in the aggregate, less than fifty barrels per month;

"(b) Retailers and farmers, or cooperative associations of farmers or other persons, with respect to the products of any farm or other land owned, leased or cultivated by them; and,

"(c) Common carriers, as to operations necessary to the business of common carriers.

"Are hereby required to secure, on or before July 15, 1919, a license from Julius H. Barnes, United State Wheat Director, in such form, under such conditions, and under such rules and regulations governing the conduct of the business as such director may from time to time prescribe.

"Applications for licenses must be made to the United States Wheat Director, Washington, D. C., upon forms prepared by him for that purpose."

An executive order was issued by the President increasing the Government price of wheat at New Orleans and Galveston from $2.26 a bushel to $2.30, effective as of July 1. This is to equalize freight differentials affecting these ports.

Canada to Fix Minimum Price.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 16.—The Dominion Government will fix a minimum price for this year's wheat crop, to take effect Aug. 31, when the present fixed price period expires. It is believed that the minimum price will be about $1.75.

Canada has contracted to supply the Greek Government with the wheat required in that country, and it is believed that the rest of the crop can be sold in Britain.

It is understood here that Canadian wheat exports the coming season through the United States will be confined to Portland. Other Canadian outlets are by the St. Lawrence route until the close of navigation in December and afterward by St. John, N. B.

RADIO TO AID FLIERS.

Flying Club Establishes Stations on Transcontinental Route.

The army transcontinental flight from New York to San Francisco will be reported regularly at half-hour intervals by means of a chain of radio stations which has been established across the continent by the American Flying Club, according to a statement by William R. Russell of the American Flying Club Radio Service.

"This chain of stations," said Mr. Russell yesterday, "covers districts in all parts of the United States, and will make it possible for any aviator flying cross country to be always in touch with any city or town in the United States. In case of an accident or forced landing in an inaccessible place, the district radio operator can send assistance to the machine in trouble. By means of this chain of stations it will be possible to get immediate reports and maintain constant communication with all aeronautical activities in the country. This is the first time in the history of aviation that a definite system of communication has been established.

"Our organization has at the present time over 1,000 stations in operation and will soon have stations within a range of 100 miles of each other. If assistance, such as gas or other supplies, is needed, help can be immediately rushed by automobiles to the designated points. The radio operator can also give the best available landing place in his district in case it is necessary to make a forced landing."

FERRYBOAT BURNS.

Blazing Craft Threatens Hoboken Waterfront.

The Lackawanna Railroad ferryboat Chatham was destroyed by fire last night while lying in her berth on the north side of its slip at Hoboken. The boat had been laid up after service during the day and only the crew was on board when the fire was discovered. The fire gained headway so rapidly that for a time the Hoboken water front seemed threatened, and all fire-fighting apparatus in the city was called out.

The flames spread to the ferry slip. In the meantime, five railroad tugs arrived, and while streams were directed at the burning craft, the boats got lines to the Chatham and towed her out into the river. Ablaze, she was taken upstream, and after the fire was put out, was towed to a pier above Hoboken. It was said she will be a total loss.

The damage to the ferry slip was not serious. The Chatham was formerly called the Hamburg, and after this country entered the war the people of Hoboken appealed to the Railroad Administration to change its name.

The upper works of the Ferryboat Paunteck, lying in the slip next to the Chatham, caught fire. She was towed out into the river where the flames were put out by the firemen. Later she was returned to her slip.

HOWE DENIES CHARGES.

Immigration Commissioner Says Food on Ellis Island is Wholesome.

Answering assertions made by the Bureau of Legal Advice, Frederic C. Howe, Commissioner of Immigration at Ellis Island, yesterday issued a statement defending his administration. Taking up one of the specifications of the bureau's complaint, which dealt with the treatment of Margaret and Janet Roy, Scotch girls, awaiting deportation, Commissioner Howe declared that the rules of the service had been followed strictly in their cases.

"As to the food at Ellis Island, if I were detained six or seven months on the Island I would get restless and I might complain, but there are facts arising in the administration that the public does not understand. I had a Public Health Inspector make a thorough inspection two weeks ago, and he said that the food served was clean, adequate, and wholesome."

DOMINION ARMY PAY LEADS.

Compared to That of American Soldier by General Staff.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The popular belief that the American soldier receives higher pay than the soldier of any other country is erroneous, according to an official table issued today by the General Staff.

This shows that the three British dominions—Australia, New Zealand, and Canada—allow materially higher pay for each grade than does the United States. For instance, in the Australian Army a Corporal receives $72.90 per month, as compared to $36 in the American Army. The other extreme is shown in the cases of France, Japan, and Italy, where the private receives $1.50, 75 cents, and 58 cents per month, respectively, against the $30 paid to the American doughboy.

ITALY WANTS OUR CAPITAL.

Rome Paper Urges Friendly Relations as Good Business Policy.

ROME, July 16.—The Popolo Romano today urges a policy of close understanding between Italy and the United States in order to obtain from America a large credit or loans and the investment of American capital in Italian industries, which would bring large returns for the export of goods to the Near East, especially if American commercial methods were adopted.

CARSON ASSAILED FOR ULSTER THREAT

But Attorney General Tells Commons There Is No Legal Ground for Prosecution.

CABINET UPHELD, 217 TO 73

Sir Edward's References to America Denounced in the London Press.

LONDON, July 16, (Associated Press.) Sir Edward Carson's speech on Saturday has brought the Ulster leader under the lash of the newspapers of all parties, primarily on account of his references to the United States, which are criticised as tactless and calculated to breed bad blood between the two nations, and, secondly, because he reiterated his old threat to call out the Ulster Volunteers to resist any attempt to place the Home Rule act in operation.

The labor organs are not slow to point out how such incitement to "direct action" could be improved upon in the industrial field for securing political ends. The Liberal Pro-Irish papers are equally quick to assert that as to tactics there is no difference between "King de Valera" and "King Carson."

The matter came up in the House of Commons tonight when the Speaker gave John Robert Clynes, Laborite, permission to move adjournment of the House for the purpose of challenging the Government to set the law in motion against Sir Edward for a speech inciting to violence and endangering the safety of the realm. Mr. Clynes said that there were many poor, illiterate men now in prison for saying less harmful things than Carson had said, and it was the Government's duty to see that the law was equitably enforced.

Mr. Clynes described Sir Edward as the "arch-apostle of direct action."

Lord Hugh Cecil and other Unionist members condemned Carson's remarks as indefensible.

The Attorney General, Sir Gordon Hewart, said that the allegation that Sir Edward's speech incited to a breach of the law and violence had broken down. There was nothing in the speech in question upon which it was possible to found legal proceedings. The passage referring to the calling out of volunteers was hypothetical and contingent on depriving Ulster people of their rights as British subjects, and this nobody proposed to do.

However much the speech might be regretted at a time like this, the Attorney General said, there was no law which could be set in motion, as no offense had been committed.

Almost all the speakers, without distinction of party, condemned the Carson speech. Sir Donald MacLean, Liberal, appealed to the Government to try to regain the moral authority of Parliament by condemning the language which the Irish Unionist leader used.

Mr. Bonar Law, the Government spokesman, contended that the Government was bound to be guided by its legal advisers, though nothing could be more painful to him. If the Government had been advised that the law was broken he would have insisted on action being taken or would have resigned. The whole thing was a very unfortunate affair, he said.

The Clynes motion was defeated by a vote of 217 to 73.

DEFENDS 80-CENT GAS LAW.

Attorney General Answers Suit Brought to Prevent Its Enforcement.

The answer of Charles D. Newton, Attorney General of the State of New York, one of the defendants in the equity suit brought by the New York Mutual Gas Company to prevent him from enforcing the 80-cent gas rate law, on the ground that it is confiscatory and unconstitutional, was filed yesterday in the Federal District Court. In his answer the Attorney General denies that the operation of the law will cause the complainant to suffer irreparable loss or the destruction of its property rights, and asserts that the rates provided in that law are "reasonable and not confiscatory and would not deprive the gas company of its property without due process of law," and asks that the suit be dismissed.

Papers asking the vacating of the stay obtained by Corporation Counsel Burr in the 80-cent gas rate suit brought by the Consolidated Gas Company until the case is decided in the Supreme Court of the United States, will be presented to the Federal Court today. It was found announced by counsel of the gas company. Effort is being made to hurry the case, as the company claims the daily loss of several thousand dollars in the furnishing of gas at 80 cents.

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SHIPPING BOARD CRAFT ALEAK ON FIRST TRIP

The Steamer Allison Is Towed Into Port in Sinking Condition.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The American Shipping Board cargo steamer Allison, picked up in a sinking condition off Fenwick Island Lightship, Maryland, today, by the steamer Lake View, was towed safely to Delaware Breakwater, where she is now anchored, the Navy Department was advised by radio.

The vessel sent out a distress call when thirty miles from Fenwick Shoals Light, off the Maryland coast, and the Lake View and the naval auxiliary Prairie went to her assistance.

The Allison first reported herself in distress late last night. She was then making for Delaware Breakwater under her own power. A radio message received at the Navy Department today said the Allison was "filling with water fast and will sink any minute."

PORTLAND, Me., July 16.—The Allison left here Sunday for Norfolk on her maiden trip, under char

PERSHING FETED BY LONDONERS

Tells the American Club of His Pride in Victorious Troops.

IS GUEST OF THE KING

American Troops Will Lead the Victory Parade on Saturday.

LONDON, July 16.—The Government gave a dinner in honor of General Pershing and his staff tonight. It was essentially a military function, the guests including Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, who presided; General Sir Henry Seymour Rawlinson, commander of the 5th British Army; General Sir Henry S. Horne, commander of the British Army in France; Lieut. Gen. Sir William Riddel Birdwood, commander of the Australian and New Zealand troops in France, and others.

During the afternoon he was the guest of the American Luncheon Club and made an address.

He was loudly cheered when he entered the dining room, and again when presented by Ambassador Davis, who was toastmaster. He thanked the club for its hospitality to him, and the American soldiers when passing through, and paid high tribute to the British for their part in the war.

"It must have been with a sense of great satisfaction," said General Pershing, "that you Americans living in England learned of America's entry into the war, and with what interest, you watched the coming of our expeditions, the first, the naval contingent under Vice Admiral Sims, who quickly recognized that the difficulties demanded an increase of craft for destroying submarines and unity of command. I give him and the navy thanks for their attitude toward the army and feel safe in saying that never before was there such complete unity of action between these branches of the service.

"I won't undertake to tell you what the army did. But I want you to know that its personnel was imbued with patriotism and devotion to the cause of liberty and filled with an aggressive determination to carry out the will of our people at home. When that first division entered the battle line and fought a brilliant battle at Cantigny, its success set an example for the future of the campaign and had an electrical effect on our allied armies, which had been fighting for three years, and gave them new hope.

"Then came our efforts in the great counter-offensive at Chateau-Thierry and Soissons, where, with the Allies, we took the initiative from the enemy and maintained it to the end of the war. I need not recall what the American Army did at St. Mihiel, nor how it fought an historically decisive battle in the Argonne, which cut the enemy's line and made further resistance impossible.

"But peace has victories no less than war. Now that the end has come it is for us to look forward to a solution of great questions at home and abroad, while carrying on this work and preparing for peaceful years to come we must insist that our late enemy fulfill every obligation that has imposed upon him. It must not be understood because we are not leaving a large army of occupation that we will not insist on fulfilling to the letter all the conditions."

General Pershing also said that the American army was rapidly being sent home, only about 200,000 being left.

"It would do you good if you could see those magnificent troops," he added. "Their fine spirit and splendid discipline have been a great pride to me and other officers in the High Command. They are returning home with a broadened view of life and its obligations, and are determined to fulfill their duty as American citizens. They are entering on a new life with the same patriotism with which they fought the war and made such a glorious record.

General Pershing and his staff were presented to the King and Queen at a garden party at Buckingham Palace this afternoon and took tea in the royal enclosure. The American Ambassador, Davis, Mrs. W. Davis, and other members of the diplomatic corps were also presented.

General Pershing conversed some time with the Prince of Wales, whom he had entertained many times at his headquarters in France, and remained at the function for about two hours.

General Pershing went to the War Office early today and presented Distinguished Service Medals to a number of British Governmental officers. Those who received medals were Viscount Milner, Secretary for the Colonies; Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War; Viscount Peel, Director of Munitions; Director General of Aircraft Production; Baron Doverforth, (Andrew Weir,) former Minister of Munitions, and Felix Cassel, Judge Advocate General. In presenting the medals, General Pershing said they were a token of the appreciation of the American Government for services rendered by the recipients.

A composite regiment of United States soldiers, 3,400 strong, headed by General Pershing, will lead the great victory march through London next Saturday, according to the completed program. The decision to have the allied troops march in alphabetical order as to nations resulted in the place of honor going to the Americans. The parade will take an unusual route, starting from Hyde Park chiefly and proceeding along the south side of the Thames.

After the Belgian contingent, the French, a thousand strong, will follow, and then a rather small body of Italians, a detachment of Japanese and other allied representatives. The forces of the British Empire will march behind the allied contingents.

Admiral Sir David Beatty, head of the navy; Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and other Generals will lead the British Army, in which all arms will be represented, incuding the Women's Corps and nurses, all with their massed standards and their colors, bands and pipes. The Australians, South Africans, and Indian troops will march in the pageant.

One of the most impressive moments will be in Whitehall, where the procession will salute the stately memorial to the dead, designed by Sir Edwin Luytes. Special accommodations have been provided for 4,000 female relatives and children of officers and men killed in the war, and also for the wounded.

Calls Him Gen. Sir John Pershing.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 16.—When knighthood was conferred on General Pershing and other American army and naval officers by King George for their services to the allied cause it was brought out that the title was not customarily used by the foreigners who were honored this way. Evidently, the intention exists, however, to give Pershing the full benefit of the knightly office during his present visit to England.

In an account of his arrival in London the Paris edition of The London Mail refers to the American commander as "General Sir John J. Pershing."

SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS.

London Hears That the Maura Ministry Has Relinquished Power.

LONDON, July 16.—The Spanish Cabinet, headed by Antonio Maura, which was formed on April 15 last, resigned, according to a Reuter dispatch from Madrid.

STRIKE ON FARMS ALARMS GERMANS

Spartacism Declared to Have Spread to Villages, but This Is Denied.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 15.—Now that the great strike in Berlin is over, a large section of the press turns its attention to the extensive strike movement among agricultural laborers throughout the country.

Much alarmist nonsense is being printed about the harvest being threatened and about "Spartacism in the villages." Most people in authority think it well to utilize all such movements for political propaganda, and so they are all turned into Spartacide scarecrows.

Certain it is that in Pomerania and in other regions of Eastern Germany, and in the south, especially in Saxony, the workers on the land have begun a general strike, but it is rather too early to talk of the "harvest being threatened," for the gathering of the main food crops will not begin in general for at least three weeks, and the use of the term Spartacism is as false in this as it has been in the case of similar movements since the "revolution." Of course, appearances must be kept up, and the "medicine applied as before."

Martial law has been proclaimed in Pomerania, and soldiers are being moved to the regions most affected, but far from Spartacism being the root of the matter, it is Junkerism, an evil which the "révolution" has done nothing to eradicate. The Junkers have been resorting to pure terrorism. These gentry have been allowed to employ soldiers and gendarmerie to disperse meetings of agricultural laborers, and negotiations with regard to wages and conditions of work have met with little success.

After the "revolution" it became legal for laborers on the land to form trade unions, but the Junker overlords have been victimizing the members of such organizations, especially their officials.

PRELATE EXPLAINS SPEECH ON JEWS

Russian Archbishop Disclaims Intention to Assail Members of Race.

The Most Rev. Dr. Platon, Metropolitan of Kherson and Odessa, Russia, and the senior surviving Bishop of the Russian Orthodox Church, who is visiting in New York, in a statement sent to THE TIMES last night said:

"The New York papers of July 15, reporting my address before a meeting of distinguished representatives of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the Russian Orthodox, the Greek and Rumanian Churches, unfortunately, and I am sure unwillingly, misrepresented my thoughts with regard to the Jewish problem in Russia. I touched upon the Jewish problem in my address only in the most general terms, and the thoughts presented in the reports on the meeting were built, not on my address, but on my verbal answers to questions asked by those at the meeting.

"It is true that I said that among other elements the Jews participate also in the Bolshevist movement in Russia. But I added, and this, unfortunately, was not reported by the papers, that the Jewish people certainly cannot be held responsible for the participation of its individual members in the Bolshevist movement. This would be just as unfair as if we would hold responsible the Russian people, since there are Russians who participate in the Bolshevist movement.

"One of the audience asked whether I knew of the Bolsheviki destroying or despoiling Jewish synagogues. I answered that as far as I know there was not a synagogue destroyed, but this does not mean at all that I consider Bolshevism a specifically anti-Christian movement. Bolshevism is in general an anti-religious movement, and for a Bolshevik a Christian church, a Jewish synagogue, or a Mohammedan mosque, in fact, all religious institutions, are all alike.

"Bolshevism is a struggle against every religion. Some of the reports contained a statement represented as mine that the real misfortunes of the Russian Jewry will begin after the establishment of a stable government in Russia. What I think is in direct opposition to this. The participation of individual representatives of the Russian Jewry in the Bolshevist movement, considering the impossible sufferings and the inflamed psychology of large masses of the Russian people, brings about in my sincere opinion the menace of anti-Jewish pogroms. The existence of a strong government which would control the situation would serve as a guarantee against the disgusting movements which you in America call mob rule.

"The best elements of the Russian Jewry participate actively in the great movement headed by the All-Russian Government in Omsk, the movement which has as its task the re-establishment of Russia as a democratic state. The American Jewry would help greatly not only the Russian people, but their brethren in Russia as well, if they would decisively support this movement, and, as much as it is in their power, would influence the policy of the Government of United States in the sense of rendering formal recognition and generous support to the government led by Admiral Kolchak.

"In conclusion, I wish to state that I read some of the reports on my address with a feeling of pain, since the citizens of this country, unacquainted with my life's works, could make, on the basis of this report, an erroneous conclusion. I am not an enemy of the Jewish people, and even in the days of the old regime, I considered it my duty to defend the Jewish population in Russia. There will be room enough for every one in great, free Russia.

"I always pictured the future of our motherland as a country where all the nationalities enjoy peace, happiness, and equal rights. I always pictured future Russia as a wonderful carpet, combining many, many colors. In her vast expanse, all nationalities live, united by equal law and by love to their motherland, Russia. I always dreamed about Russia of that time when there will be neither Bilin nor Jew. Russian people are generous and noble, and when they act wrongfully it is only a result of the unfortunate conditions under which they were compelled to live for many centuries. Know and understand that I was able, in certain cases, to divert the Russian crowds from the wrong path.

"I witnessed a mob of 20,000 in Kiev in 1905, a mob of mad, blind people ready to destroy Jewish homes and Jewish lives. I rose against them, appealed to them, and begged with them, and finally persuaded them to go to their homes. There were several such instances in the period of 1906-14 and if the same epidemic of madness again sweeps Russia and God brings me again in the midst of these blind, human waves, I would struggle against those who incite and participate in the pogroms again. Only across my dead body would they be able to reach their unfortunate victims. No pogroms, neither Bolshevist nor Jewish, should take place in Russia, and I struggle and will struggle against them both.

METROPOLITAN PLATON,

"Archbishop of Kherson and Odessa."

The meeting at which Archbishop Platon's address was made, was held under the direction of the Anglican and Eastern Association of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

DENIES ARMAMENT DEAL.

No British-American Agreement, Says Bonar Law.

LONDON, July 16.—A report that Great Britain and the United States had entered into an agreement regarding their respective military establishments was denied in the House of Commons today by Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

TIRPITZ BLAMES BETHMANN FOR WAR

Says in His Book That the Chancellor Incited Austria Against Serbia.

KEPT KAISER IN THE DARK

And Arranged to Have Him and Other Leaders Away from Berlin in the July Crisis.

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BERLIN, July 14, (via Copenhagen, July 16.)—Advance sheets of Admiral von Tirpitz's book, which are almost ready for distribution, place almost the entire responsibility for the war on the shoulders of Bethmann Hollweg.

The former Chancellor, the Admiral charges, kept the Austro-Serbian crisis in his own hands, deliberately prevented diplomatic reconciliation, and forced the Austrian invasion of Serbia. To make the indictment complete, he also charges Bethmann Hollweg with responsibility for the hasty declarations of war against France and Russia.

Since his recent proposal that he be accepted as a substitute for the former Kaiser by the Allies, Bethmann Hollweg has denied himself to interviewers, but it is believed he now will have something to say as soon as a copy of von Tirpitz's "Outbreak of the War" is available.

Even the introduction is interesting, as, for instance:

"We could not count on a complete victory, on overpowering England from the outset; but I could express conviction that our naval power was strong enough to bring such pressure on England that we could make peace which would make up the heavy losses after the war."

Admiral von Tirpitz excuses himself as not at all to blame for the war, and incidentally he does as much for the former Kaiser, although he does not paint William Hohenzollern in a flattering light. But this is due to his charge that the war was a sort of individual enterprise of Bethmann Hollweg. According to his account, the Chancellor kept the Emperor, the Chief of the General Staff, the Chief of the Admiralty, the Prussian War Minister and the Admiral himself away from Berlin so that he could play the game single-handed in the crisis of July, 1914.

The Admiral says that as early as July 11 it was known in Berlin that the Entente had advised Serbia to give way, but Bethmann Hollweg insisted that this urgency for a peaceful settlement meant that the Entente did not want war, and that Germany was free to go to war and loose without worrying about the Entente, if forced to an invasion of Serbia.

The Austrian ultimatum to Serbia, according to von Tirpitz, was so peppery that Serbia could not swallow it, and the essential feature of the note was known to Bethmann Hollweg on July 13, before it was sent to Belgrade. Von Tirpitz's first impression, he says, was that this ultimatum was unacceptable to Serbia and would bring on a world war. He offered to return to Berlin from his vacation immediately, but Bethmann Hollweg urged him not to do so because it would cause alarm. But he did express his fears to Prince Henry, the former Kaiser's brother.

Bethmann-Hollweg considered it diplomatic to egg Austria on while appearing in the eyes of Europe as a man who knew nothing. This duplicity was not only improper, but dangerous. Bethmann Hollweg assumed that Russia would not get ready and that Europe would not notice that it was he who pounded on the table with the Austrian fist."

Speaking of the last days of peace, von Tirpitz says:

"On July 29 Prince Henry came from England to Potsdam with word from George V. that England would remain neutral in the war. I questioned this, whereupon the Kaiser said: 'It is the word of a King.' That satisfied me."

The confusion that swept Europe and prevented a view of the whole situation seemed to clear up on July 30. England consented to one of the Kaiser's proposals for an instrument of the differences, which Vienna also accepted. There was a clear understanding between us and London—so I learned from a note of the Kaiser—which let me breathe again. Already the Foreign Office had viewed the war as unavoidable, and von Jagow had asked if we were ready to attack the English fleet."

So far as is known now, the only other official von Tirpitz arraigns for complicity in the war-making politics of Bethmann Hollweg, is Count von Berchtold, who then was in charge of the foreign affairs of Austria-Hungary.

BERLIN PRICES FALL FAST.

Lifting of Blockade Causes Unloading of Illicit Stocks.

BERLIN, July 15, (Associated Press.)—The prices of all foodstuffs have fallen with a crash in Berlin as a result of the lifting of the blockade.

They began to show weakness when it was rumored that the embargo would be lifted, but the real drop came only when illicit dealers with huge concealed stocks brought them out in a virtual panic to unload before competing supplies entered Germany.

Tons of provisions are being shipped in from occupied territories, while everywhere in the city great stores of coffee, cocoa, butter, sausages, and other supplies have made their appearance.

Coffee fell in price from an average of 40 marks to below 20 yesterday, and could easily be bought for 15. Other food prices were correspondingly cut.

Restaurants still maintain absurdly high prices and apparently intend to continue to do so as long as possible.

KAISER ILL, STOPS SAWING.

Confined to Castle by a Cold—His Wife Has Heart Attack.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMERONGEN, July 15.—Ex-Emperor William was unable to saw timber today owing to a slight chill, which kept him confined to the house.

The ex-Empress is also somewhat ailing from her old heart affection.

AMERONGEN, July 15, (Associated Press.)—The former German Emperor refrained today from sawing trees for the first time in several months. It is understood that he is suffering from a cold.

The former Empress has experienced a recurrence of her heart affection. Both the former Emperor and his wife remained in their apartments today.

Dr. Forster, the personal physician of the former Emperor, was called to the castle late Monday and remained there all night. It is probable that the recent bad weather is responsible for the sickness of the Hohenzollerns.

TO MODIFY KOREAN POLICY.

Washington Learns That Japanese Rule Will Be More Liberal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The State Department, it was learned today, has been advised that the Japanese Government has determined upon a more liberal policy in Korea.

It could not be learned in what respect this liberalization of Japanese policy would be effected, whether through the dispatch of a civil Governor to take the place of the present military Governor, or otherwise. Influential Koreans are opposed to the present military Governorship, and if the Koreans had their way they would regain their former independence.

REPATRIATED GERMANS ARRIVE AT ROTTERDAM

"This Is Only a Temporary Truce," One Remarks as He Steps Ashore.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 16.—The German band on board struck up as the American transport Princess Matoika arrived at Rotterdam yesterday from Charleston with 1,900 Germans on their way home.

Captain Hinkley, speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, said that the voyage had been uneventful, that the Germans had behaved well, and that a German committee headed by Captain Heinler, formerly of the Vaterland, had signed a document testifying to their good treatment. The passengers all looked healthy and consumed 40 per cent. more food than American troops usually did.

Among the passengers were 131 officers and 1,100 seamen of German ships interned in America. The rest were women and children. The German officers willingly gave up their quarters to the women and children, sharing accommodations with the crews. The transport was formerly the Princess Alice of the Hamburg-American Line. She was damaged as much as possible by her crew before she was taken over by the United States in a Philippine port, but was converted into a transport, and sailed for Brest twenty-six days after her arrival at New York.

The former German Captain of the Matoika was also aboard under somewhat different circumstances than formerly, as he remarked.

The only striking incident of the voyage occurred when a pretty young German girl announced that she was willing to pay $2,000 to any American who would marry her and take her back to the United States. Two of the crew who volunteered were promptly severely reprimanded by Captain Hinkley.

The Germans began disembarking this morning early, and were checked up by the Americans aboard and afterward went through an elaborate checking system of thumbmarks by German authorities.

Long trains were waiting at the docks, and German Red Cross members, assisted by Dutch, distributed bouquets, cigarettes and food to the travelers on the train. German military naval attaches from The Hague also assisted to entrain their countrymen and take charge of the disembarking and unloading of the baggage, but were politely informed that the transport was American soil.

The Germans all seemed glad to return to the fatherland, but did not appear to feel that they were returning to a conquered country.

"This is no peace; only a temporary truce," were the words of one of them.

The Princess Matoika will sail July 19, carrying army and navy officers and men from Rotterdam, American crews of returned Dutch ships, and a Belgian mission going to buy machinery in America. She will call at Antwerp for 2,000 men from the American base and will also stop at Brest for troops.

RADICALS TO PROTEST PEACE

German Independents Call Meetings Against "Imperialistic" Treaty.

BERLIN, July 16, (Associated Press)—The managers of the Independent party are calling on the German proletariat to protest July 21 against "The Versailles Imperialistic Peace."

Their program calls for meetings and a parade which shall proclaim the international solidarity of the proletariat in the inauguration of a common fight for the control of political power and the advancement of a world revolution."

FRENCH TAKE STEPS TO CUT LIVING COST

Paris Food-Selling Booths to be Doubled and Others to be Put in Provincial Cities.

PLANS CHEAP RESTAURANTS

War Stocks of Foodstuffs to be Sold to Public—Heavy Penalties for Profiteering.

PARIS, July 16. (French Wireless Press.)—Four definite measures intended to reduce the cost of living were decided upon today at a meeting of the Cabinet. Henri Roy, a Deputy, was appointed a Commissioner to execute the ideas agreed upon.

The four plans are:

1. "Clemenceau" or "Vilgrain" food selling booths in Paris will be doubled in number and others will be established in other centres of population.

2. Cheap restaurants to supply meals at fixed prices will be started in Paris and in the Provinces, under the control of the Ministry of Supplies.

3. All war stocks of foodstuffs will be sold to the public, chiefly through the co-operative societies.

4. A special service already organized in the Ministry of Supplies will seek to curb illicit speculation in foodstuffs.

In the Chamber of Deputies the Minister of Justice introduced the Government's bill designed to lower the cost of living by providing severe penalties for profiteering. The previous law against speculation included a clause by which it was to expire three months after the cessation of hostilities. In the bill this clause is now prolonged to three years.

Speculation may be punished by imprisonment from two months to two years and a fine of from 500 to 50,000 francs. If it affects food, drinks, heat, clothes or shoes the prison term is raised to three years and the fine to 100,000 francs.

The penalties may be further raised to five years' imprisonment and 200,000 francs' fine, if the merchandise is not such as the accused person regularly deals in.

The posting of prices which are enforced for restaurants is extended to hotels and also to rooms, heating materials, shoes and clothes. Measures will be taken to prevent the increasing of rates unduly, especially by the concealment of the fact that apartments are empty.

The Chamber discussed a Socialist interpellation on the cost of living. Marcel Cachin, Socialist, demanding that the Government abandon the policy of protection. Ernest Lafont, also a Socialist, brought up the possibility of utilizing American Army stock, saying that it would be regretable if these stocks were to be destroyed, as they would provision enemy or neutral countries.

"I demand to know," he said, "if it is true that every time our allies offer us goods they are refused on the pretext that some manufacturer of hairpins, automobiles, or other articles would be inconvenienced. That is what the public is saying, and such rumors should not be allowed to circulate if they are without foundation."

During the debate M. Pressemane, Socialist, said that the high cost of living was not due to the demands of the workers nor to the reduction in the hours of labor, nor profiteers, but to the excessive circulation of paper money. Another Socialist, M. Tissier, said France deserved better treatment from the Allies than she had received, as her dead were far more numerous.

Victor Boret, Minister of Provisions, replying, said that one cause for the shortness of sugar was America's need for her own sugar owing to prohibition.

"The suppression of all fermented drinks in America," said the minister, "has developed in that country the consumption of syrups and sweetened drinks, and as a result the United States could not supply us with the quantity of sugar upon which we had counted."

M. Boret added that the distribution of sugar would be improved so as to prevent what had been complained of, namely, shops full of candy and cakes while it was impossible to obtain sugar for household consumption. He said American stocks of sugar were under negotiation.

The Minister said that if the United States had sent goods to certain liberated countries it was owing to the interallied conventions under which France also had revictualed countries where famine existed.

M. Renaudel, Socialist, said the workers must know the Government's decision before Monday.

The debate was then adjourned until Thursday.

FOOD MEASURES POPULAR

But Further State Control Is Advocated in Some Quarters.

By WALTER DURANTY,

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 16.—There is general satisfaction that the Government has lost no time in tackling the high-cost-of-living problem. The measures announced are approved, but in many quarters it is thought they do not go far enough as regards State control both of purchase and distribution of food. It is also complained that importation is still overhampered by restrictions and prohibitive tariffs. In financial circles it is declared that uncertainty regarding exchange still restrains intending importers.

There have been many rumors that an American—or Anglo-American—banking group is on the verge of concluding an arrangement whereby exchange can be maintained around 6 francs 50 centimes per dollar, but hitherto nothing has been definitely settled, and on the Bourse yesterday it was impossible to buy any considerable amount of dollars under 7 francs.

The Matin explains that the appointment of Deputy Roy as General Comissary for the Food Department is designed to permit Minister Vilgrain to devote himself entirely to the international side of the food question—freight supplies and tariffs—which will necessitate frequent conferences in allied countries.

Meanwhile the Socialists are making the most of the high food prices as propaganda. Thus they have added clauses about the dearness of food and lodging to a list of protests motiving their rather unpopular general strike scheduled for July 21. Their representatives in Parliament demanded yesterday that the State should take over all foreign purchases of food products, fix prices for home supplies and handle distribution through its own departments and with the aid of co-operative societies.

It is evident that the Labor Party leaders as a whole are trying to make the proposed strike a success by concentrating their followers' attention on the food grievance. To the Government statement that the railroads and mails will not be allowed to be idle on the 21st the Labor Federation replied by challenging the assertion that the strike had been ordered to take place. That there is considerable division in their ranks has been revealed recently and it is doubted whether the rank and file will follow their leaders if the Government takes a firm stand.

The country is beginning to realize that behind all these strikes there is the influence of a minority aiming directly at Communism. The idea is unpopular with an intensely individualistic people like the French, and the example set by Russia and Hungary increases the general opposition.

The press of the conservative Right is beginning to clamor for the arrest of the most outspoken advocates of Bolshevism here, such as Longuet, Cachin and Brizon, and though such an extreme step is unlikely it is certain that the country would welcome any reasonable measure to maintain order and allow the work of reconstruction to go on without interference.

CANNOT TOLERATE DOCTRINAL LAXITY

Kinsman Explains in Letter Why He Resigns as Bishop of Delaware.

SEES CHURCH COMPLACENT

Permits Denial of Virgin Birth Without Rebuke, Abhorring Heresy Trials, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 16.—In a letter to the Right Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle, presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, made public here tonight, the Right Rev. Frederick J. Kinsman gave the reasons prompting his resignation as Bishop of the diocese of Delaware, which was announced two months ago. The Bishop in his letter said he could not reconcile with his views the "toleration of doctrinal laxity" which he said he had found to exist in the government of the church. The letter follows in part:

"The chief causes of difficulty for me have been three:

"(1.) Tolerance of denials of the faith, seeming to indicate failure to defend the Church's doctrine.

"(2.) Tolerance of imperfect views of sacraments, seeming to result in failure rightly to use them.

"(3.) A theory of orders which seems to nullify them.

"It is unquestionable that the Anglican communion is officially committed to the doctrines of the Scriptures and the creeds. Authoritative declarations have always asserted this and would do so now. But custom seems to nullify this theoretical position. Attacks on creeds in general and on specific doctrines are common; they are tolerated, sometimes encouraged, by those in authority; they are made by those officially appointed to teach creeds and defend them.

"For example, the Episcopal Church accepts without question the doctrine of the virgin birth of our Lord, as recorded in St. Luke's gospel. The clergy, bound by oath with all faithful diligence to banish and drive away from the Church all erroneous and strange doctrines, are theoretically bound to combat denials of the virgin birth in as resolute and businesslike way as the Bishop of Ohio did thirty years ago. But is this now possible? Denial of this doctrine has become common among eminent divines in the English universities and in the larger American dioceses. Even in some cases formally brought to the attention of Bishops, there has been no public condemnation in refusing to notice them, ecclesiastical rulers have represented a very general impatience with doctrinal discussions and abhorrence of heresy trials and a disparagement of theological truth.

"No one bishop can set up for his diocese a standard notably at variance with that of the church at large, nor try to banish as erroneous from his own territory what is notoriously not strange elsewhere. In conniving at doctrinal laxity, he fails to vindicate the church's theoretical position; but he usually unjustly represents the tone and temper of his people, due to the habitual restiveness at the supernatural prevalent everywhere in Protestantism.

"After long struggle against the conviction, I have been forced to admit this toleration of doctrinal laxity seems to me to indicate its doctrine and creates an insuperable difficulty for those who believe in the fundamental importance of the historic doctrine of the incarnation.

"The Episcopal Church permits and encourages a variety of views about sacraments. Its standard, however, is determined by the minimum rather than the maximum view tolerated, since its official position must be gauged, not by the most it allows, but by the least it insists on. Its general influence has fluid qualities always seeking the lowest possible level. The stream of its life cannot rise higher than its source in corporate authority. Individual belief and practice may surmount this; but they will ultimately count for nothing so long as they find no expression in official action; nor can the church be judged by the standard of individual members acting in independence of it.

"Is the creed worth defending? Are the Sacraments divine mysteries? Is Holy Orders a Sacrament? I believe the only answer the Church should make to all of these questions to be a prompt and emphatic Yes. Yet I have come to feel that our communion by its non-committal attitude virtually answers No. Hence I have no choice but to resign my place and to declare my withdrawal from the ministry. The Bishops have no choice but to accept the resignation and proceed to my deposition, since resignation for these reasons involves renunciation at least of the discipline and orders of the Protestant Episcopal Church."

GERMANY TO RETAIN RANKS OF NOBILITY

But Convention Bars Special Rights Based on Birth—Heavier Tax on Capital.

WEIMAR, July 15, (Associated Press.)—It is reported that the government's new tax bill will include a surplus assessment on capital amounting to 80 per cent., and also a drastic imperial income tax, the receipts from which will be apportioned among the Federated States, according to their needs.

Mathias Erzberger, Minister of Finance, is understood to be planning to centralize the nation's tax assessments, obviating the necessity for an individual tax in financing part of the Federated States. An increase in the general transit tax, especially on articles of luxury, is also planned. It includes a 10 per cent. levy on advertising.

The National Assembly this morning rejected the Socialist motion to abolish ranks of nobility, but declared in favor of a constitutional proviso decreeing the equality of all men and women and refusing to recognise special rights or privileges based on birth or social station. The new constitution prohibits a German citizen from accepting a title or decoration from a foreign government.

HOUSE INQUIRY ON MEXICO WRONGS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

meet anywhere in this country or in Mexico, and is authorized to summon any Cabinet officer, employes of Government departments, and of the Consular Service, and officers and men of the army and navy. Any person who "in any manner obstructs or hinders" the committee by refusal to attend or to produce records, or who makes "any unbecoming noise" while the committee is sitting, may be arrested and brought before the House for contempt.

Want Big Stick Wielded.

Representatives of the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, who are now in Washington, are determined to do all in their power to bring about definite action on the part of the Government in connection with Mexico. There is no effort to hide their purpose, or that they are openly in favor of wielding the big stick even to the point of armed pacification of Mexico if such a course is necessary.

Mrs. Correll has been brought here for the avowed purpose of placing the situation dramatically before the country in connection with the demand for the abandonment of a policy of watchful waiting. Those behind the movement do not call it propaganda, but rather an effort, in the open, to emphasize the truth.

To this extent Mrs. Correll is but an incident in a broader movement to obtain definite results, but nevertheless she gave the impression today of being intensely earnest in her desire to obtain such action as is possible for the death of her husband and the maltreatment of herself and her son.

She answered questions about what had occurred, but did not offer much information on her own initiative. She had heard, she said, that the man who led the murderers—there were fifty-three in the gang—spoke German as well as English. A boy living in the neighborhood had made that statement. She had seen with her own eyes that the leader of the murderers wore a uniform resembling that of an American Captain. There was no way, she said, in which she could determine positively whether the murderers were bandits or Carranza followers. They were armed and only Carranzistas were supposed to carry arms.

These statements were supported by her son Joseph. He told a rambling, boyish story of his experiences and pointed to his collar to indicate where a bullet had passed through his clothing when he made his escape.

Both shook their heads when asked if an effort had been made by the Carranza forces to apprehend and punish the murderers. This denial was supported vehemently by representatives of the association.

Statement by Mrs. Correll.

Here is Mrs. Correll's story as put in writing by her son-in-law, B. F. McCauley, a farmer of Ada, Okla., all of the details being presented as obtained by him in response to questions to her about exactly what took place when her husband was murdered:

"On June 16, fifty-three—supposed to be Villista soldiers—bandits who were well-dressed and armed with Mexican automatic six shooters and army rifles, who rode good horses and saddles, led by a German captain, well armed and dressed in an American Captain's uniform throughout, who spoke the Mexican, German and English languages distinctly, entered Altamara, a town of about one thousand population, where over fifty Carranza soldiers were stationed, who ran for a stone church, where they took refuge while the bandits robbed and pilfered the entire town, the Carranza soldiers refusing to protect the town or even return fire.

"The bandits went westward, coming to the ranch of a Chinese, who was killed and the place robbed of everything of worth.

"Leaving the ranch they met Mr. Emmet Bohanan, an American formerly from Caddo, Okla., who was knocked in the head and robbed of $30 in money and his horse and saddle taken.

"Next they came to a Russian's ranch, which was robbed but no one was hurt.

"They made their way next to Mr. John W. Correll's ranch, one mile away. They arrived about 9:30 A. M. The captain and one other rode up to the house, saying in the English language that they had come to rob them. Mr. Correll, not offering any resistance, told them to help themselves. The entire bunch rushed up at this moment.

"Joe Correll, Mr. and Mrs. Correll's seventeen-year-old boy, who was some 200 yards away, was ordered to the house, whom they marched throughout the house at the point of guns, making him gather up his gun and shells and such other stuff as they wanted. During this time Mr. Correll was guarded by a bunch while Mrs. Correll was roughly handled by the rest of the bunch, being maltreated in the presence of Mr. Correll.

"Joe was being marched down the stairway at this critical moment. Noticing that their attention was mostly drawn to the rough treatment of his mother and father, he decided to make his getaway, avoiding a death blow by jumping by the side of the doorway as one of the greasers fired at him, the bullet taking effect in the door. Joe escaped out the front way and made his narrow escape for the thicket some fifty yards away, being chased to the edge of the jungle and shot at several times. Three bullets came near his head, one taking effect in his jumper collar.

"Mrs. Correll made her escape from the house to the out closet, while most of the bandits' attention was drawn to Mr. Correll as he was knocked down on the floor. Immediately she was missed and they began searching for her. She was found and was punched and knocked about with the greasers' guns and fists until she had been bruised and skinned in places over her head, neck, and body, they almost breaking one of her arms. Then another maltreatment took place, being guarded by other bandits.

"Mr. Correll, trying to get to her assistance, was shot twice, one shot taking effect in the head and one in the heart. After Mr. Correll was killed Mrs. Correll was handled very shamefully.

"After pilfering for a period of thirty or forty minutes they made their journey on. Mrs. Correll, almost exhausted, tied her way to the field where four Mexicans were at worw, asking them to narrate the trouble, but they refused.

"Knowing that Mr. Correll was killed and thinking that Joe was killed, or taken by the raiders, Mrs. Correll took refuge in the thickets for some time. While hiding in the jungles Joe decided to make his way to Lewey Phroane's, an American who lived one-half mile away, for assistance.

Told Story to Americans.

"When within some two or three hundred yards of the house, he saw the bandits raiding Phroane's home. He immediately made his way back to the jungles, where he hid for one hour. After the bandits had robbed Mr. Phroane of all his household goods and driven away fifty-two fine mares and that many colts, he made his way to Mr. Correll's. Finding Mr. Correll shot to death, and the floor covered with brains and blood, and no trace of Joe or Mrs. Correll, he jumped to Mr. Correll's car and hurried to report the horrors which had happened.

"In an hour or so Mrs. Correll and Joe were reunited, but seeing no assistance at the house they still chose refuge in the jungles. Some time had passed when they ventured to view the place of horror once more and to their glad surprise saw fifteen or twenty Americans standing around the house. They immediately joined the crowd and detailed their story of sorrow.

"A carpenter took charge of Mr. Correll's body and made a coffin and he was buried in a lonely graveyard one mile from Colonia, which was made up of American graves, mostly of those who met their death by bandits.

"Mrs. Correll was taken to H. J. Smith's, an American who lived four miles away. Mr. Smith and his son had suffered from the cruel band of bandits the same day. With ropes around their necks they were choked and robbed of household goods, groceries, and also sixteen head of mules. Such stuff as could not be carried away was torn to pieces, this being the case wherever they pilfered.

"Mrs. Correll and Joe were taken to Tampico June 17, where they conferred with the American Consul.

"June 17 2,000 Carranza soldiers were sent to Colonia, but they refused to seek the bandits. Citizens of the Colonia colony offered to guide them to the bandits some fifteen miles way, but they positively refused, and returned to Tampico on the first train.

"June 18 the same bandits raided Colonia, but not getting anything, only some of the horses that had come back. Mrs. Correll and Correll ranch once more, but finding it torn to pieces as they left it June 16, they passed it up."

Tell of Many Atrocities.

Agents of the Protection Association said they had records of 112 atrocities during the seventeen months ended Feb. 1, 1919, in the Tampico oil district. These included eleven murders, four kidnappings, the wounding of thirteen persons and many other assaults. Money stolen, of which records were at hand, exceeded $120,000.

These agents stated also that they had a list of 317 American citizens murdered in Mexico since December, 1910. The list, they said, "is far from complete, the number being estimated at 340." They said no reparation had been obtained.

The State Department made this announcement today in regard to the Mexican situation:

"The Third Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Breckinridge Long, stated today there is no foundation for a report published in the press in one of the South American capitals to the effect that intervention in Mexico has been determined upon."

ASK WHO WERE PUNISHED.

Association for Protection of Rights Answers Bonillas.

The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, 347 Fifth Avenue, of which Charles M. Boynton is the executive director, issued a reply yesterday to the interview given to THE NEW YORK TIMES last Monday by Ignacio Bonillas, the Mexican Ambassador at Washington. In that interview Mr. Bonillas defended the policies of the Carranza Government and denied that it had repudiated Mexico's foreign debt or that it was not extending proper protection to foreigners in Mexico.

The association, together with the Governor of Oklahoma and the Oklahoma delegation in Congress, is backing the efforts being made in Washington to compel the Carranza Government to punish the murderers of John W. Correll, who was killed near Tampico, and to make reparation to his widow, who was subjected to brutal treatment by the murderers.

The statement issued by Mr. Boynton, which is in the form of a letter to Ambassador Bonillas, reads:

"We have read with interest your interview of yesterday as published in THE NEW YORK TIMES of today. Your undoubted purpose to foster friendly relations between the Government and the people of Mexico and the Government and people of the United States has our heartiest indorsement. We believe, however, that such relations can only be established and maintained on the basis of existing facts squarely faced and frankly recognized, and that evasion or misrepresentation can only make an already bad situation worse.

"In speaking of the United States, you say: 'You did not think of complying with the international obligations after the Civil War until you had pacified your country, and that was fifteen or twenty years.' Happily the public in the United States is aware of the facts from common knowledge. The United States has never defaulted on any international obligation at any time and it did not take fifteen or twenty years to pacify the country after the surrender at Appomatox. Your error is of service since it sets a convenient standard for judging the other statements in your interview.

"The Constitution of M

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Send for Illustrated Booklet.

Ford, to Stop Argument, Admits He's "Ignorant Idealist"

ODD DEFINITIONS GIVEN BY FORD

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

for the purpose of making money out of it?"

"I advocated preparedness. I am talking about 1916 and 1915. I was a murderer just as well as anybody else was."

"You were a party to it, one of the helpers of murder?"

"Yes."

"Do you mean that the men who were advocating preparedness in 1916 and 1915 were murderers, were like you, in 1917?"

"No, we were in the war."

Mr. Stevenson here quoted the word "ballyhoo" from the booklet. Mr. Ford thought it meant a blackguard, Mr. Lucking a shouter, and Mr. Murphy a barker.

"Have you brought your spectacles with you today?" asked Mr. Stevenson.

"No, I have not got them in Mount Clemens."

"Well, now, this was one of the things you gave out to educate the people, and the purpose of it was, wasn't it, Mr. Ford, to convey to the public the understanding that Mr. Joy and those who advocated preparedness were apostles of murder and brief holders for murder?"

"For overpreparedness, for preparedness that we did not need. That was the system all thought. As I said, I did not write that part of it, and I don't know as I knew it was in there."

"You say now that what you were trying to incite the public to think about was that preparedness, overpreparedness, was murder?"

"Do you want me to say that Mr. Joy was a murderer?"

"Now I will call your attention to several places in this statement where you were in favor of absolute disarmament."

"Not absolute disarmament for one country, for all the world."

Mr. Stevenson quoted: "I feel that this cry for the training of men to kill other men, and for the placing of the army and navy as a burden on the backs of people, is a false conception of patriotism, and treason to the life of the people." "What do you understand by treason?"

"Anything against the Government."

"You were charging people who were advocating the training of men for preparedness to defend the country as traitors to the country?"

"We were not in war. Any one that advocated overpreparedness, in my estimation, for aggression, were traitors to the country."

"Did you ever hear anybody talking about having an army to invade any other country?"

"Yes, to invade Mexico."

"Men who advocated training of men to go into Mexico and pacify Mexico were regarded as traitors to the country?"

"Not to pacify, but burglarize."

Then Mr. Stevenson led Mr. Ford into a discussion of famous traitors, in which the witness said he thought Benedict Arnold was a writer.

Mr. Stevenson quoted one of the items of the complaint in the case as the characterization "ignorant idealist."

"If it will do any good I will admit I am an ignorant idealist," said the witness.

"If you will admit it, it will foreclose the question."

"I will admit it, just to close it."

"If you admit it to be a fact we will stop the inquiry."

"I don't know whether it is a fact or not; that is for the jury."

"If you admit it, leaving it for the jury, I cannot admit it without going on to show it."

Sought to Make the People Think.

"As an educator, you assumed to educate the American people?"

"Assumed to cause them to think."

"To instruct the American people as to their duties as citizens at the time of a crisis?"

"Instructing the people how they were exploited."

"Do you understand it is the duty of a man that undertakes to educate the people to be educated himself and know what he is talking about?"

"Educated to a certain extent."

Mr. Stevenson read: "'The United States has spent more than a billion dollars on a navy and army that would cope with an invasion that never occurred and never will occur, and yet the very war experts who are responsible for that burdensome army and navy admit that our army and navy never would have been able to meet with any hope of success those of other so-called powers.' Is that correct?"

The court sustained an objection, but Mr. Ford answered: "I guess Mr. Delavigne meant just what he said in it."

"Of course, my plain purpose is to show that this gentleman knew we were not prepared," explained Mr. Stevenson.

"Of course," replied Judge Tucker, "you have a right to go far enough to get the jury to see, if they can, what manner of man Mr. Ford is, and how he looked at these things and thought about them, but further than that, not, and after it has been gone over two or three times I do not think it proper."

"How much of an army did we have?'" questioned Mr. Stevenson, resuming his examination of Mr. Ford.

"I understood 60,000 to 70,000."

"How were they disposed of?"

"I don't know; I don't remember. I know they were advocating at that time for a bigger, larger army."

"Did you know there was a considerable portion employed outside the United States?"

"I didn't know very much about it, Mr. Stevenson. I haven't been very much interested in armies."

"You had sufficient interest to tell the American people whether they were prepared or not?"

"Prepared to get gouged again—exploited—yes."

"And to tell them that they didn't need any more army?"

"Yes, that they did not need any more army?"

"And yet you didn't know whether the 60,000 or 70,000 that you speak of was employed in the United States or out of the United States?"

"I did not know where they were."

"From your study of the question, did you know where they were needed outside of the United States?"

"Not at the time, I don't remember."

"Do you know of any possessions that we have outside of the United States?"

"I know of the Philippines, and possibly some of the army was there."

"Do you know whether there was any in Alaska?"

"I don't remember that."

"Do you know whether there was any in Porto Rico?"

"I don't remember that."

"Do we have any relations with Porto Rico?"

"We keep some of the army there, I guess."

"What other relations are there between Porto Rico and the United States?"

The Court: "I think that is far and away outside of the case, Mr. Stevenson."

"I will ask you further, Mr. Ford," counsel continued, "what was the United States originally?"

"Land, I guess."

The Court: "Never mind, Mr. Ford."

"You appeal to history to sustain you in your argument here, don't you?"

Mr. Murphy: "The arguments will speak for themselves; I object to this."

Mr. Stevenson: "I think we have got to about 125 already."

Mr. Murphy: "If your honor please, every time that a question is asked that we think is inadmissible, we are going to object to it, if it is 125 or many more."

"If there is anything referring to history it is in the book," said Mr. Ford.

Four speeches by President Wilson on his preparedness tour, the early part of 1916, were read into the record by Warren S. Stone of Trbune counsel. In the second of the speeches read, Mr. Wilson, appearing at Des Moines, Iowa, asserted that the view that the preparedness agitation came from munitions makers and others who would profit from war was preposterous. The demand for preparedness, he said, came from the workers in field and factory. "I came out here to tell you that preparedness is necessary, and immediately necessary," the President was quoted as saying.

Mr. Ford resumed the stand and Mr. Stevenson continued his questioning.

"You have already said, I think, Mr. Ford, that your advertisements and your propaganda after that time were put out for the consideration of people with the view to counteracting the influence of the President's speeches, did you not?"

"Differing, yes."

"You did that in face of the fact that the President of the United States, in the most solemn kind of way, announced to his fellow-citizens, that the nation was threatened with immediate danger, that he could not tell what a day or an hour would bring forth?"

"We understood there was a great many of the Congressmen and Senators against it. We were on their side."

"Those speeches were made in January and February, 1916. 'Concerning Preparedness' was published Feb. 22, Washington's Birthday, 1916."

"Yes."

"'Humanity and Sanity' was published still later than that?"

"Yes."

Called President Inconsistent.

Mr. Stevenson read further: "'The President himself in his speeches, made recently in the Middle West, could find no fear of invasion, and his inconsistencies were pointed out even by the most ardent editorial advocates of preparedness plans.' Will you tell us, Mr. Ford, in what respect the President was inconsistent?"

"He did not tell how he wanted to prepare. We were preparing our factory, getting in better shape for any such emergency than he was telling how."

"Had you prepared for——?"

Mr. Lucking: "Suppose Mr. Wilson was entirely right, and Mr. Ford was entirely wrong. What light does it throw upon this controversy?"

The Court: "I think a man has a perfect right to controvert the President's ideas or anybody else's ideas, if he does not go to the extent of subverting the right of the Government to perform its functions."

Mr. Stevenson to Mr. Ford: "Did you mean that he was inconsistent in changing his mind from what he believed a year ago?"

"Yes, I think so."

"He gave the most solemn assurance at the time that he was talking as a patriot and not as a politician?"

"Yes, sir."

"In the face of that positive assurance you inaugurated that he was playing politics?"

"I did not insinuate. I said I thought he might be playing politics."

"Did you have any information of the number of troops required to patrol the Mexican border?"

"No, but I think I gave out an interview on that."

"Did you have any information?"

"We have quite a lot of information. I gave out an interview in New York, where I advocated 250,000 about that time."

"Didn't you also follow that up with the writer that made that statement and say: 'What would we do with an army if it was 200,000?'"

"Possibly I did."

Mr. Stevenson read from a magazine article:

"'It would be tedious to recount instance after instance, outrage after outrage, atrocity after atrocity, to illustrate the true nature and extent of the widespread conditions of lawlessness and violence which have prevailed during the last nine months in particular. The frontier of the United States, along the lower Rio Grande, has been thrown into a state of constant apprehension and turmoil because of the frequent and sudden incursions into American territory and depredations and murders on American soil by Mexican bandits, who have taken the lives and destroyed the property of American citizens, sometimes carrying American citizens across the international boundary with the booty seized.' You knew that, didn't you?"

"I knew that I had been asked to contribute money to just those things, Mr. Stevenson. That was what started me off against militarism."

"To contribute money to start a rebellion, was it?"

"I don't think they told me their right name."

"Well, that being an isolated situation, and starting you off on preparedness, please tell us who it was that invited you, once in California and once in Detroit?"

Mr. Ford could not give any names.

Mr. Stevenson led to the interview with Henry A. Wise Wood, who came here to make a preparedness speech in May, 1916.

"You knew he was going to make a speech?" he questioned.

"I did not," replied the witness.

"Didn't you get a copy of the speech the next day?"

"Yes, I think so. Yes."

"You refer in this letter to the report in the Free Press of Mr. Woods's speech, don't you?"

"Who signed that letter?"

"Mr. Delavigne. This is the one where he says: 'Mr. Ford, after reading the story of your address Monday evening before the Detroit Board of Commerce, as printed in the Free Press of today, has requested me to mail you the enclosed editorial from the Detroit News. This Mr. Ford deems all that is necessary to answer your very interesting disclosure of his interview with you, for which he is deeply grateful.'"

"Mr. Delavigne called my attention to the flag incident in the story and of course wrote this letter."

"Did you refer to this statement: 'When I saw the flags flying on top of his factory, and told him what harm I thought he was doing to this country, Ford told me that when the present war was over these flags would come down never to go up again.' That is what you refer to?"

"No, that was not what I referred to. That is what Mr. Delavigne told me that he said."

"You spent the day with him after luncheon?"

"I spent a little time with him, yes, Sir. I came here the other day to remember what he looked like."

"He looked like a gentleman, didn't he?"

"He didn't look like a man to me that was free."

"That was free! What was there about him that didn't look like he was free. Did he look like a slave?"

"A slave, yes, sir. A slave to the financiers."

"What made you think that?"

"From the things that he said."

"What did he say that made you think he was a slave of the financiers?"

"I don't remember just what he said."

"Now, tell us. You made these nasty, ugly, charges; vicious charges like you do about everybody being a murderer who was for preparedness. Tell us what there was that he said that made you think that."

"Because I thought he came to trap me into saying things."

Mr. Stevenson questioned Mr. Ford in detail about the statements attributed to the latter by Mr. Wood. Most of them Mr. Ford denied making. Then he turned to an article by John Reed in the Metropolitan magazine in which Mr. Ford was quoted as saying he wouldn't give a nickel for all the history in the world.

Court adjourned just as the article was introduced for purposes of examination.

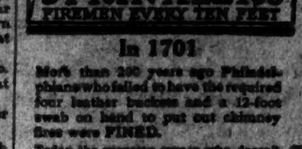
GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

In 1701

More than 200 years ago Philadelphians who failed to have the required four leather buckets and a 12-foot swab on hand to put out chimney fires were FINED.

Today his property owner who doesn't have GLOBE Sprinkler protection pays a heavy fine in the form of higher insurance premiums.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
149 Broadway Cort. 6780



THIS WAY FOR THE MUSEUM

STOP MUNITIONS FOR RUSSIA

Naples Workmen Force Crew of London Steamer to Unload Cargo.

NAPLES, July 16.—The steamer Cabalos arrived here from London today, but was stopped by workmen in the harbor, who refused to allow her to continue her voyage because she carried ammunition. The crew of the Cabalos was forced to unload the cargo, after which the ship was allowed to proceed.

As the reason for their action in forcing the crew to unload the ammunition the harbor workmen claimed that the ammunition was intended for use against the Bolsheviki in Russia.

The identity of the Cabalos is uncertain. Her name does not appear in available shipping records. The proposed general strike in Italy, France and Great Britain on July 21, according to the plans of its leaders, is to be in part a protest against allied intervention in Russia.

McCutcheon's

Fine Household Linens
Handkerchiefs
Lingerie
Wash Dress Cottons
Children's Wear

Established more than half a century.
Fifth Ave., 34th and 33d Streets

BIXBY'S DOUBLE A AA BROWN Shoe Polish for dark tan & brown shoes

High Class polish for high class shoes. Made originally for the Army Officers' shoes, but now that the war is over — for your shoes. A dauber with each bottle.

A Liquid—25c

LIGHT GREY HERRING-BONE SUITS, $56.

Here is an unfinished worsted—the kind that does not wrinkle easily. A handsome light grey, quarter silk lined, sought for because desirable and scarce. Suit, $56. * * * My delightfully cool thin suits will rout and scatter—"Warmer tomorrow, southerly winds." Suits $10, $12, $14.50, $16 to $22. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., Near 31st. Saturday closed at 1 o'clock.

This skin trouble may become serious.

Some people are inclined to neglect a sick skin. They consider it a mere trifle and expect it to disappear next day. On the contrary this delay permits the skin trouble often times to become more malignant in nature, and consequently more difficult to overcome and heal.

Save yourself hours of torture. On the first indication of soreness to the touch, an irritated and inflamed skin, spotty, with a tendency to become swollen and painful—apply

Resinol

the famous healing ointment prepared especially for the treatment of such ailments

NOW—DURING THE DULL SEASON

is the time to have your accounts audited for the past six months. Like insurance and fidelity bonds, auditing is a business necessity.

A Christian public accountant, auditor and systematizer, formerly with a prominent firm of certified public accountants, will give you the benefit of 20 years' business experience for a reasonable fee. Telephone Gramercy 837 and preliminary interview will be arranged.

BOSTON CAR MEN TO STRIKE TODAY

Workers Howl Down Speakers and Vote to Quit at 4 A. M.

AFFECTS THE ENTIRE CITY

Strike Is Protest Against Delay of War Labor Board on Demands.

BOSTON, July 16.—Members of the Boston Carmen's Union will go on strike on the Boston Elevated Railway system at 4 o'clock tomorrow morning, in accordance with a strike vote taken on Monday. An effort by city officials and union leaders at a mass meeting tonight to have the men postpone action was shouted and voted down.

The meeting, in Tremont Temple, was called at the request of Acting Mayor Francis J. W. Ford, who, with James H. Vahey, counsel for the union; Henry B. Endicott, and others, pleaded with the men to postpone action until Monday next. The speakers were interrupted by shouts of "Four o'clock!" and Matthew Higgins, President of the union, had difficulty in maintaining order.

After the vote to go out in the morning, union officials instructed the men to go to their homes and to make no disturbance. They urged that the strike be conducted in an orderly manner, and warned against attacks on street cars which might be taken out of the barns by strike breakers. Union leaders asserted that the strike would completely paralyze the street railway transportation of the metropolitan district.

The controversy between the street car men and the Boston Elevated was placed before the War Labor Board on June 19. The men demand an eight-hour day and 73½ cents an hour. The strike was called in protest against delay by the board in announcing its award.

Throughout the day efforts were made to induce the 7,000 men who are expected to go out to remain at work.

An appeal to the National War Labor Board to hasten its decision on the demands of the men for an eight-hour day and a wage of 73½ cents an hour met with a reply from W. Jett Lauck, Secretary of the board, that the decision would be "rendered in due time." In a telegram from Washington to James H. Vahey, counsel for the union, Secretary Lauck said the union should rescind the strike vote and remain at work. The board, he said, had had the case less than a month, and in view of the issues involved he held the time spent in consideration to be not unreasonable.

Difficulty in obtaining early action by the board lies, according to word from Charlton Ogburn, its chief examiner, in the fact that its joint chairmen are at widely separated points, former President Taft being at Pointe Au Pic, Quebec, and Basil M. Manly at San Diego, Cal. The chairmen are in possession of the evidence, it is understood, and a meeting in Chicago to discuss it has been arranged for a later date this month.

The issues in the case are considered especially important, according to the railway trustees, because, it is said, the eight-hour schedule is not in effect on any large street railway system in the country, and in no case does a wage approaching 73½ cents an hour obtain. The present maximum here is 46 cents.

Mr. Vahey replied to Secretary Lauck, saying that the latter's message had been conveyed to the representatives of the elevated employes, and that the men resented the charge that their strike vote was a violation of agreements. "The men on this system do not understand why an award should not be made on a case heard three weeks ago which has been heard once before.

"In view of the fact that the agreement between the company and union expired May 1, that we have been in constant conference with the trustees and of the War Labor Board since that time, the men have finally taken things into their own hands and determined that they should get an award in their case within a reasonable time. The trustees are equally insistent with us that the award should be made."

Samuel L. Powers, a member of the Board of Public Trustees of the Boston Elevated, announced tonight that Mr. Taft had telephoned him from Murray Bay, Quebec, that the War Labor Board would render a decision in the Boston Elevated case on Aug. 2.

Mr. Taft said that Basil Manly, the other joint Chairman, was in San Diego and that they would have to come to a settlement jointly. He said he had arranged to meet Mr. Manly in Chicago for this purpose.

Chairman Taft, in a telegram to Governor Coolidge tonight said:

"I fully concur in Examiner Ogburn's telegram to street car men that their strike is wholly unwarranted and violates their obligations. The questions involved are most important and they have been referred to the joint chairmen of the labor board, and as one of the joint chairmen, I have neither heard evidence nor arguments on the subject. Have advised Charlton Ogburn, a most competent examiner, to go to Boston to see what can be done in the present situation, shold be it be necessary. He can take frther evidence and hear further arguments, submit the whole record to Manly and me in Chicago on August 2, when we will decide the case by telegraphic order that day. This, however, is on condition, under the rules of our board, that the men must go back to work."

Shore Line Tieup Complete.

NORWICH, Conn., July 16.—The tieup of the Shore Line Electric Railway system from Webster, Mass., to New Haven, Conn., was complete today. Not a car had been moved during the forenoon. The powerhouse men are at work, as current is being provided for lighting and manufacturing. As it was a day of pouring rain there was little inconvenience. Local manufacturers provided motor trucks and vehicles for their employes and public service vehicles served the rest. It was reported that the powerhouse men would meet tonight to vote on a sympathetic strike.

President Perkins of the company said the wage demands meant $250,000 increased expense aside from increased general operating costs. The company's income had not met the operating expense. He believed the fare limit had been nearly if not actually reached.

Chicago Car Men Prepare to Strike.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Representatives of the 15,000 surface and elevated railway employes today began preparations for taking a strike vote to enforce their demands for an increase of 37 cents an hour in wages and better working conditions. Next Friday was set as the time for taking the vote, but a resolution adopted at a mass meeting requires the committee appointed to carry on negotiations to exhaust all reasonable means to obtain the demands without a strike.

The companies in their answer to the union refusing the demands stated that to grant the increase in wages of 37 cents an hour, or from 48 to 85 cents an hour, would force raising fares to 9 or 10 cents, and Britton I. Budd, President of the elevated railroads, asserted that granting the demands without an increase in fares would "bring insolvency to the companies."

800 Walkout at Southington.

SOUTHINGTON, Conn., July 16.—More than 800 employes of the Peck, Stow & Wilcox Company, hardware manufacturers, went on strike this afternoon, following demands made several days ago for a 25 per cent. increase in wages, an eight-hour day, and time and a half for overtime. Between 200 and 300 workers who are said to be members of unions did not join in the walkout.

STATE POLICE AVERT REIGN OF TERROR

Arrests at Rome, N. Y., Prevent I. W. W. Agitators from Launching General Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

ROME, N. Y., July 16.—The timely arrival of State police and the wholesale arrests made by them frustrated a plot of I. W. W. agitators to force strikes in every store and factory in Rome, with the threat to put the torch to factories resisting. The word had been passed by the agitators for a city-wide strike, with forcible resistance of the authorities, according to the State police, who are now masters of the situation. After the general strike had been proclaimed, employes who refused to join were to be driven from their work.

Monday's riot followed shortly the arrival of the I. W. W. agitators. These men brought with them the violence-inciting literature the State police found when they raided Rocco Deplasto's saloon. Great quantities of this literature had been distributed among the strikers. The I. W. W. agents circulated about the Italian section, urging violence. They are said to have engineered Monday's outbreak, leading the men and women, who, using baseball bats, swept through the streets.

It is believed that some of the agitators are among the 45 persons under arrest. Most of these have been admitted to bail. Luigi Demasa, who, the police charge, was a ringleader in the riot, was held in $5,000. It is charged he assaulted Patrolmen Thomas and Harrison and was active in the crowd which dragged F. J. Bischop, President of the Chamber of Commerce, from his automobile and stoned him. Nicola Ciancio was held in $5,000 bail on a charge of assault upon Daniel J. Gollen, a foreman at the wire works, as was Luigi Pecci, charged with assault upon a United States ordnance officer. It is alleged that Pecci incited the mob to pull the officer out of his automobile and beat him.

Action to end the strike, which has kept 4,000 men and women idle for six weeks, was taken this morning at a mass meeting which agreed to the appointment of a committee to wait upon the factory owners. John F. O'Connor, of the American Federation of Labor, told the strikers that a representative had been sent to Albany to confer with Governor Smith and ask that representatives of the State come to Rome and investigate the strike with a view of ending it. Evidence of the success of the envoy sent to Albany came with the arrival in Rome of P. J. Downey and Mrs. Frances Perkins of the State Arbitration Board. They started conferences with leaders on both sides in an effort to arbitrate.

HARVESTER EMPLOYES OUT.

Strike in Three Plants Without Formulating Their Demands.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Between 8,000 and 10,000 employes of the Chicago plants of the International Harvester Company are on strike today. The trouble began last Monday when 700 workmen employed by the Weber Wagon Works, a subsidiary, walked out. Yesterday, 6,000 employes of the McCormick Reaper Works followed and the strike spread to the McCormick tractor plant and the McCormick twine plant.

The employes of the Weber Wagon Works were reported to have returned to work today. Officials of the company assert the average hourly wages of the men have been increased 114 per cent. since June, 1914. Secretary Nockels of the Chicago Federation of Labor said the strikers had not formulated their demands, but that they would probably ask for $1 an hour, a 44-hour week and a closed shop.

Peast to Represent Peru Here.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLON, July 16.—Federico Peast, well known in Washington diplomatic circles, received a cable here today announcing his appointment as Minister from Peru to the United States. He will sail for New York on the Alliance tomorrow.

Let the Bush Terminal Distributing Service

be your New York medium for supplying your Eastern trade and satisfying your customers with prompt deliveries.

Why Bother

with the expense and trouble of your own New York organization when we can do the work more effectively and economically?

Why Deal With a Number

of different concerns, one to do the transporting, another the storing, a third to carry insurance, a fourth to do the forwarding?

Let One Concern

do it all for you, at one profit and a great saving of your time.

Fire Insurance Rates

exceptionally low, due to modern construction of buildings and installation of million dollar Automatic Sprinkler equipment.

Write for Particulars

of this complete Distributing Service, sold at *pound* rates.

BUSH TERMINAL COMPANY
Executive Offices—100 Broad Street
New York City

Giddings
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Offer for the week-end, the Following "close-out" groups—

Day and Evening Gowns
Formerly to $145 at $38 & $65

Of serge, tricotine, wool jersey, taffeta, satin, printed silks, net and lace.

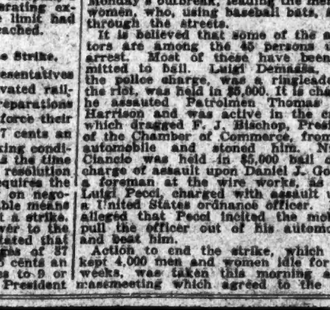
Street and Sport Suits
Formerly to $125 at $35 & $48

Of tricotine, jersey and novelty fabrics—odd sizes and colors, but extraordinary values.

HIGHER COST DRESSY SUITS, INCLUDING IMPORTED MODELS — FORMERY $125 to $450 at $85.

Fashionable Day Wraps
Formerly to $195 at $75

Coat and cape styles in tricolette or in smart combination effects of tricolette with duvetyn, satin or tricotine.



—and in the Navy

A fact:

Throughout the U. S. Navy—on battleships, cruisers, destroyers and all other types of vessels—over 80% of all the cigarettes sold in Officers' Mess are Fatimas.

FATIMA
—"just enough Turkish"

Athletic Wisdom

Every player is entitled to get the best results from his game. Excellence of equipment goes far towards attaining high standing in Tennis, Golf, Baseball, and, indeed, in every sport. Therefore, it is wise to choose reliable trade-marked equipments—the ALEX TAYLOR kind.

Write for our catalog—it offers a time-saving, money-saving and safe method of shopping by mail. Whether you trade at our store direct or by mail the same courteous service is always yours.

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ATHLETIC OUTFITTERS
26 E. 42nd St., New York
THE SHIELD OF QUALITY AND SERVICE

BETTER PRINTING

You might like to have a Monograph entitled "Seeing America First," which we recently printed for the Champion Coated Paper Company. It is a fair example of *Better Printing*. Some rather remarkable photographs make this Monograph unusually interesting. Copies will be sent without charge to buyers of printed matter.

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PALMER RECASTS FORCE OF HELPERS

Appoints Five New Assistants in the Work of the Department of Justice.

C. B. AMES SUCCEEDS TODD

Nebeker, Davis, Stewart, and Garvan Called in the Reorganization.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—New blood is being infused into the higher personnel of the Department of Justice in a reorganization that has been undertaken by A. Mitchell Palmer, the new Attorney General.

In this reorganization, which is expected to have an effect reaching down through the various branches of its activities, five of the principal law officers of the Department have been superseded by new appointees. Under the law there is one assistant to the Attorney General, and there are six Assistant Attorney Generals. Five of these seven places have been involved in the steady but gradual reorganization of the Department.

George Carroll Todd, who, for a long time, had been identified with the work of the Department and who was assistant to the Attorney General under Attorney General Gregory, has been succeeded by Charles Bismarck Ames of Oklahoma City, Okla., a leader of the bar in that State, formerly President of the Oklahoma Bar Association and President of the Oklahoma branch of the League to Enforce Peace.

Samuel J. Graham, who has been transferred to the United States Court of Claims, has been succeeded by Francis P. Garvan, now the alien property custodian, who will have general supervision over the work of the reorganized bureau of investigation, of which William J. Flynn is chief. Mr. Graham's duties will be absorbed elsewhere in the Department, and Mr. Garvan will take this place with new duties involved in the determination of the Attorney General to make the bureau of investigation, under the guidance of Chief Flynn, a real force in ferreting out the activities of bomb throwers and anarchists.

Francis J. Kearful, another Assistant Attorney General, has been succeeded by Frank Knowlton Nebeker of Salt Lake City, who was until recently a special assistant to the Attorney General in charge of the Government's prosecutions of the I. W. W. leaders. Mr. Nebeker will have charge of the public land cases coming before the department.

Houston Thompson, another Assistant Attorney General, has been succeeded by Frank Davis, Jr., of Cleveland. He will have charge of the work of the department before the United States Court of Claims.

Claude R. Porter, Assistant Attorney General, who was in charge of all criminal prosecutions, has been succeeded by Robert P. Stewart, a former United States Attorney from Deadwood, S. D. The only two Assistant Attorneys General of the former regime remaining in their positions at this time are William L. Frierson and Larue Brown.

The Bureau of Investigation is being wholly reorganized. While Assistant Attorney General Garvin will take general supervision over this bureau, William J. Flynn will be the actual director of the work. Captain Frank Burke, well known for his work formerly as an operative of the United States Secret Service and who was engaged under Chief Flynn during his work for the Railroad Administration, has just been sworn as principal assistant to Flynn.

When Attorney General Palmer was asked today whether any announcement was ready to be made in regard to the identity of the June 2 bomb thrower, he said that after the return of Chief Flynn, who is in New York, an announcement might soon be made.

Men's Bath Robes
Special today
at $4.95
Jacquard Terry Robes, in coat model, with convertible collar. Trimmed with pearl buttons. Fine values.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

Business Hours: 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Closed all day Saturdays during July and August

Men's Oxfords
Reduced to
$5.95
Gun metal and dark tan leather, also white Reignskin Canvas Oxfords, with Neolin or leather soles and heels. 5th Floor.

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

AS a rule, men know as little about tailoring as they do about Talleyrand, but they have a dual instinct that tells them *where* to go and where *not* to go.

The finest tailoring in America — bar none

$30.00 UP

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

Today and Tomorrow—the last two days of
The Extraordinary Sale of
Women's New Fall Coats
at $25, $29.50, $35, $39.50, $45 up to $85

This is a sale extraordinary in every sense of the word. Considering present market conditions, the scarcity of fine materials and the high cost of labor, we are cognizant of the fact that after closing hour tomorrow evening you cannot find such an offering in the City again at the truly remarkable prices quoted.

Suitable for all kinds of weather, travel and utility wear, splendidly developed in imported tweeds and mixtures, guaranteed to be cravenetted; also self colored Polo cloth. Half or full lined. Belted or loose models, with convertible collar, raglan or set-in sleeves. Obtainable in Copenhagen, brown, green, tan and grey. Sizes 34 to 48. Four of the many choice styles *Illustrated.* *Fourth Floor.*

For Immediate Clearance Today and Tomorrow
Women's Capes and Wraps
Formerly $35 to $65
Reduced to $18.50
The balance of our regular stock of fine capes and wraps, in the choicest materials for the Summer season. Colors: Navy blue, black and mixtures. All sizes. *Fourth Floor.*

Today and tomorrow an Important
Sale of Women's Summer Suits
Regularly $35 to $69
at $17.50, $27.50 and $33

The balance of our Spring and Summer stock of suits radically reduced from former prices to effect immediate disposal. All well tailored suits, in stunning models, beautifully fashioned of:

Linen, Pongee, Paulette, Taffeta, Heather Mixtures and Wool Jersey,

in the newest belted and box coat models, with notch or tuxedo collars. Obtainable in the season's newest colorings. *Fourth Floor.*

Today and Tomorrow on the Second Floor
An Exceptionally Important Sale of
Misses' Cool Summery Frocks
at $5.95, $9.95, $12.95

Beautifully fashioned of striped, flowered, checked and plain voile, plain or checked organdie, plaid or checked gingham and grass linen, in the much wanted colorings: Pink, blue, green, and lavender.

Draped overskirts, deep tucks, hemmed and novel pocket effects. Some have crisp organdie collars and vestees; others with treatments of frilling and embroidery; many models are made with surplice or long roll collars and slip-in sashes. Sizes 14 to 18 years. Four styles *pictured.* Wonderful values.

A Most Economical Opportunity Today
Sale of Men's Shirts
At $1.85

This is a magnificent collection of fine shirts—the result of a very special purchase from one of our prominent manufacturers. Considering present market conditions and the cost of fine materials, this offering is altogether to important too overlook.

Shirts sold at higher prices could not be tailored more carefully, and one glance will show that these are all shirts of the better kind—in fabric, design and finish. Splendidly made of:

Woven Madras, fine printed and mercerized cloths in excellent variety of patterns and colorings.

Imported Foulard Silk Bow Ties, 50c

Such values in silk neckwear are rare indeed. Cleverly made of rich English foulard silk in navy and white polka-dots of various sizes.

Come in early and take advantage of this remarkable offering.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Thursday and Friday on the Fourth Floor
An Important Sale of
Women's Bathing Suits
at $3.95 and $5.95

At each price the selection of models and materials is all that could be desired. Nowhere in the City can this splendid aggregation of smart bathing suits be matched.

Slip-on and waistline models, with or without sleeves. Fashioned of surf satin, silk poplin, worsted and good quality satin. Sizes to 46.

A Splendid Collection of
Dainty Junior Girls' Organdie Frocks
at $5.95

Exquisite frocks, cleverly fashioned of checked organdie, in the newest colorings. Other models of fine voile.

Surplice collar models, with tucked skirt and trimmings of tiny ruffles. Ribbon sash and loops. Sizes 12 to 16 years. *One style Illustrated.*

Second Floor.

A Special Collection of
Women's and Misses'
Fine Silk Skirts
at $14.75

A special purchase of silk skirts for sports and dress wear. The workmanship is of the finest character and the materials are the choicest of the season.

Baronette satin, wash satin and novelty silks. Waistbands 25 to 36.

Women's and Misses' Cool Washable Skirts
Special at $2.95, $3.95 and $5

At each price the selection of styles and materials affords latitude for individual choice. Cleverly tailored in surf satin, gabardine, honeycomb and colored embroidered dot repp. Waistbands 25 to 36. *Fourth Floor.*

Such skirt values are rare!

Today and Friday
An Unusual Offering of Misses' Summery Waists
at $2

Dainty Summertime blouses designed especially for the youthful Miss.

Fashioned of sheer white lawn and checked organdie, with pleated frills and fine tucks for trimming. Sizes 14 to 18 years. *One style pictured.* *Second Floor.*

Special for Thursday and Friday
Brassieres & Bandeaux
at 50c, 75c, $1 & $1.25

Regularly $1, $1.50 and $2. Front or back fastening. All sizes but not in every style. Can be had in flesh color or white. Unusual values. *Main and Third Floors.*

On the Fourth Floor Today
Women's French Linen Frocks
Regularly $16.50 & $18.50
at $11.75

Special purchase from one of our leading dressmakers. Two models, beautifully fashioned of French linen that retails at $1.75 a yard.

Smartly tailored straight line dresses which can be easily tubbed. One model is suitable to small figures, 34 to 40; the other for larger figures of 38 to 42. Obtainable in Copenhagen, white and rose.

Women's Bead-Embroidered Georgette Crepe Dresses
Formerly sold at $39.50
at $29.50

A special group of smart dresses, beautifully fashioned of Georgette Crepe in taupe and Copenhagen blue. Suitable for afternoon or street wear. They are the balance of our best selling numbers, reduced on account of the limited color range. Sizes 34 to 42.

Very Special Today and Tomorrow
Men's Mohair Dusters
at $7.50

The ideal duster for motoring, made of gray mohair in full auto double-breasted model. Splendid value.

Sixth Floor.

SHIP BOARD CALLS FOR VOLUNTEERS

Appeals for Crews to Take Cattle and Cars Promised by Government to France.

ADMITS STRIKE IS SERIOUS

Union Men Say 400 Vessels Are Tied Up Here—Officers Not in Sympathy with Sailors.

The New York office of the Shipping Board issued an appeal yesterday for volunteer crews to take the place of strikers to fulfill a promise made by the Government to ship a large number of milk cattle and railway cars to France.

The call was regarded as an indication of the completeness of the shipping tie-up, and Shipping Board officials admitted that the paralysis of shipping under the American flag had become extremely serious. The appeal read:

"The United States Government is under contract with the French Government to provide immediately milking cattle and railway cars for the use of the French Government. Enough of these cattle are now in stock cars at Norfolk to fill six ships. Three ships are waiting there for them, the West Arrow, the Western King, and the West Hobonat.

"The other three ships assigned by the Shipping Board to carry them are at piers in New York, awaiting to proceed to Norfolk for these cargoes. The six ships have been abandoned by their crews on account of the shipping strike that has been running for a week.

"Meantime, these cattle, promised by the United States Government to the French Government, are suffering at Norfolk. Some of them have calved there in cars, and all of them, for their own safety, need to be aboard ship at the earliest possible moment.

"The honor of the Government in its engagements with the French Government is involved. The national needs of France are affected and the humane obligations to the living cargoes are being violated. No private person or corporation either in this country or in France has any connection with either of these cargoes. No further shipments of cars or breeding cattle are being put en route by the Government. But these cattle must be moved.

Offers Advanced Wage Scale.

"The crews that left the ships seemed not to understand that a Governmental understanding with another Government was involved, and that no private person or corporation had anything to do with either the ships or the cargoes. The Shipping Board therefore asks for volunteers to man these ships. Experienced men, union or nonunion, are asked to apply.

"For the three ships now at Norfolk crews will be signed on at the Shipping Board Sea Service Bureau, Flatiron Building, Norfolk; and for the three ships at New York crews will be signed on at the Shipping Board Sea Service Bureau offices, at 80 Washington Street, New York City. The officers and crew will be paid the full rate offered by the Shipping Board to adjust the present maritime dispute, an increase of 10 per cent. in the wages to all officers and an increase of $10 or more over the present rate to the crews, according to the following scale:

"Carpenter, $100; boatswain, $90; quartermaster, $87.50; able seaman, $85; ordinary seaman, $60; boy, $40; deck engineer, $95; pumpman, $95; water tender, $90; oiler, $90; storekeeper, $90; firemen, $85; wiper and coal passer, $75; steward, $135; chief cook, $115; second cook and baker, $105; third cook, $75; messman, $75, and messboy, $70."

Secretary Carlson of the Firemen's, Water Tenders' and Oilers' Union said last night that he had not heard of the appeal, and added:

"This appeal would make no difference. The strike call is unlimited. We are not making exceptions of any classes of vessels. All men are being called off ships as soon as they arrive in port, without distinction."

Assert 400 Ships Are Tied Up.

Carlson said 400 ships were tied up in New York Harbor. Shipping Board officials and private shipping men placed the total tied up by the strike at less than half that number, insisting that the strikers were including ships in port for repairs or awaiting cargo among those tied up.

Carlson asserted that the masters and engineers, though they had not struck, were co-operating to make the strike a success. This was denied at the Neptune Association, the organization of masters and licensed officers. Captain Arthur N. McGray, Secretary of the association, said the masters and licensed officers had been negotiating amicably with the Shipping Board and steamship companies and were doing nothing to embarrass them. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and other shipping companies were informed that the captains were willing to take out ships, regardless of whether the crews were made up of union or nonunion men.

It was said the Captains and other officers were fundamentally opposed to the strikers, because the members of the Neptune Association were chiefly Americans and American-born, who sympathized with plans of the Shipping Board to build up an officer personnel of Americans in the American Merchant Marine, whereas the strikers were 90 per cent. foreigners, who were striking to get a whip hand over the Shipping Board and compel abandonment of the plan to train American officers and seamen.

Increase Guards at Piers.

Although it was said that disorders so far had been slight, guards were increased along the waterfront. Shipping Board officials received the following instruction from the Board in Washington:

"If men refuse duty and will not work, pay off men and put civilian guards on the vessels, swearing them in as Deputy Sheriffs. Use all precautions against fire, connecting up fire hose when available on dock. Remove perishable stores and place in cold storage. Where men have left vessels and refuse to work, pay them off up to the time they left, and permit them to remove their personal effects."

Local Shipping Board men at once began to put these instructions into effect. Secretary Carlson said strict orders had been issued to the strikers to respect private property and refrain from rioting.

Andrew Furuseth, President of the International Seamen's Union, who collaborated with Senator La Follette in drawing up the La Follette act and is credited with being the brains of the strike, conferred with local strike leaders at the Hotel Continental yesterday. Last night he sent the following telegram to the Pacific Coast division of the union:

Out to a Man, Says Furuseth.

"Firemen on strike since last week. Sailors ordered to strike last night, cooks today. It comes as a delay in giving Pacific rules and watches and preferences in shipping. Eight hours, three watches, and $15 increase is slogan. Unions standing solidly together. Whole coast is out to a man, nonunion men as well as union. Engineers and officers in full sympathy. Very few vessels moving. Prospects very bright, but men already leaving for the country, especially American born firemen. Men angered at delay, hence the demand for $15 now being insisted upon."

Furuseth later said: "The difference between the wages asked by the men and what the Shipping Board offered is $5 a month. The real difference, however, seems to be the application on the Atlantic of the eight-hour system, which has been in operation on the Pacific Coast a year as a result of an agreementsonP. d1CRt125. (.18HRHRHj and shipowners, and later applied to vessels of the Shipping Board.

"The wages asked are no more than is paid to common laborers on shore. The difficulty over wages is not so important, and comes as a result of delays and failure by the ship owners to understand the temper of the men."

A number of shipowners were in Washington yesterday conferring with Shipping Board officials on the situation.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—When the attention of Shipping Board officials was called to the statement that the board had ordered all masters on duty to tie up their vessels at piers, to let crews go ashore, and cancel articles of agreement binding the men to the ships, the statement was informally authorized that the board had taken no action in the shipping strike since its offer Sunday to increase wages of officers and men. It was said that no reply to that communication had been received from the unions. It was explained that operations were in charge of the officers of the board in New York.

GIVES FIFTH OF ESTATE AS THANK OFFERING

Britisher Will Subscribe $750,000 to Victory Loan and Return the Bonds.

LONDON, July 1, (correspondence of Associated Press.)—A wealthy man of London, who signs himself simply as "F. S. T." has written to one of the newspapers, declaring his intention to subscribe to the Victory Loan in the sum of $750,000, and then turn the bonds back to the Government for immediate cancellation.

"Today, on the eve of peace," writes "F. S. T.," "we are faced with another crisis, less obvious, but none the less searching. The whole country is exhausted. By a natural reaction, not unlike that which led to the excesses of the Restoration after the reign of the Puritans, all classes are in danger of being submerged by a wave of extravagance and materialism.

"The wealthy classes know the danger of the present debt. Let them impose upon themselves, each as he is able, a voluntary levy. It should be possible to pass the Exchequer within twelve months such a sum as would save the taxpayer £50,000,000 a year. I give one-fifth of my estate as a thank offering in the firm conviction that never again shall we have such a chance of giving our country that form of help which is so vital at the present moment."

Publication of this novel form of subscription to the Loan instantly aroused the public, and all sorts of opinions were expressed. The more thoughtful newspapers gave it their unqualified indorsement and urged others to follow in the footsteps of the "patriotic 'F. S. T. Many "war-profiteers," it was pointed out, could make such a sacrifice without knowing they had diminished their huge fortunes, while other persons of wealth were urged to follow his example as a "Thanksgiving offering," because the Empire had finally been preserved. But it does not seem popular with the profiteers, since none has taken the hint.

The loan campaign is in full swing; Trafalgar Square is daily filled with cheering crowds, singing opera stars and military bands, while the golden star on the ladder stretching to the top of the Nelson monument to mark the progress of the loan climbs higher and higher.

But there have been no other mysterious and patriotic "F. S. T.'s." The banks, insurance companies, and some parts of the public are taking the loan, but not one of them offers to give the bonds back to the Government.

WORKERS STRIKE ON BRITISH RAILWAY

Engineers and Signalmen Walk Out, Crippling Service of the Northeastern Road.

RADICAL MINERS DEFEATED

Conference Refuses to Grant Authority to Call Strike Without a Ballot.

LONDON, July 16.—Engineers on the Northeastern Railway System went on strike today, seriously crippling the operation of the railway. The signalmen also went out during the day and the strike movement is spreading to other employes.

The engineers, it is said, oppose a regulation of the company regarding eye tests.

The Northeastern Railway System is in Northeastern England. Most of its lines are in Yorkshire and Durham.

KESWICK, England, July 16.—The conference of the Miners' Federation, refused today to authorize its executive to call a strike without a ballot of the members. This was a rebuff for the advocates of "direct action," who backed a resolution authorizing the calling of a strike on any question of national importance, such as nationalization of the coal mines. Such a strike had been proposed for early in August by the more radical members.

The conference adjourned without taking action on the Government's offer to postpone the proposed six shilling a ton increase in the price of coal if the miners would agree that there should be no cessation of work.

FRENCH LINERS HELD IN PORTS

General Strike Ties Up Commercial Shipping.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, July 16.—News from French ports indicates that all departures of commercial steamships are halted by a general strike and it is believed that the Rochambeau will not sail from Havre for several days.

American transports will sail or schedule, however, as they have purely military and independent French longshoremen.

PARIS, July 16.—The Southern France Railroad Union has passed a resolution opposing the proposed general strike on Monday, July 21, as "injurious to professional aims and inspired solely by political objects."

IRISH BOYCOTT PARADE.

Nationalist War Veterans Not to Join in Victory Celebration.

DUBLIN, July 16.—(Associated Press.)—The Irish Nationalist Association, composed largely of followers of the late John Redmond who fought during the war, decided today that its members would not march in the Victory parade in London on Saturday. It had been announced officially that they would participate in the celebration and many had given their names, promising attendance.

The change of attitude, it was said, was made known after Viscount French, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, said in a telegram to Colonel Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of State for War, that he (Viscount French) would "take the salute along with members of the Irish Government and other officials" in reviewing the parade.

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The Well-Dressed New Yorker
Here At The John David Shop

Agreeably Different From Undersuits Of Rough And Common Materials. Rockinchair Athletic Union Suits Introduce Tailored Smartness Into Concealed Clothes. Procurable Here In Nainsook Checks, $1.75; Mesh Striped Madras, $2.00; Plaid Handkerchief Lawn, $2.50; Featherweight Silky Mulle, $2.50; Silk Striped Madras, $3.50; Jacquard Silk And Cotton Figures, $4.00; Japanese Pure Silk Habutai Of Select Importation, $7.50.

...and at Palm Beach

A fact:

During the past two Florida seasons, the best-selling cigarette at the smart Palm Beach hotels was Fatima.

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—"just enough Turkish"

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Whether you earn
$4
a minute,
$4 an hour,
or $4 a day—
your brain is worth
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That's all it costs
to give it
52 weeks of
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The 19th Hole

is only a fond memory but the lure of the good old game is as strong as ever.

For the golfer the Davega Shops offer everything the game demands. Clubs of every kind of the quality that spells a par game. Balls of the most demanded makes. Bags, Shoes, Stockings, Clothes.

Courteous service, fair prices, complete stocks.

"Everything for Summer Sports."

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Boots—Oxfords—Pumps—Sport Shoes

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Beef—
It's Cheap Food

Compared with prewar price levels, beef is one of the cheapest of essential foods today. Other foods have advanced to much higher points—and remained there.

A survey conducted by the Health Commissioner of Chicago showed the following price increases for the current year over 1913-14:

Flour	210%
Sugar	115%
Milk	87%
Round Steak	86%
Eggs	80%
Sirloin Steak	61%

Beef is one of the best values in the food line and there is plenty of it.

The need for conservation for military purposes is past.

BUY BEEF—
It's Good Food — It's Cheap

American National Live Stock Association
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Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas
Corn Belt Meat Producers' Association of Iowa
Kansas Live Stock Association
Southern Cattlemen's Association
Panhandle and Southwestern Stockmen's Association
Nebraska Stock Growers' Association
Missouri Live Stock Feeders' Association
Illinois Live Stock Association
Indiana Cattle Feeders' Association
West Virginia Live Stock Association
Wyoming Stock Growers' Association
Montana Stock Growers' Association
California Cattlemen's Association
Colorado Live Stock Association
Idaho Cattle Growers' Association
Arizona Cattle Growers' Association
New Mexico Cattle Growers' Association
Cattle Raisers' Association of Oregon

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IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE HAVE SEVERAL WAREHOUSES IN N. Y. AND BROOKLYN WITH R. R. SIDINGS AND DOCKS IN THE FREE LIGHTERAGE ZONE.

MOTOR TRUCKING

WE HAVE THE LARGEST FLEET OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS IN NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF 58 TRUCKS OF 8 TONS CAPACITY EACH.

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MODERATE RATES

ORDER Ballantine's GOLDEN GLOW GINGER ALE

NEW PACIFIC FLEET NUMBERS 175 SHIPS

Eight Dreadnoughts, Six Predreadnoughts, Eleven Cruisers, and 108 Destroyers Included.

ITS FULL PERSONNEL 35,800

Below That When Historic Cruise Begins Saturday—Atlantic Fleet Changes Practice Waters.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Approximately 175 ships, with an aggregate tonnage of more than 500,000, will constitute the newly organized Pacific fleet, it was said at the Navy Department. At full strength the armada will be manned by about 34,000 men and 1,800 commissioned officers, but the personnel will be about 30 per cent. below this strength when the fleet begins its history-making voyage from Hampton Roads next Saturday.

Included in the fleet will be these ships:

Dreadnoughts—New Mexico, Wyoming, Arkansas, Mississippi, Idaho, Arizona, Texas and New York.

Predreadnoughts—Vermont, Nebraska, Georgia, Rhode Island, Virginia and New Jersey.

Cruisers—Seattle, Chicago, Cleveland, Denver, Tacoma, Marblehead, Machias, Vicksburg, Montana, North Carolina and Pueblo.

There will be 108 destroyers of the new 1,400-ton, flush-deck type, built after the United States entered the war. They will be divided into two squadrons, with the scout cruisers Birmingham and Salem as flagships, and with the Melville, Prairie, Buffalo and Black Hawk as tenders.

In the fleet also will be fourteen submarines of the S type, with the Savannah as tender. The mine detachment will consist of the cruiser Baltimore as flagship, the mine layer Aroostook and the mine sweepers Ortolan, Partridge, Redwing, Seagull, Thrush, Whippoorwill, Tanager, Lapwig, Tern, Bittern, Sandpiper and Vireo.

The fleet train will consist of the cruiser Minneapolis, as flagship, and the repair ship Vestal; hospital ships Comfort and Mercy; supply ships Rappahannock, Glacier and Celtic; fuel ships Arethusa, Maumee, Neches, Kanawha, Brutus and Mars; target repair ship Nanshan; radio repair ship Saturn and eleven tugs.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 16.—Admiral Henry B. Wilson, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, will have the big ships manoeuvre in the waters of Provincetown, Portland and Gardiner's Bay during most of the summer, according to word received here. This departure from the recent custom of using Narragansett Bay as the battleship base has caused some disappointment and a change of plans among officers' families who had come to Newport in the expectation of spending the summer here.

Some years ago when the late Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans commanded the North Atlantic fleet, he abandoned Provincetown as a base and sailed away with all his ships one summer day because the town authorities would not permit his men to play baseball on Sunday. From that time until the United States entered the war the battleships came annually to Narragansett Bay.

Rear Admiral Charles F. Plunkett, commander of Destroyer Squadron No. 3, said today that the active and reserve squadrons of destroyers of the Atlantic fleet would be based on Newport for the present and would operate in Buzzards Bay, Block Island Sound and adjacent waters.

TO END TELEPHONE STRIKE.

Agreements Reached with Delegates of Pacific Coast Unions.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Agreements, which are expected by Post Office Department officials to bring to an end the telephone strike on the Pacific Coast, were reached late today at a conference between Chairman Koons of the Wire Control Board and representatives of the interested unions.

Striking operators will be permitted to return to work and an increased wage scale made effective under the agreement, which also is understood to provide that the question of retroactive pay shall be referred to the Wire Control Board.

Tanker's Explosion Kills 12.

CARDIFF, Wales, July 16.—Twelve persons were killed in the explosion on board the British tank steamer Roseleaf here yesterday. The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas. The ship was undergoing repairs at the time of the accident.

PLAN NEW ATTACK ON DAYLIGHT SAVING

Will Launch Agricultural Bill as New Measure with Esch Bill Attached.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Opponents of daylight saving plan a new effort to defeat the Presidential veto of the provision for its repeal. The House failed by only a few votes a few days ago to pass the Agricultural bill, containing the amendment abolishing daylight saving, over the veto. The new plan, devised by professed friends of the agricultural interests, will be launched tomorrow.

The Agricultural bill will be introduced as a new measure, with a provision to abolish daylight saving. This provision, instead of being the former "rider," will be the Esch bill, which the House once passed and which carries out the purposes of the "rider," but does not interfere with standard time.

Chairman Haugen of the Agricultural Committee says he is confident he will succeed with the new scheme. He will have strong support in the House. The Senate is almost unanimously in favor of doing away with daylight saving. On the vote on the "rider" only six Senators voted "no."

Members of the Senate Agricultural Committee sent word today to House leaders that if the Esch bill were not substituted for the "rider," or some other action taken toward abandoning daylight saving, the Senate would reinsert the "rider," and attempt to pass the bill over the veto. Two-thirds majority is necessary to pass the bill over the veto. The recent vote in the House was 247 to 135.

OFFICERS OF THE R-34 MAKE REPORT TO KING

Major Scott and General Maitland Unrecognized by Crowd at Buckingham.

LONDON, July 16.—Major G. H. Scott, captain of the British dirigible R-34, and Brig. Gen. E. M. Maitland, who represented the British Air Ministry on the airship's round trip flight to New York, went into Buckingham Palace to report to King George today, almost unnoticed by the crowd.

The people assembled at the gates to watch the changing of the guard did not know that the two officers were the heroes of the first transatlantic dirigible flight. When they left, a group of photographers drew the crowd's attention to the two airmen and they were cheered loudly.

King George showed much interest in the report of the two officers on the R-34's flight and conversed with them for an hour. He congratulated them heartily. The apparent lack of public interest in the feat of the R-34 has been in contrast with the enthusiastic receptions given Captain John Alcock, who made the first non-stop transatlantic airplane flight, and that given by Harry G. Hawker, who fell into the sea half way across.

Aviator Killed as Plane Burns.

LOS ANGELES, July 16.—Lieutenant Charles G. Maizy of Fowler, Ind., an army aviator from Rockwell Field, San Diego, was killed here today when his airplane caught fire at a height of 900 feet and fell into a tail spin.

BOSTON PROTEST TO BAKER.

Mayor Complains of Diversion of Homecoming Troops to New York.

BOSTON, July 16.—The diversion to New York of the transport Callao, originally listed for this port, and the sailing of the transport Mexican for New York, each with units of the 3d Pioneer Infantry aboard, were subjects of protest to Secretary Baker by Mayor Peters today.

The 3d Pioneers were formed largely from the old "Dandy Fifth" of the Massachusetts National Guard, and plans had been made to welcome them on their return here, based, the Mayor wired, on an agreement with Secretary Baker that they should debark at Boston.

Shoeworkers Win 45-Hour Week.

HAVERHILL, Mass., July 16.—After a disagreement of five weeks between shoe manufacturers and employes over reducing working hours to forty-five a week the manufacturers decided today to grant the demands. According to the manufacturers it is expected that the officials of their association and of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union will soon agree on a method of doing business without strikes or lockouts.

...and at Newport

A fact.

Even here in the Casino, world famed as the center of society's inner circle, Fatima comes into its own. The steadily increasing preference is not, as one might suppose, for some fancy, extravagant straight Turkish brand—but for this simple, inexpensive, "just-enough-Turkish" cigarette.

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—"just enough Turkish"

Brick, Tile, Cement and Terra Cotta Pipe
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(N. B. Our excess stocks include items of practically every description and lists covering the materials in which you are interested will be sent upon request.)

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Good Stenographers

There are hundreds of good positions seeking competent operators at salaries from

$15.00 to $30.00 per week

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"Seconds"

Offered at bedrock prices through the co-operation of the largest tire jobbers in America.

35% Below List Price

They have no material imperfections and are as good as "firsts" in mileage service. They are called "seconds" merely because they are factory surplus stock, and therefore must be sold without guarantee.

The great reduction in price is simply another value-giving demonstration of the Gimbel three-store buying power.

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SIZE	List Price	Sale Price	SIZE	List Price	Sale Price
34 x 4	$47.20	$30.68	34 x 4	$50.65	$32.92
34 x 4½	53.10	34.52	35 x 4½	58.45	37.99
35 x 4½	54.30	35.30	36 x 4½	59.75	38.84
36 x 4½	55.60	36.14	35 x 5	70.80	46.02
35 x 5	66.00	42.90	37 x 5	74.05	48.13
37 x 5	69.00	44.85			

The Federal Tax is already included in all these Gimbel sale prices.

National Speedway Tires

All Firsts and Guaranteed For 4000 Miles

33% Off

An Abundance of Ford and Dodge Sizes

FORD
30x3—$12.03

DODGE
32x3½—$17.89

PRICES INCLUDING TAX		
SIZES	List Prices	Sale Prices
30 x 3	$18.04	$12.03
30 x 3½	23.32	15.55
32 x 3½	26.84	17.89
31 x 4	35.82	23.88
32 x 4	36.52	24.35
33 x 4	38.28	25.52
34 x 4	39.34	26.23
34 x 4½	51.74	34.49
35 x 4½	53.42	35.61
36 x 4½	54.12	36.08
35 x 5	61.69	41.13
37 x 5	64.68	43.12

300 Red Tubes Specially Priced

30 x 3, 32 x 3½ } $2.45 | Other sizes up to and including 35 x 5 } $2.95

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Fine Suits From The Kirschbaum Shops

$30 — Regularly they would be marked $40

$40 — The values are at least $10 more

GROUPED at these two prices we offer the very finest of young men's and men's clothes. At so low a price as $30, you can secure a suit of the smartest style, tailored in reliable all-wool materials. At $40 you may choose from the very finest garments our men's section contains.

Clothing prices are rising fast—
Buy several suits NOW!

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

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MAKE this a summer of vacation travel. Glorious out-of-door playgrounds beckon you. Heed the call. Get away and know the scenic beauties of your own land. *Summer excursion fares.*

Every American should visit the National Parks. They are the nation's playgrounds. Not only do you see peaks and canyons, glaciers and geysers, big trees and volcanoes, prehistoric ruins and Indians—you here see the old wilderness places of this country—the Far West and the Old West—practically unchanged.

In this vast region you can "rough it"—can camp out, climb high peaks, go fishing and ride horseback. Around the corner, so to speak, are miles of auto boulevards, modern resort hotels, and comfortable camps.

Titles of booklets—
Ask for the one you want:
National Parks
Crater Lake Oregon
Glacier Montana
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Hawaii Hawaiian Islands
Hot Springs Arkansas
Mesa Verde Colorado
Mount Rainier Washington
Rocky Mountain Colorado
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Yosemite California
National Monuments
Petrified Forest Arizona
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Ask the local ticket agent to help plan your trip, or apply to the nearest Consolidated Ticket Office, or address nearest Travel Bureau, United States Railroad Administration, 646 Transportation Bldg., Chicago; 143 Liberty Street, New York City; 602 Healey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

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Consolidated Ticket Offices:
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LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY
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Appraisers and Cash Buyers of Diamonds, Precious Stones & Jewelry
FROM ESTATES AND INDIVIDUALS
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QUESTIONS KAHRS ON ZEPPELIN PLAN

Assistant District Attorney Kilroe Finds No Company Backing Advertised Trips.

DOUBT ITS FEASIBILITY

Army Officers Who Aided with R-34 Say Expense Would Prevent Proposed Service.

Following the publication two days ago of small advertisements in the German language newspapers and one American trade journal for freight and passenger bookings for a transatlantic Zeppelin airship service, Assistant District Attorney Kilroe yesterday called Hans Kahrs, an importer, to the office of the District Attorney for a conference. The importer acceded to the request of Mr. Kilroe and answered all questions to his satisfaction.

Assistant District Attorney Kilroe said that he wished to ask Kahrs whether he knew of the formation of a stock company for a transatlantic Zeppelin service. Mr. Kilroe said that he had no evidence of the formation of any such company and that there was no hint that Kahrs was seeking to aid in the organization of any such company. Kahrs had said only that he had been requested by a banker, whose name he did not give, to receive bookings after Sept. 15 for a Zeppelin service that was to begin Oct. 15.

According to Mr. Kilroe, the importer said that there was no tangible plan for the establishment of the Zeppelin service, so far as he knew. Mr. Kilroe said that Kahrs told him he was an export and import agent and that he took an interest in transatlantic flights as he desired to be a booking agent for dirigibles when a transatlantic service by these airships has been established.

He said that Kahrs told him that he went to Mineola while the British dirigible R-34 was there and that officers of the airship expressed to him the opinion that it was merely a question of time when a regular service of dirigibles for handling transatlantic passengers and freight would be started.

Kahrs also said, according to Mr. Kilroe, that he understood the blockade of Germany had been lifted and as a result there was no longer any wartime restriction on the establishment of an airship service between this country and Germany.

American army and navy officers who aided in caring for the R-34 while she was at Roosevelt Field pointed out yesterday that it would be virtually impossible for any private concern to care for a large dirigible on this side of the water without expenditure of large sums of money for sheds or hangars. While the R-34 was at Mineola more than 2,000 soldiers and sailors aided in the work of preventing the dirigible from dashing its hulk to pieces on the ground, and the officers said that it would be almost impossible, even not considering the expense, to recruit that numberof men to handle a balloon.

Some of the officers pointed out also that no dirigible in existence or planned for construction is able to carry the load of 380 tons which Kahrs said the Zeppelin would be capable of carrying. The lifting power of the R-34 is about twenty-one tons, and the dirigible reported to be planned by the British with 10,000,000 cubic feet capacity would have a lifting power of about 100 tons. Officers pointed out that a balloon capable of lifting 380 tons would reach the supercolossal size of about ten times that of the huge R-34.

British aviation officers and other British authorities in this city were interested, both officially and unofficially, in the advertisement inserted in the newspapers by Kahrs, but they would make no comment.

DRAFT RECORDS UNDAMAGED

Thousand Clerks and a Year Needed to Classify 9,000 Tons.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Exhibiting specimens taken from boxes of draft records alleged to have been exposed to damage through neglect in storing them, Major Gen. Peter C. Harris, Adjutant General of the army, told the House special War Investigating Committee today that this branch of its inquiry was "wholly unnecessary." He pointed out that "not a spot of mildew nor a drop of water could be found on a single page."

Alexander M. Fisher, an employe of the Adjutant General's department, testified that he had reported to Chairman Graham the fact that these boxes were exposed to weather where they are stored here. He told General Harris of this report, he said, and the officer "seemed so annoyed" that Fisher resigned.

Nine thousand tons of draft records have been received in Washington and more than 1,000 persons will be needed to classify them, working for a year.

Saying that he had refused Secretary Baker's offer to detail an officer to assemble information which the committee might desire, Chairman Graham called General Harris's attention to an order that such information be "cleared" through the office of Colonel Henry C. Smithers of the general staff.

"Is this to facilitate the committee, or determine the character of the information, or to decide whether the committee will get any?" asked Representative Bland, Republican, of Indiana.

"Oh, to facilitate the committee, I take it," answered the General.

Colonel Smithers, appearing before the committee later, said that information requested of War Department bureau chiefs was not cleared through his office, his duty being merely to pass on correspondence to the committee that required Secretary Baker's signature. He read a letter given by him to a committee employe, which directed War Department officials to give "every facility" to the employe to learn what was wanted by the committee. Secret information, this letter said, was to be given, with attention being called to its character.

SAYS FRANCE NEEDS CREDIT.

Baron de Neufize Tells of Problems of Franco-American Trade.

The problems of Franco-American trade were discussed by Baron de Neufize of the French Banque de Neufize in Paris at a luncheon given yesterday at the Hotel Avignon by Maurice Casenave, Plenipotentiary Minister of French Service.

Baron de Neufize, after reminding his hearers of the sharp contrast between the industrial development and present industrial conditions of France and those of the United States, said that the main problem of France as regards this country was the re-establishment of French credit and the raising of the market value of the franc. He declared that French industry is already rapidly recovering from the effects of the war, even in the regions devastated by Germany.

"Our exchange is bad at present," he said, "because foreign credits are smaller than our needs temporarily. Dollars are scarce, and as we have all sorts of stocks to replenish the demand for dollars is bigger than the supply. But we still have equity, good equity, lots of equity behind the franc. Being short of dollars for a time, it is necessary in order to pay for American products to place our securities in America."

Among those present at the luncheon were Consul General Liebert, F. Bloch of the French Financial Mission, and Melville E. Stone of the Associated Press.

MENTAL TESTS AT COLLEGE.

Army System to be Adopted by the University of Rochester.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 16.—Army mental tests are to be applied to the members of the incoming class of freshmen at the University of Rochester as a means of estimating the students with a view of placing them properly in the college curriculum and guiding them vocationally. The work will be done under the direction of Dr. Louis A. Pechstein, who has been made head of the new department of psychology and education, and who, as a Captain in the army, was in charge of military psychology at various camps and hospitals.

Dr. Pechstein also believes that these simple tests of judgment, accuracy, mental speed, common sense and range of information may in time be used as a means of selecting students for college entrance, thereby leading to the elimination or the reduction in importance of both the traditional college entrance examination and admittance upon credentials. The intelligence tests were of great value in the making of the army and the reconstruction of the disabled.

Dr. Pechstein said:

"The army lesson points out clearly and urgently the necessity for school authorities to recognize and appraise more thoroughly and universally the existence of varying grades of mentality."

ARRAIGN TICKET BROKERS.

Nine Plead Not Guilty to Charges of Violating Revenue Act.

Theatre ticket brokers taken in the raid last Saturday night by agents of the Internal Revenue Bureau were arraigned yesterday before Judge William Robert Smith in the criminal branch of the Federal District Court. The defendants all entered tentatives pleas of not guilty to the complaints charging them with having violated the Revenue act concerning the tax on admission tickets by failing to have their names and prices stamped on the tickets.

Judge Smith allowed the brokers two weeks in which to demur or to take any other action which they considered proper for their defense. The brokers arraigned were Lewis Cohen, Joseph Levy, Leo Newman, David A. Warfield, C. Levy, Alexander Jones, John Mahoney, Matty Moscowitz, and the Tyson Company of 1,462 Broadway. Pending final pleading the defendants were placed on bonds of $100 each. The offense charged is a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $100.

REVEALED IN DEATH AS BURGLAR STUDENT

Anthony W. Holfelner Pored Over Books by Day and Stole at Night.

$4,000 BOOTY IN HIS ROOM

Parents of University of Pennsylvania Youth Learn He Was Shot In Attempted Theft.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Holfelner were not informed until today at their Buffalo home that their son, Anthony William Holfelner, the "burglar-student," had been killed Sunday night while attempting to rob a University of Pennsylvania fraternity house. Telegrams had bene sent to them intimating that he had been hurt.

In the hope of hearing their son's voice the parents sent a telegram late last night asking him to call them on the telephone. Louis Holfelner, a brother, in Buffalo, answered inquiries over the telephone today and sobbed when he heard that his brother had been killed as a burglar.

"It is terrible news," he exclaimed. "I shall have to break it as gently as possible to my father and mother. They do not know that he is dead."

The brother said that he would come immediately to this city and take back the body for burial in Buffalo.

Young Holfelner was a second-year medical student at the university. He was said to have been unusually bright. Caught while robbing a fraternity house, a professor shot him as he was escaping with his booty. For twenty-four hours the identity of the dead man was a mystery. Then a former roommate identified the body.

Search of his room by the police revealed, they say, about $4,000 worth of plunder stolen from fraternity houses, boarding houses, and other places. On the bed was $25. A restaurant had been robbed of that sum and the police believe that Holfelner robbed the restaurant, went to his room with the money, and then visited the fraternity house where he met his death.

Holfelner is described as having been a conscientious student by day and a daring burglar at night. Professors in the University Medical School characterized him as a "quiet student and a plugger."

One noted psychologist said that Holfelner was probably a victim of dementia praecox. Detectives believe that he was a kleptomaniac because he did not dispose of his booty. He had an aversion to society, though he was passionately fond of music and played a piano for hours at a time.

So successfully did Holfelner veil his midnight rôle of burglar that the family in whose house he roomed did not suspect that he slipped from the house to rob after they had gone to bed. They believed that the student, who habitually retired to his room early with the excuse that he must study, was burning the midnight oil over textbooks. None of his friends had the slightest suspicion that the soft-spoken, shy student was the thief who baffled the police and many amateur detectives.

Wilson to Review Czechoslovaks.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Wilson today accepted an invitation to review a parade of Czechoslovak soldiers in Washington on Friday. The Czechoslovaks are on the way home after service in Siberia and are now quartered in barracks near this city.

LIMITS TRADE CONTRACTS.

Grain Corporation Issues Bulletin Regarding Wheat Agreements.

The United States Grain Corporation yesterday sent to its zone agents the following bulletin respecting delay in execution of contracts, which the Grain Corporation is undertaking with all trades dealing in wheat and wheat flour.

"Proposed trade contracts will not be accepted by the United States Grain Corporation after July 31 except in special cases on recommendation of Zone Vice Presidents and upon approval by Central Office.

"License regulations governing dealers not under contract control, later to be promulgated, will probably include a rule which will require restitution to the producer in the event of purchases being made on an unfair buying margin. Decisions under this rule, it is likely, will be retroactive. Under the trade contracts proposed, the restitution rule is not retroactive, but protection is secured the producer by the contract agreement to follow the Grain Corporation decision at once on complaint of the producer at the time wheat is offered for sale."

Coffee Prices

By consolidating the purchasing power of the 200 Liggett Drug Stores we effect economies through closer buying.

Never has this been demonstrated more effectively than during the present high cost of Coffee.

Fresh roasted and fresh ground—week-ends only 2 pounds for 78c.

Rexall Stores

Liggett's THE SIGN OF DRUG STORES

—and at Washington D.C.

A fact:

Nearly all of the country's big business and professional men who visit Washington stop at either the Willard or the Shoreham. At both, Fatima is the best-selling cigarette. Fatima is also the best seller at the Capitol Building itself.

FATIMA

—"just enough Turkish"

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Police Field Days, Saturday, July 19, and Saturday, July 26, Speedway Park, Sheepshead Bay

Presenting Picturesque Phases of the

Newest Sport Hats

Unusually Low Priced, for Today and Friday

$7.95 and $8.95

First showing of the Autumn Millinery, ultra and distinctive fashions in

Light Weight Velours and "Angora Beaver,"

with a rich velvety texture, marvelously effective and most becoming.

Dashing New Tams Jaunty Tailored Hats

with smart ribbon cockades, or bands and bows.

In delightful new colors: Mint Green, Primrose Pink, Pearl Gray, Sand, Khaki, Brown, Orchid, Purple, Jade, Crimson, Copenhagen, Navy Blue and in Black.

Priced to Promote Early Purchasing

Fourth Floor

Bathing Dresses

Of Satins and Taffetas

Featured Today and Friday

$7.95

Extremely effective new Slip-over models, on the straight lines so modish. Fashioned of excellent quality black Taffetas and Satins, with a gay note of color introduced in the narrow vestees; these boast of new and interesting style touches.

Smart and service giving Suits at a price far below real value.

Third Floor

Sport Blouses

Of Smart Checked Voile

Exceptional Value

$3.25

A model on graceful Russian lines, as illustrated, developed in gingham patterned Voiles in clear, cool color combinations. Collar, cuffs and the little vestee are of crisp white organdie. Note the narrow string girdle and the clever finishing details of this jauntiest of new Sport Blouses.

Third Floor

Boys' Wash Suits—A Sale

Oliver Twist, Middy and Junior Norfolk Models Ideal for Vacation Wear,

$2.95

A good assortment of wanted colors (all guaranteed fast), in sizes 2½ to 10 years.

Boys' Sport Blouses **95c**

Plain colors and white, in sizes 6 to 16 years.

Closing Out Boys' Wool Suits

Broken lots and sizes..... $9.75, $13.75, $15.75

Fourth Floor

GERMAN TREATY EXPLAINED

The President placed the German Peace Treaty before the United States Senate on July 10th. It is a book of over 80,000 words.

This momentous document is clarified and fully interpreted in the letters which passed between the German delegation and Premier Clemenceau. They appear in their complete text—all arranged consecutively in

July Current History Magazine

The Monthly Periodical Published by The New York Times Company.

Nowhere else, outside Government reports, will this complete exposition of the Peace Treaty be found in such comprehensive, illuminating style.

This forms but one feature of the July issue. There are thirty (30) other big features, any one of which sheds light and truth on international events. Among these other features are the following:

Who Was Responsible for the War?
Hindenburg's Defense of the Kaiser's Abdication (the text)—Ludendorff's Confession of Defeat in August, 1918.

Our Own Hard-Fighting Engineers
Edwin Carty Ranck Describes the Fighting in France of the Engineer Units of the U. S. Forces.

Trial and Death of Edith Cavell
New Light on the Tragic Story of the Heroic Nurse by Her Companion. Britain's Tribute Written by Philip Gibbs in His Moving Style.

First Flight Across the Atlantic
A Consecutive Narrative of the Three Atlantic Flights—The Great Adventure of the NC-4—The British Effort—A Chapter of History of Fascinating Interest.

Hungary Under Communist Rule
Authentic Account of the Operations of the Bolshevist Government of Hungary.

Poland's Stormy Days
A Connected Account of the Warfare in Poland—Trying to Save the New Republic—Maps.

Soviets in Russia Tottering to Their Fall
A Narrative of Events in Russia—The Semi-Recognition of the New Government—Facts of History from Official Sources.

Field Marshal Haig's Review
Field Marshal Haig's Final Review (Official) of the Victorious Campaigns in Flanders.

The Tragedy of the Dardanelles
Official Facts Respecting the Tragic Bombardment on the Dardanelles.

Korea's Aim for Independence
A Complete Review of the Movement from Authentic Sources.

Philippine Independence Movement
A Semi-Official Statement of the Philippine Movement, and Its Justification by a Filipino.

Carrying 2,000,000 Men Overseas
The Extraordinary Achievement of Transporting 2,000,000 Men in a Few Months. (semi-Official.)

The Rise of Democracy in Japan
A Movement Which Is Growing.

The Revolutionary Movement in India
The Cause of the Unrest in India—The Reforms Now in Progress.

Progress of Organized Labor in Spain

Finland and Germany During the War
A Flood of Light on a Vexed Question.

The New Congress
A Summary of the Proceedings of the New Congress—Peace Treaty Controversy.

America's Readjustment to Peace
The Various Activities of Different Organizations in Coming to a Peace Basis.

President Wilson in Belgium

A Survey of the Nations
What Worth While Occurred in the Different Nations in June.

Rotogravure Illustrations
Sixteen Pages of Rotogravure Illustrations, Including a Portrait of the New Under Secretary of State Polk and Peace Congress Etchings.

The Spirit of the World's Cartoonists
Thirty-seven Cartoons of International Interest.

History in the Making; Fresh After the Fact

Current History Magazine, published by The New York Times Company, is a magazine of FACTS, a survey of a month's happenings in international affairs.

The contents interest a young woman or young man as well as their elders.

It supplies facts which necessarily appear in fragmentary form in the daily papers. Its field is the world, its appeal universal. It is impartial. What it prints is derived from official declarations or documents. It is enriched with the writings of world-renowned publicists and authors.

July Issue on News Stands

25c.—$3.00 a Year Postpaid

Published by THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY
Times Square, New York City

Will this new Farm Movement bring our Food Bills *down*?

ON a farm in southern Alabama a few years ago, a farmer had 1,200 bushels of sweet potatoes to sell. Southern commission men offered him one-half cent per pound for them. In the northern markets sweet potatoes of an inferior grade were bringing five and six cents per pound at retail.

The old, old story of the middleman. Probably no one man was making undue profit in that transaction—it was the *number* of them—the complex chain of marketing and its high cost to both consumer and producer.

We may not realize how great this cost is, but the farmer who knows both the price he gets and the price you pay, has it brought home to him sharply.

Studying the market instead of betting on it

That is why farmers are really *studying* marketing. They used to read market reports and try to "sell at the top." Now they are studying the whole economic question—the possibilities of direct marketing, co-operative marketing, national marketing organization.

Some scheme that will give them a better return for their products, and won't take it out of our pockets by higher prices, is what they want.

The success of the great growers' associations, numbering their memberships in the thousands, proves what can be done by farmers who get together and use modern business methods to market their product direct.

It is inspiring producers of other foods to try it—in cities as far apart as Chicago and Salt Lake City direct marketing experiments are being tried. County farm organizations are everywhere studying this problem and getting ready for action.

The farmer is becoming a business man

This gathering of forces on the part of the farmer to solve his problem of marketing and incidentally our problem of food cost, is but one of many indications that the farmer is becoming a business man.

He is passing out of the peasant stage of unthinking toil. He is realizing that production is lame without a sales force. The ground is his factory and he is coming to have the outlook of a manufacturer.

Farm and Fireside recognizes this new farmer, and talks directly to him about the problems which arise from his new point of view. That is the reason why more than 600,000 readers are reached by these articles

In the July issue:

Profits for You in Direct Marketing if You Work it Right.

Farm Children's Co-operative Market that Succeeded.

Is There Anything for You in the Non-Partisan League Movement?

Wise Bankers are helping good Farmers. Does yours help you?

The Crowell Publishing Co.

381 Fourth Avenue, New York City

Publishers of

Farm and Fireside — Woman's Home Companion

The American Magazine

FARM & FIRESIDE

The National Farm Magazine

KUMAGAE AND GARLAND ADVANCE IN OPENING PLAY FOR STATE TENNIS TITLE

VICTORY OF EWING SURPRISE AT UTICA

Yonkers Youth Puts Veteran Out of Tournament for State Lawn Tennis Title.

KUMAGAE AND GRIFFIN WIN

Champion and Californian Have Soft Matches—Donaldson Proves Easy for Garland.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., July 16.—A field of sixty-four tennis players began the annual struggle for the New York State championship this afternoon on the clay courts of the Yahnundasis Golf Club, and with one exception, the favorites came through the early rounds without difficulty. The single upset of the day was the defeat of the veteran Frederick G. Anderson by James D. Ewing in straight sets at 6—3, 7—5. The winner of this match is a youngster from Yonkers, who has had little tournament experience and had not as yet been credited with any victory so significant as that of this afternoon.

Ewing's most effective weapon was his service, which Anderson found it impossible to handle adequately at any stage of the match. Speed and a high twisting bound combined to baffle the veteran, who seldom made an effective return. On his forehand also young Ewing was able to score consistently, his drives being exceedingly deceptive, and usually landing very close to the lines. An obvious weakness on his backhand did not seem particularly disconcerting as Anderson was kept continually on the defensive and had little opportunity to concentrate an attack on a particular point. The old Long Is'and champion was unfortunate in having a great number of his shots miss clearing the net by the fraction of an inch, and a very light improvement in accuracy might have forced the match at least into three sets.

Anderson Puts Up Battle.

After losing the opening set in surprisingly decisive fashion Anderson began one of his famous uphill fights. The games alternate with service up to 5 all. Then the youngster broke through for a winning advantage, and with his irresistable delivery to fall back upon had no trouble in closing the argument at 7—5.

A number of defaults marred the opening round. Willis Davis, Irving Wright, and George Wightman were among those who failed to report for the singles, although at least two of them will probably appear in the team event. But with Craig Biddle, Clarence J. Griffin, Charles S. Garland, Seichiro Kashio, the Devereaux brothers, and F. T. Anderson in the running, there should be pretty sturdy opposition for Ichiya Kumagae, who is now for the second time the State title holder.

The champion found no opposition whatever in his first round match today against W. T. Mallery, Jr., of Cornell, romping through two sets without the loss of a game. But his tennis was so well rounded in every department that it is difficult to see how any of his present challengers will have much chance to defeat him.

Kumagae is the same quarter of the draw with Clarence J. Griffin of California, who today began impressively with a straight set victory over E. F. Thomas, Jr., at 6—1, 6—1. The winner, who has just returned from a tennis trip in France and England as a member of the A. E. F. team, showed that he was not yet up to his old form, although the famous headwork was still in evidence, and the characteristic little hook drive, straight down the side lines, came off with plenty of snap when speed was needed.

Garland Plays Keen Tennis.

Another member of the American Army team, Charles S. Garland, fresh from his triumphs at Wimbledon, where he reached the semi-finals, played perhaps the strongest and best rounded tennis of the day, exceeding even that of Kumagae, in winning from J. Cecil Donaldson, the Brooklyn junior champion. The scores were 6—2, 6—0, and Garland was never very hard pressed. Donaldson had previously defeated the Japanese veteran Ken Yamasaki, in easy fashion, murdering the soft chops of his opponent by the speed and power of his drives. Against Garland, however, his whirlwind game was of little use, as the former national junior champion succeeded in keeping the ball so close to the lines that Donaldson was continually diving after it in desperate but ineffectual efforts to volley. Garland's game showed no real weakness, and he always had the upper hand.

Another youngster to give an impressive display was Frank T. Anderson of Brooklyn, present holder of the metropolitan junior title. In defeating Paul Gibbons of Philadelphia, 6—3, 6—2, he flashed a variety of brilliant strokes, scoring several service aces, and whipping over a hard forehand drive whenever he found an unprotected spot in his opponent's court. Gibbons, who had previously eliminated Allan Garland, the youngest member of Pittsburgh's famous tennis family, put up a strong resistance, particularly in the second set, which he squared after Anderson had run into a lead of 5—3. The youngster had to use all his speed to land the two deciding games, volleying with great precision and scoring some tremendous kills overhead. It was a spectacular match from start to finish.

Devereaux Brothers in Form.

Pretty tennis was played also by the Devereaux brothers, who recently represented the American Army successfully in a series of tournaments on the Riviera. Ramsay Devereaux advanced to the third round by two clean-cut victories, in which a fast forehand drive and excellent court covering played the leading roles.

Craig Biddle of Philadelphia, was on hand today, but will not be called upon to play until tomorrow morning.

Seichiro Kashio, the second in rank of the three Japanese stars in the tournament, and last year's challenger for the title, had an unexpectedly easy time today in defeating L. M. Fisher at 6—1, 6—1, the Oriental's steadiness proving entirely too much for the former Cornellian.

Efficient work by the local committee, headed by Edwin F. Torrey and George P. Sicard cut down the field today from sixty-four to less than half that number, and tomorrow's matches already promise to bring together some real contenders for the title. Chairman Torrey, in addition to his official duties, found time to play a three-set match, and his victory over Royal Leighton of New Haven proved the hardest and longest battle of the day.

Fred Anderson, Jr., H. B. O'Boyle, Norman Winter of the West Side Club, Harold Taylor the National Junior champion, and John C. Devereaux were among the other winners in the opening round.

The summaries:

New State Championship.

Singles—First Round—Fred. Anderson, Jr., defeated Leonard Reed, 6—2, 6—3; I. W. Gobel won from George Reindell by default; Charles S. Garland won from J. S. O'Boyle by default; Cecil Donaldson defeated Kent Yamasaki, 6—2, 6—1; G. B. Scott won from T. C. Fulton by default; F. G. Anderson won from Larry Johnson by default; James D. Ewing won from G. S. Groesbeck by default; John C. Devereaux defeated Jack Hendley, 6—3, 6—0; George H. Sicard won from H. J. Fitzpatrick by default; Holbrook Hyde won from I. C. Wright by default; Norman Winter defeated Samuel Campbell, 6—1, 6—2; Edward Swanton won from George W. Wightman by default; Frank Anderson won from Alex Iler by default; Paul Gibbons defeated Allan Garland, 6—3, 6—0; Seichiro Kashio defeated L. M. Fisher, 6—1, 6—1; J. B. Hughes won from Abraham Bassford, Jr., by default; R. C. Frost won from J. B. Adams, Jr., by default; F. J. Ordway won from A. M. Chapin, Jr., by default; Harold Taylor won from C. R. Whiting by default; J. D. Seaver won from Neal Chapin by default; H. B. O'Boyle defeated J. W. Thomas, 6—2, 6—4; C. J. Griffin defeated E. G. Thomas, Jr., 6—1, 6—1; W. J. Gallon won from Paul Sheldon by default; Edwin P. Torrey defeated R. F. Leighton, 6—4, 6—2; John L. Train won from H. B. Bassford by default; F. Ramsay Devereaux defeated Sigmund Spaeth, 6—1, 6—4; Charles Garland won from A. E. Chapin by default; Ichiya Kumagae defeated W. T. Mallery, Jr., 6—0, 6—0.

Second Round—C. H. Garland defeated Cecil Donaldson, 6—2, 6—0; J. D. Ewing defeated F. G. Anderson, 6—3, 7—5; H. H. Hyde defeated G. H. Sicard, 6—4, 6—4; Norman Winter defeated Edward Swanton, 6—3, 4—6, 6—1; Frank Anderson defeated Paul Gibbons, 6—2, 6—4; Harold Taylor defeated F. I. Ordway, 6—4, 6—0; H. B. O'Boyle won from J. D. Seaver by default; C. J. Griffin won from W. S. Holt by default; F. R. Devereaux defeated J. L. Train, 7—5, 6—2.

HOPE TO ENTER DOUBLES.

But Australian Tennis Stars May Be Too Late for Title Event.

Officers of the National Tennis Association received a cable message from England today stating that the Australian tennis team would sail for this country tomorrow. The team consists of Norman Brookes, G. L. Patterson, R. V. Thomas, and Randolph Lycett. The association has been requested to enter the Australians in the coming sectional doubles matches, in order that one or both teams may have a chance to qualify for the national championship matches to be played at the Longwood Club, Boston, beginning Aug. 12.

Brookes and Patterson will form one team in the doubles and Lycett and Thomas a second pair, but their arrival will be so late that it will be difficult to enter the teams in sectional preliminaries. It is not expected that they will arrive here before July 26, and the final qualifying tournaments will start at Kansas City, Mo., and Dallas, Texas, on July 28.

It is possible that the Australians will be entered in both tournaments, or an effort made to postpone one of the sectional rounds so that the visitors may be given a chance to qualify. Brookes and Patterson recently won the English doubles championship, and tennis experts predict that this team can duplicate the performance at the coming American titular tournament.

The announcement that the Australian tennis team would be in the United States in time to compete in the championships has stimulated the interest of the tennis public, to judge from the applications being received by Harry Parker, treasurer, 101 Park Avenue.

"In other seasons the tennis public has seen the advantage of applying early for season tickets," said he, "for thus one is sure of a seat for every match, and is not put to the annoyance of securing tickets each day. Daily tickets are sold only at the grounds, while the season tickets are sold in advance. For the benefit of those who have already sent in applications for tickets I can say that these will be ready for delivery after July 28. From the applications already in hand it appears that the event is attracting unusual attention."

NEWPORT COURTS IN TRIM.

Craig Biddle Perfecting Arrangements for Classic Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 16.—Lieutenant Craig Biddle, Chairman of the Newport Casino Tennis Club Committee, has left Newport in the interests of the Invitation Lawn Tennis Tournament, which opens at the Casino Aug. 4, and in which the most prominent tennis players have promised to take part.

Many of the players will come to Newport a few days in advance of the tournament to visit friends in the cottage colony and to practice on the Casino courts, which this week will number ten grass and four dirt courts, beside the championship court in front of the grandstand.

As soon as the Invitation Tournament concludes tournaments for the children will begin for prizes offered by the ladies.

Tennis Umpires to Meet.

A meeting of the committee in charge of the National Tennis Umpires' Association has been called for Monday night, at which time several important matters are to be discussed. Chief among them will be the preliminary details of the umpiring at the national championship. Because of the anticipated large entry and the importance of the event, every effort is being made to insure its being capably handled.

ROBINS PRIMED FOR REDS.

Promise Moran's Outfit Action Aplenty in Series Starting Today.

Wilbert Robinson's Dodgers are on edge for their clash with Pat Moran's fighting Cincinnati Redlegs at Ebbets Field this afternoon. Today's game will mark the opening of a four-game series which will conclude Sunday.

The Dodgers, after their abbreviated series with the St. Louis Cardinals, are well rested. Two scheduled games against the Cardinals were postponed because of rain. The inactivity is expected to prove favorable to the Flatbush baseball machine, which is battling tooth and nail now for a secure berth among the first division clubs. The fact that the rejuvenated Redlegs are treading on the heels of the Giants in the pennant chase does not make the Cincinnati clan appear any more formidable to the Flatbush athletes, who promise plenty of action in the series.

"Y" CLUB ASSURED AT YALE.

Athletic Headquarters Will Centralize Training of Teams.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 16.—Yale's proposed "Y" Club was today assured by the announcement of James C. Braden, President of the Undergraduate Athletic Association, that already $1,500 had been subscribed and that quarters for the institution had been secured at 100 High Street, near the University Press Association and the Yale Alumni Weekly.

The club will be opened Sept. 15, when the Yale football candidates report for their season of preliminary training. The house will contain training and dining tables for the athletes and guests, and reading, reception, and lounging rooms. It will be organized to centralize the training of Yale teams, to promote good fellowship among the members and to establish a place where athletics may be discussed with the advice of all the undergraduates, alumni, and coaches who may be in town. An appeal has been made to alumni for pictures of former athletes and athletic teams and for other furnishings for the club.

Bartfield Bout Canceled.

Illness has compelled Soldier Bartfield, the sturdy Brooklyn middleweight, to cancel his scheduled bout against K. O. Willie Loughlin of Allentown, Penn., which was to have been conducted at Buffalo Monday night. George Chip of Newcastle, Penn., former middleweight champion, has been substituted for Bartfield.

Dundee to Meet Coogan.

Johnny Dundee, the local Italian lightweight, and Mel Coogan of Brooklyn, will clash in an eight-round bout at the Armory A. A. of Jersey City Aug. 4. Originally this contest was scheduled for July 28, but it was deferred for a later date when negotiations were completed for the Jack Britton-Ted Lewis bout.

Fourteen Cars Entered.

UNIONTOWN, Penn., July 16.—Fourteen cars have been entered in the Independence Auto Derby for the mid-Summer championship to be run at the Uniontown Speedway on Saturday afternoon.

JOHNSTON DEFEATS VOSHELL ON COURT

Ex-Champion Yields One Set to New Yorker in Clay Surface Title Play.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—With the play narrowing down to the round before the semi-finals, the play in the national clay court tennis championships at the South Side Tennis Club in this city became much keener today. There was only one upset and that was staged by two local players. Heath Byford, who was regarded as a possible winner of the title, was eliminated by a former Western champion, Harry Waldner, in a three-set match. Byford, a Lieutenant in the aviation service, has had no practical tennis for the last two years, and the layoff proved too much for him.

William M. Johnston, national champion in 1915, was the victor over S. Howard Voshell of New York City in the best match played on the championship court during the afternoon. Johnston dropped the second set, but at no time did he seem in danger of defeat. The score was 6—2, 3—6, 6—2.

Voshell won the first game of the match on his opponent's errors, aided by a placement and a remarkably good pass as Johnston tried to work his way to the net. This was on Voshell's service. Johnston ran the score to three games to one before the Easterner was able to take another game, which proved his last for the set. In the second set Voshell was much steadier and passed finely when the Californian attempted to come in. He was aided by errors on the part of Johnston, who was trying to get his famous forehand into working order without much success.

The third set found Johnston going better, and Voshell won only two games. Johnston seems to be slowly rounding into form, though experts hardly expect him to reach the top of his game in this tournament. Tilden, who is playing superb tennis, is considered here a sure winner.

The largest and most spectacular match of the afternoon was the one in which Ralph Burdick yielded to Walter Westbrook of Detroit. The score was 6—3, 10—12, 7—5. The two players made an ideal combination from the standpoint of the spectators, a first-class back court player opposing a man who has developed the net game to a high standard.

The Detroit man gave a game exhibition, pulling up from 2—5 in the second set and evening the score at five—all. He won the odd game until the score stood 10—9, when Burdick was able to break through his service and then win his own for the set.

In the third set Westbrook steadied and, though the games ran even until the score stood 5—5, he was not quite as steady as in former matches. Burdick was not driving so well as usual, the high-bounding ball seeming to give him no little trouble, and most of his shots were too short for the openings in on. He was also unsteady overhead.

Cedric Major, who had staged a surprise the day before through his defeat of Al Green, a member of the Western team in the recent matches at Cincinnati, went down to defeat before Ralph Graven of California in a peculiar match. Major started out well, and in the first set held Graven even without much difficulty until the score reached seven all. At this point Major forced cracked and lost the next eight games and the match. In them he won hardly a dozen points. Graven played steadily throughout and deserved his victory. Major with his paired with his old doubles partner, Charles Johnston, who is now a resident of Chicago, and they won their first match this afternoon against two local players.

Neither Tilden or Richards engaged in a singles match today. Both of them having already come through to the round before the semi-finals. They engaged in one doubles match, defeating Jimmy Hebbard, Tilden's former captain, and the Hill School boy Lucien Williams. The youngsters stroked the ball prettily, but the speed and all-around excellence of the national champions was too much for them.

Hardy and Johnston also played one doubles match which they won easily and Gravern and Kinsey worked their way through the second round against Waldner and Kersey. Waldner picked up the good work he had previously done in his singles match against Byford and Keresey, though too prone to be caught out of position, also played well. The result was that they gave the Californians a good struggle and annexed four games in the first set. The second found Waldner tiring from his strenuous exertions and was not so close.

The women's singles started today with Miss Buda Stephens of Detroit, formerly of New York, as favorite for the title. She won in rather impressive fashion against Mrs. Bentley this afternoon, the latter taking only one game. The hardest opposition is expected to come from Miss Carrie Neely, holder of most of the titles in the Middle West.

The summaries:

MEN'S NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP, CLAY COURT SINGLES.

FOURTH ROUND—S. Howard Voshell won from Trafford Jayne by default; Walter Westbrook defeated Ralph Burdick, 7—5, 10—12, 7—5.

FIFTH ROUND—Axel Gravern defeated Cedric A. Major, 6—7, 6—0; Robert M. Kinsey defeated Phil Brain, 6—4, 6—4; Walter Westbrook defeated Ralph R. Burdick, 6—3, 10—12, 7—5; William M. Johnston defeated S. Howard Voshell, 6—2, 3—6, 6—2; H. H. Waldner defeated Heath Byford, 6—3, 6—4.

SIXTH ROUND—T. Hayes defeated James Webber, 6—2, 6—1.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

FIRST ROUND—Kinsey and Gravern defeated Lindens and Barker, 6—2, 6—1; Washburn and Washburn defeated Roberts and Vicker, 7—5, 6—0.

SECOND ROUND—Hill and Wood defeated Rice and Goodwillie, 6—2, 6—3; Waldner and Bodet defeated Voeglies and Piersel, 6—1, 3—6, 6—4; Haase and Brooks defeated Washburn and Washburn, 6—1, 7—5; Westbrook and Wick defeated O'Brien and Wilson, 6—3, 6—4.

THIRD ROUND—Kenfield and Miller defeated Ingersoll and O'Connell, 6—3, 4—6, 6—4; Tilden and Richards defeated Bates and Ketchum, 6—1, 6—3; Snow and Hubner defeated Lightner and Bartel, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4; Adoue and Rees defeated Gill and Beach, 6—3; 6—1; Kinsey and Gravern defeated Waldner and Boyden, 6—4, 6—3; Haase and Brown defeated Adler and Schiff, 6—3, 7—5; Ellswood and Nelson defeated Marcus and Campbell, 6—7, 6—3, 6—1; W. M. Johnston and Hardy defeated Guyton and Guyton, 6—0, 6—3; Voshell and W. T. Hayes defeated Hadsell and Ward, 6—1, 7—5.

WOMEN'S NATIONAL CLAY COURT CHAMPIONSHIP, SINGLES.

FIRST ROUND—Miss M. R. Voorhees defeated Mrs. Ralph Field, 4—6, 6—3, 10—8; Miss Corinne Sale defeated Miss Ruth Barnes, 6—0, 6—0; Miss M. Leighton defeated Mrs. F. G. Loewe, 6—3, 6—4; Miss Buda Stephens defeated Mrs. R. Bentley, 6—0, 6—1; Miss Hollis Letts defeated Miss Frances Hansel, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Carrie B. Neely defeated Miss Caroline Hendrick, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Marie Qualey defeated Miss Katherine Waldo, 6—0, 6—2.

Other International Scores.

FIRST GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	x	10	11	2
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2

Martin and Smith; Kneisch and Schaufele.

SECOND GAME.

											R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	0	4	x	10	13	2
Baltimore	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	5	0

Martin and Smith; Johnson and Schaufele.

FIRST GAME.

											R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	6	9	0
Reading	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	8	2

See and O'Neill; Barnes and Deoin.

SECOND GAME.

											R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2
Reading	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	2

Ogden and O'Neill; Keefe and Doolin.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	58	22	.716
Toronto	51	31	.622
Buffalo	47	37	.559
Binghamton	43	39	.524
Newark	39	41	.488
Rochester	34	44	.436
Reading	26	49	.347
Jersey City	26	52	.333

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Buffalo.
Jersey City at Toronto.
Baltimore at Binghamton.
Reading at Rochester.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
(All games postponed—rain.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
St. Louis, 5; New York, 0.
Washington, 11; Chicago, 1.
Cleveland, 5; Boston, 1.
Detroit, 5; Philadelphia, 4. (Fourteen innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	46	23	.667
Cincinnati	40	25	.615
Chicago	42	28	.600
Brooklyn	37	35	.514
Pittsburgh	36	36	.514
St. Louis	29	44	.397
Boston	24	44	.371
Philadelphia	20	47	.299

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	46	27	.640
New York	42	30	.583
Cleveland	43	33	.566
Detroit	40	34	.541
St. Louis	39	34	.534
Washington	33	43	.434
Boston	31	41	.431
Philadelphia	19	53	.264

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Chicago at New York.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Washington at Chicago
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Detroit.

CARDS GIVE SNYDER FOR FERDIE SCHUPP

Giants' Erstwhile Crack Left-Hand Pitcher Traded for Catcher by McGraw.

Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants is on a trading rampage and he probably will not stop until he has landed a good left-handed pitcher to strengthen his pitching staff. Yesterday's rain caused the postponement of the last of the present series with Pittsburgh and the Giants' manager kept busy by making a trade with St. Louis. He traded Pitcher Ferdie Schupp, the pitching sensation of 1917, to St. Louis for catcher Frank Snyder.

As the New York club is not in need of catchers, it is assumed that Snyder will be used in a trade. There are a number of rumors in the air and it is probable that some important deal will be made within the next few days. There are several clubs that are badly in need of catchers. The Phillies and the Pirates each need a good backstop. McGraw has had his eye on Eppa Rixey of the Phillies for some time and this trade is one of the possibilities. As Grave Hannah caught Rixey when the latter was with Cincinnati, he would be a good battery mate for him. Rixey has been pitching great ball of late and is considered a valuable man. Another possibility is Wilbur Cooper, the star left-hander of the Pirates, but Manager Bedek has said repeatedly that he would not let Cooper go.

The Cubs need a series here today and a trade is possible with the Chicago team. Manager Mitchell is badly in need of of outfielders, and it is understood that he is ready to make a flattering offer for outfielder Davey Robertson. Mitchell will not let any of his pitchers go if he can help it, but to bring the needed batting strength to his club he may have to part with one of his flinging stars. It is believed that McGraw would like to land Lefty Tyler from the Cubs.

The Giants' manager yesterday declined to discuss probable trades, although he did not deny that he would make a dicker with any club at any time if he believed that it would strengthen the local organization.

There was a revival yesterday of the rumor that McGraw would like to land Pitcher Sherry Smith of Brooklyn, but Manager Robinson has refused offers for that player several times.

The letting out of Schupp was not much of a surprise. Schupp has not been able to get into shape since the end of the 1918 season. In 1916 he made a great record when he helped the Giants win their record-breaking cluster of twenty-six straight games. In 1917 Schupp was the best left-hander in the National League. The last big game he won was the first game at the Polo Grounds against the Chicago White Sox in the 1917 world's series.

Schupp says that his arm is in good shape and that he has speed and curves, but he cannot get control. He believes that if he could work regularly he would regain his pitching form. With New York fighting in almost every game to stay in front in the pennant race, McGraw has not been able to experiment with Schupp. It would be too great a risk at this time. Manager Rickey believes that if he uses Schupp regularly the southpaw will soon be in winning form again.

A meeting of the National League club owners has been called for today and several important matters will probably be discussed. The matter of extending the league season to the full quota of 154 games will be talked over, and the sentiment of the club owners will be sounded on the proposed change in the division of the world's series receipts.

Among the club owners who will probably be present are William Veeck, the new President of the Cubs; Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburgh, William F. Baker of the Phillies, Charles A. Stoneham of the Giants; Charles H. Ebbets of Brooklyn, and George Grant of the Braves.

Manager Branch Rickey has established himself as the David Harum of the present baseball season, for he has made more trades than any of the other club bosses. His first trade was Baird, Packard, and Stewart for Stock, Davis, and Dilhoefer of the Phillies. Then he traded no fewer than eight of his recruit players early in the season with Kansas City for Joe Schulte. Later he sold outfielder Walter Cruise to Boston and bought shortstop Johnny Lavan from Washington.

The other day he traded Lee Meadows and Gene Paulette to the Phillies for Woodward, Jacobs, and Baird. Then yesterday he traded Snyder to the Giants for Schupp. Some swapper!

Manager Cravath of the Phils has announced that he will play Paulette at first base and will use Fred Luderus in a pinch-hitter's rôle. Cravath wants more youth and speed on his club, realising that his only hope is to inject new life into the organization.

American Association.

Louisville, 5; St. Paul, 1.
(First game.)
St. Paul, 4; Louisville, 0.
(Second game.)
Columbus, 12; Milwaukee, 1.
Indianapolis, 8; Minneapolis, 7.
(First game.)
Indianapolis, 6; Minneapolis, 1.
(Second game.)
Toledo, 5; Kansas City, 4.

Southern Association.

Little Rock, 5; Nashville, 1.
Atlanta, 10; Birmingham, 0.
(First Game)
Atlanta, 6; Birmingham, 3.
(Second Game)
New Orleans, 4; Mobile, 3.
(First Game)
New Orleans, 3; Mobile, 1.
(Second Game)
Chattanooga, 2; Memphis, 0.
(First Game)
Memphis, 5; Chattanooga, 0.
(Second Game)

YANKEES STUMBLE AGAINST SHOCKER

Huggins's Unmerry Men, Back in Rut Again, Yield to Browns by Score of 5 to 0.

ST. LOUIS, July 16.—The hope of Manager Huggins that the Yankees would be stimulated into aggressive action by their advances upon St. Louis was not fulfilled in the opening game of the series with the Browns here today. The off - again - on - again Yanks were off again, and lost the contest by a score of 5 to 0 against fine pitching by Urban Shocker.

This young right-hander, who once wore the livery of the Ruppert-Huston firm, twirled one of his best games, and at no time up to the ninth inning, when the Yankees made a threat to score, did he feel hard pressed. He allowed the New Yorkers only four hits, and two of these did not come until the final frame, at which time Shocker had such a substantial lead that he could well afford to concede the blows.

Going into the ninth the Yankees had not been able to get a man beyond first base. Pipp and Peck had each struck a blow for their cause and Shocker had given a base on balls, but this was the extent of his generosity. In the ninth Hannah singled, and Pewtzer, who was sent in to bat for Shawkey, also hit for a base. As if to show that he had become careless rather than that he had weakened, Shocker retired the next three men in order and closed the contest without a run being scored against him.

Bob Shawkey was matched against Shocker, and was hit hard, allowing ten safe drives. Although he was one of the most dependable men on the Yankee pitching staff earlier in the year, he gave indications today that his is going the way of Thormahlen and one or two others of the staff who were mainstays during the days when the club was in the lead.

Shawkey's cause was almost hopeless after the third inning, when the Browns scored their first run. There was, of course, the chance that Shocker would weaken, but he went along as smoothly as an ice yacht almost to the very end. Both pitchers received air-tight support and not an error was made in the game.

Shocker started the scoring for the Browns. He drew a pass in the third inning after two were out. Bronkie followed with a single to left, and Shocker was held at second on the blow. Gedeon then lifted a short fly to left, which both Peckinpaugh and Bodie took after. The fielders became confused and finally let the ball drop safely. Shocker, meantime, had turned third and scored easily.

In the fourth inning Sisler opened with a single to left and Williams sacrificed. Smith then tripled to left along the foul line, scoring Sisler. Gerber raised a fly to Bodie and Smith was doubled at the plate by an accurate throw.

Sisler also carried the next run home for the Browns. He opened the sixth inning with a double, advanced on Willis's out, and tallied when Gerber singled to right.

A pass and hits by Gedeon and Tobin gave the Browns two more in the eighth. The Yankees then made their feeble rally, which failed to bring results. The score:

NEW YORK, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Peckinpaugh, ss	4	0	0	1	4	0
Pipp, 1b	4	0	1	0	0	0
Baker, 3b	4	0	0	1	1	0
Lewis, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Pratt, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	0
Bodie, cf	3	0	0	2	1	0
Vick, rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Hannah, c	3	0	1	4	0	0
Shawkey, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
aPewtzer	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total	34	0	4	24	10	0

ST. LOUIS, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Bronkie, 2b	4	0	1	0	1	0
Gedeon, 2b	3	0	2	2	2	0
Tobin, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Sisler, 1b	3	1	0	12	0	0
Williams, cf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Smith, rf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Gerber, ss	3	1	1	4	3	0
Severeid, c	3	0	0	6	0	0
Shocker, p	2	1	0	1	0	0
Total	31	5	10	27	10	0

aBatted for Shawkey in ninth.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2—5

Two-base hits—Sisler, Severeid. Three-base hit—Smith. Sacrifice hits—Shawkey, Williams. Double play—Severeid and Gerber. Bodie and Hannah, Pratt, Peckinpaugh, and Pipp. Left on bases—New York, 4; St. Louis, 7. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey, 4; Shocker, 1. Struck out—By Shawkey, 2; Shocker, 6.

TIGERS WIN LONG GAME.

Mackmen Tie Score in Ninth, but Lose in Fourteenth, 5 to 4.

DETROIT, July 16. — Philadelphia forced Detroit to go fourteen innings today to gain a 5 to 4 victory. Pinch hitters started a rally for the visitors in the ninth that tied the score, and from then on the game was a pitchers' battle between Ehmke and Perry, who relieved Johnson.

The score:

DETROIT, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Bush, ss	4	0	0	4	7	0
Young, 2b	6	1	1	4	4	0
Cobb, cf	6	1	1	4	0	0
Veach, lf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Heilmann, 1b	5	0	0	21	0	0
Shorten, rf	5	0	0	2	1	0
Young, 3b	5	0	1	1	6	0
Ainsmith, c	5	1	1	5	2	0
Ehmke, p	4	0	2	0	4	0
Total	46	5	11	42	26	0

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Witt, 3b	6	0	2	1	6	0
Thomas, ss	6	1	1	1	3	0
Walker, cf	7	1	3	1	0	0
Strunk, rf	4	1	3	1	0	0
Burns, lb	6	0	2	12	3	0
Kopp, lf	6	0	1	1	0	0
Dugan, ss	0	1	1	6	8	0
Johnson, p	2	0	1	1	4	0
Perkins, c	0	0	0	4	0	0
Perry, p	2	0	0	1	1	1
aBurns	1	0	1	0	0	0
bKinney	1	0	0	0	0	0
cDowd	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	53	4	15	41	27	1

a Batted for McAvoy in ninth.
b Batted for Johnson in ninth.
c Ran for Kinney in ninth.
* Two out when winning run scored.

Errors—Dyer, Kopp, Perkins, Dugan, (2.)

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1—5
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Walker, Shorten, Burns, Cobb, Witt, Veach. Three-base hit—Thomas. Stolen bases—Walker, Veach, Young, Heilmann, Bush. Double plays—Dugan, Witt and Burns; Burns, Dugan and Burns; Witt, Dugan and Burns; Young, Bush and Heilmann; Walker and Dugan. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 11; Detroit, 10. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 6; Ehmke, 4. Hits—Off Johnson, 7 in 5 innings; Perry, 4 in 6. Struck out—By Perry, 2; Ehmke, 4. Losing pitcher—Perry.

FOUR HITS FOR WHITE SOX.

Erickson Is Big Puzzle and Senators Win Easily, 11 to 1.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Erickson held Chicago to four scattered hits today, while Washington batted Lowdermilk and Danforth freely and won, 11 to 1. Chicago's lone run was helped along by Shanks's error. Picinich's batting was a feature.

The score:

WASHINGTON, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Judge, 1b	5	1	2	3	0	0
Foster, 3b	6	1	1	2	1	0
Menosky, lf, rf	6	1	1	1	0	0
Rice, rf	4	2	3	4	0	0
Gharrity, lf	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murphy, cf	5	2	2	6	0	0
Picinich, c	5	1	4	4	2	0
Shanks, ss	4	0	1	5	0	2
Janvrin, 2b	5	1	1	1	2	0
Erickson, p	5	2	2	1	2	0
Total	40	11	15	27	7	0

CHICAGO, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lieb

JIM BARNES PLAYS BRILLIANT GOLF AND WINS SHAWNEE TOURNAMENT

BARNES, WITH A 67, WINS AT SHAWNEE

Sunset Hill Professional Sets New Course Record in Final Round of Tournament.

SECOND HONORS FOR BRADY

Oakley Star Eight Strokes Behind Winner — French, Nicholls, and Hoffner Follow.

Special to The New York Times.

SHAWNEE, Penn., July 16.—Handling all his clubs with the skill of a master, Jim Barnes of Sunset Hill, near St. Louis, won chief honors in impressive style in the open golf tournament finished at the Shawnee Country Club today. After leading Mike Brady of Oakley by a shot at the end of the third round, Barnes settled all arguments by carving out a 67, breaking the course record established three years ago by Gil Nicholls.

This exceptional finish by the tall Briton gave him a seventy-two-hole total of 285, no fewer than eight strokes better than Brady, who landed second prize. Those who got the money were:

First, Jim Barnes, Sunset Hill, $325, a gold medal, and $25 extra for making the best single round; second, Mike Brady of Oakley, $220; third, Emmet French, York, $100; fourth, Gil Nicholls, unattached, $85; fifth, Charlie Hoffner, Philmont, $35; sixth and seventh, $30, split between Wilfred Reid, Wilmington, and Fred McLeod, Columbia.

Because they had led the field on the first day, Barnes and Brady were again bracketed. They played on almost even terms in the morning, both going out in 36. Coming back, Barnes missed a chance for 71 by pulling his tee shot to an almost unplayable lie in a trap to the left of the green. Two shots were required to get clear, the hole costing him a 5. The round was made in 74, a stroke more than Brady, who finished with a 3.

Barnes's Brilliant Finish.

It did not seem possible for a human to hand out anything more mechanical than Barnes's golf in the last round. Usually his drives were good for 250 to 280 yards, and then his mashie landed the rubber core in the immediate zone of the cup. This happened so frequently that the Western champion was always "hitting 'birdies'." He got a number, though chances were missed at the fifth, seventh, tenth, and thirteenth greens.

Under ordinary circumstances Brady's golf would have appeared fine, but in this instance his 38 to the turn looked almost mediocre, compared with his rival, who raced to the turn in 33. Never before had such figures been recorded for the 3,245-yard outward journey here.

When Brady pulled his drive out of bounds at the eleventh and failed to reach the green on his third he had to take a 7. Here were three strokes thrown away and there those who declared, "He's through." Mike wasn't, though, for playing the remaining holes perfectly he completed the round in 74. Barnes's card of 141 for the day was as follows:

Out—444, 445, 434—36.
In—553, 454, 345—38—74.
Out—433, 444, 434—33.
In—542, 453, 353—34 67—141.

In the meantime Emmet French had been neglecting his opportunities. The York "pro" got a neat 73 in the morning, despite a 7 at the long tenth, and he improved on that by one stroke in the afternoon. His total of 298, while considerably behind Brady's, easily led Nicholls, who was followed by Hoffner. The latter, with 75 both times, had nothing to be ashamed of.

The summaries:

	First day.			
Jim Barnes, Sunset Hill	144	74	67	285
Mike Brady, Oakley	146	73	74	293
Emmet French, York	153	73	72	298
Gil Nicholls, unattached	148	78	75	301
Charles Hoffner, Philmont	154	75	75	304
Wilfred Reid, Wilmington	148	79	78	305
Fred McLeod, Columbia	152	79	74	305
Will MacFarlane, Port Wash	152	78	76	306
Clarence Hackney, Mt. Vernon	151	79	76	306
Isaac Mackie, Canoe Brook	150	75	75	309
George Fotheringham, unattached	160, 77, 75—310;			
Alec Campbell, Baltimore	155, 77, 79—311;			
John Edmundson, Llanarch	160, 78, 78—316;			
Willie Hunter, Fairview Valley	164, 81, 83—318;			
Arthur Reid, Blind Brook	159, 81, 80—320;			
Eddie Styles, Old York Road	156, 83, 79—320			
Will Leach, Merchantville	164, 78—322;			
J. R. Langlands, Wee-quahic	164, 79, 80—323			
James Dougherty, Overbrook	160, 82, 81—323;			
George Kerrigan, Northampton	161, 78, 85—324;			
E. R. Anderson, Bronxville	165, 78, 82—325;			
Jack Campbell, Old York Road	164, 78, 83—325;			
Thomas Skipper, Suburban	164, 86, 79—329;			
J. W. Sawyer, Torresdale	160, 86, 83—329;			
Fred Rydell, Roxborough	167, 82, 84—333;			
Jack Jolly, unattached	171, 82, 81—334;			
James Shepherd, Jr., Paoli	170, 84, 84—338.			

PLAN BRITISH POLO ACTION.

Hurlingham Leaves Matter of Cup Challenge to Committee.

The action to be taken should a challenge be received for the International Cup was under consideration at the Hurlingham Club, London, at a recent special meeting, the repoft of which has just been received here. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig presided, and among those who took part were Captain the Hon. Frederick Guest, as well as F. W. Barrett and Walter S. Buckmaster, both well known in this country from their part in international matches.

"It was voted to leave the matter of the acceptance and the selection of the team to a subcommittee, to be named later by Field Marshal Haig.

"It is a premature action," said H. L. Herbert, Chairman of the Polo Association, on being informed of the meeting at the Hurlingham Club. "There will never be a challenge sent for the International Cup from this country, in view of the ravages caused by the war among the British players and the dispersal of their mounts, until the Polo Association is officially notified by the Hurlingham Club that it is ready to receive a challenge."

Rain forced a postponement of the final for the Hunt Club cups yesterday at the Rockaway Hunting Club. If conditions are right the game will be played this afternoon between the Rockaway and Cooperstown teams.

DIDN'T START, BUT FINISHED

Mystery About Yacht Allure and the Block Island Race.

Additional mystery was given to the Block Island race of the New York Athletic Club yesterday, when James P. Alker, owner of the Long Island Sound schooner Allure stated that his craft had neither started nor finished in the 100-mile contest. The yacht was included in the list of finishers sent by Commodore Charles H. Sunderland, who took the times at Block Island, to the committee in town.

The news that Allure had finished came as a decided surprise to the committee. Although entered, the craft was not checked as starting on Saturday last. When the summary was received from Block Island, it was believed that the yacht might have slipped by in the fleet without being checked. The statement made by Mr. Alker proves that the committee was not in error at the start.

Commodore Sunderland is still down east, cruising on his flagship Emoh III. Until he returns it will be impossible to straighten out the matter. The committee in New York believes that Algol was twice timed at Block Island. Algol and Allure are sister ships, both being Long Island Sound schooners. It is believed that Algol after finishing sailed around for a while and unintentionally again cross the finish line.

PLANNING SALES AT SPA.

Heno's Sons and Daughters to be Offered by Woodward.

William Woodward's Belair stud, which is domiciled in Prince George's County, Maryland, not many miles from the Bowie race track, will be the first breeding establishment of the Old Line State, where racing flourishes on a scale that is only approached in the United States in Kentucky, to send thoroughbred yearlings to the eastern sales in a quarter of a century. Mr. Woodward, a New York broker and a keen student of thoroughbred bloodlines, took up production on a considerable scale about three years back and, naturally, he placed his stud on an estate that has been in the Woodward family for many years. Belair is situated in a good grass country and it is the show place of Southern Maryland. Its first important contribution to racing was the colt Lion d'Or, a son of Heno and Alle d'Or, and a two-year-old stake winner last season. Pastella and one or two other winners had come from Belair ahead of Lion d'Or. Lion d'Or probably would be one of the most considerable three-year-old winners of the current season if he had not bowed a tendon last Fall.

The stallion Mr. Woodward is exploiting at Belair is Heno, which will be remembered by racing folk as a brilliant performer at all distances some sixteen or seventeen years ago, more recently as the sire of the Turk and He Will. Among the yearlings that will be offered by Mr. Woodward at Saratoga through the Fasig-Tipton Company will be six sons and daughters of Heno from the mares Alle d'Or, Pastora, Genesco, Kilcrea, Russian Sable and Stellata. The Alle d'Or colt, a stalwart chestnut, is an own brother of Lion d'Or. Russian Sable, a sister of Ornament, will be represented by a bay filly. Kilcrea, a daughter of Stalwart and Antlope, she by Amphion, will be represented by a bay filly. Genesco, a daughter of Ondaga and the dam of many winners, will be represented by a chestnut filly.

The Desert, an imported son of Black Sand and Parthenia, which won the first race of the Pimlico Spring meeting, was foaled and raised at Belair. He will have a half brother in the coming sale which claims Durbar, the British Derby winner of 1914 for sire. Parthenia, dam of The Desert and of this Durbar colt, is a French bred daughter of Ajax. Durbar will have another yearling in the sale, a filly from Mousse des Bois, a daughter of Ajax. Celt will be represented by a black filly from Springfoin, a daughter of Aainfoin.

TO SELL MEDDLER MARES.

Mackay Stud's Dispersal Here Attracts Turfmen's Attention.

The most fortunate aspect of the bringing home from France for dispersal of the Mackay Stud, in the estimation of thoroughbred producers of the United States, is that it will save to the breeding industry of the United States eleven producing daughters of the celebrated British stallion Meddler. Meddler got many first-class race horses in the course of his stud career in the United States, notably Stalwart, Go Between, Intrusive, Chilton, Tanya, Tangle, and Brookdale Nymph. His stallions have not been conspicuous successes at the stud, but his mares, with the mares of Hanover and Hamburg, are practically dominating the breeding industry just now.

There are sixty odd Meddler mares in the stud book that have produced winners. Prominent among the important winners of the current season of racing that claim for dams daughters of Meddler are Naturalist, Sweep On, Cirrus, Cobwebs, Dottie Vandiver, Angon, Courtship, Friendship, Marianao, Atta Boy II., Walk the Plank, Lord Herbert, Dendara, and Frederick the Great.

Durbar II., winner of the British Derby of 1914, is a son of Rabelais and the Meddler mare Armenia. Johren, winner of the Suburban Handicap, Belmont Stakes, Lawrence Realisation, Saratoga Cup and Latonia Derby in the United States last season, is a son of Spearmint and the Meddler mare Minneola. Other celebrated sons of Meddler mares are Danger Rock, Buskin, Slipshod, Swish, &c.

Daughters of Meddler in the impending Mackay sale are Courtisane and Miss Malapropo, out of Correction by Meddler, hence own sisters of Nature, the dam of Naturalist; Manzanita, dam of Lord Herbert; Melody, a sister of Medlant; La Claque, a daughter of Audience, the dam of Whisk Broom II., and the grand dam of Afternoon and Matinee Idol; Lady K., a daughter of Manzanita and a half-sister of Lady Gertrude; Queen Til, dam of Sekket and Induna; Fina and Blue, whose mother was an Isinglass mare; Fresnay, whose dam was Flocarline, the mother of Master Robert; and Cafe au Lait, whose dam was the Metropolitan and Municipal handicap winner, Gunfire. All of Mr. Mackay's Meddler mares, except Balançoire and Cafe au Lait were mated last Spring with Spanish Prince. Cafe au Lait was mated with Sweep and, Balançoire with Rock View.

ARVIA IS TWICE VICTOR.

Buffalo Yacht for Second Time Leads Field at Put-in-Bay.

PUT-IN-BAY, O., July 16.—The windjammers got a wonderful start this morning. The wind hauled to the northward and continued steadily about 10 miles an hour, making a good whole sail breeze and putting the lee rails under. The judges again reversed the course and the racers left all stakes to starboard, making the first leg a racing jib run, with sheets started, the second leg a beat into the eye of the wind and a balloon jib run home.

In class Q, Arvia of Buffalo, winner yesterday, got across the starting line first. Cleveland, the Cleveland Yacht Club 21-footer, was first over in her class. Mebtehm, Cleveland, Class R boat, a whiner yesterday, led at the start today, with Pam second and the others strung out for five minutes with lots of green water between them.

Aladdin, Sandusky Yacht Club, was the only boat in Class A. Spray, also of Sandusky, had the lead at the start in the auxiliary yawl class, sent around the short course today.

Spook, of Cleveland, led, with Seila second, Oriole and Ingomede following. Gamble, of Detroit, disqualified yesterday for cutting the second stake, did not start.

The best start was in the star class, the nine entrants getting over the line within six seconds, close hauled, then starting sheets slighting, pointing well up and fighting for the weather berth.

Winners by classes today were:

CLASS Q.—Arvia of Buffalo Yacht Club. Elapsed time, 3:24:03.
CLASS F.—21-footers—Steiso, Edison Boat Club, Detroit. Elapsed time, 1:49:46.
CLASS Y.—Yawls—June, Detroit Boat Club. Elapsed time, 1:03:57.
CLASS J.—16-footers — Spook, Cleveland Yacht Club. Elapsed time, 0:50:40.
STAR CLASS.—Shadow, Toledo Yacht Club. Elapsed time, 0:54:34.
PRIVATE CATS.—Tifco, Toledo Yacht Club. Elapsed time, 0:57:47.
CLUB CATS.—Detroit Yacht Club No. 3. Elapsed time, 0:57:10.
CLASS R.—Mebtehm, Cleveland Yacht Club. Elapsed time, 1:52:14.

ADOLPH FILES PROTEST.

Owner of Motor Boat Violet A. Objects to Disqualification.

Charles A. Adolph, Motor Boat Club of Jamaica Bay, has protested the decision of the race committee that managed the recent Poughkeepsie and return race of the Yacht Racing Association of Jamaica Bay. Captain Adolph is the owner of Violet A. A motor boat that competed in Class B of the long race. The craft was disqualified for taking on gasoline at Newburg.

Captain Adolph, who was the authority for the news, also stated that he took on additional gasoline at Edgewater. He contends, however, that when he arrived at Poughkeepsie there was no more gasoline to be purchased on the waterfront and that it was impossible for him to refill his tanks. If the protest is allowed Violet A will receive third prize.

PANOPLY IS FIRST OVER MUDDY TRACK

Whitney Filly, Carrying Top Weight, Makes Fine Showing in Demoiselle Stakes.

That Harry Payne Whitney's Panoply will henceforth receive some serious consideration in the struggle for the crown in the juvenile division was made quite evident yesterday at Empire City after this fleet daughter of Peter Pan had captured the Demoiselle Stakes, a five-and-a-half-furlong dash for two-year-old fillies, and added something like $2,300 to the winnings of her owner. It was a close finish, Panoply just gaining the decision over R. L. Gerry's Indiscretion by half a length, but the victory was impressive because the Whitney racer carried the top weight through a sea of mud and was able to win after conceding from eleven to fourteen pounds to the three other contestants in the race.

After the race there were many among experienced horsemen who ranked Panoply with Man o' War, Miss Jemima, the Western crack, and Cobwebs, which is also from the Whitney Stable. Panoply already had taken the measure of Bonnie Mary and had equaled a track record set by Cobwebs at Aqueduct, and she only needed to prove that she could carry weight and win.

There were only four starters in the race, Mr. Whitney's Wendy, J. L. Murphy's Pawnee, 2d, and W. S. Kilmer's Sekket having been scratched. This left only Indiscretion, G. W. Loft's Germa, and John W. Schorr's Luke's Pet to compete with Panoply. Panoply carried 125 pounds, which is the largest impost any winner of this event has received, but despite this she was made a 1 to 2 favorite. Victory was conceded to the favorite, but Luke's Pat received much support for place, and when she failed to finish second she provided the one ray of sunshine in an otherwise dismal day for the layers of odds, who saw six favorites come home first.

Panoply broke first and it was in the lead all the way, Knapp evidently being willing to rely on her speed despite the weight she was carrying. Germa showed a fine dash of speed at the outset and, with Indiscretion, offered the contention through most of the distance. Luke's Pet suffered from a very bad start and was last into the far turn. At one time Panoply had opened a gap of three lengths, but as she turned into the stretch the weight began to tell on her and Knapp found it necessary to urge his mount.

By this time Germa, which has seemingly lost some weight and is not in the best of condition for such a struggle as she had before her, had fallen back and Luke's Pet had come up to second with such a rush that it seemed she would challenge the favorite. It was Luke's Pet They Knapp was watching, and entering the stretch, he accepted the challenge and gave Panoply her head. But he evidently had not been looking for Indiscretion, quoted at 20 to 1. The derry filly surprised every one by coming along with a great show of speed in the final furlong, where she passed Luke's Pet and got almost abreast of Panoply. The two raced through the last sixteenth almost neck and neck, but Indiscretion never did get quite up to the leader and could not make up the slight distance.

Panoply was ridden out at the finish, but she had proved she was many pounds better than any of the others. On a fast track she might have carried the weight with greater ease. The time for the race, 1:09 1-5, is the slowest on record for the event, but the race was run over a track that had been made soft and sloppy by the heavy rain during the forenoon and it was a creditable performance under the conditions.

The Mahopac handicap, which was the second feature on the card, had but three starters. The Hildreth entry, which consisted of Cirrus and Lord Brighton, was scratched, though both of these colts have shown ability to go on a heavy track. The race was finally left to M. L. Schwartz's Audacious, Thomas Monahan's Grimalkin and Fannie Meehan, owned by H. L. Davis.

The manner in which Fannie ran made it a two-horse competition from the time the barrier went up. Grimalkin was away first and cut a dizzy pace for the others, but Audacious was brought along by Butwell and saved for the last furlong. Meantime Fannie Meehan kept dropping further and further back, until she was more than twenty lengths back of the contenders. Audacious drew up on the leader as the two entered the stretch, but it took all the strategy and urging Butwell could command to get him home. Butwell had to use his whip freely. Grimalkin had tired from setting the pace and could not last it out and Audacious just managed to reach the wire less than a length in front.

The Palisades Purse went to Snapdragon II., Andrew Miller's four-year-old colt, and the victory was largely due to the judgment used by Shuttinger. Snapdragon was an odds-on choice in a field of six, but when the barrier went up Star Realm, owned by R. McKeever, raced to the front and had opened up such a gap by the time the back stretch was reached that it began to be a question if the others could ever get up.

Despite the speed of the leader, Shuttinger was content to rate his mount in fourth position and await his chance on the turn. Turning out of the back stretch he moved Snapdragon ahead of King John and Daddy's Choice, and, as he had evidently foreseen, found Star Realm turning to a walk. It was no trouble for Snapdragon to go into the lead to win handily by five lengths.

Somewhere in France graduated from the maiden class in the second event over a mile and seventy yards route, defeating Wilfreda and King Agrippa. The Mackenzie colt was never out of the lead and had considerable to spare at the end.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds, non-winners of two races since June 10; purse $1,060. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Annette Teller	113	Lyke	4-5	1-3 1½
Midian	112	Rice	20-1	8-1 2¾
Sister Helene	107	Lunsford	12-5	3-5 3¾
Hackamore	116	Kummer	7-1	2-1 4
Griffwood	109	Collins	15-1	4-1 5
Biff Bang	108	Shuttinger	20-1	8-1 6

Time—1:00.

Start poor; Biff Bang practically left at the post; won ridden out; place easily. Annette Teller, b. f., by Magneto-Millidale; owned and trained by H. Neusteter.

SECOND RACE.

For maiden three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,060. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Somewhere in France, 3	115	Rice	7-5	1-2 1¢
Wilfreda, 3	110	Fator	16-5	6-5 2¾
King Agrippa, 4	120	Davies	4-1	7-5 3¾
Nanette Flack, 3	110	Carroll	50-1	15-1 4
F. J. King, 4	120	Sneldsman	6-1	2-1 5
Naphtalius, 3	115	Lunsford	5-1	2-1 6
Railbird, 3	115	Butwell	30-1	12-1 7

Time—1:48 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place same, Somewhere in France, b. c., by Jack Atkin-Adelaide; owned by R. J. Mackenzie and trained by J. Fitzsimmons.

THIRD RACE.

The Mahopac Handicap, for three-year-olds; by subscription, with $1,160 added. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Audacious	120½	Butwell	9-20	out 1¾
Grimalkin	107	Shuttinger	2-1	out 2¾
Fannie Meehan	105	Lunsford	20-1	3-1 3

Time—1:09 3-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place easily. Audacious, ch. c., by Star Shoot-Bold Girl; owned by M. L. Schwartz and trained by J. Hastings.

FOURTH RACE.

The Demoiselle Stakes, of $3,000 value, for two-year-old fillies. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Panoply	125	Knapp	1-2	out 1¼
Indiscretion	100	Kummer	20-1	4-1 2¹
Luke's Pet	114	Lunsford	8-1	7-5 3¾
Germa	109	Kelsay	14-5	1-2 4

Time—1:09 1-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Panoply, b. f., by Peter Pan-Inaugural; owned by H. P. Whitney and trained by A. Simmons.

FIFTH RACE.

The Palisades Purse, for three-year-olds and upward. One mile and an eighth.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Snapdragon II., 4	111	Shuttger	9-10	1-3 1¹
Star Realm, 3	100	Carroll	10-1	3-1 2²
King John, 4	111	Davies	15-1	5-1 3¹½
John T. Day, 4	110	Rice	12-1	4-1 4
Mistress Polly, 4	111	Lyke	5-1	2-5 5
Daddy's Choice, 6	108	Wida	18-5	even 6

Time—1:54 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same, Snapdragon II., b. c., by Fitz Herbert-Mistress Penn; owned by Andrew Miller and trained by A. J. Goldsborough.

SIXTH RACE.

For fillies and mares, three years old and upward; claiming. One mile and seventy yards.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Poor Butterfly, 4	106	Fator	6-5	1-2 1¹
Jean of Arc, 5	92	Richcreek	3-1	2-1 2½
Cenders, 4	100	McAtee	10-1	3-1 3²
Dottie Vandiver, 5	95	Wida	14-5	even 4
Favor, 4	106	Carroll	6-1	2-1 5
Miss Bryn, 3	101	Pickens	20-1	7-1 6
Crepuscule, 4	101	Erickson	50-1	15-1 7

Time—1:46 2-5.

Start good, except for Miss Bryn; won driving; place same. Poor Butterfly, ch. m., by Colt-Aurine; owned by Paul Connelly and trained by R. F. Carmen.

Hoofbeats of the Racers.

Although it had rained hard all through the forenoon there was no falling off in the attendance at Empire City yesterday. The stands were again comfortably packed and most of the spectators had come prepared for any kind of weather.

Uncle Wilbert Robinson, manager of the Brooklyn Dodgers, and several of the members of the team, took advantage of the off day provided by the rain to take in the races. The Giants also had a strong representation at the track, including President Charles A. Stoneham.

After the second race Jockey L. Fator went to the judges' stand and made a claim of interference by Rice on Somewhere in France. He contended that he had been shut off on the rail, but his complaint was evidently not well founded and it was not permitted to alter the decision.

Many owners are already sending their horses to Saratoga to prepare for the racing there in August, but there are still enough left at Empire City to make up large fields. Among the latest to ship to Saratoga is the Beach Stable, which has sent Pastoral Swain and Flags to the Spa.

Although H. P. Whitney has brought out some fast youngsters this season it is said that the best in his stable have not yet been seen. They are being reserved for Saratoga. If he has any which are much better than Panoply and Cobwebs it looks as if the two-year-old crown will go to his stable.

The Western horses are not creating anything like the sensation promised when they arrived here for such a struggle as has had scarcely any success so far at Empire City, but it should be borne in mind that some of the best of the racers from Kentucky have not yet been sent to the post. They promise some interesting competition later on.

A feature on the card at Empire City today will be a race for maiden jockeys. This will be the second event, and marks another step forward in the development of the sport. There are among the young riders many who have lacked confidence when riding against the stars of the saddle and such a race as this on should bring out some better riding among these boys.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, claiming; five and a half furlongs. Tocanet, 100 pounds; American Boy, 112; Ormbel, 115; *Rubidium, 101.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; maiden jockeys; about six furlongs. Back Bay, 115 pounds; Pinard, 108; Resist, 103; Elected II., 115; Adele, 110; B. B. Jonson, 115; Billie B., 120; Amackassin, 115; Lady Ivan, 110; Toadstool, 113; Wavebeck, 110; Salvatella, 110; Peasant, 115; Ballyconnell, 98; Joseph P. Murphy, 110; Scotch Verdict, 108; Mine Sweeper, 103.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-old fillies; the Fernwood Purse; one mile. Ormonda, 114 pounds; Scoots, 103; Phantom Maid, 100; Alphee, 106; Duchess Lace, 111; Ambassador 3d, 106; Uncle's Lassie, 106.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; Mount Vernon Handicap of $3,000; one mile. Old Rosebud, 126 pounds; Fairy Wand, 102; Bally, 106; Sun Briar, 128; Roamer, 120; Matinee Idol, 95; Lucillite, 127; Tippler Wishet, 114.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Ticket, 118 pounds; N. K. Beal, 112; Poacher, 107; Hauberk, 116; Lacius, 106; Ballaf, 106; Warasw, 110; Trophy, 106; *Marchesa 2d, 106; *Piedra, 101; *Green Gold, 108; Dorcas, 110.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; claiming; five furlongs. Laughter, 112 pounds; Jessie, 112; Hampden, 115; Orleans Girl, 112; Sweet Apple, 112; Ednaris, 112; *Steve, 110; Ladylike, 112; Bridge Player, 112; Lover's Lane 2d, 112; *Our Maid, 107; Cormoran, 115; *Frenzela, 107; Barley Water, 112; Sadie D., 112.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

TEN SOCCER GAMES FOR U. S. IN SWEDEN

Month's Schedule Is Announced for Scandinavian Tour of American Team.

Ten of the dates to be filled by the American soccer team in Sweden and Denmark, under the auspices of the United States Football Association and the Bathlehem Steel Football Club, were given out yesterday by T. W. Cahill, Secretary of the association, upon receipt of the schedule from the Swedish Football Association of Stockholm.

The schedule covers a full month, beginning Aug. 8, but the dates for Norway have yet to be supplied. It was also announced that a baseball nine would be picked from the seventeen members of the American soccer expedition to play games on intermediate dates against the Vasteras Baseball Club at Vasteras and against the club at Gothenburg. The soccer schedule for Sweden, Denmark, and Finland follows:

Date.	Opponents.	Place.
Aug. 8	Tigrarne	Stockholm Stadium
Aug. 10	Allmanna Idrottsforbundens Idrottsforening Kamratklubben	Stockholm
Aug. 14	Djurgardens	Stockholm
Aug. 17	All-Sweden	Stockholm
Aug. 22	All-Finland	Helsingfors
Aug. 27	All-Stockh'm	Stockholm
Aug. 31	All-Denmark	Copenhagen
Sept. 2	Malmo	Malmo
Sept. 5	Goteborg Or-styrelsens skamratserna	Gothenburg
Sept. 7	Goteborg	Gothenburg

At the conclusion of the Scandinavian tour the American team may go to South America in order to contest a series of six games under the auspices of the Brazilian Federation of Sports.

ASK A. A. U. FOR SANCTIONS.

Applications for Three Meets Are Likely to be Granted.

Three organizations made formal application to the Metropolitan A. A. U. yesterday to conduct athletic events. The Police Department Traffic Squad Benevolent Association applied for permission to conduct a series of track and field events in connection with its annual outing at College Point Aug. 9. The Jersey Harriers' A. A. of Jersey City asked for the annual New Jersey State track and field championships, planning to conduct the meet at Boyonne on Sept. 1.

The other application was from the Atlas A. C. of Arlington, N J., seeking sanction for a handicap road race of four miles to be conducted Sept. 20. This is the first road-running application to be received for an event to be held next season. All three applications will receive favorable action.

Aggen to Compete Unattached.

S. F. Aggen, a sprinter, has severed his connections with the Bronx Church House A. C. He applied for a registration transfer yesterday and will in future compete as an unattached athlete.

FORBID TOUR OF MERMAIDS.

Australian Girl Swimmers Run Counter to A. A. U. Rule.

The Misses Fanny Durack and Mina Wylie, Australian swimming stars and holders of a number of women's swimming records, will not be permitted to tour this country, as contemplated, under the direction of a manager whose expenses were to have been paid out of the profits of such a tour. This was determined last night at a special meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, held in the Metropolitan A. A. U. headquarters.

Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. and Chairman of the National Registration Committee, announced the decision of the union against the visiting swimmers after a long-drawn-out session in which only those immediately concerned participated. Mr. Rubien declared that the A. A. U. had refused to sanction the proposed tour of the Misses Durack and Wylie in view of the fact that the tour was to have been managed by George W. Dowsing of Seattle, Wash. The National Registration Committee Chairman stated that appointment of a manager for such a tour is prohibited under the rules of the A. A. U., which provide that "Women swimmers under the age of 21 years shall be allowed to ask for and receive actual training expenses for a chaperon."

Samuel J. Dallas of Philadelphia, President of the A. A. U.; Martin A. Klein, Bohemian Gymnastic Association, Chairman of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee, and Herman Meyer, Chairman of the Middle Atlantic A. A. U. Registration Committee, concurred with Mr. Rubien in the opinion. Messrs. Rubien, Klein, and Meyer acted as representatives of the Registration Committee they head, and Mr. Dallas as leader of the A. A. U. Dowling was present at the meeting to seek official indorsement of the proposed tour.

As a probable result of the decision the Misses Durack and Wylie will return shortly to Australia, although the verdict would not compel the swimmers to take this course. Mr. Rubien explained that the A. A. U. was not prohibiting the swimmers from touring the country, but rather was willing and anxious to do all in its power toward arranging a successful tour for the visitors, under the proviso that the swimmers recede from their intention of having Mr. Dowsing manage the tour and conform to the A. A. U. rules. Mr. Dowsing intimated, however, that the girls would insist on his accompanying them as manager.

The decision against the swimmers is the climax of a tangle that began before the girls left Australia. Previous to their departure the Australian Swimming Association cabled for the A. A. U.'s approval of the tour. In view of the conflict with the rules of the governing amateur sports body, however, this country's officials refused this approval. Regardless of this fact the girls sailed for the United States, and, upon their arrival, the Pacific A. A. U. Registration Committee refused to sanction the tour. Miss Durack and Miss Wylie attracted the censure of the A. A. U. about a year ago, when, under almost similar conditions, official sanction for a proposed tour of the country was denied them and they returned to Australia. On that occasion the two swimmers discarded the chaperone appointed by the Australian swimming authorities to accompany them to the journey, and selected their own chaperone, a sister of Miss Durack. The Australian officials got in touch with the authorities of this country, and when the girls arrived at San Francisco they found the country barred to their proposed tour.

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"A CONCENTRATED GROWL."

Mr. CHAMP CLARK happily characterizes the policy of the Senate Republicans as "one concentrated growl." Just as the worshippers of divine right held that the King could do no wrong, the straitest sect and the majority of Republican leaders hold that a Democratic President can do no right. A steady and bitter opposition to Mr. WILSON, a constant nagging criticism, a refusal to be satisfied whatever he does or leaves undone, is the Republican policy or impolicy. Be he present or be he absent, he is always their Doctor Fell. If he keeps to himself, they accuse him of isolation and secretiveness. If he throws open the White House to them, they suspect some dark design or are afraid of his powers of persuasion. If he changes his mind on any public question, as every statesman whose mind is not stagnant, and whose judgment is not fixed beyond the power of change and event, must do, the Republicans blame him for his first opinion and blame him for altering it. There is no pleasing them. It almost seems as if they were obsessed by a hallucination, a fixed idea, a monomania.

In 1916 the Republicans carried on their campaign largely in this same spirit of barren criticism and of constant belittlement of Mr. WILSON—with what felicity of result and effect upon public opinion they seem to have forgotten. Since then Mr. WILSON'S most fruitful, constructive, and beneficent work has been done. He has strengthened himself among the people. Sagacious and fair-minded Republicans like Mr. TAFT know well the danger that the Republican Party courts by its blind, unreasoning hatred or fear of Mr. WILSON. The Republicans in Congress have learned nothing from the canvass and election of 1916. As patriots and Americans, the Democrats must regret this unadvised Republican policy. As Democrats, looking only to partisan consequences, they can afford to put up with the "concentrated growl" of which a majority of the American people must now be unspeakably tired.

ROADS AND TREES.

The American Forestry Association is doing good service in linking the causes of roads and forestation. It has already given advice and aid in setting out shade trees along the highway in scores of cities and towns throughout the country. The trees are intended to be memorials of our soldiers who died in France and to their comrades who have come home bearing victory. Roads thus shaded and beautified are called "Roads of Remembrance."

Something more is involved than a sentiment. The best friend of a road, as of the traveler, is a shade tree. Extremes of temperature, such as come on a blazing Summer day with a downpour of cooling rain, heave and crack the unshaded roadbed, opening it to the ultimate ravages of frost and thaw. The shaded road lasts longer and brings a double comfort to the traveler. The war has taught us what this may mean, financially and otherwise. Before 1914, according to ROBERT STERLING YARD'S "Book of National Parks," Americans spent $288,000,000 annually in foreign travel, mainly in Europe. For five years travel has been largely confined to the United States. The country is richer by a billion dollars or more, and richer also in self-knowledge. The Adirondacks, in which a network of good roads runs through vast tracts of forest, yearly attract hundreds of motor tourists from the Middle West. The advantage has been reciprocal. Returning motorists, who would perhaps have thought the example of Europe too remote for local emulation, have aided powerfully in passing a good roads appropriation. Michigan alone has voted $50,000,000, and a part of the appropriation is to be used to plant the wayside with the different species of forest trees for which the State is famous.

The near future will witness a vast increase in road building throughout the country. Oregon has voted a bond issue of two millions and a half for the Roosevelt Military Highway, and there is little doubt that the National Government will appropriate a like amount. The primary purpose is to connect the widely separated strategic points on the Pacific Coast, but the chief use of the highway will doubtless be by tourists attracted by the wonderfully varied and little known beauties of the Oregon coast. The Army Motor Transport Corps has already started from Washington on a transcontinental run which is serving as a nation-wide demonstration of the need of good roads. Secretary BAKER has ordered that the road-building equipment which our army used in France be returned and distributed among the States for use in the construction and maintenance of Federal-aided highways. It includes 1,590 caterpillar tractors, about 400 steam and gas driven road rollers, numerous concrete mixers, rock crushers, and road graders. With these and other movements the Forestry Association is in close touch; it will make every effort to insure that the planting of trees keeps pace with the building of roadbed.

The Road of Remembrance and the shaded highway have a more intimate connection with the general problem of reforestation than may at first appear. Very soon they will become bases for the advance of veritable armies of trees. Nature unaided may be sure, but she is slow. The industrious squirrel carries acorns, hickory-nuts, walnuts, and chestnuts a rod or so before he buries them—and fortunately often forgets his cache. The winds carry the seeds of maple, pine, and linden a little further. But for reasons at which the forester can only guess there are vast prairies and waste lands without a useful tree. The shaded highway will cross them and the shade trees will scatter their seeds and nuts in the nearby country.

He who plants a tree is building the world of the future. In twenty years a maple will grow to a sturdy tree, with dense if not widespread shade. And in that time, when wind and soil are favorable, it is already parent to groves of young maples marching from the highway across lands that have hitherto been waste.

RIGHTS AND WRONGS OF FAIR FARES.

It would be difficult to imagine a case covering more points regarding the "right" of riders to a five-cent fare than the Buffalo case just decided by the highest court of New York State. Incidentally it may be remarked that the decision must cause as much chagrin to our local officials as the now overruled decision of the lower court caused them joy. In order to appreciate the many points covered in the case of the Buffalo company it is necessary to begin at the beginning. In May of last year the unions demanded that their wages should be increased. The company assented upon condition that fares should be raised, and the Mayor and Council allowed the six-cent fare. The court decided that under the city charter a referendum was necessary, and the referendum resulted as might have been expected. The increase allowed by the city officials was reversed, 7,044 voting to sustain it and 35,661 to cancel it. Then the War Board allowed a larger increase of wages than the men had asked, and they struck to get it. Every newspaper in Buffalo took the side of the company, but the city officials acted upon the mandate of the referendum, and applied to the courts for a mandamus compelling the company to operate under its franchise despite its willingness and the disabilities imposed upon it. Counsel argued that the company was earning operating expenses, and that it had no standing to demand a fare to enable it to earn fixed charges.

The resemblance to a similar argument by our city officials will be noted, also the difference of action here and there. The lower court adopted the argument, but the highest court annulled the mandamus that the company should perform impossibilities imposed upon it by exterior authority. The Council adapted itself to the court decision, as it had to the referendum, and again approved the higher fare. The company applied to the War Board to take over its property and the troubles the board had created. Also the company applied to the Public Service Commission for relief. Both declined. The Commission pleaded inability because of the decision in the Rochester case that a franchise fare was a contract binding on all concerned. Commenting upon this stage of the case, the chief counsel of the Public Service Commission of this district declared that it affirmed the "right" of the city and the people to a nickel fare, anything to the contrary notwithstanding. It was, he said, "the first" time that any court has enunciated "this sound modern doctrine with "such terseness and vigor." The decision, he declared, was that the city, meaning in our local case the Board of Estimate, had the sole power to hold the companies to their franchises and contracts, and to annul them, or "do anything else in the interest of the people."

The Court of Appeals unanimously decides that the law was as much concerned with the rights of the company as with the rights of the riders or of the city. There's nothing demagogic about that, but it must seem heresy to the Mayor and Controller and their able counsel, whose views are in such painful conflict with those of the Court of Appeals. Every argument advanced by them falls with the declaration of the highest court that rates and fares may be either reduced or advanced by the Public Service Commission, franchises, referendums, mandamuses, contracts, and other obstacles being subordinate to that power. The action of Commissioner NIXON in the transfer case is as conspicuously upheld as the opinions of Mr. RANSOM, counsel for the Commission, and Corporation Counsel BURR for the city are overruled. The one point seemingly not decided is whether a rate fixed by the Legislature may be altered by the power delegated to the Commission. That point distinguishes the fare cases from the gas cases, respecting which the law is as confused as it was in the rate cases.

The decision comes none too soon. In 1913 3 per cent. of the electric roads in the Buffalo district were in receiverships. In 1916 the proportion was 15 per cent., and it must be larger now. The proportion is less here, but there were prospects of regrettable events which would have stopped the services rendered for less than cost. The transfer action of Commissioner NIXON will prevent that. There is now no prospect that the city can consummate the plan for municipal ownership based on bankruptcy caused by refusal of pleas for relief.

A SOARING POET.

GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO, a skilled and plucky airman, although now mediæval, is going to fly to Tokio, looking down on Asia Minor, India, and so on. It ought to be good for his health to translate into motion his recently somewhat enlarged and inflamed emotion. Doubtless he will make a book out of his aerial travels and his visits to "the floor of the cows"; and it is to be hoped that his temperature has been so much reduced that he will refrain from tossing a bomb at any of the temples, sculptures, and multitudinous works of art in the countries which he is to warm with his presence.

More fortunate than any other poet, he physically soars. If HOMER had had the Italian's advantages he would have left us a Catalogue of Airships. A Tuscan eagle, even if at times he scolds after the manner of the jay, he has actually the pride and ample pinion of GRAY'S Pindar. It is a little difficult for those of us who have warmed our hands or scorched our shins at the fire and passion of Mr. D'ANNUNZIO'S poetry and fiction and splendid, once memorably effective, rhetoric to understand why he should have to land to replenish his store of fuel. One thinks of him as all fire and air and capable of perpetual motion by his own combustion.

HALF-HEARTED WARS.

It took the Allies a long time to see the need of military unity in the war against Germany, and they never quite attained diplomatic unity. Any sort of unity in the war with Bolshevism seems still far away. For the Russian campaign the military high command seems to have worked out a practicable plan. The Bolsheviki have troops enough to overmatch KOLCHAK'S invasion from Siberia or DENIKIN'S attack from the south, but they cannot stop both at once. Just at present they are driving back KOLCHAK'S forces, but DENIKIN is using the opportunity to make extensive advances which are bringing a serious threat to the whole Bolshevist organization. The plan now includes operations against Petrograd by Finns, Esths, and a Russian army under General YUDENITCH; and when this force gets in motion, acting in co-operation with KOLCHAK and DENIKIN, there should be a good chance of success.

But success in modern war depends to a considerable extent on war material. Some of the Allies are helping KOLCHAK; whether we are doing so or not remains a mystery to the general public, but apparently we are not. Meanwhile our Government is insisting that there must be no blockade of Russia. That is to say, if our Government has its way the Bolsheviki may be allowed, for all of us, to import all the war material they need. This is straddling the fence with a vengeance, trying to be on both sides in the Russian civil war. THE TIMES thinks that the proper policy for America is full co-operation with the KOLCHAK Government, which has pledged itself to act only as trustee of Russian freedom and to summon a popularly elected assembly as soon as it regains control of Central Russia. That would be the best policy; the one which we seem to be pursuing is easily the worst. Better to be on no side than on both sides—to refuse to have anything to do with KOLCHAK or LENIN, to withdraw within our own boundaries, as Senator JOHNSON would prefer, and let the Russians fight it out in the hope that whichever side won might find itself moved, afterward, by disinterested feelings of liking for us.

That the victors in a hard struggle would love the nation that gave them no help is unlikely, but it is still less likely that the winning side will have any friendly feelings toward a nation which has favored both sides. Our opposition to the blockade, to be sure, may be of no practical importance, if England and France insist on it; but our help to KOLCHAK does not seem to have been of much practical importance so far. Our pro-Bolsheviki, of course, insist that the blockade is starving millions of innocent women and children. These complaints come often from those who were so much exercised over the women and children of Germany; nevertheless, they deserve some attention. And if we give attention to them we wonder why Russia, the granary of Europe, the great wheat-exporting country, is starving because it cannot import food from abroad. Transportation has broken down; is that our fault? The peasants hoard food; is that our fault? If Central Russia is starving, the Government which has been in control for the past twenty months seems to be to blame. And if the blockade were lifted we may imagine that that Government would be more eager to import machine guns than flour.

As for Hungary, we hear now that General FRANCHET D'ESPEREY has sent an ultimatum to BELA KUN, and that unless the Magyar Bolsheviki abdicate at once in favor of a democratic government allied troops will move on Budapest. It is hard to believe this, for such a step would indicate an entire misconception of the meaning of Bolshevism in Central Europe. Bolshevism in Hungary, like Bolshevism in Russia, invites hostile action by the outside world on two grounds only: because it aims at world revolution, and because it will ally itself with German militarists, if convenient, to overthrow the democratic States which are the common enemy of Junkers and Bolsheviki. We are fighting LENIN because he gave aid and comfort to the Germans and because he is trying to promote revolutions in allied countries. Our grievance against BELA KUN proceeds not from his confiscation of the properties of Magyar aristocrats, but from his insistence on preventing the transfer of Hungarian territory populated by Slavs and Rumanians, and from his attempt to spread Bolshevism westward. Driving him out and bringing in somebody of the KAROLYI type will stop the second of these movements, but not the first. Bolshevism in Hungary is a means and not an end; the Magyars let BELA KUN rule them because they thought he and LENIN could win for them better terms of peace. Turn him out and Magyar resistance will be just as stubborn. If FRANCHET D'ESPEREY has troops enough to occupy Budapest he ought to occupy it at once, and hold it till the Magyars see the wisdom of accepting the terms of peace. Our present tactics in Hungary and Russia look uncomfortably like hitting soft.

THE DEMON IN THE GUIDE.

Divers waggish outlanders, being thereto instigated by the Evil One, are pouring upon the authorities of the ancient and highly respectable village of Rye, once a bone of contention between Connecticut and this State, suggestions to change its name for some drier appellation consonant with prohibition. Rye was named, presumably, after the famous Sussex Cinque Port, originally Ria and then La Rie; but it is never too late to mend, and surely that excellent hamlet will not content itself with a name now sinister in the ears of all the good. If the local powers should be stiff-necked, Congress or the Post Office Department ought to put an end to so scandalous a breach of contemporary proprieties as lèse-majesté against the Anti-Saloon League.

Unfortunately, dysonomous Rye is but one of a multitude of places whose names must be reformed. It is well that the stern and unbending Drys in the House should be eager for legislation to authorize the searching of all the castles of iniquity which, before July 1, laid in supplies to withstand a long siege, but why do they neglect to search the Official Postal Guide? It swarms with names intolerable, names that must be changed to accord with the new spirit or want of spirit of the time. Who can dip into the pages of that valuable, if somewhat disconnected, niece of literature without a shock and a shudder? Wicked, wicked remembrancers of the old jovial days of sin, they must be wiped out. Bar Harbor and all the Bars and Ports must go. Vineland, Winesburg, Bass Station, all the Burkes and Burkeville, Brandywine, Brandy Camp, Brandy City, Brandy Station, Treat and Smile, Barton, Rumford and Rumsey, Stoutland and Stoutsville, Horn, Skate must be renamed. Dry Alabama should blush to have within its borders a town called Rickey. Dry Florida should don sackcloth and ashes in repentance for permitting a place called Gin.

New York's part in the reform must be great. Rye is but a beginning. The Bronx and the Manhattan are taboo. Kentucky must know Jamboree not much longer. Snake Camp must slough its name. A committee of Congress ought to go over the whole Postal Guide, make all its hard names soft, its wet names dry.

HISTORY IN THE GARDEN.

Mr. HENRY FORD, one infers, is a tolerant person. For himself, he regards history as "bunk," but has no objection to others wasting on it the time that might otherwise be employed in earning the price of an automobile. But his lawyer, Mr. MURPHY, seems to be animated by a desire to undermine the foundations of learning. "ADAM did not have any history," says the counselor, "and I think he got on pretty well." Naturally, Mr. MURPHY did not mean that nothing of a historical character ever happened to ADAM; this could hardly be contended by one who ever heard of ADAM at all. So he must mean that our first ancestor did not know any history, and got on very well without it.

But ADAM did not live in Detroit, nor in these times. ADAM, for that matter, had no motor car, yet he got around the garden somehow. He also got on with a limited wardrobe. But Eden is one thing and Detroit is another. Mr. MURPHY might have argued that if ADAM had had a car he could have run over the serpent before misfortune befell the human race, but the trouble with ADAM was that he and his family did not know that the serpent was an undesirable acquaintance. Had he studied herpetology he might have learned something to his advantage, just as some of his descendants might have made fewer blunders had they studied more history.

Even ADAM would have fared better if he had had an education. And since his day the world has advanced from primal unity to twentieth-century multiplicity; some idea of how it has made this progression is a useful element in the education of later Adams.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Possible, but Not a Certainty.

That the British airship NS-11 was struck and exploded by lightning is asserted in the cable dispatches with something more of confidence than the known facts seem to warrant. This theory of the disaster is plausible enough, for the dirigible was flying through a severe thunderstorm when it was seen suddenly to burst into flames and fall in pieces to the sea below, and it is probable that a lightning stroke would have on a great bag full of hydrogen gas the effects observed. There are, however, some reasons for doubting that the explosion was thus produced.

In the first place, it might have been caused in any one of several other ways, none of which would have had anything to do with the thunderstorm. What the ways are easily can be deduced from the extreme care that is taken to keep the public at a distance from these machines while they are on or near the ground, and not only are their crews forbidden to smoke while on board, but they cannot carry matches or wear shoes with nails in their soles. All these precautions were taken, presumably, by the men on the NS-11, but rules are not always observed on dirigibles any more than in the powder mills with which, so far as goes safety from any form of fire, they have numerous points of similarity.

On the other hand, it is questionable if an airship, sailing amid the clouds of a thunderstorm, would "attract lightning," as the saying is. Its electrical charge would probably be the same as the clouds in its vicinity, and while there have been previous reports of like accidents ascribed to lightning, none of them was sufficiently well authenticated to outweigh the fact that both airplanes and dirigibles many times have passed through thunderstorms without suffering injury.

But that, in turn, is not proof of anything except that they are not always or even usually struck in such circumstances.

Our Nominative Powers Are but Small.

While airships are under consideration, there is opportunity to note again the curious inferiority of modern folk to the ancients in the matter of finding good names for new things. In other ages there seems to have been no difficulty in making names that fitted, as fast as they were wanted, while we can resort only to the laborious compounding of Latin or Greek words—of Latin and Greek words only too often—or else to the clumsy device of using an old word in a new meaning, with or without a descriptive adjective to palliate the offense.

"Airship" itself is an example of the latter habit, and "automobile" mixes languages in the manner all etymologists denounce and scorn. Neither "aeroplane" nor "airplane" is better than tolerable, for planes are not made really aerial by going through the air. The French "avion" and the German "aviatik" are fairly good names, at least by contrast, and "blimp," had it been restricted in application to the balloons to which it was first fastened, would have been pretty near all right. It has been spoiled by extension to all sorts of latter-day balloons, including such as the one that recently crossed the Atlantic.

"Dirigible," standing alone, is particularly bad, for of course the aircraft which it has come to mean are no more dirigible than are the more agile and far more interesting machines whose well-earned honors the big balloons with motors are trying to steal away. Indeed, of the two, the heavier-than-air type of airship is the more dirigible, and has the better right to the name if it were worth taking—which it isn't, as two people out of three mispronounce it and probably always will.

To Be Saved Only by Endowment.

When the School of Medicine connected with Fordham University announced, some time ago, that lack of funds had compelled the closing or suspension of its work, all who knew and appreciated the quality of the instruction that had been given there realized that a real misfortune had occurred and regretted a decrease by one of the not too large number of institutions where competent doctors were competently trained. And the Fordham school did deserve that praise. Opened as a non-sectarian centre of medical education in 1905, it soon gained the "Class A" rating of the American Medical Association, which is not a meaningless honor or lightly conferred, as is well and resentfully known by the medical schools to which it has been refused.

Over 800 physicians have been graduated from Fordham and the present student body numbers 200. These men cannot be transferred to other already overcrowded institutions, and therefore many will lose time or turn to other careers.

A feature of the Fordham history is the establishment of the first course in specialized post-graduate medical study and research in an American university. The success of this venture established Fordham's reputation, and she has retained her place this long only to fail at the time of her greatest opportunity through lack of an endowment. The sum asked for the reopening and maintenance is $2,000,000.

FROM MR. FLAGG

About His Criticism of the Speech of Mr. Nevinson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of July 10 you publish a letter from A. E. Gallatin in regard to my letter of some time ago about the painter Nevinson.

If there was any misquotation it was the fault of THE TIMES reporter, as I quoted his words—his report of Nevinson's speech—word for word. And it was not the sort of thing that would occur to a reporter to make up out of whole cloth.

I have noticed from time to time "answers" to my letter from various people, who, as is usual in such cases, do not confine themselves to the matter in question, but hit out vaguely in several directions, evidently for the pleasure of seeing themselves in print.

I didn't think it worth while to reply to any of them, but in this case I do, as I certainly would be very much peeved myself to be misquoted, and if Mr. Nevinson did not make the statement that appeared in THE TIMES—or words to that effect—then his accusation of misquotation should be shifted to THE TIMES.

I am, by the way, a great admirer of many British things, qualities, and men, and I have lived in England and know London well, but I think there is a happy medium between swallowing everything, hook, line, and sinker, because it happens to be English and the bilious intolerance of the Anglophobe. My "British Day Poster," called "Side by Side, Britannia!" was a sincere expression of feeling on my part—but nix on the condescension stuff.

JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG.
Biddeford Pool, Me., July 11, 1919.

The 2d Division.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read in yesterday's TIMES that the famous 2d Division would entrain for Brest tomorrow on its way home, so it remains to be seen if this city and the country at large are going to give these great fighters the reception which is by right due them or if we are to have a practical illustration of the truth of the old saying, viz., that republics are ungrateful.

Gallantry and bravery in action usually goes unrecognized when displayed by regular soldiers, but for what reason it is difficult to see. But, as Mr. Edwin L. James has several times pointed out that the 2d, though nominally a regular division, is composed for the most part of drafted men or men who volunteered for the duration of the war. I think it will be found that there are hundreds, if not thousands, of boys from this city and State in the 2d Division, and as our boys of the 27th and 77th Divisions have been accorded royal receptions, why should not our boys of the 2d Division, who have seen longer service, have done the severest fighting, have had the greatest losses and, above all, stopped the Hun at Chateau-Thierry, be made to feel that we have not forgotten their great sacrifices and their great services to humanity?

JOSEPH CAVANAGH.
New York, July 15, 1919.

The Object of a League.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Republican Senators, (including, of course, on this subject the nondescript Mr. Reed of Missouri,) seem to think that the chief object of a League of Nations should be to guard at all hazards the United States. They don't seem to recall the fact that the League is formed to prevent wars and all the misery, suffering and sorrow which they entail. The Senators are unwilling that we should yield anything, make any concessions whatever, to attain that end. Others may do so but, bless your heart, not we.

The world never saw such an aggregation of ambitious, heaped-up greeds or remorseless revenges as were smouldering at the conference in Paris. Each nation had a fine lot of them. If no nation conceded anything or yielded anything what chance was there that any agreement would ever be reached? The welfare of the civilized world demands that we as well as all the other nations must take chances if war is to be prevented. A little loss by way of agreement and prevention is immeasurably better than the stupendous loss which another war would doubtless impose upon us.

DONALD HOWARD.
Bayshore, L. I., July 11, 1919.

For a Family in Need.

During the illness of their overworked breadwinner, the Charity Organization Society has been caring for all the needs of Mrs. S—— and her six children, and has arranged for the serious operation which she must have at once. They are planning to send all of them to the country this Summer and to give them a regular allowance until Mary, the eldest girl, finishes trade school and can go to work. The maintenance of these eight people will cost $360 during the next few months. These readers are urged to remember that distress at home is often overlooked for that in foreign lands. Gifts for this family should be sent to the Society, 105 East 22d Street. Acknowledgments will be promptly mailed.

TO LIBERTY.

Forever thine, Great Liberty,
The patriot ardor of the free!
Upon all goals of honor, fame,
Shines the pure glory of thy name!
Thy light has blazed the sacred way
For peace and victory today!

Forever thine, Great Liberty,
The loyal service of the free!
For thee each sense that we command,
For thee the labors of our hand;
Forever shall their efforts bring
Full meed to aid thy farthering!

Forever thine, Great Liberty,
The sacred homage of the free!
Not while thy fires illume the sky
Shall duty lag or honor die!
In thy loved name still we shall fight
Victorious wars for human right!

Forever thine, Great Liberty,
The proud subservience of the free!
To thee and thee alone we say
Thou art our ruler, lead our way!
Throughout the tenure of mankind
Lead thou, and earth's last triumph find!

LURANA SHELDON.

IRELAND AND MR. WILSON.

Whose President Is He?—"Spokesman of England and France"—Americans Don't Want Him Hissed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Being a visitor to your great metropolis from a neighboring State, I wished to avail myself, on Wednesday night, of the opportunity of hearing the cause of Ireland presented by the "President of the Irish Republic." Unfortunately, I was too late to gain admittance, so I attended an overflow meeting.

There was a large crowd, and there were some eight or ten speakers. That they should be anti-British was to be expected. But I was amazed to observe that in conduct they were also anti-American. The keynote of the speeches was opposition to the League of Nations, and the speakers ridiculed and the audience hissed leading American statesmen like President Wilson and ex-President Taft.

The Irish have many admirable qualities, which every one freely acknowledges, but broadmindedness is not one of them. They lack the social sense of human brotherhood. Two prominent facts may be cited in support of this statement:

Their motto is Sinn Fein, "ourselves alone." That is doubtless symbolic of their national character. It is the quintessence of childish egoism and primitive individualism.

They are extreme opportunists; not only do they think the end justifies the means, but their end justifies any means. During the world war, the Irish Republic was pro-German. They did not fight, of course, for the Kaiser, they fought for themselves alone. But they sought aid from the Kaiser, they accepted aid from the Kaiser, and they aided him. Now the Kaiser can help them no more, so they turn from the vanquished to the victor. Truly, they seem to have lost their native sense of humor.

In advocating their cause, the Irish demand that the Americans become not only anti-British but also anti-humanitarian. The speakers whom I heard on Wednesday night demanded that American international policy be subordinated to Irish policy. They act in accordance with their motto—Sinn Fein—for themselves alone.

May I beg space for one remark further? Before the world war Germans were universally admired and lauded by the American people. The war was the acid test. Never again will they evoke the same kindly feeling and high regard which they did formerly. Similarly, the Irish have always had the active sympathy of Americans, and have been treated in this country like spoiled children. But alas! the great war was too severe a test for some of their leaders. The League of Nations is another test. This will be a test for the rank and file. Is humanity above the nation? Or is American policy to be made subservient to Irish policy—Sinn Fein, ourselves alone?

The human race stands today at the parting of the ways. The American people want a League of Nations. They entered the war to abolish war. A League of Nations is the path of progress leading to a higher civilization, to a larger co-operation, to a nobler and better humanity. We did not tolerate German dictation in the cause of world freedom. Shall we tolerate Irish dictation in the cause of universal progress?

It is not yet too late for our fellow-citizens of Irish descent to look up and follow the vision of our able and far-seeing President, the greatest living American, a man whom posterity will probably place higher on the roll of fame than either Washington or Lincoln.

W. B. ELKIN.
New York, July 12, 1919.

Wrong in Italy, Right in Britain.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article of Monday, July 7, criticising a statement made by Peter Golden at a meeting of the Irish Progressive League, you call attention to the fact that the President was hissed and booed, and state that it was because he has regarded himself as the President of the American people and not of a racial faction. I would like to ask why he was hissed and booed in Italy if not for "butting in" on another country's affairs, and thereby giving offense to millions of loyal Americans of Italian descent. He apparently did not then regard himself as the President of the American people, but rather as the spokesman of England and France. How well his course was approved in this country is shown by the storm of protest which arose from all parts of this country, from people who did not think he acted as the President should act, and from people who claimed to be loyal Americans.

But, when another group of loyal Americans respectfully urges the President of the American people to use his influence at the Peace Conference, (although there seems to be no immediate danger that he will,) on behalf of the Irish nation, THE NEW YORK TIMES assumes that this second group is made up of Bolsheviki and other vermin when they dare to do anything which has as its object the forcing of a burglar to drop his loot. You will pardon my likening England to a burglar, but I would be thankful for any other word which more fittingly describes her.

It does not matter, gentlemen, whether the Russian Soviet Republic or any other group of anarchists recognizes the Irish Republic, public sentiment in this country is in favor of recognition for the Irish Republic, and will demand that the same be given.

In closing, I would state that friends of Ireland in this country are not asking that England be made to suffer unless the suffering is caused by the realisation that she must do justice to Ireland. WILLIAM F. McDONALD,
Recording Secretary, Division 3, Ancient Order Hibernians.
Rome, N. Y., July 7, 1919.

The Chicago Meeting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. de Valera was a little late in warning his Chicago audience yesterday against hooting the President, and I am afraid his weak attempt to explain away the recent demonstration in Madison Square Garden as the work of "agents" sent thither by "enemies of the Irish cause" will not do. He knows too well that he was obliged some months ago to deal with the same difficulty in Ireland, where some of his ablest henchmen failed to see that the time had come to abandon their allegiance to Germany and to cease their attacks on the United States and the President, as well as the pleasant diversion of spitting on the uniformed men of this country.

Last April a distinguished Irishman, a citizen of Dublin, wrote to me as follows concerning the activities of the republicans:

"In their Easter proclamation [of 1916] they acclaimed the victories of their 'gallant allies in Europe.' 'Up the Kaiser!' 'Up the Germans!' were the common shouts at Sinn Fein or anti-recruiting meetings. The American flag was publicly insulted and burned in Irish towns when the States joined the Allies in 1917, and this week in the Irish National Assembly grave insinuations were made against the honesty and sincerity of the President, so much so that the 'speaker' appealed to members not to make too many open attacks on him, as it might do harm to the cause."

Mr. de Valera must not be astonished if Irish-Americans and German-Americans are a little slow to understand that the old alliance is now broken. They are followers of his friend and faithful supporter, John Devoy, and are still satisfied that the Administration at Washington will "go down in history coupled with the name of Woodrow Wilson, and making his memory infamous." (Gaelic American, April 29, 1916.) "It is Ireland's interest," he told them three years ago, "that Germany should win the war, and it is Germany's interest that Ireland should be a separate and independent nation. This and this alone is the basis of the German-Irish alliance, which will last until the end of the present war, and it is to be hoped for long after it. Germany has done all she has been asked to do so far, and there is no doubt she will continue to do so." (Ibid.)

At that time Mr. Devoy was laughing at the Irish who came home from the war disabled as "Irish buns" and "crippled Amadhawns" (idiots,) but the Germans on all occasions were held up to adoration. There was a great meeting in Philadelphia, at which Judge Rooney and Justice Cohalan were the principal speakers, and the band played "Die Wacht am Rhein" followed by "The Wearing of the Green." In the meantime a party of Irish volunteers in uniform entered the stage on one side and a party of uniformed Germans on the other, and, as the Gaelic American informed us, "the two captains of the commands, August Hueges for the Germans, and John Cavenagh for the Irish, then clasped hands in the centre." (Gaelic American, May 13, 1916.)

The honest Sinn Feiner is too chivalrous to forget this touching comradeship and it is unreasonable of Mr. de Valera to expect him to forgive the President who was so largely responsible for destroying it. CH. FITZ GERALD.
New York, July 13, 1919.

"An Outburst of Emotions."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Alluding to hissing Mr. Wilson, who has betrayed his trust and sold our country to the British autocracy, it is pardonable, being but an outburst of emotions which it is difficult to repress when one realizes how little he has lived up to every principle which he said he was fighting for, and dragged this country into war for, alas, to our disillusionment now, England's aggrandizement through increased territory with increased resources and added wealth.

We have little here to gain, we Irish-Americans, except the long-hoped-for realizations of our forefathers who have struggled for centuries under the cruel yoke of England, suffering privation, persecution, evictions, English-made famines, and finally in desperation driven to this country, where their children have learned to love justice and liberty for all oppressed peoples.

A Sinn Feiner and American,
GERTRUDE A. LILLY.
New York, July 14, 1919.

Ireland or Wilson.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Through the column of your editorial page allotted to the expression of views by your readers permit me to compliment you upon the splendid editorial appearing in this morning's issue under the heading, "Is It the Best Way?"

The writer of this letter is of Irish descent; he loves Ireland with a love warm and true—he is proud of her past and, in spite of her present leaders, or, rather, so-called leaders, he is confident of her future. He knows of no more delightful privilege than to read the life of Parnell and to study the orations and works of O'Connell. Above and beyond all, he cherishes no love for the British Empire, although he is an ardent admirer of her armies as they stood and fought upon the fields of France and of Flanders.

But—and this is the point—when he reads of the doings of the Irish leaders in this country—Walsh, Cohalan, O'Leary—when he scans the list of those prominent in the Irish, anti-American—for it is nothing more than that to all appearances—propaganda, he shivers with shame and is filled with sympathy and with pity for the misfortune of the Emerald Isle in having such misfit, erratic, irresponsible leaders usurp the direction of its cause. Ireland has been abused and has suffered misfortunes galore, but she has never been visited with such a scourge as the plague with which she is afflicted in the form of so-called friends and advocates of her interests and welfare.

As stated in the beginning, I come of Irish stock—I am proud of that fact and, after America, at Ireland's service I will always be found. But if the issue of Ireland or Wilson is forced, then—like every American worthy of the name, like every true admirer of Ireland itself—I will move off under the banner of Woodrow Wilson.

JAMES H. GLAVIN, Jr.
Waterford, N. Y., July 14, 1919.

Political Ability Questioned.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Surely we have had enough disloyalty in this country. For a group of people to gather to hiss the nation's leader because he has not advanced materially their nationality across the seas is not an evidence of 100 per cent. Americanism, of which we hear so much. Even the so-termed "President of the Irish Republic" has had to apologize for the disloyal conduct of those who thronged the recent Carnegie Hall meeting.

One great fact is evident that no people of those striving for independence have manifested themselves less able to solve their own destiny wisely and justly than the people of Ireland. There are too many groups thinking differently. Can half a people claim the right to carry out their will over the wishes of the other? The condition of Ireland seems to be best pictured to me by a group of irritable children who persist in squabbling among themselves unwilling to be guided by the mature hand. Such activity shows a lack of broad thinking and wide outlook upon world affairs.

Ireland needs many broadminded men and a host of teachers to mold the thought of the people along fair and enlightened lines. Then MAY Ireland achieve real independence.

P. ARTHUR ELSEY.
New York, July 14, 1919.

BARON DE CARTIER MARRIES MRS. CARY

Belgian Minister to the United States Takes American Bride in Paris.

ARE WED IN THE MADELEINE

Bride Was the Widow of Hamilton Cary of New York—Pair Met at Peace Conference.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 16.—Mrs. Marie Cary, widow of Hamilton Cary of New York, was married today in the Church of the Madeleine to Baron de Cartier, the Belgian Minister to the United States. The religious ceremony, which was followed by a low nuptial mass, was attended by a small company. The witnesses for the bride were Ambassador Wallace and the Countess of Chabrillon.

Among those present were the Norwegian Minister and Baroness Dewedel, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carroll of Carrollton, Mrs. James Hamilton Lewis, and Mrs. Reginald Brooks.

The Baron and Baroness de Cartier will return to Paris on July 27 from their honeymoon. Their romance began in Paris during the Peace Conference.

The Belgian Legation to the United States will soon be raised to the rank of an embassy. Baron De Cartier is very popular in Washington, where he is known as a strong friend of America.

Both the bride and bridegroom are well-to-do. It is understood here that Mrs. Cary loses half her fortune through marriage, under the terms of her late husband's will.

Mrs. Cary, now the wife of Baron Emil de Cartier de Marchienne, was formerly Miss Marie B. Dow of Boston. She has been three times married, her first husband having been Elihu B. Frost, a New York lawyer, from whom she was separated in 1909 and divorced in December of that year at Reno. She married Hamilton Wilkes Cary, who was a well known society man and turfman, in this city on Jan. 1, 1910.

When Mr. Cary died, Feb. 15, 1917, at the Breakers Hotel at Palm Beach, he left an estate said at the time to have been valued at about $600,000. Mrs. Cary and Miss Kate Cary, a sister, together inherited most of his property. Mrs. Cary lived for some time at the Ritz-Carlton in this city before going last Winter to Europe to engage in war relief work in France and Belgium.

WED AT SUMMER HOME.

H. W. Poor's Daughter Is Married to Captain Paca at Bethlehem.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, N. H., July 16.—Miss Helen H. Poor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Poor of New York, was married at her parents' Summer home here this afternoon to Captain William C. Paca, U. S. A. The bridesmaid was Miss Susan Wise of Flushing, and the best man was Lieutenant L. P. Philip of the United States Aviation Service. Rev. Dr. O. W. Howard, Summer rector of the local Episcopal Church, was the officiating clergyman. The house was decorated with sweet peas, roses, poppies, and greens.

The bride's gown was white satin and lace, with court train and tulle and point lace veil trimmed with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of sweet peas. The bridesmaid wore pink organdie with hat to match. Mr. and Mrs. Paca were to leave for a short motor tour, and will return here for the latter part of their honeymoon.

Among the guests were the bridegroom's sisters, Mrs. James Woodburn, Jr., and Miss Dorothy D. Paca of Oil City, Penn., while from New York came Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Titus, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Garside, Mrs. Richard Forester, Richard Forester, Jr., Mrs. C. P. Geddis, Miss Mary Bruce, and Frederick Bruce.

MUCH A. E. F. BAGGAGE LOST.

Returning Soldiers Complain of Failure to Obtain Their Property.

Fully 150,000 trunks and other pieces of baggage belonging to officers and enlisted men who have returned from Europe have not yet been received by their owners, it was learned yesterday from the chief clerk of the Lost Baggage Section at Hoboken. This information was brought out after many soldiers had made complaints to the authorities that they were in the city without their extra uniforms, toilet articles, and valuables which they had packed in their trunks.

Although many of the men thought that the baggage had been lost, the chief clerk said yesterday that 300,000 trunks were still suspected and that they were coming in at the rate of from 5,000 to 6,000 daily. He said that 75,000 pieces of baggage were in the port now, 25,000 of which had not been claimed. It seems that a great deal of the baggage is sent to the United States long after the owner returns, on account of lack of space on the ships, or that it is sent before he leaves the other side.

TO END SODA WATER TAX.

House Steering Committee Favors Its Repeal.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Repeal of the soda water tax was decided on today by the Republican Steering Committee of the House. The decision will be referred to the Ways and Means Committee, which will draft a repeal measure. Some leaders predicted that the tax which levies an impost of 10 per cent. on soft drinks and ice cream would be repealed within a month.

TAGORE DROPS KNIGHTHOOD

Resigns Title Because of Alleged Wrongs of India.

Unofficial advices reaching New York yesterday reported that Sir Rabindranath Tagore, the Indian sage and poet, had asked that he be allowed to drop the title received from King George. Tagore is quoted as saying in a letter to the Viceroy of India:

"The enormity of the measures taken by the Government in the Punjab for quelling some local disturbances has, with a rude shock, revealed to our minds the helplessness of our position as British subjects in India. The disproportionate severity of the punishments inflicted upon the unfortunate people and the methods of carrying them out, we are convinced, are without parallel in the history of civilized Governments, barring some conspicuous exceptions, recent and remote. Considering that such treatment has been meted out to a population disarmed and resourceless by a power which has the most terribly efficient organization for destruction of human lives, we must strongly assert that it can claim no political expediency, far less moral justification. * * *

"Knowing that our appeals have been in vain and that the passion of vengeance is blinding the noble vision of statesmanship in our Government, which could so easily afford to be magnanimous as befitting its physical strength and moral tradition, the very least that I can do for my country is to take all consequences upon myself in giving voice to the protest of the millions of my countrymen, surprised into a dumb anguish of terror.

"The time has come when badges of honor make our shame glaring in their incongruous context of humiliation, and I, for my part, wish to stand, shorn of all special distinctions, by the side of those of my countrymen who, for their so-called insignificance, are liable to suffer a degradation not fit for human beings.

"And these are the reasons which have painfully compelled me to ask your Excellency, with due deference and regret, to relieve me of my title of knighthood, which I had the honor to accept from his Majesty the King at the hands of your predecessor, for whose nobleness of heart I still entertain great admiration."

WEISGERBER EXONERATED.

Army Captain Accused of Pro-German Plotting Honorably Discharged.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—It became known today that Captain Edwin C. Weisgerber, inventor of "Liberty Fuel," whose court-martial and trial at Governor's Island involved charges of attempted injury to the British Army, "the American military program, and disparaging statements about the American and British services, had been exonerated of all charges except "conduct unbecoming an officer," and honorably discharged from the army on July 3.

He was acquitted on all charges and specifications impugning his loyalty to the United States and on all other charges, both of a major and minor character, relating to his official duties and army service. The court-martial which tried him sentenced him to "dismissal from the service." This sentence was remitted by President Wilson, who approved an order restoring him to duty in the Corps of Engineers, in which he was commissioned. He was honorably discharged upon his own application.

Among the charges brought against Captain Weisgerber were that in July, 1918, in association with another man, he "offered" the British Government an alleged synthetic fuel as a substitute for gasoline, asserting that this synthetic fuel, of which he said he was the inventor, consisted of 95 per cent. water and 5 per cent. chemicals. It was charged that this representation was false, and that the substitute was made from "ordinary commercial gasoline and 6 per cent. picric acid," and that it would "injure and ultimately destroy any internal combustion engine."

It was further charged that this fuel was offered the British Government "with intent and purpose to impair, injure, and delay the military operations of the British Government" against Germany, the common enemy. Captain Weisgerber denied these charges, produced witnesses to refute them, and was acquitted.

He was also charged that in June, 1918, he drew specifications for standardized and interchangeable pipe connections for oxygen and hydrogen tanks, regulators, and containers used in the army knowing that oxygen containers and connections were equipped with a right-hand thread and hydrogen containers with a left-hand thread, and that his proposal, if carried out, would have constituted a menace to military operations and increased the danger of explosions. On this charge Captain Weisgerber was also acquitted.

POLK DENIES SPY STORY.

Obtaining Zimmermann Note Said to Have Been Comparatively Simple.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—"There is not a word of truth in that story."

In this sentence Under Secretary of State Frank L. Polk disposed of the statements printed by La Nacion of Buenos Aires, purporting to tell how the American Government came into possession of the Zimmermann note, a short time before the United States entered the war in 1917. Mr. Polk said that the assertion that the note was obtained by American Secret Service men from a German girl, who had been stopped at the border, was incorrect. The note was not obtained on the border. When the truth as to how the note was obtained is known, it will be found a much simpler matter than most persons imagine.

Under Secretary Polk did not consider it advisable to tell just now exactly how the note was intercepted.

In the version of the story obtained by THE NEW YORK TIMES from La Nacion it was not asserted that the Secret Service men obtained the Zimmerman note from the German woman spy stopped at the border.

TO TAKE NC-4 TO CAPITAL.

Recruiting Service Will Move Seaplane by Inland Route.

The seaplane NC-4, now on exhibition in Central Park, will be taken to Washington about July 28 and will be shown in the Smithsonian Institution, according to a report from the naval recruiting service here. The seaplane will be taken to Washington through the inland canal route.

She will be taken through the canal to New Brunswick and Princeton, and then out on the Delaware River and the Chesapeake Canal, down through the Chesapeake Bay, to the Potomac River, to Washington.

—and at Atlantic City

A fact:

At Atlantic City, which affords a typical cross-section of American society, Fatima is one of the three best sellers in nearly every hotel on the famous boardwalk.

At many of them, indeed, including the Marlborough Blenheim and the new Traymore, Fatima is steadily the leader.

FATIMA

—"just enough Turkish"

STREET LINES NEED A BILLION A YEAR

Estimate Made by Expert Before Federal Electric Railways Commission.

NO RETURN ON 5-CENT FARE

W. G. Bradlee Says Money Must Come from Municipal Ownership or Investing Public.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Street railways of the United States will need a total of approximately $1,000,000,000 each year to enable them to meet adequately the demands made by the public, according to estimates given to the Federal Electric Railways Commission today by W. G. Bradlee, President of the Stone & Webster Management Association of Boston.

Mr. Bradlee asserted that between $800,000,000 and $700,000,000 is spent annually for extensions and improvements and probably $850,000,000 for refunding outstanding obligations. He said little had been done in improvements in the last four years, owing to unusual conditions.

"There are only two ways to obtain this money," Mr. Bradlee said, "either through municipal ownership or through the establishment of some plan so that the investor will feel that he can count on a reasonable return if he invests in street railway securities."

H. L. Stuart, an investment banker of Chicago, said there was little market now for street railway securities.

Guy E. Tripp, Chairman of the Committee of One Hundred, representing the American Electric Railway Association, who occupied much of the day's session, predicted that many of the larger electric lines would be in bankruptcy before the commission completed its hearings.

Mr. Tripp told the commission he believed the first method for calculating earnings would be to take the issues of securities, determine whether the money produced was put in the properties, extract any "water" and use the result.

Taking up the surface traffic situation in New York City, Mr. Tripp said he did not believe the one-man car could be successfully operated there, because of traffic conditions and the unusual crowding in the rush hours. He said that cars are now operated on New York streets as closely as possible.

"I would like to ask your solution of the New York problem," said Royal Meeker of the commission.

"That," said Mr. Tripp, "would require an analysis of the deficit that exists. It is hard to state, but a seven-and-one-half-cent fare might do it."

"I meant so far as physical improvement is concerned," said Mr. Meeker.

"I don't see much chance," Mr. Tripp replied.

Bentley W. Warren, counsel for the association, read a letter from Chairmany Hurley of the United States Shipping Board commending the work of the street railways during the war and declaring adequate and efficient street railway facilities an essential to the development of cities as transcontinental trunk lines were to the country at large.

"They should," declared Mr. Hurley in his letter, "be fostered and safeguarded accordingly. It appears to me that there is only one remedy, and that is authority to increase the fares."

Mr. Bradlee said his company has experimented with gasoline buses, and that none of them paid. Asked about Henry Ford's idea that he could solve the street railway problem with a gas car, Mr. Bradlee said Mr. Ford had "an idea and not a car."

Upon completion of the railway testimony adjournment will be taken until Aug. 4, when Secretary Baker and a group of economists will begin testifying. On the completion of the testimony another adjournment will be taken until Aug. 11, when the Mayors of large cities, including New York, San Francisco, Boston, Buffalo, New Orleans, Seattle, Detroit, Chicago, and Cleveland, and members of various commissions will be heard.

Mr. Tripp held that street railway employes clearly were entitled to the wage increases granted by the War Labor Board, and that some basis of fares on a cost of service plan should be worked out between the public and the traction companies.

Great fortunes had been made by street railway corporations in the past, but not through revenues from fares. A return was never paid on a five-cent fare, he said, but "hopes were capitalized and hopes were sold." He added that there was no question but that dishonesty in overcapitalization, stock manipulation, and the use of corporate influence in the past were in a large measure responsible for the difficulties now being experienced by the traction companies.

Increased wages and operating costs were also blamed by Mr. Tripp for the present predicament of many companies. Asked why fares were not increased he said:

"Because these fares are fixed by franchise or municipal regulations and because of the public idea that the five-cent fare is in fact, future. Street railway credit can never be restored under the present system governing municipalities and the companies."

The nickel fare would be about ten cents today if it had kept pace with currency depreciation, he said.

Benjamin I. Wheeler Gives Up Post.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 16.—Dr. Benjamin Ide Wheeler retired today from the presidency of the University of California, a position he has held twenty-five years. He assumed the cities of President Emeritus and Professor of Comparative Philology in the university. His successor has not been chosen.

Titled Cuban a Visitor Here.

The Marquis and Marquise de la Real Proclomacion have arrived from Cuba and are at the Plaza Hotel for an indefinite stay.

Miss Levey to Wed E. J. Rosner.

Mr. and Mrs. David E. Levey of 120 West Seventieth Street and Deal, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Williams Levey, to Edmond James Rosner, a son of Mrs. M. J. Rosner of the Hotel Biltmore. Mr. Rosner served during the war as an Ensign in the navy.

Miss Isabel Warren Engaged.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Isabel Meredith Warren, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Flint Warren, Jr., of 239 West Seventy-first Street, this city, to Lieut. Commander Robert King Awtrey, U. S. N., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Awtrey of Atlanta, Ga. Lieut. Commander Awtrey was graduated from Annapolis in the class of 1911, and is now in command of the U. S. destroyer Gamble. The marriage will probably take place next Autumn.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. William Humphries Redmond, of East Orange, N. J., formerly of this city, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen May Redmond, to Frederic C. Geils, son of Mr. and Mrs. Christian L. Geils, also of East Orange. Mr. Geils served in the war with the 113th Regiment and as Lieutenant in the 83d Regiment, Heavy Field Artillery.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Kaufman of 981 Park Avenue, who are at present at Long Branch, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Julie Kaufman, to Nathan A. Berg, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Berg of 129 East Seventy-ninth Street and West End, N. J.

Woolford-Irvine.

Miss Winifred Irvine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Irvine, of Ithaca, N. Y., and Custis Scott Woolford, of Baltimore, Md., were married yesterday at the Church of the Transfiguration, the Rev. Dr. George C. Houghton officiating. Only immediate relatives attended the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Woolford will live in Baltimore.

NAVY SETS NEW RECORD.

315,067 Soldiers Brought Home from Europe During June.

Former German liners, converted merchantmen and warships operated by the Cruiser and Transport Force of the Atlantic Fleet transported from Europe to the United States during June a total of 315,067 troops, which is 9,000 more than were transported to Europe by all vessels of the allied nations during any one month of the war, it was announced yesterday by Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves. This, it was stated, was in addition to troops carried by other agencies.

To handle these troops 136 ships were employed, all manned by navy officers and crews, included among them being the giant transports Leviathan, Imperator, Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, and other large ships taken over from the Central Powers. Leading all others in the handling of troops during June was the Leviathan, which has carried on the return voyage since the signing of the armistice a total of 76,422 men.

Some exceptional records in rapid "turn arounds" at Brest have been recorded. The record probably is held, however, by the transport Great Northern, which made a round trip in a trifle more than twelve days. Included in this time was the discharging at Brest of 5,000 dozen eggs and 7,000 tons of fruit and the taking on board for the return trip of 3,120 passengers and troops, four lighters of baggage, 350 sacks of mail, 4,000 barrels of oil, and 500 tons of sugar. The time spent at anchorage at Brest was five hours and ten minutes.

RUSSELL F. HOPKINS DIES.

Consul General for Panama Here Had Unusual Career.

Russell F. Hopkins, for many years Consul General in this country for the Republic of Panama, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 1,045 Fifth Avenue, of double pneumonia, after an illness of a week. Mr. Hopkins, who was 35 years old, was the son of an Atlanta (Ga.) banker.

His marriage in October, 1905, to Miss Vera Siegrist, granddaughter of Dr. J. J. Lawrence, a patent medicine manufacturer of St. Louis, attracted attention at the time. She was then 17. They eloped in Mr. Hopkins's yacht to Peekskill, where they were married, and after a honeymoon cruise returned to New York and were forgiven.

Mr. Hopkins built a country place at Irvington, where he installed a private menagerie at a cost of more than $25,000, which was open to the public. Some years later he announced that he intended to drive a zebra tandem up Broadway.

He again drew general notice a year or so later in trying to ship a $5,000 prize bull as a present to J. Domungo Obaldia, President of the Republic of Panama. In 1910 he took out an insurance policy for $5,000 against assassination.

Mrs. Lawrence, grandmother of Mrs. Hopkins, brought suit in 1912 against Mr. Hopkins for $250,000, to which extent she alleged Mr. Hopkins had "abused her confidence and trust," but suit was soon withdrawn.

Mr. Hopkins had a Winter home at Palm Beach, Fla., and was a member of a number of clubs in New York and the South. Besides his widow, he is survived by one son and two daughters.

Dr. Salvador Gallegos.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, July 14.—Dr. Salvador Gallegos is dead. He will be buried with the military honors of a General of Division, by order of the Government. He formerly was Minister of State and Rector of the National University.

Dr. Gallegos had been prominent in Central American diplomatic affairs for years. He was appointed Vice President of the Central American Court of Justice which met at Cartago, Costa Rica, in May, 1908. He represented the Republic of Salvador also on various missions and arbitration boards.

Sea Veteran Dies on Train.

WORCESTER, Mass., July 16.—Daniel W. McGuire of Newport, R. I., died of heart failure in his compartment in a Pullman car reaching Worcester tonight. He was on his way to his home from San Diego, Cal., where he had been on navy duty as a chief machinist. McGuire was 59 years old and had been in the navy 33 years. He retired in 1916, but joined again when war was declared. He had been eight times around the world and was in the battle of Manila Bay.

James W. Cassidy.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., July 16.—James W. Cassidy died at his home here today after a long illness. Born in Salamanca, N. Y., sixty-three years ago, Mr. Cassidy entered the oil business at Oil City, Penn. He was with the Standard Oil Company for thirty-six years, and at his retirement two years ago was manager of the National Transit Company.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. KATHARINE ROBERT JACKSON, widow of Dr. William H. Jackson, died on Tuesday at her home at Queque, L. I.

Mrs. JOSEPH L. GILLESPIE, widow of Louis C. Gillespie, died on Tuesday in her eighty-third year at her home at Tower Hill, Morristown, N. J.

Mrs. PAULINE BESSER, widow of Charles Besser, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fannie Brown, 545 West 164th Street, in her eighty-sixth year.

CHARLES WERNER, 59 years old, a manufacturing furrier in Manhattan, died at his home, 62 Waldorf Court, Flatbush, Brooklyn, on Monday.

ALEXANDER ROTHSCHILD, foreman of the Strauss Printing Company, died of Bright's disease on Monday at his home, 137 Euclid Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. IDA BRUCKENFELD, wife of Israel Bruckenfeld, a dealer in velvet and silk in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at her home, 49 Norfolk Street, aged 64 years.

WALTER MACKAYE SCOTT, 65 years old, died suddenly on Monday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Munson, 62 Lincoln Avenue, Grantwood, N. J.

CHARLES BETTLEHEIM, 90 years old, a real estate operator in Albany, N. Y., for more than sixty years, died yesterday at the home of his daughter in New York.

EDWARD FRACE, 57 years old, a former shoe merchant, died yesterday at his home, 120 East Eighty-second Street. He was born in Newton, N. J.

Mrs. WILHELMINA LAMBERT MOE, widow of Dr. Charles Moe, a Manhattan dentist, died at Stamford, Conn., on Monday. Her home was at 907 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

PATRICK J. McCALLY, who was a member of the New York police force for forty-three years, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 685A Macon Street, Brooklyn. He was 81 years old.

EUGENE W. HANNA, for many years with the Ansonia Clock Company and a former resident of Brooklyn, died at his home in Roselle Park, N. J., on Tuesday. He was 67 years old.

THOMAS WILLIAM EDKINS, formerly with Wood, Harmon & Co., died on Monday at his home, 30 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in London, England, seventy-five years ago, and during the civil war served in the United States Navy.

ANTHONY GOLDEN, born in Sligo, Ireland, 106 years ago, died on Tuesday at his home, 13 Orchard Street, Port Washington, L. I. He had lived in America three-quarters of a century and until two years ago in Manhattan.

NOBEL PRIZE MAN DIES.

Dr. Fischer Also Held an American Medal for Chemical Research.

BERLIN, July 16.—Dr. Emil Fischer, Professor of Chemistry in the University of Berlin, is dead.

Professor Fischer gained the Nobel Prize in 1902 for numerous contributions to organic and biological chemistry. The Elliott Cresson Gold Medal was awarded to him in 1918 by the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia.

Dr. Fischer was born in 1852 and was educated at Bonn University. A member of many scientific bodies, he held degrees from many educational institutions. He was the author of a number of works on chemistry.

John Halsted.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., July 16.—The funeral of John Halsted, 88 years old, who died a few days since, was held here yesterday afternoon. Mr. Halsted was said to have been the oldest native of Peekskill, and was a lifelong friend of Chauncey M. Depew, also a native of this place. Under President Harrison Mr. Halsted was Collector of Revenue on the Canadian border, and later was appointed Chinese Commissioner.

Born.

BERMANT.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bermant (nee Anna Forma) of 884 Riverside Drive announce the birth of a son, Wednesday, July 16.

PRICE.—To Mr. and Mrs. John B. Price, (nee Bella Bernhart,) a son, Robert Stuart, Sunday, July 13, 701 West 179th St.

Married.

LUSK—PAULIN.—At New York, July 15, Amelie Paulin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. E. Paulin, 13 Slosson Terrace, Tompkinsville, Staten Island, to Edward J. Lusk of New York.

MINTON—WERNER.—Dr. H. R. Minton of Chicago to Miss Martha Werner, on July 16, at the Pennsylvania Hotel, by the Rev. Dr. Krauskopf. Chicago papers please copy.

Died.

BEACH.—On July 14, 1919, Marion L. Beach, widow of Hoffman Beach, and daughter of the late David and Jane Morrison. Funeral services at her late residence, 255 West 130th St., Thursday, 10 A. M.

BERRY.—July 15, 1919, at Somerville, N. J., Charles H., husband of Evelyn M. Berry, (nee Pierce), and father of Genevieve, George, and Harry Berry. Funeral services at St. John's Episcopal Church, Somerville, N. J., Saturday, July 19, at 1:30 P. M.

BESSER.—On July 16th, in her 86th year, Pauline, widow of the late Charles and devoted mother of Fannie Brown, Tina Feurst, Dr. Herman and Jack Besser. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her daughter, Fannie Brown, 545 West 164th St., Friday, July 18, at 1 P. M. Jacksonville, Fla., papers please copy.

BOWEN.—George Augustus, long time resident of Cincinnati, Ohio, July 16, at Berryville, Clarke County, Va.

BRUKENFELD.—Ida. Died 5 A. M., July 15, 1919, age 64, of 47 Norfolk St. Survived by husband, Israel Bruckenfeld, and children, Sarah, Morris, Rose, Annie, Yetta, Tillie, Minnie, Irving, Pearl.

COCK.—On July 15, 1919, Mary A., daughter of the late William E. and Mary E. Cock. Funeral services at her late residence, 29 Mitchell Av., Flushing, N. Y., on Thursday, July 17, at 3 P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

CONN.—Amelia Melius, wife of Curtis W. Conn. Services Wednesday, 8 P. M., Maplewood, N. J. Burial Thursday noon, Westbury, L. I. San Francisco papers please copy.

CUMMINGS.—On Tuesday, July 15, 1919, Mrs. Anna R. Cummings, mother of Mrs. Lillie M. George, at her residence, 588 Manhattan Av. Funeral private, Thursday.

FOX.—Suddenly, at the French Hospital, on July 15, 1919, Grayce Hodnett Fox, beloved daughter of Emma I. and the late James W. Hodnett. Funeral on Friday at 9:30 A. M. from the residence of her aunt, Mrs. R. M. H. Colby, 2,062 Grand Av., near Burnside Av., Bronx; thence to the Church of the Holy Spirit, University and Burnside Avs. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

FRACE.—Edward. Services CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., Thursday, 8 P. M.

GILLESPIE.—At Morristown, N. J., on July 16th, Josephine L., widow of the late Louis C. Gillespie, in her eighty-third year. Funeral services at her late residence, Towerhill, Morristown, N. J., at 11 o'clock Friday morning. Automobiles will meet train leaving Hoboken 9:15 A. M., reaching Morristown 10:21. Interment at Woodlawn at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

HANNA.—On July 15, Eugene W., survived by his widow, Carolyn M., and son, Leslie W. Funeral services at late residence, 200 Walnut St., Roselle Park, N. J., at 1 P. M. Thursday, July 17. Interment private.

HEIDEMANN.—July 15, Jacob, beloved husband of Estella. Funeral from his late residence, 544 West 163d St., on July 17, at 2 P. M.

HOPKINS.—Russell, at his residence, 1,045 5th Av., July 16 at 1 P. M. Funeral notice later.

JACKSON.—At Queque, L. I., July 15, Katharine Robert, widow of Dr. William H. Jackson, and daughter of the late Jane Cowenhoven and Daniel Robert, Esq. Funeral private.

JACOBI.—At a special meeting of the Board of Trustees of the ASSOCIATION FOR THE IMPROVED INSTRUCTION OF DEAF-MUTES in the City of New York, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the death of Dr. Abraham Jacobi this association has lost a friend whose place can never be adequately filled.

For more than a generation Dr. Jacobi, with untiring zeal and the most sincere sympathy, placed at the constant service of the afflicted children under our charge his matchless skill and great wisdom.

During that period Dr. Jacobi served as the head of our Medical Board without reward or the desire for reward beyond that which he derived from the consciousness of a sacred duty well performed.

We have rejoiced in the distinction and in the benefits which his connection with our work gave to us. In his demise we are deeply afflicted.

Resolved, That the Board of Trustees attend his funeral in a body, and that the flag of the association be placed at half mast, and that a copy of these resolutions, properly attested, be transmitted to the bereaved family of Dr. Jacobi as evidence of our sorrow and of our sincere sympathy with them in their affliction.

Attest: FELIX H. LEVY, President.
SAMUEL M. NEWBURGER, Secretary.

KAHN.—July 15th, Max Kahn. Funeral from the chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., on Friday, July 18, at 10 A. M.

KOLESCH.—On July 16, Emilie, beloved mother of Percy, Vyva Kretschmar, and Ella Lieb. Burial from her late residence, 418 Jamaica Av., Brooklyn. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

LEVY.—On July 16, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Naftal, 676 Riverside Drive, Mrs. Bertha Levy, beloved wife of the late Morris Levy of 261 Hudson St., and mother of Mrs. Jacob Kursman, Mrs. Joseph Hirsch, Mrs. Henry Naftal, Saul Levy, and Mrs. Louis Silverblatt. Funeral from her late residence Friday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment at Bayside. Kindly omit flowers.

LYNCH.—Suddenly, on July 15, Alice Lynch, beloved daughter of Eliza Lynch, (nee Brown,) sister of George, James, and Ethel. Funeral from her late residence, 159 Edgecombe Av., Friday, at 9:30 A. M. thence to St. Charles Borromeo Church. Interment at Calvary.

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BLOOMINGDALES CUT FLOWER SHOP, 59th St., bet. Lexington and 3d Avs. Plaza 5900. Artistic floral designs, $1 up.

Died.

O'CONNELL.—July 15, 1919, Julia O'Connell, (nee Fanning,) widow of William O'Connell. Funeral Friday, 9:15 A. M., from her late residence, 350 West 126th St.; thence to St. Catherine's Church, 132d St., near Amsterdam Av. Mass 10 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

PORTER.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, July 15, 1919, at his residence, 3,580 Boulevard, Jersey City, Ellwood Wilson Porter.

ROYCE.—On July 16, 1919, Christine L. Royce. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas A. McKennell, 311 East 41th St., Mt. Vernon, on Friday, 3 o'clock. St. Louis and Chicago papers please copy.

STACKPOLE.—July 16, Grace T. Services Steinbeck Merritt Harlem Chapel, 504 West 126th St., Thursday evening, 7 o'clock.

STOWE.—Suddenly, on July 13, 1919, at his residence, 207 West 81st St., Leon T. Stowe, in his late residence.

VAN DAM.—At her residence, 467 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, S. I., on July 16, Mary L., beloved wife of George F. Van Dam. Requiem mass at St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, New Brighton, Saturday, July 19, at 10 A. M.

VAN VLECK.—At Hudson, N. Y., on July 14, 1919, Dr. Charles King Van Vleck. Funeral from his late residence Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

WHITING.—On July 16, Annie S., widow of Winslow L. Whiting and mother of Mrs. H. C. Anthony and Helyn. Funeral from her late residence, 210 West 86th St., on Friday, July 18, at 10 A. M. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Newark.

In Memoriam

DEEVY.—First Lieutenant William J. Deevy, Company A, 16th Infantry, U. S. A., killed in action at Soissons, July 18, 1918. Anniversary mass on July 18, 1919, at All Saints' Church, 129th St. and Madison Av., at 9 o'clock.

DWYER.—Patrick H. A requiem mass, first anniversary, in loving remembrance of the late Patrick H. Dwyer, beloved husband of Margaret Dwyer, nee Hurley, will be celebrated at the Church of St. John the Martyr, 75th St., between 2d and 3d Aves., at 9 o'clock on Friday morning, July 18.

SHAPIRO.—In sad and loving memory of my devoted husband and our beloved father, Aaron Shapiro. Departed this life July 17, 1917.

Is the Front Door Locked?

The tantalizing suspicion that all is not well at the office—that there is *something* wrong, you know not what—never bothers the man who has Holmes Protection. *He knows* that Holmes Protection never sleeps, is never away, never forgets, and is as quick as a steel trap to detect wrong doing or damaging irregularities.

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WILLIAMS GIVES LIE TO FORMER SENATOR

Controller Says Mr. Weeks Wrote Untruth to Banking Committee.

DENIES BANKERS' CHARGES

Testifies About Uniontown Bank Case and Withdrawal of Red Cross Funds.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, appearing before the Senate Banking Committee, which is considering his nomination, today struck back at his critics, passed the lie to former Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, who bitterly opposed his nomination at the preceding session, and denied charges recently made that he had caused the withdrawal of Red Cross funds from certain Washington banks. He announced when the committee adjourned until next Friday that he would at that time reply to allegations made by John Poole and Frank J. Hogan, local bankers, relative to alleged discrimination against certain banks.

Mr. Williams testified after A. E. Bones, representing stockholders of the defunct First National Bank of Uniontown, Penn., of which U. V. Thompson, millionaire coal and land owner, was formerly President, had charged Controller Williams with mismanagement which caused the bank's stockholders a loss of $2,780,000.

Jesse C. Adkins, one of the attorneys for the Government in the Riggs Bank case, and another witness, contradicted testimony given by Mr. Hogan that the Controller had persecuted the Riggs Bank and asserted that the bank had repeatedly violated Federal banking statutes until compelled to desist by Mr. Williams.

The Controller read to the committee a letter which he recently sent to Senator Owen of Oklahoma, former Chairman of the committee, alleging that the resolutions presented to the committee at the preceding session by former Senator Weeks from the Clearing House Associations of Winchester, Ky., and Lexington, Ky., were "impositions" upon the committee. He asserted no such organization existed in the former city, but that the "resolutions" were "concerted by two junior local bank officials, apparently at the instance or influence of some person or persons whose identity had not been disclosed," in an effort to "deceive the Senate Committee and injure me."

The Controller quoted Senator Weeks as telling the committee that in five years he had not received a communication which had "not been critical of the Controller." In reference to this Mr. Williams in his letter said that he had proof that the former Massachusetts Senator at that time had a letter from a former President of the Kentucky Bankers' Association protesting against the Senator's opposition.

"That statement was made by him (Weeks) deliberately, and the record shows that in making it he uttered an untruth," Mr. Williams said in the letter.

Replying to charges that Red Cross funds had been withdrawn at the instance of the Controller from the Federal National Bank in Washington, Mr. Williams read letters of denial from Hugh S. Bird, Assistant Treasurer, and R. C. Haneke, Second Assistant Treasurer of the Red Cross. The letter of the latter asserted that "Mr. Poole has deliberately given the committee information that is absolutely not true." Mr. Bird explained that $389,000 had been withdrawn, but said this was done because the money belonged to a separate division and had been deposited by mistake in that bank.

Mr. Jones in testifying concerning the closing of the Uniontown bank said the Controller "unfairly and unwisely" disposed of the bank's assets. While all depositors had been paid in full with interest, and $605,000 in assets remained, the disposition of assets made by the receiver, Charles Strong, had produced a heavy loss for the stockholders.

Mr. Adkins told the committee that the Controller's letters, asking for various information from the Riggs Bank officials, were prompted by his efforts to determine whether that institution was complying with the law. Reviewing the litigation proceedings, he said the bank had won only technicalities and that the court upheld the Controller's right to insist on the reports requested, although holding that he did not make these requests in the proper manner.

Mr. Adkins asserted the bank had openly carried on a stock brokerage business despite the law until Mr. Williams assumed office, when it was compelled to discontinue this business.

"I have begun to think that instead of persecuting them Mr. Williams was too lenient with them," interrupted Senator Walsh of Montana.

HAMBURG LINE HEAD SAILS.

Julius P. Meyer on Way to Germany on Business Errand.

Julius P. Meyer, Director General of the Hamburg-American Line, was among the passengers sailing yesterday on the Holland-America steamship Noordam for Rotterdam via Falmouth and Boulogne-sur-Mer. Also aboard was a small army of buyers on their way to France to purchase styles for Autumn and Winter wear.

Mr. Mayer admitted that he was going to Germany in order to re-establish connections with the main offices of the line. He said that since the start of the war he had been completely out of touch with affairs there. One thing that was put up to him was the report that a Zeppelin service between New York and Berlin was planned, and that his mission had some bearing on the scheme. "Well, you know such a thing is not at all an impossibility," he said with a smile. He declined to be further interviewed.

Baroness Mackay Hommell of Ophemert Castle, Holland, also was on the Noordam. She dropped out of sight on March 7 last while on her way from Holland to the Orient and finally was located working as a servant in a San Francisco household. She said yesterday that she had taken the job so that she could educate her children that they might become Americans.

BROTHERS SHOT IN FIGHT.

Wounded Men's Assailants Escape When Police End Street Brawl.

During a fight last night in Cleveland Place, between Broome and Spring Streets, Vincent and Leonard Curcio, brothers, were shot and dangerously wounded. They were taken to Bellevue Hospital, after the police reserves had scattered the crowd. The brothers live at 212 Lafayette Street. Vincent was on his way home from work when he found his young brother the center of a fight. He went at once to the help of Leonard, who appeared to have been attacked by several men.

Both men were fighting desperately when there was the sound of a shot and Leonard staggered through the crowd and started over Broome Street toward Mulberry Street, collapsing when near that corner. A very few minutes later there was a second shot. Vincent fell, and the crowd backed away, leaving the wounded man lying on the sidewalk. It was just at this time that the police arrived. They found the neighborhood in an uproar, and they had to charge the highly excited crowd before they could clear the street. Those who had been fighting mingled with the crowd, and when they got to Vincent there was none who could explain what the fight was about or who did the shooting.

PLAN GERMAN OPERA HERE.

Goritz and Other Former Stars to Appear at the Lexington.

The Star Opera Company, a new organization which plans to give light opera and classic operettas in German, was announced yesterday for a season beginning Monday, October 20, at the Lexington Theatre. Should the venture win popular support, it is intended to continue up to January 15, when the Chicago Opera Company will take possession of the house.

Otto Goritz, former German baritone of the Metropolitan, is named artistic director. The company is to be incorporated and the cost of maintaining it will be sought by popular subscription.

Other German singers formerly at the Metropolitan are expected to play with the new company. The manager is George Blumenthal, who was for some years associated with opera at the Manhattan under Oscar Hammerstein.

Miss Burke to Act "Caesar's Wife."

Billie Burke, it is announced, will be seen again on the stage during the coming season as the star of "Caesar's Wife," a comedy by W. Somerset Maugham, which will be produced here by Charles B. Dillingham. Mr. Maugham will soon sail for New York to attend rehearsals. The play is now running in London at the Royalty Theatre.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

There will be a testimonial performance at the Manhattan Opera House on Sunday night, Aug. 31, to Barney Fagan, well known as a minstrel and song writer.

Guy Bolton's forthcoming Chinese musical comedy will be known as "The Flower of Cathay" instead of "The Rose of Cathay." It will be produced by Comstock & Gest.

Jack Caswin, last seen here in "The Melting of Molly," has joined "Monte Cristo, Jr.," at the Winter Garden.

Thurston Hall, now playing the leading role in "Civilian Clothes" during the tryout of the play in Los Angeles, will be seen here in the piece when it is produced early in the Fall.

Thomas Dixon's drama, "The Red Dawn," will be produced in Stamford next Monday night. It will come to the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Aug. 4.

Jane Warrington and Frank Morgan have been engaged by Adolph Klauber for "Nightie Night," which is now in rehearsal.

Henry Stephenson has been placed under contract for a term of years to appear with Jane Cowl.

Officer Vokes and Don will be seen in the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic next week for one week only. They will then go to England.

O'BRIAN MAY BE CANDIDATE.

Buffalo Man Spoken Of as an Opponent of Senator Wadsworth.

Republicans opposed to the renomination of United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, according to reports from the western part of the State, may unite on John Lord O'Brian of Buffalo as a rival candidate. Mr. O'Brian, during the war, was an Assistant United States Attorney General in charge of the Alien Enemy Bureau in the Department of Justice.

Mr. O'Brian, who is a progressive Republican, while Senator Wadsworth is catalogued as a "stand-patter," is being considered because of his stand on woman suffrage and prohibition, which should insure to him the undivided vote of the women advocates of woman suffrage and the dry. Senator Wadsworth is opposed both by the women suffragists and the New York Anti-Saloon League, which has issued several broadsides against him through its State Superintendent, William H. Anderson.

There is a question, however, whether Mr. O'Brian would have the support of the Republican organization in his own home county—Erie, which, until recently at least, was for the re-election of Senator Wadsworth, himself a western New York man.

Mr. O'Brian served in the Assembly in 1907, 1908, and 1909, when Senator Wadsworth was Speaker. He was a delegate at large in the Constitutional Convention which met in 1915.

Honor Aldao at a Luncheon.

A luncheon was given at the Lawyers' Club yesterday by Enrique Gil of Aldao, Campos & Gil in honor of Ricardo C. Aldao, ex-Minister of Finance of the Province of Buenos Aires and Argentine delegate to the Pan-American Financial Conference in Washington in 1915 and in Buenos Aires in 1917. Among the guests were the following: L. S. Rowe, Ernesto C. Perez, George W. Wickersham, John Barrett, Henry W. Taft, John Bassett Moore, George W. Schurman, and General Brice P. Disque.

—and with our Army Doctors

A fact:

At the Medical Officers' Training Camp, Fort Riley, Kansas, last year, the largest-selling cigarette among these thousands of doctors and surgeons from all parts of the United States was Fatima.

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Necco Sweets

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Every assorted roll of Necco Wafers is a rainbow of fascinating flavors. Every wafer is a mouth-melting disk of alluring sweetness. In rolls of peppermint, wintergreen, chocolate, cinnamon, and assorted flavors.

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HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Last 4 Mats. Saturday, 2:30. Times LOUIS MANN in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

B. F. KEITH'S EDDIE FOY & 7 YOUNGER FOYS. NEW SPANISH REVUE. Next Fitzgibbon, Ar. PALACE B'way & 47th St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Daily, 25c-$1. Klarges and SWEETIES.

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With Cyril Keightley and Ethel Dane. Rachel Crothers' Refreshing Comedy
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To reassuring social evils and sex perplexities. Children under 16 not admitted. Continuous 11 to 11. Prepared under supervision of U. S. Public Health Service.
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B. S. MOSS Broadway B'way, 41st St. Cont. Noon to 11 P. M. Popular Prices. MACK SENNETT'S Yankee Doodle in Berlin. Bathing Beauties IN PERSON.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. RIALTO ETHEL CLAYTON in "A Sporting Chance." Mrs. Sidney Drew Comedy RIVOLI ORCHESTRA. TOM MOORE in "The City of Comrades." Splendid Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

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LIGHTNIN GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Evenings at 8:30. Wed. at 2:30. SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSORS

3 WISE FOOLS CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.

CORT West 48th Street. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30. SPANISH OPERA CO. SID HIT in "The Old Lady" & "Dreams of 3"

COHAN & HARRIS Thurs. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:15. The Royal Vagabond
A Celebrated Opera Comique.

Henry Miller's Thea. 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. LA LA LUCILLE
A Most Joyous Farce.

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Knickerbocker B'way 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 8th BIG MONTH COOLED BY ICED AIR. John Cort's Musical Comedy. LISTEN LESTER

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ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Schmitter, Col. F., to Ft. Wadsworth.
Huber, Col. E. G., and Pratt, Capt. F. L., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.
Talbott, Col. M. M., and Stanley, Maj. G. R., to Ft. Mason for transp. to Philippines.
Brownlee, Col. H., relieved from Insp. Gen.'s Dept.
Hughes, Lt. Col. L. S., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of West. Dept.
Macy, Lt. Col. F. S., to Governors Island and report to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept.
Lake, Lt. Col. G. E., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Denton, Lt. Col. W., to Ft. Scriven.
Dale, Lt. Col. F. A., and Guthrie, Maj. W. E., from Philippines to Washington and report to Adjt. Gen. and Surg. Gen. for instructions.
Truby, Col. W. F.; Smart, Col. W. M.; Northington, Lt. Col. S. G.; Grand, Maj. H. M.; Jones, Maj. A. D.; Peters, Maj. F. M.; Williams, Maj. R. P., and Ash, Maj. J. E., to Ft. Mason for transp. to Honolulu.
Van Meter, Maj. J. M., to Ft. Riley.
Hobby, Maj. E. E., and McNabb, Maj. F. B., to Camp Gordon.
Lynch, Maj. T. J. and Denison, Maj. W., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Sheridan.
Jarvis, Maj. N. S., (Capt. U. S. A. retired), hon. discharged as Maj. only.
Christopherson, Maj. W., to Ft. Sill.
Teat, Maj. M. C., to Ft. Slocum.
McMahon, Capt. R. C., and Murray, 1st Lt. G. A., to Hosp. 3, at Colonia, N. J.
Stewart, Capt. T. M., and Robinson, 1st Lt. C. W., to Hosp. 9, at Ft. McPherson.
Mabry, Capt. W. C., to Camp Lewis.
Benedict, Capt. C. L., and Graham, Capt. A. F., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Caldicott, 1st Lt. F. S., to Hosp. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Seale, 1st Lt. E., to Hosp. 42, at Spartanburg, S. C.
Troute, 1st Lt. F. R., transferred to Hosp. 21, at Denver, Sick.

Infantry.

Stuart, Col. G. W., assigned to 86th, at Camp Dix.
Jackson, Col. H. L., to Camp Taylor for assignment to 8th.
Sterling, Col. H. K., to San Antonio.
Seyburn, Lt. Col. W., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Custer for discharge.
Hagner, Maj. W. P., Jr., assigned to 46th, at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Von Kunimer, Capt. F. G., to Camp Upton for assignment to 42d.
Allsbach, Capt. M. K., will report to cmdg. off. of base hospital at Camp Dix for observation and treatment.
Hyer, 1st Lt. T. R., hon. discharged.
Marshall, 1st Lt. S. B., Jr., assigned to 3d, at Camp Travis.
Whitehouse, 1st Lt. E. H., hon. discharged.

Quartermaster Corps.

Rochester, Lt. Col. W. B., will report to Dir. of Finance.
Blauvelt, Maj. L. D.; Brendon, Capt. Cas Jory; Capt. R. F., and Simpson, 1st Lt. F., will report to Chief of Const. Div. as asst.
Hodgson, Maj. H. S., to San Francisco and report to the Zone Supply Off.
Irwin, Capt. V., to Ft. Harrison, relieving 1st Lt. R. D. Norvell.
Cowlbeck, Capt. H. W., to Schenectady, N. Y., as asst. to Cmdg. Off. at Army Reserve Depot.
Pierce, Capt. L. W., will report to Zone Supply Off. at N. Y. City for discharge.
Mackay, Capt. J., will report to Dir. of Purchase and Storage.
Sandford, 1st Lt. E. R., to Wash.

Air Service.

Shutan, Lt. Col. W. H., will report to Chief of Staff for duty with the Mil. Intelligence Div.
Rodgers, Maj. H., (Capt., Philippine Scouts, retired,) hon. discharged as Maj. only.
Ramsey, Maj. D. C., attached to 4th Cav.
Lovell, Maj. G. S., Jr., to Park Field, and assume command.
Arthur, Capt. D. H., to Ft. Houston.
Erickson, 1st Lt. H. A., to Dayton, Ohio.
Holland, 1st Lt. H. H., to Aberdeen Prov. Ground, Md., with 28th Balloon Co.
Watt, 1st Lt. D., to Morrison, Va.

Ordnance Department.

Feyer, Maj. A., to Ft. Riley, as Cmdg. Off. of 114th Ord. Depot Co., relieving 1st Lt. L. B. Carter.
Schuyler, Capt. M., to Washington for temp. duty and discharge.
Landers, Capt. J. A., from treatment at Walter Reed Hosp. and report to Chief of Ord.
Clark, 1st Lt. H. A., to Ft. Wingate, as asst. to Cmdg. Off.

Engineers.

Bain, Col. J. J., to St. Louis.
Kerrick, Col. H. S., to New Orleans.
Albert, Capt. F. C., and Spiller, 1st Lt. E. M., to Camp Humphreys.

Coast Artillery.

Helmick, Col. G. C., to Ft. Monroe.
Series, Maj. L. W., to Ft. Hamilton.
Patterson, Capt. W. G., to Ft. Williams.

Field Artillery.

Farrar, Col. H. B., assigned to 83d, at Camp Knox.
Gibbs, Maj. R. W., to Camp Dix for discharge.
Harry, Capt. T. C., assigned to 2d, at Camp Taylor.

Sanitary Corps.

Bitterman, Maj. T., will report to cmdt. of Army Med. School for temp. duty.
Burnett, Capt. E., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.
Leebenstein, Capt. C. T., to Camp Brag.
Parris, 1st Lt. M. A., and Edwards, 1st Lt. T. C., will report to Surg.Gen. for temp. duty.

Miscellaneous.

Elting, Brig. Gen. L. R., hon. discharged as Brig. Gen. only. He will proceed upon arrival in U. S. to Ft. Leavenworth.
Bigelow, Col. M. O., Inf.; Scott, Col. W. J., C. A.; Mosselle, Maj. W. M., Cav., and Boylan, 1st Lt. P. C., Cav., to Ft. Russell with 15th Cav.
Hayes, Lt. Col. P., Gen. Staff, relieved from detail as a member of Gen. Staff Corps.
Jarvis, Maj. N. S., relieved from present assignment and duties in office of attending surg., N. Y. City, and from further active duty.
Siquiland, Maj. T. A., U.S.A., relieved from duty as Asst. Mil. Attache, Copenhagen, and will repair to this city for temp. duty and discharge.
Wright, Maj. C. H., Insp. Gen., relieved from detail in Insp. Gen.'s Dept. and detailed as Asst. Dist. Mil. Insp. of R.O.T.C., Dist. No. 6, at Columbus, Ohio.
Ingram, Maj. J. V. N., to Camp Holabird, in Motor Transp. Corps training school.
Thomas, Maj. P. L., Cav., detailed to Motor Transp. Corps and will repair to this city.
Baldwin, Capt. J. R., Inf., and Kinney, Capt. H. B., Army Service Corps, transferred to Hosp. No. 29, at Whipple Barracks, for treatment.
Spencer, Capt. E. A., Judge Adv., to Hoboken, in office of Judge Adv., Maritime Affairs, N. Y. City.
Horralson, Capt. M. K., Motor Transp. Corps, to Camp Jessup.
Hathaway, Capt. C. E., Cav., assigned to 10th, at Ft. Huachuca.
Swanson, 1st Lt. P., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.
Bokman, 1st Lt. A. F., Dental Corps, will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Hoboken.

Resignations.

Babbitt, J. H., C.A.C., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.
Harvey, A. J., Cav., as Temp. Capt. and 1st Lt.
Mann, Capt. M., Inf.
Holland, M. L., C.A.C., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.
Fisher, D. M., Inf., as Temp. 1st Lt. and Prov 2d Lt.

Leaves.

Weeks, Col. G. McD., Inf., 23 days extension.
Wilson, Col. G. K., Inf., 10 days.
Lee, Col. J. R., Inf., 15 days extension.
Mallory, Col. J. L., M.C., 15 days extension.
Smith, Col. R., Inf., 1 month.
Morris, Col. W. V., Cav., 1 month.
Cullison, Col. J. M., Inf., 15 days extension.
Burnett, Lt. Col. J. E., Inf., 15 days extension.
Maus, Lt. Col. G. P., F.A., 1 month.
Seyburn, Lt. Col. W., Inf., 14 days.
Murchison, Lt. Col. W. G., Inf., 15 days extension.
Barker, Lt. Col. R. W., F.A., 1 month extension.
Kremers, Lt. Col. E. D., M.C., 21 days.
Andrews, Maj. G. S., Cav., 15 days extension.
Haskell, Maj. J. N., C.A.C., 15 days extension.
Deacon, Maj. F., M.C., 10 days extension.
Moore, Maj. D. M., Inf., 15 days.
Peabody, Maj. G. H., Air Ser., 1 month.
Howard, Maj. L. T., M.C., 15 days extension.
Richards, Maj. M. G., Qm.C., 1 month extension.
Mann, Maj. C. C., Dent. Corps, 1 month.
Peter, Maj. H. W., Vet.Corps, 1 month.
Dickson, Maj. T. J., Chaplain, Reg. Army, 15 days.
Harralson, Capt. M. K., Motor Transp. Corps, 15 days.
Fuller, Capt. S. G., Cav., 15 days extension.
Fleischhauer, Capt. J. H., Inf., 10 days.
Crawford, Capt. S. D., Philippine Scouts, extension to include Sept. 5.
Mayo, Capt. H. H., M.C., 10 days extension.
Linnert, Capt. H., C.A.C., 15 days extension.
Summersett, Capt. J. A. jr., Inf., 15 days extension.
Fees, Capt. J. G., F.A., 15 days.
Armstrong, Capt. W. C., Inf., 15 days extension.
Davis, 1st Lt. H. L., M.C., 15 days extension.
Breene, 1st Lt. R. G., Cav., 15 days extension.
Davidson, 1st Lt. L., San. Corps, 15 days.
Tittmann, 1st Lt. H. H. jr., Air Ser., 2 months.
Hasloch, 1st Lt. R. T., M.C., 15 days extension.
Tarbie, 1st Lt. N. E., Inf., 10 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following navy orders today:

Dubois, Capt. B. P., assigned as member of Compensation Board.
Portter, Capt. D., to aid and fleet supply off. on staff of Admiral Wilson.
Abel, Capt. C. A., to Warsaw as naval attache.
Twining, Capt. N. C., assigned as Chief of Staff to Cmdr. in Chief of Pacific fleet.
McNair, Cmdr. F. V., to command the Dickerson when commissioned.
Keppler, Cmdr. C. H., to aid on staff of Vice Admiral Williams.
Norton, Cmdr. H. E., to command the Moose.
Post, Cmdr. N. W., to the Nebraska as exec. off.
Jacobs, Cmdr. R., to command the Boggs.
Richardson, Cmdr. R. R., to the Texas.
Werner, Cmdr. R., to command the Brazos.
Selber, Cmdr. F. C., to receiving ship at New York.
Staley, Lt. Cmdr. J. B., to the Nevada as 1st Lt.
Dixon, Lt. Cmdr. V. J., to Nebraska as gun off.
Hill, Lt. Cmdr. K. L., to the Wyoming as eng. off.
Maloney, Lt. Cmdr. J. D., to the Michigan as eng. off.
Chew, Lt. Cmdr. F. T., to the Arkansas as navigator.
Everson, Lt. Cmdr. J. H., to command the Gamble.
Guiler, Lt. Cmdr. R. P., to the Arkansas as gun off.
Hatch, Lt. Cmdr. F. S., to Naval Academy for post graduate instruction in engineering.
Smith, Lt. Cmdr. H. L., to the Minnesota.
Kennedy, Lt. Cmdr. W. A., to command the Houma.
Mundle, Lt. Cmdr. C. M., to command the Lakeview.
Tomlinson, Lt. D. W., to the Georgia.
Valden, Lieut. J. L., to the Meredith as exec. off.
Warren, Lt. P. W., to the Fairfax.
Clark, Lt. H. S., to the Radford as exec. off.
Sperry, Lt. M. L., to the Stringham as exec. off.
Davis, Lt. K., to the Salem.
Lawrence, Lt. N. T., to the Minneapolis.
Martin, Lt. G. F., to the Ballard.
Ayres, Lt. H. E., to the Georgia.
Ross, Lt. G. E., to the Georgia.
Boyer, Lt. W. F., to the Utah.
Wyman, Lt. R. B., to the New Mexico.
Buck, Lt. St. Lt. to command the Eagle No. 27 when commissioned.
MacIntyre, Lt. J., to Navy Yard New York.
Alberty, Lt. W. M., to the Texas.
Middleton, Lt. H. E., to the Arizona.
Dean, Lt. C. F., to the Solace.
Callahan, Lt. J. L., to the Arkansas.
Pomeroy, Lt. R. M. S., to the Bath.
Shaw, Lt. J. D., to the Wyoming.
Matheny, Lt. J. D. G., to Dunaval Hosp. at League Isl.
Cornell, Lt. H. M., to the Yale as sen. eng.
Nilsson, Lt. N., to relieving ship at New York.
Blood, Lt. J. B., to the President Grant.
Moller, Lt. C. F., hon. discharged.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for Inspector of Gas, Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on July 24. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Practical test, 3; citizenship, 1; experience, 3; technical, 3. There is one vacancy at the present time in the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. The usual salary is $1,200 a year.

United States.

The Commission announces for Aug. 19 an examination for Electrical Assistant for men. A vacancy in the Signal Service at Large, War Department, Mayer, duty at Manila, Philippine Islands, will be filled from this examination.

Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 10; education, training, and experience, 90. A common school education and at least three years' experience with a telephone or telegraph company in the installation, operation or testing of electrical apparatus, or laboratory experience with a manufacturing company or public service corporation in testing and perfecting apparatus of the nature used by the Signal Corps are prerequisites. Each year of successful study in electrical or telephone engineering in a college or university of recognized standing will be accepted in lieu of six months of the required experience. Persons who have had power experience only are not qualified for this position. Applicants must have reached their twentieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Education Notes.

The new schedules of teachers' salaries will be considered and probably adopted at the meeting of the Board of Education this afternoon. The salaries go into effect on Jan. 1, 1920. Action at this time is necessary in order that the budget estimate for next year may be made up on the basis of the new schedule. The committee on finance recommended that the pay of district superintendents be increased from $5,000 to $6,000 a year. It has recommended increases also in the salaries of the city superintendent, associate superintendents and directors of departments.

Some time ago, on motion of Anning S. Prall, the Board of Education asked the Board of Estimate to appropriate $50,000 for an investigation of the affairs of the Education Department, the matter to be conducted by experts outside of the system and the investigation to be conducted by a lawyer who would be paid $5,000 for his work. The Board of Estimate has taken no action on the request since receiving it.

Vacation Playground 145, Brooklyn, will give an entertainment in its auditorium on July 23. The program will include drills, mimetic exercises, and dancing.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The disturbance that was over the St. Lawrence Valley Tuesday night has passed beyond the field of observation, but a belt of low pressure and opposing winds remain over the Atlantic States. Another disturbance is forming over the Far Northwest, where the pressure is relatively high over interior districts west of the Rocky Mountains and off the Pacific Coast.

During the last 24 hours there were showers in the Atlantic and Gulf States, the Ohio Valley, New Mexico, Arizona, and Western South Dakota.

Moderate temperatures for the season prevail generally over the United States, except in the Northwest, where it is quite warm.

The highest temperatures reported were 102 degrees at Havre, Mont., and Boise, Idaho, and 100 degrees at Spokane, Wash., and Helena and Miles City, Mont.

The outlook is for generally fair weather Thursday and Friday over the country east of the Mississippi River, except that showers are probable along the South Atlantic and East Gulf Coasts.

The tendency will be toward higher temperatures generally east of the Mississippi River during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds off the Atlantic Coast—North of Sandy Hook, Sandy Hook to Hatteras, gentle to moderate variable, overcast and showers; Hatteras to Florida Straits, gentle to moderate variable, partly cloudy weather, with occasional showers.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday; rising temperature.

New England—Partly cloudy Thursday. Friday fair; not much change in temperature.

The temperatures record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1919.	1918.		1919.	1918.
3 A. M.	67	75	4 P. M.	72	83
6 A. M.	66	69	6 P. M.	76	78
9 A. M.	70	75	9 P. M.	71	75
12 M.	73	85	11 P. M.	72	71

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 71; for the corresponding date last year it was 75; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 69; at 8 P. M. it was 75. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 6 P. M.; minimum, 60 degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 100 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.97 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.93 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
4:50—450 Madison Av.; John Rider...Slight
12:15—2,253 5 Av.; A. Hanel.....Slight
P. M.
2:30—220 W. 20 St., (auto.) not given.Slight
2:55—174 W. 97 St.; F. Ennis.....Slight
5:35—356 West St.; H. Katz.....Slight
10:25—Mount Eden & Inwood Av., (auto.) not given.....Slight
11:20—228 W. 140 St.; M. Putnam...Slight

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.
Klintberg<Swift & Co.
Snare & Triest Co<St Paul Fire & M Ins.
Hogan<McQuade
Stevedoring Co.
Anderson<Clyde SS Co
McCampbell<Am Ry Exp Co.
Pfitzsch<US.
Tresscokiewicz<Ward Baking Co.
Commil Coal Co<US.
Regal Button Works<Baird Mach Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Criminal calendar.
Trials:
M A Di Presta.
A & R Robt Bankowsky et al.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 325, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Reis<Reform Initial Pa Cement<Bradley.
Snyder<Lehigh C & N Steamboat Co.
US<Jacobson.
River Plate Trading Co<Lehmann & Co.
Curtiss<United Aircraft Eng Co.
Anderson<Texas Co.
Storer<Owens.
McKay<Otto.
Clarke<same.
Tenney<Am Bisurgas.
Gen Rakolite Co<Wappler.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.
C RR of N J<Bush Term Co.
Wayne Transp Co<L V Transp Co.
Sams<Penn RR.
Smith<Rateliff.
Wing<Int Petrol Co.
Taylor<Motors Ins.
Yale & Towne<Travis.
Tiasho Trading Co<Heath.
Bliss<Stewart.
Atwater<Reliance.
Cavallotis<73 Drums Caustic Soda.
Dolches<United Copper Co.
Hamby<Continual Pictures Corp.
Raybestos<Schr Perry Setzer.
McWilliams<Tug Mahanoy.
Lynch<Hammond & Co
Conklin & F Co<New Haven Trap Rock.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 9:30 A. M.—Naturalizations. At 11 A. M., Cohn<Zubow, (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Thomas, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.
US<Geo T McQuade et al, (on trial.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Ford, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Conn Alloyed Metals Sales Co<Earle.
Harvey<Am Trans Co
Bergman<Bergman.
Bradshaw<Bradshaw.
Lisarani<Lisarani.
Bowman<Bowman.
Central Union Trust Co<Helder.
Schwartz<Goldstone.
Seaman<Leayeraft.
Re Bricklayers Ben. Ass'n.
King<King.
Re Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank<Runkel.
Mesko<Mesko.
Taplin<Taplin.
Monroe Clothes Shop<Monroe Clothing Co.
Lambert<Lambert.
Banks<Liebman.
United Elec Light, &c. Co<Dowling.
Trustees of N Y Trade School<Schoenfeld.
Lawyers Mtg Co<Rosenfeld.
Niehoff-Schultze Grocer Co<Gross.
Riddell<Nicholas.
Fowler<Powers.
Isaaccoshn<Isaaccoshn
Timken<Van Baarn.
Ricci<Mehneck.
Haley<US Trust Co.
Gruening<Tribune Assn.
Greenwich Sav Bank<Knapp.
Goldberg<Fogel.
Walworth Brass<Singer
Re France<Lyons.
Re CNY, (Amethyst St.)
Almofrom<Kaplan.
Spagnoli<Kalbach.
Packman<same.
Gambo<same, (2.)
Borel<same.
Braun<Colbert.
Raimonde<Kalbach (2.)
Von Dorn<Crary.
Lubin<Lubin.
Thorman<Thorman.
Reibman<Reibman.
Georgo<Scan-dals, Inc<Gray.
Korostoff<Hartford Accident, &c. Co.
Kannsgraph Co<Stampagraph Co.
Dexter<Dubin.
Leibovitz<Leibovitz.
Van Damme<Oescher.
CNY<Nadelson.
Shippers Car Line<Brown Sqlgt Mach.
Hoppe<Russo-Asiatic Bank.
Finegold<Dobroff.
Tyndall<Pinelawn Cem
Re Exchange Cloth Co
Star Wet Wash Laundry Co<Rubin.
De Normandie<Bayview Hgts Land, (2.)

Re Annunziata, (Palazzo.)
Ward<CNY.
Althouse<same.
Solin<same.
Bay View Heights Land Co<same.
Jaffe<same.
Bunge<Forth.
Feo ex rel Nassau E RR<Prendergast, Gribbon.
Feo ex rel B, Q C & S RR<Crai-, Controller
Feo ex rel NY Cons RR<same.
Stenger<Stenger et al.
Eagle Savgs & Loan<Timmins et al.
Braunberg<Braunberg.
Re Nassau Truck Co<Public Works Com.
Kraus<Kraus.
Re Mary Smith, incpt.
Seliepgi<Seliepgi.
Re Mexican Colonial Sand Co.
Giordano<Evans Dairy Co (2.)
Gleuskhoff<Bohack Co et al.
Gleuskhoff, infant<same.
Silk<Levy et al.
Reilly<Greenough (2.)
Skippen<Evans (2.)
Podell<Kessler.
Friedman et al<Weber et al.
Hoverg<Horwitz et al
Rubel Bros, Inc et al<Dumont Coal & Ice.
Satore<Natl Firepfg.
Re Otto Bechert, alleged incompetent.
Springfield L I Cem Boc<Herman et al.
Weinschenker<Weinschenker.
Horwitz<Horwitz.
Sokoloff<Ritter, &c.
Sokoloff<Ritter, &c. Bankers<Madigan et al.

Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.
SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M. Motions.
Sanborn<Nassau E RR (2.)
Ausbach<B H RR.
Ausbach, inft<same.
Re Fisk Av, (Jenkins)
Re Blvd, (Schroedelsecker et al.)
Re Blvd, (Schroedelsecker.)
Re Lawrence St, (Vancura.)
Re Bingham Av, (Hanss.)
Re De Bevoise Av, (Burke et al.)
Castellani<NY Cons RR.
Brower<same.
Horn<same.
Brower<same.
Guida<same.
Castellani, infnt<same.
Shariash<same.
Breskin<B H RR.
Re Liberty Av (Newsberger.)
Cusack, infant<Garrison, Receiver, &c.
Re Rosebank Av, (Morgan.)
Re Liberty Av, (Embo Land Co.)
Farrington<Livingston.
Rabinowitz<Rabinowitz.
Re Corwin & Vail Lumber Co.
Re John Noonan, alleged incompetent.
Re Ella Talbot, alleged incompetent.
Re Mary H Lewis, alleged incompetent.
Re Anna or Antonina Detka, alleged inc.
NY Mun RR et al<Holliday.
Catapeno<Catapene.
Re NY Rv<Holliday.
Cumia<Cumia.
Satore<Natl Firepfg.

PART II.—Kelby, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Emma C Darrow, John Cornell.
Mathilda Benson.
Wm J Gray.
Josephine Seeman.
Domenico Surpicolo.
Administration of:
Sylvester Barrett.
Accountings of:
Mary Brainard.
John J McDonald.

Sarah D Kingsley.
Joseph Eppig.
Michael Mahon.
Simon Batt.
Michael Gibbons.
Ellinor Stites.
Frederick Cross.
Susan Colvin.
Estates of:
Thomas Worden.
Louis Fidlow.

County Court.
CIVIL—No day calendar.

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Patten invites attention to the following announcement by the Post Office Department:

This department has been advised that the rates of postage applicable to articles mailed in the Republic of Czechoslovakia and addressed for delivery in the United States are as follows: Ordinary letters, 50 centimes for each weight up to 20 grams, and above the first unit of weight, 30 deniers of a crown per 20 grams; single postal cards or each part of the postal card with paid reply, 20 deniers; printed matter, per 50 grams, 10 deniers of a crown; commercial papers, per 50 grams, 10 deniers of a crown, with a minimum of 50 deniers of a crown; per articles, samples of merchandise, per 50 grams, 10 denigre of a crown, with a minimum of 50 deniers of a crown per article.

It is permitted to inclose in the same article printed matter, samples of merchandise, and commercial papers. If the article is composed of printed matter and samples of merchandise, the rate is 10 deniers of a crown per 50 grams, with a minimum of 50 deniers of a crown per article. If to be composed, on the contrary, of printed matter or samples of merchandise and commercial papers, the rate is 10 deniers of a crown per 50 grams, with a minimum of 50 deniers of a crown.

Registry fee, cartriage of notice of receipt, and the tax charged under the head of inquiries relative to registered articles, 50 deniers of a crown.

The Postal Administration of the Republic of Czechoslovakia has adopted 2 deniers of a crown as the equivalent of 1 centime.

The withdrawal of correspondence and change of address are allowed in the ex, change of mails between the United States and the Republic of Czechoslovakia.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco—SS Lurline, July 17.
Philippine Islands and Cochin China, via San Francisco—SS Santa Cruz, July 18.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—SS Canada Maru, July 18.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via San Francisco—SS Persia Maru, July 19.
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies, and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—SS Empress of Japan, July 19.
China, via Seattle—SS Justin, July 20.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco—SS Venezuela, July 21.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco—SS Tofua, July 24.
Hawaii, via San Francisco—SS Sachem, July 25.
Japan, Korea, China, (except Shanghai City,) Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle—SS Mexico Maru, July 29.
Hawaii and Guam, via San Francisco—SS Sherman, July 30.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—SS Makura, Aug. 2.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. FRANK LILLY and P. KENT SCHIENER, individually and as co-partners, trading as J. FRANK LILLY & CO., alleged bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood is appointed Receiver for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sole this day, Thursday, July 17, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 29 Broadway, and immediately thereafter at 8 Park Row, and immediately thereafter at 489 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a very fine office furniture, addressograph, adding machines, typewriters, roll top, flat top and bookkeepers' desks, chairs, rugs, carpets, safes, fixtures, &c. Also the Receivers' right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of leases of 8 Park Row and 489 Fifth Avenue.

JOSEPH M. PROSKAUER, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR REMOVING BOULDERS, ETC.—U. S. Engineer Office, Newport, R. I. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock, noon, Aug 15, 1919, and then opened, for removing boulders, etc., from Point Judith Harbor of Refuge, R. I. Further information on application.

PRINTS OF GOOD PHOTOGRAPHS.

For publication or private use; prints of photographs controlled by The New York Times may be obtained through The Times World Wide Photos, 229 West 43d Street, New York. Telephone Bryant 1000.—Advt.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfer and assignments to take effect 8 A. M., July 17: Lieuts. J. D. Martin, from 116th to 18th Insp. Dist., assigned to desk duty; P. E. Hanlon, from 18th Insp. Dist. to 116th; Bicycle Patrol, with bicycle and equipment, F. L. Burke, from 113th to 111th; Patrol, J. P. Anthony, from 13th to 26th, assigned as attendant continued; W. J. Wynn, from 31st to 31st; Adam Gaffga, 51st, assigned as attendant; J. F. Dolan, from 87th to 85th; J. J. Matthews, from Traffic Div., Sub. B, to 18th; J. J. S. McGee, Traffic Div., from Sub. A to Sub. B. From precincts indicated to Traffic Div., Sub. A: G. J. Colgan, 5; M. J. Howard, 87; F. C. Cahn, 13; Peter Monaghan, 20. From precincts indicated to Traffic Div., Sub. B: J. J. O'Leary, 23; John O'Sullivan, 29; Philip McDonald, 26.

Temporary assignments: Surgs. C. J. Dillon, 8th Dist., in charge 7th Dist., in addition to his other duties, for 2 days, from 8 A. M., July 18, during absence of surgeon on vacation; W. B. Bronner, 12th Dist., in charge of 14th Dist., in addition to his other duties, for 20 days, from 8 A. M., July 18, during absence of surgeon on vacation.

Assignment discontinued: Patrol Gunner Wm. Mix, to 76th Insp. Dist., in added quantities, from 8 A. M., July 17.

Leaves of Absence, (with full pay:) Surgs. F. J. Schoenberger, 7th Dist., for 2 days, from 8 A. M., July 18, during absence of surgeon on vacation. Without pay: Surgts. W. J. Martin, 35th, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Aug. 9; July 25; T. C. Collins, 52d, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., July 17.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. William Augustine, 14th, from 7 A. M., July 6, 1919, during disability; C. F. Collins, 26th, from 10 P. M., July 3, to 12 Noon, July 10; C. L. McGowan, 51st, from 1:40 A. M., June 24, to 12 Noon, July 7; Patrol. Clarke, 52d, from 12:46 P. M., July 4, during disability; Patrick Kelly, Bridge, from 5:40 P. M., June 28, during disability; T. F. Flanagan, Traffic Div., Sub. B, from 8 P. M., July 3, during disability; A. A. Robinson, Jr., Traffic Div., Sub. C, from 8:20 A. M., June 5, during disability; Alfred Bernard, Traffic Div., Motorcycle Squad No. 1, from 8 P. M., July 3, during disability; P. Mc. McGlynn, Headquarters Division, from 1:40 P. M., July 9, during disability.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M., on date specified, they having been honorably discharged from the army: July 18, Fireman (1st grade) G. L. Byrne, Eng. 76; Fireman (1st grade) J. A. Jennings, Eng. 77; Fireman (2d grade) R. P. McManus, Eng. 91. July 19, Fireman (2d grade) Michael Ambers, H. & L. 16; Fireman (3d grade) P. J. Sullivan, Eng. 6. Special leave of absence: Fireman (1st grade) L. W. Dillman, Eng. 233, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M. July 19.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.
Klintberg<Swift & Co.
Snare & Triest Co<St Paul Fire & M Ins.
Hogan<McQuade
Stevedoring Co.
Anderson<Clyde SS Co
McCampbell<Am Ry Exp Co.
Pfitzsch<US.
Tresscokiewicz<Ward Baking Co.
Commil Coal Co<US.
Regal Button Works<Baird Mach Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Criminal calendar.
Trials:
M A Di Presta.
A & R Robt Bankowsky et al.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 325, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Reis<Reform Initial Pa Cement<Bradley.
Snyder<Lehigh C & N Steamboat Co.
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River Plate Trading Co<Lehmann & Co.
Curtiss<United Aircraft Eng Co.
Anderson<Texas Co.
Storer<Owens.
McKay<Otto.
Clarke<same.
Tenney<Am Bisurgas.
Gen Rakolite Co<Wappler.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.
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Tiasho Trading Co<Heath.
Bliss<Stewart.
Atwater<Reliance.
Cavallotis<73 Drums Caustic Soda.
Dolches<United Copper Co.
Hamby<Continual Pictures Corp.
Raybestos<Schr Perry Setzer.
McWilliams<Tug Mahanoy.
Lynch<Hammond & Co
Conklin & F Co<New Haven Trap Rock.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 9:30 A. M.—Naturalizations. At 11 A. M., Cohn<Zubow, (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Thomas, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.
US<Geo T McQuade et al, (on trial.)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Ford, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Conn Alloyed Metals Sales Co<Earle.
Harvey<Am Trans Co
Bergman<Bergman.
Bradshaw<Bradshaw.
Lisarani<Lisarani.
Bowman<Bowman.
Central Union Trust Co<Helder.
Schwartz<Goldstone.
Seaman<Leayeraft.
Re Bricklayers Ben. Ass'n.
King<King.
Re Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank<Runkel.
Mesko<Mesko.
Taplin<Taplin.
Monroe Clothes Shop<Monroe Clothing Co.
Lambert<Lambert.
Banks<Liebman.
United

MOVE TO INCREASE STREET CAR FARES

Traction Officials See Court of Appeals Decision as Making Rise Certain.

DENIED BY CITY OFFICIALS

Say Rates Fixed in Franchises Stand—Governor Approves Transfer Charge.

City and traction officials took opposite views yesterday regarding the effect the decision of the Court of Appeals on Tuesday that the State Legislature has power to regulate street car fares and that it delegated such powers to the Public Service Commission, will have upon the traction lines of the city. Traction officials saw in the decision a certainty of increased fares on the surface lines, while the city officials declared that the decision did not apply here.

That an attempt will be made by the Public Service Commission to order an increase in fares, under the authority of the decision, although not on the subway or elevated lines, seems a certainty. Governor Smith is said to be in favor of such an increase, although the absence of Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon from the city will hold up any action until he returns in about two weeks.

The Governor had a conference with Terence Farley, general counsel to the commission, at the Hotel Biltmore before he left for Albany, but no statement was issued. Mr. Farley got the Governor's approval of the order allowing the New York City Railways Company to charge two cents for transfers at ninety-nine points on its lines and sent it to Commissioner Nixon.

Mr. Farley admitted that the "constitutional consent" provision of the traction law, which states that traction companies cannot increase fares fixed in franchise contracts without the consent of the city authorities, would still apply in the present case, but the law dates back only to 1874, while the Public Service Commission, under the decision, would have the right to increase fares in all cases and on all lines that were not covered by such a consent. He said he did not know what franchises would be affected prior to the 1874 law.

"But the decision," he said, "has no direct bearing on the subway and elevated lines of the city, so far as I can see, because they are operated under the dual subway contracts, in which the city is a partner. The decision indicates, however, the disposition of the court to realize the necessity of increased fares."

Believe Smith Will Act.

It was said that the Governor had taken such an interest in the case that he would soon issue a statement, coming to the defense of the commission by pointing out the absolute necessity of allowing the traction companies to raise their fares to 7 cents at least. The Governor's friends, however, denied that he intended going any further in the matter than to approve Commissioner Nixon's order for a two-cent transfer charge. Those who talked with the Governor said he declared he disliked the necessity for making a transfer charge, but had been able to find no other method by which a general disintegration of the surface system of the city could be prevented.

Corporation Counsel Burr had a conference with Mayor Hylan during which the Court of Appeals decision was discussed. No statement regarding the Mayor's opinion on the matter was forthcoming, but Mr. Burr feels, it was said, that the decision will uphold the action of Commissioner Nixon in ordering a charge for transfers from which the city expected to take an appeal.

"I have telephoned for a copy of the decision," said Mr. Burr, "and I expect to receive it tomorrow. However, from what I have read of the decision in the newspapers, I do not think the decision applies to this city. The railways of Buffalo operated under what is known as the 'Milburn agreement' between the city and the railways, and in that agreement it was provided, in Article Ten, that 'nothing contained in this contract shall be construed to prevent the Legislature from regulating fares of said companies,' and it seems to me from the partial accounts published in the newspapers that the Court of Appeals holds that the Public Service Commission is a delegate of the Legislature and has power under the conditions in the Buffalo contract to regulate the fares in that city up and down.

"I have seen nothing to indicate that the Court of Appeals has reversed its decision in the Quimby case given a year ago. In that case the court held that the Public Service Commission had no power to change or alter the fare fixed in franchise contracts made between cities and companies under the constitutional provision which requires, before a railway company can lay tracks in the streets of a city, it must obtain the consent of the local authorities.

Awaits Full Opinion.

"We have done all we could to prevent an increase in the rate of street railway fares, and we can do no more if the decision of the Court of Appeals really gives the power to the Public Service Commission to permit the traction companies to charge more than 5 cents for a ride, regardless of franchise agreements. However, I will know more about it when I receive the full opinion."

William L. Ransom, of counsel to the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and former counsel to the Public Service Commission, said that the decision was a step toward the inevitable.

"The principal materials purchased by gas and transportation companies have increased in price more than 150 per cent. during the last five years," he said, "and the increase in labor costs has been similar. The fares upon the subway, elevated, and surface lines and the rates for gas and other public utility service must of necessity be increased. In New York City the increase has been long deferred. I have not yet seen the whole opinion of the Court of Appeals, but the published extracts leave no doubt of the court's disposition to construe narrowly its previous ruling in the Quimby or Rochester case, and to give broad recognition to the power and duty of the Public Service Commissions to increase and lower rates from time to time, as may be necessary to keep them just and reasonable and to prevent their being left either too high or too low.

"Apparently the present decision does not pass upon all of the questions underlying commission jurisdiction over surface, subway, and elevated lines in New York City. It has nothing at all to do with gas rates in New York City, which are limited by statute, and the Court of Appeals has held the Public Service Commission has not power to increase a gas rate limited by statute.

Pushes Lower Coney Fare.

Action to bring about a five-cent fare to Coney Island was taken yesterday by Transit Construction Commissioner John H. Delaney, who ordered officials of the Municipal Railway Corporation in Brooklyn to take immediate legal steps to permit the building of the connecting link between the city-built end of the Culver line at Sheepshead Bay road and the Coney Island terminal at Surf Avenue. Ten days were allowed for an answer.

The order was issued in connection with approval of a contract to purchase the steel necessary to make the connection. The purchasing order for the steel is approved "provided that on or before July 24, L. M. Garrison, as receiver, shall submit to me a duly executed and acknowledged agreement for the purchase and sale of all such additional real property or easements therein as may be necessary to completely construct the said alternative connection between the Culver line at Sheepshead Bay road and the said Coney Island terminal.

There are two small parcels of land in the 200-foot gap Receiver Garrison says have not been acquired. Commissioner Delaney has instructed counsel to prepare the legal papers necessary to have the city acquire the land by condemnation if the B. R. T. receiver fails to act within ten days. In that event the city will undertake to build the connecting link. Invitations will be issued to contractors within ten days to submit bids for the construction of a station at Neptune Avenue, the end of the municipally constructed portion of the road. This is to be known as Van Sicklen Station, and is less than 1,000 feet from Surf Avenue.

It was reported about the headquarters of the B. R. T. yesterday that Commissioner Nixon had signed an order allowing the company to make a charge of 2 cents for transfers. No confirmation of the report could be obtained. Colonel T. S. Williams refused to discuss the matter, and Receiver Garrison was out of town. If the right to charge for transfers has been given to the company it will obviate the necessity of the old independent companies charging an extra fare, a move said to be in contemplation since the trolley companies also went into the receiver's hands. Thirty per cent. of the passengers carried by the B. R. T. lines use transfers. The roads, it is estimated, carry 1,500,000 passengers daily.

The hearing on the application of Receiver Garrison to issue $15,000,000 in receiver's certificates, which was set for yesterday, was postponed to July 28.

TWO MORE ARRESTS IN DRUG CRUSADE

Prisoners, with Others Taken Tuesday Night, Are Placed Under Heavy Bail Bond.

FEDERAL AGENTS ACTIVE

Major Porter Says That Campaign Will Be Continued Until Traffic Is Wiped Out.

The crusade launched by the Federal authorities on Tuesday night when three physicians, a druggist and several drug addicts were arrested charged with illegal trafficking in habit-forming drugs, was continued yesterday and two additional arrests were made. Two of the men arrested were held for the Grand Jury, and heavy bail was fixed for the others. Agents of the Internal Revenue Service said that more arrests were in prospect although they admitted that several men they expected to get had suddenly disappeared.

H. B. Dobbs, an Internal Revenue agent, took into custody yesterday Dr. Edward E. Gardner, a physician of 246 West Seventy-first Street, and George F. Phillips, a pharmacist of 839 Eighth Avenue. They were charged with violation of the Harrison Anti-narcotic act and were arraigned before United States Commissioner Hitchcock, along with the men arrested on Tuesday night.

Charles Felder of 324 Fifteenth Avenue, Newark, who was taken into custody for detention in the Tuesday night raid, was said yesterday to be in a serious condition from the effect of drugs. After he had been taken to the Federal Building in an ambulance, he collapsed in the office of Assistant District Attorney David Cahill and it was necessary to call a physician from Volunteer Hospital to attend him.

At the arraignment before Commissioner Hitchcock, Dr. Gardner and Dr. Arthur H. Stern of 327 East Eighty-second Street waived preliminary examination and were held to await the action of the Federal Grand Jury. The bail of Dr. Stern was fixed at $7,500, and that of Dr. Gardner at $5,000. The other defendants taken in the raid received one week in which to decide what action they should take to defend themselves.

The bonds of Dr. Joseph Katz of 171 East 113th Street, Dr. Joseph Kornblum of 1,340 Lexington Avenue, and Dr. M. A. Levy of 197 Lenox Avenue, were fixed at $7,500 each. George F. Phillips, the druggist, of 839 Eighth Avenue, was held in $5,000 bail, and the bail of Aaron Goldberg, another druggist, of 1,942 Lexington Avenue, was fixed at $7,500. Charles Felder, the Newark hatter, who was also taken in the Lenhattan Avenue raid, was held in $1,000 bail. He was charged with violation of the Harrison act. M. B. Liss, a clerk in the drug store of George F. Phillips, was held in $1,000 bail to appear next week as a material witness.

Major Daniel A. Porter, who directed the raid, said yesterday that the campaign would be continued until the traffic was wiped out, and that he expected wholesale arrests would be made. About 400 ounces of cocaine, heroin and morphine were confiscated in the raids.

Under the regulations of the New York State Department of Narcotic Drug Control it will be unlawful after today to prescribe for or give narcotic drugs to an addict until he has first presented an official registration and "dosage" card signed by the Commissioner of Health.

—and at famous French Lick

A fact:

Men who go to French Lick can afford just about anything they want. At French Lick Springs Hotel, the one best-selling cigarette is Fatima.

FATIMA

"just enough Turkish"

United States Spruce Production Corporation

SALE

TWO EXTENSIVE LUMBER DEVELOPMENTS, PACIFIC NORTHWEST, U. S. A.

Each Consisting of

A Permanent Railway System Tapping Large Virgin Areas of Timber and a Well Located Modern Sawmill of Large Capacity

The War Department, through the above corporation, organized under Act of Congress, entitled "An Act making Appropriation for the Support of the Army, etc.", approved July 9, 1918, on account of war time necessity, built railways and prepared milling facilities for the timber from two of the largest hitherto undeveloped timber areas of the Pacific Northwest, namely, Olympic Peninsula, State of Washington, and Lincoln County, adjoining Yaquina Bay, State of Oregon, including the famous Siletz Basin.

Development, at date of Armistice was advanced to such a stage that either of these properties can now be placed in complete operation, including milling and logging, in sixty to ninety days.

All facilities and structures are of highest grade, machinery of latest type and all work performed under the supervision of experienced and practical engineers, contractors, lumbermen and loggers.

Admirable climatic conditions for year around operation.

Supplemental equipment for logging and railway operation, owned by the corporation, can be acquired subject to prior sale.

Every facility for detailed inspection will be offered. Detailed plans, descriptions, etc., are available in pamphlet form with terms of sale.

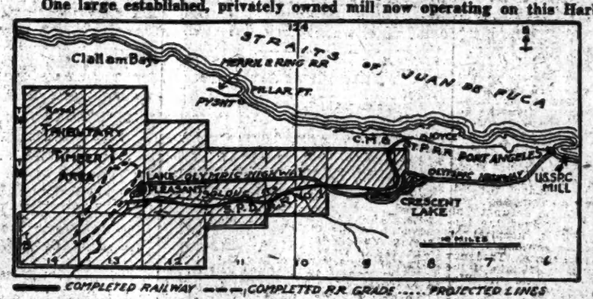
Cruises, profiles, maps, ownership data, complete working specifications and master index of mill properties and machinery are available for inspection at offices of corporation at Yeon Bldg., Portland, Ore., U. S. A.

These properties will not be sacrificed nor will bids be considered for less than reproduction values.

Properties on Olympic Peninsula, State of Washington

Mill and railroad open up largest hitherto undeveloped timber resources in Pacific Northwest and make production available for rail, coastwise and export trade.

One large established, privately owned mill now operating on this Harbor at Port Angeles.



Mill at Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington

Shipping Facilities—Alongside deep water Puget Sound; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Transcontinental Railway System. Pacific coast terminal rates.

Mill Building—Heaviest timber construction.

Machinery—Individual units electrically driven; one 10 and one 11 ft. band head saw, 60 in. gang, 84 in. resaws, cargo and rail overhead loading cranes.

Site—Consists of 181 acres of which 67 acres are available for drying yard.

Bulkheaded and filled around buildings.

Log Pond—15 million F. B. M. storage capacity.

Housing Facilities—Camp buildings, modern cottages and three-story 56-room brick hotel, completely furnished; also considerable housing room in city adjacent.

Present Condition—Ninety per cent complete—new machinery on hand for installation. Capable of productive operations in 90 to 100 days.

Capacity—400,000 F. B. M. per 8 hr. day.

Power Plant—Fireproof brick building on solid concrete foundation; Custodis stack, refuse burner, 2400 H. P. water tube boilers; present provision for 1500 K. W. turbo generator; piping and room provided for additional 2000 K. W.

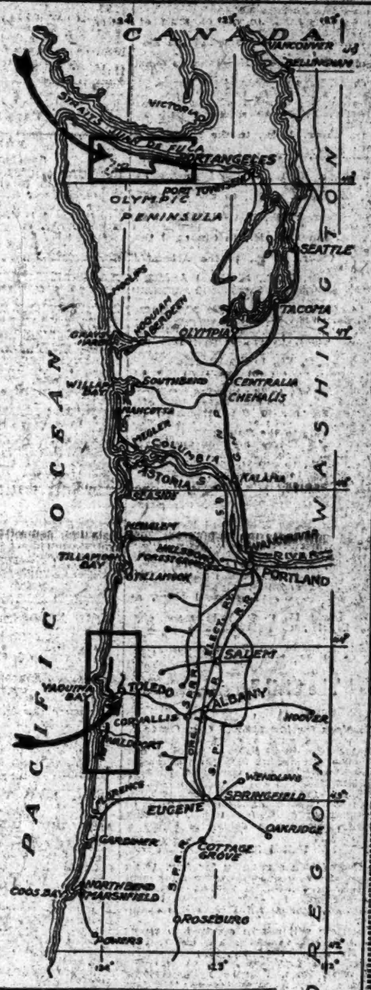
Ample Water Supply.

Engineering—Highest quality skill and design in entire installation by recognized experts of wide technical and operating experience.

S. P. D. Railroad No. 1

This connects with the Milwaukee System 17 miles west of Port Angeles. Main line completed 36 miles to Lake Pleasant; fee simple right of way; seasoned substantial roadbed; standard gauge 80 lb. rail; gravel ballast; wide clearances; E-50 structures; maximum 14 deg. curvature; gradients 1.25% vs. loads, 2% vs. empties; 1 summit. 2.6 miles sidings installed; 8.5 miles additional sidings graded. Main line construction involved 1,250,000 yds. grading, 650 lin. ft. tunnels, 30,000 lin. ft. piles, 800,000 F. B. M. timber in place, 56,000 yds. ballast.

Spurs aggregating 70 miles graded for opening development of 6¼ billion feet timber immediately tributary on 400 square miles, consisting of 2,395,000,000 ft. of Fir, 987,000,000 ft. Spruce, 543,000,000 ft. Cedar, 2,813,000,000 ft. Hemlock. Timber through which logging branch spurs are graded, is privately held without incumbrance by large owners. Productive logging operations physically possible within 60 days for marketing logs to Port Angeles or other Puget Sound mills. Topography lends itself to economical logging and is fully mapped. Main line may be extended 60 miles through practically solid additional virgin timber. Numerous water power sites adjacent for large pulp or milling developments.



Proposals will be Considered For

R. R. No. 1 and Port Angeles Mill separately, or jointly;
R. R. No. 11 and Toledo Mill;
R. R. No. 12 and Timber Tract;
R. R. No. 12, Timber Tract and Toledo Mill; or for all Lincoln County properties.

TERMS GOVERNING ACCEPTANCE OF BIDS

All bids presented shall be sealed and will be received up to 12 o'clock noon Tuesday, Sept. 2, 1919, by the undersigned at its office in the Yeon Bldg., Portland.

All bids will be publicly opened at 2 o'clock, September 2, 1919.

Detail bid forms and terms of sale on application.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by certified check in the amount of $100,000.00 made payable to the United States Spruce Production Corporation, to be retained as liquidated damages on failure of bidder to complete purchase on award, to be returned in event of rejection.

The U. S. Spruce Production Corp. reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Properties in Lincoln County, State of Oregon

Mill, Railroads and Timber Tract

Mill at Toledo, Lincoln Co., Ore.

Shipping Facilities—Tide water Yaquina Bay, Yaquina Branch of Southern Pacific Railway System; Pacific Coast terminal rates.

Yaquina Bay harbor development by Government and port authorities under way.

Mill—Modern individual electric motor driven machinery of Pacific Coast type; one 10 and one 11 ft. band head saw; 72 and 84 in. carriages; 66 in. vertical and 72 in. horizontal resaws; commercial capacity 250,000 F. B. M. per 8 hr. day.

Power Plant—2,000 H. P. water tube boilers; 1250 K. W. turbo generator and auxiliaries, all in place on concrete foundations; steel stack and refuse burner. Complete mill and locomotive machine shop. Machinery and power plant all at site, 78% installed; capable of adjustment to purchaser's requirement. Ample Water Supply. Site consists of 50 acres, ample for timber storage and housing facilities. Trestle and Loading Sheds, with Manufacturing Shed, 1245 x 82 ft. Office Building and Store House on site. Log Storage adjacent, capacity 20,000,000 F. B. M. Well adapted for large scale finished product manufacturing plant for rail marketing throughout United States. This Corporation owns interest in Toledo & Siletz Log. R. R., tapping immense virgin Douglas Fir belt immediately north.

S. P. D. Railroad No. 11
(Yaquina Northern)

Connecting at Yaquina terminus So. Pac. br. Main line completed 20.8 miles; graded 1.7 miles additional; 2.76 miles sidings completed; 2.06 miles spurs completed. Engine houses, oil and water facilities, log dumps, booming ground at Yaquina Terminal. Fee simple right of way. Standard gauge 67½ lb. rail, sand ballast, well seasoned roadbed. Structures for heaviest loading, wide clearances, no tunnels. Maximum curvature 16 deg. Maximum grade, vs. loads 2.5%; vs. empties 3.7%. This road taps timbered area of nearly 2 billion ft., mostly Douglas Fir and Sitka Spruce, with some Hemlock and Cedar, which can be reached with contiguous logging development.

S. P. D. Railroad No. 12
(Alsea Southern)

23.4 miles main line completed from northern terminus on Yaquina Bay. This railroad built for logging purposes, and dumps into Yaquina Bay. Car ferry slips, car barge and stern wheel steamer to tow logs and barges, make possible transferring cars to Yaquina Northern at Yaquina. Fee simple main line right of way. Six-tenths miles additional main line graded; 3.6 miles spurs graded; 2.56 miles sidings complete. Standard gauge, 60 lb. rail, sand ballast, roadbed fairly well seasoned, structures heaviest loading. Maximum grade, 3% vs. empties, 2% vs. loads. 16 deg. maximum curvature. Water supply, engine service house, warehouse, booming grounds, log booms and pockets ready for operation. This line taps approximately 800,000,000 ft. timber owned by this corporation and described below.

Both above railroads in line of any ultimate Pacific Coast Line Railway System. Yaquina Bay Terminal are ten miles by tide water below Toledo mill.

Timber Tract

This corporation owns in fee above mineral rights about 12,500 acres of high grade timber at southern end Alsea Southern R. R. in approximately following quantities: Douglas Fir, 316,744,000 ft.; spruce, 253,765,000 ft.; hemlock, 266,476,000 ft.; cedar, 15,116,000 ft. Complete topographical maps and spur line locations, beyond present grading, developed for logging entire tract.

Address all Communications and Bids to Engineering Department

United States Spruce Production Corporation
Yeon Building, Portland, Oregon, U. S. A.

This Sale is being advertised simultaneously in all principal cities in the United States, Canada, Europe and South America.

Not Filled With Air

You Can't Sink

WITH A

KAPO

LIFE-SAVING

WING, WATER VEST, OCEAN WAISTCOAT, OR CANOE AND MOTOR-BOAT PILLOW

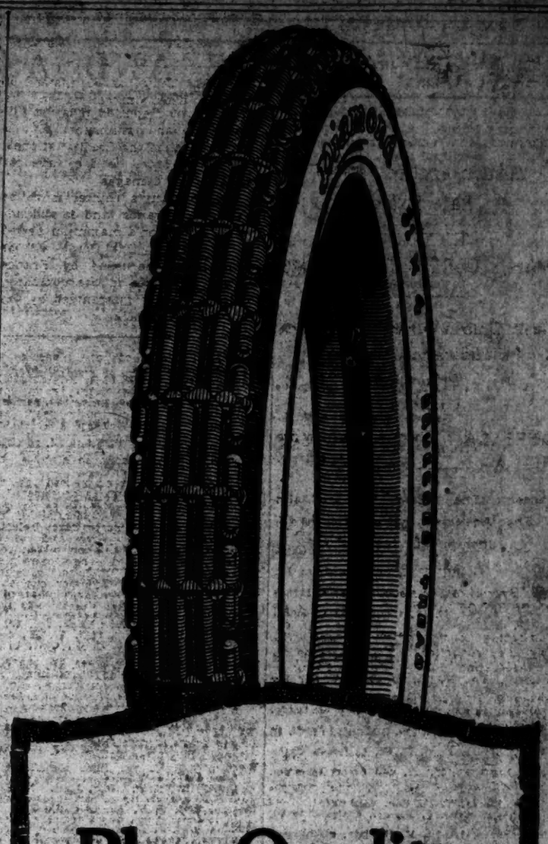
Because

they are filled with Kapo Celbasilk, a few ounces of which, as used in our life-saving products, will support the heaviest person in the water for three months.

For Men, Women and Children

Go to your department or sporting-goods store and see these wonderful life-savers, or send to us for a complete illustrated catalog.

KAPO MFG. CO.
10 HARCOURT ST., BOSTON, MASS.



Plus Quality

Marked Up

Diamond's

Plus Mileage

Adjustment

Fabrics 6,000 Miles
Cords 8,000 Miles

QUALITY speaks in one word, short, as its meaning is long—MILEAGE.

Diamond Plus Quality speaks in the Diamond Plus Mileage Adjustment—6,000 miles for Fabrics—8,000 miles for Cords.

The Diamond Tire is a Leader among tires in quality, years of service have proved

Only quality can make good the plus mileage, the Diamonds you buy must pay in full.

Get Diamonds for quality, measured in miles.

ADJUSTMENT

Fabrics - 6,000 Miles
Cords - 8,000 Miles

The Diamond Rubber Co.

(Incorporated)

Akron, Ohio

Diamond
SQUEEGEE TREAD
Tires

ARMOUR'S REMEDY FOR HIGH PRICES

Increase in World's Food Production and No Federal Rate Fixing.

HIGH CORN TO BLAME

Says This Causes Live Stock Producers to Keep Their Prices Up.

DEFENDS THE PACKERS

Asserts They Have No Pool and That Adverse Legislation Would Increase Living Cost.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Two things must be done to remedy present high prices, according to J. Ogden Armour. The world's production of food must be increased, and the "arbitrary fixing of prices and conditions in all lines of business by the Government must relax from the wartime basis and we must get back to conditions prevailing before April, 1917."

Mr. Armour gave his views to explain the packers' side of the price situation and to answer some of the charges recently made by the reports of the Food Administration.

"Just why, so that the layman can understand it, are meat prices so high?" Mr. Armour was asked.

"To begin with, it makes a great deal of difference what angle you view the matter from," he replied. "The consumer says prices are high, but the live-stock producers say they have been losing money at ruling prices. If you compare today's prices with the prices that prevailed before the war, then prices are high indeed, but if the comparison be between meat prices and the prices of food in general, then, surprising as it may seem, meat, or at least beef and lamb, are cheap.

"But I presume that when people say prices are high they are unconsciously comparing the prices that prevail now with those prevailing before the outbreak of the great war. The public ought to be fully conversant with the situation, it ought to know the whys and wherefores of high prices, and when it does know them, then it will not be misled into doing anything that is unwise.

"I have in front of me a statement just received from our accounting department. It compares the prices paid for meat animals last month with the prices paid each year in June since 1914. It shows that in 1914 we bought hogs for $8.12 a hundred pounds. In 1915 they cost $7.47; in 1916 they cost $9.47; in 1917 they jumped to $15.32; in 1918 to $16.41, and for June of this year the average price was $20.23, or an increase this year of 149 per cent. over the cost in 1914, and 23 per cent. over last year's cost."

Mr. Armour was asked about the relative prices of other meat animals, and had figures to show that while the increase in cattle, sheep, and calves had not kept pace with hogs, the beef price of today is 72 per cent. over that of 1914 and 9 per cent. over last year; that sheep are 102 per cent. over 1914 and 30 per cent. over last year, and that calves are 61 per cent. over 1914 and 11 per cent. over the same time a year ago.

"To what extent does the price of live stock affect the price of market meat?" Mr. Armour was asked.

"Eighty to eighty-five per cent. of the total amount which the packers get from the sale of live stock and the by-products is paid back to the producer of the live animal. That makes the cost of the raw material—the meat animal—the overwhelming factor in determining the cost the consumer must pay for meat, and when the cost to the packer material advances, as the record since the outbreak of the war shows, the fact that meat costs proportionately more than it did ought not to occasion wonder. Coupled with it is the fact that the cost of labor of every kind connected with the packing industry has practically doubled and that freight rates have advanced materially."

Packers' Profits Smaller.

"Have the packers increased their earnings under the present market conditions?" was the next question.

"Packers' profits, per unit of business, were smaller last year than ever before, and if considered as part of the cost of meat to the consumer would all told run less than 1 cent if spread to cover the total profit with the total poundage of meat handled," he replied.

"Then," asked the reporter, "if the main trouble lies in the original cost of the animals, which you can't agree with interests as they have in all the big live stock centres, decide that they won't pay such prices and force things down to a reasonable basis?"

"Just because they can't," he said. "There are several reasons why they can't. Principal among them is that control of that nature would demand action and agreement among the various packers, and such an agreement would not be permissible under existing laws.

"Oh, I know there are rumors of agreements and combines, and I am aware that there is a branch of our governmental machinery, the Department of Justice, claiming loudly that such an agreement exists, but I say to you and through you to the public that there is no such agreement as far as I am concerned, or aware, and that if there were such an agreement this same governmental agency, which is largely responsible for the suspicion, has the power to initiate proceedings that would decide the matter in court.

"Without the concerted action of hundreds of packers who transform live animals into dressed meat it would not be possible to fix arbitrarily the price of live stock. It is the business of our buyers to buy meat animals as cheaply as they can, and there are many days when the competition is as keen that our buyers have to boost their offers materially in order to get the bulk of orders. If we set out to get cattle at our own price the competitors would get the cattle and get our business at the same time.

"Just how much competition exists in the purchase of meat animals is not known to the public. For example, on the Chicago Livestock Exchange there are several hundred buyers for firms other than the so-called packers. Every one of them is out to buy meat animals, and if the big packers do not meet their competition they simply fail to get their meat animals and in time would be forced out of business. Our only way is to pay the demanded price for the animals. I doubt my ability to make any one who is skeptical realize just what the competition amounts to. It must be experienced to be realized.

"Then," the reporter suggested, "if the price of animals cannot be regulated, why can't some other action be taken to force the livestock man to be more reasonable? Why are his prices so high?"

Corn Base of Livestock Cost.

"May be," said Mr. Armour, "it would be more fitting if some producer of livestock were to explain that, but after all it is very simple. Animals are the product of much labor and a considerable quantity of feeds, chief among which is corn. Corn figures such a large part in the making of a meat animal that it is customary to figure the cost of producing a live animal in terms of bushels of corn.

"With corn as a measure of production cost, one has but to compare the value of a bushel of corn today to its value before the war to understand why hogs jumped from $8.12 in 1914 to $20.25 in 1919. You know there is no corn being used as fuel by American farmers today, yet it is not many years ago that corn was so cheap that many burned it rather than buy fuel."

"Well, still going after the fundamental reason, why is corn so high?" persisted the interviewer.

"Corn is standing on record levels," said Mr. Armour, "partly because of its increased production cost, in wages and so on, but even more because of the sympathetic and competitive relation that exists between corn and wheat. Wheat is the real basis on which food values are determined. The Government is responsible for the high cost of wheat by its guarantee of $2.26 per bushel to the farmers of the country. That price was fixed in the belief that it was high enough to encourage unusual production. Congress did not think that wheat would be worth that much on the open market, and as an appropriation of a billion dollars was passed in order to make up the difference between what the Government paid for the wheat and what it expected to get for it in the open market. The United States Grain Corporation, however, thus far has made no reduction in the price, and so with wheat at its present high levels corn is up and also meat animals, at a record level."

"Sounds like the Nail in the Board of the Wall in the House that Jack Built," said the interviewer, "but logical. Now, what effect has export on the domestic market?"

"Let me say that in normal times we export very little meat from this country. That was true before the war, but during the war, or after the war had been on for a time and the submarine had worked havoc among the world's carrying fleets England awoke to the fact that one ship plying between England and the United States was worth two or three ships between South America or Australia, and conditions had reached a point where demand was more important than price. It was then that the Allies turned to this country for meat, and naturally our export mounted rapidly.

"Naturally this increased demand and its competitive buying boosted prices. But with the signing of the armistice there was an instant break in the cattle trade, and export of beef from this country ceased—the break was so sharp that it threatened many live stock men with ruin. Europe is again getting its beef from South America and Australia, and its conviction that they are the ones who will pay the fiddler if laws are passed that do not work out the way the inexperienced theorists expect them to work.

"Meat prices are high as compared to the level that ruled before the war, but they are low as compared with the levels that other basic foods have attained, and they are low compared to the prices which would, in all likelihood, prevail if the efficiency of the present packing industry is ruined by legislation based on misunderstanding, misapprehension and ungrounded prejudice on the theory that the price of meat can be reduced and the price of meat animals raised by one and the same law.

"The remedy for the present high prices requires two-fold action. First and foremost, world production of food must be increased. Europe is prostrate and is going to make some tremendous exertions to get production there back on a normal basis. They need money to rehabilitate the farms and factories and replenish the meat herds. The people of this country have a great share of the world's gold, and it is incumbent upon American business men and the Government of the United States to arrange long-term credits so that Europe will have the money it needs to get things going again.

"Secondly, the arbitrary fixing of prices and conditions in all lines of business during the war by our Government was essentially necessary. Production, regardless of price, was the all important object. The war has terminated, and the sooner the Government relinquishes arbitrary power over all of human endeavor other than those purely Governmental in function the sooner will our country be on its way back to normal conditions, where the old economic law of supply and demand will govern and equalize to the satisfaction and contentment of our 110,000,000 people."

STRIKE RIOTS AT STETTIN.

All Trades Out in a Protest Against Martial Law.

COPENHAGEN, July 16. (Associated Press.)—A general strike, accompanied by rioting, has started at Stettin, capital of the Province of Pomerania, Prussia, according to advices from German sources.

The strike involves all trades, including harbor transport, gas, water, and electric power workers. The object is to secure abolition of martial law in Pomerania and other political reforms.

French Company to Finance Repair of War Damages

PARIS, July 16.—Minister of Finance Klotz introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today a bills approving an agreement with a company called the Credit National, formed in order to facilitate repairs of war damages.

The company's capital is to be 100,000,000 francs, and it will advance funds for a maximum period of ten years. The funds will be secured by the issue by France abroad of shares in the company, which are to be guaranteed by the Government's budget.

NATIONAL GUARD TO HAVE 440,000 MEN

Strength to be Only 106,000 for a Time, According to Plans.

LARGE FORCE TO NEW YORK

Six Full Regiments and Twelve Coast Artillery Companies Included.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Final plans for the reorganization of the National Guard on the sixteen-division basis, with divisional areas following the same limits as those from which Guard divisions were organized for service against Germany, were approved today by Secretary Baker.

Major Gen. Jesse McI. Carter, Chief of the Bureau of Militia Affairs, immediately sent notifications to the various Adjutant Generals of the units allotted to their States and of the readiness of the Federal Government to extend recognition after the required inspection has been made.

The organization table provides for forty-seven regiments and eighteen battalions of infantry; six regiments, seventeen squadrons, and nineteen troops of cavalry; ten regiments, twelve battalions, and seven batteries of field artillery, and seventy-four coast artillery companies, with additional forces of engineers, sanitary, and signal corps.

A maximum expansion to about 440,000 men, of 800 per Senator and Congressman, is provided for, but the units for the time being are to be organized on the basis of sixty-five men per company of infantry, as appropriations for the National Guard for the fiscal year 1920 permit the organization of the Guard on the basis of only 200 men for each Senator and Representative, giving an aggregate strength of about 106,000.

State allotments as given in letters sent to the Adjutants General, show that New York will have the largest part in the reorganized guard, six full regiments of field troops and twelve companies of coast artillery having been assigned to that State.

The assignment to Texas of six full regiments of cavalry besides four other regiments and auxiliaries is regarded as significant.

The state assignments are as follows:

Arizona—One squadron cavalry; one battalion field artillery.

California—Eight companies coast artillery, one regiment infantry; one battalion field artillery, one battalion engineers, one signal company, two troops cavalry.

Colorado—One regiment infantry, one troop cavalry, one battalion field artillery, one company engineers, one signal company (outpost,) one engineer train, one ambulance company.

Connecticut—Six companies coast artillery, one battalion infantry, two troops cavalry, one battery field artillery, one ambulance company.

Delaware—Two companies coast artillery and one battalion infantry.

District of Columbia—One battalion and two companies infantry, one battery field artillery, one signal company (outpost,) one headquarters company infantry.

Hawaii—Two companies coast artillery, one battalion infantry, one machine gun company, one supply company.

Idaho—One battalion infantry, one machine gun company, one company engineers.

Illinois—Three regiments infantry one squadron cavalry, one regiment and one battalion field artillery, one battalion engineers, one signal company, one battalion engineers, one signal company, (wire,) one engineer train, two field hospital companies, two ambulance companies.

Indiana—One regiment infantry, one squadron cavalry, one regiment field artillery, one battalion engineers, one signal company (radio,) one field hospital company, one ambulance company.

Iowa—One regiment infantry, one squadron cavalry, one machine gun troop, one battalion field artillery, one battalion engineers, one field hospital company, one ambulance company, one troop cavalry.

Kansas—One regiment infantry, one squadron cavalry, one battalion field artillery, one signal company, (outpost,) one engineer train, one field hospital company, one ambulance company.

Kentucky—One regiment and one battalion infantry, one squadron cavalry, one machine gun troop, one battalion field artillery, one field hospital company, one ambulance company.

Maine—One regiment infantry.

Maryland—One regiment infantry, 2 batteries field artillery, 1 field hospital company.

Massachusetts—Eight companies coast artillery, 1 regiment infantry, 2 troops cavalry, 1 regiment field artillery, 1 battalion engineers, 1 signal company (wire,) 1 engineer train, 1 field hospital company, 1 ambulance company.

Michigan—One regiment infantry, 1 squadron cavalry, 1 regiment field artillery, 2 companies engineers, 1 signal company (radio,) 1 field hospital company, 1 ambulance company.

Minnesota—Two regiments infantry, 1 regiment field artillery, 1 ambulance company, 1 infantry regiment to be converted to field artillery.

Missouri—Two regiments infantry, 1 squadron cavalry, 1 regiment field artillery, 1 battalion engineers, 1 signal company (wire,) 1 field hospital company, 1 ambulance company.

Montana—Two battalions infantry.

Nebraska—One regiment infantry, 1 signal company (radio,) 1 field hospital company.

Nevada—One squadron cavalry.

New Hampshire — Two companies coast artillery, 1 battalion infantry, 1 battalion field artillery, 1 field hospital company.

New Jersey—Two companies coast artillery, 1 regiment infantry, 1 squadron cavalry, 1 machine gun troop, 1 battalion field artillery, 1 battalion engineers, 1 signal company (radio,) 1 field hospital company, 1 field signal battalion, 1 engineer train, and 1 sanitary train complete.

North Dakota—One regiment infantry, one field hospital company.

Ohio—Two regiments infantry, two troops cavalry, one regiment and one battalion field artillery, one battalion engineers, one signal company (outpost,) one signal company (wire,) one engineer train, two field hospital companies, two ambulance companies.

Oklahoma—Two regiments infantry, one battalion field artillery, one company engineers, one signal company, (radio,) one field hospital company.

Oregon—One regiment infantry, one battery field artillery, one regiment infantry, one battery field artillery, one company engineers, one ambulance company, one troop cavalry.

Pennsylvania—Four regiments infantry, 1 squadron cavalry, 1 regiment field artillery, 1 battalion engineers, 1 field signal battalion, 1 engineer train, 1 sanitary train complete.

Rhode Island—Six companies coast artillery, 2 troops cavalry, 1 battery field artillery, 1 ambulance company.

South Dakota—One regiment infantry, 1 ambulance company.

Utah—One battalion field artillery, 1 field hospital company, 1 squadron cavalry.

Vermont—Two battalions infantry, 1 machine gun company.

Washington—Four companies coast artillery, 1 regiment infantry, 1 battery field artillery, 1 signal company, (wire;) 1 field hospital company, 1 machine gun troop.

West Virginia—One regiment and 1 battalion infantry.

Wisconsin—One regiment and one battalion infantry, one squadron cavalry, one machine gun troop, one battalion field artillery, one company engineers, one signal company, (outpost,) one field hospital company, one ambulance company.

Wyoming—One squadron cavalry, one battalion field artillery.

Southern States east of the Mississippi will be apportioned the furnish regiments and eighteen battalions of infantry with about the same ratio of other branches.

France Demands Reparation of $220,000 From Germany for Killing of a Soldier

PARIS, July 15.—The French Government will demand reparation from Germany for the death of a Sergeant Major of Dragoons at the hands of persons unknown in Berlin, according to La Liberte.

The incident occurred at the French Embassy, where the officer was on guard. A dispatch received here from Berlin says Dr. Haniel von Haimhausen has called on the Spanish Ambassador, in charge of French interests in Germany, expressing regret for the incident and adding that the person guilty of the soldier's death would be punished.

In addition, Kurt von Lersner, head of the German peace mission, has sent a note to the Peace Conference expressing regret for the killing of the officer and promising all possible compensation. Herr von Lersner also has sent an autographed letter to the French Government expressing, in the name of the German Government, regret for the murder and announcing the readiness of the Government to make the necessary reparation.

Paris newspapers are virtually unanimous in declaring that the apology of the German Government will not suffice for the murder of the Sergeant Major and declares that Germany must act firmly to prevent a recurrence of such attacks. They quote the Tageblatt of Berlin as acknowledging that French officers and soldiers attached to the Allied Mission in the German capital had been for some time the object of molestation by the population and German officers.

A full report of the incident has been received from General Dupont by the Government. The newspapers add that Marshal Foch has been ordered to claim reparation of 1,000,000 francs and an indemnity of 100,000 francs for the family of the officer, in addition to severe punishment for those guilty of his death.

The Petit Parisien says the French Government has been assured of allied co-operation in compelling Germany to prevent such occurrences and to respect Allied soldiers.

RAND SCHOOL WINS TEMPORARY WRIT

Order by Justice McAvoy Forbids Use of Papers Seized in Raid Until Charter Trial.

BLOCKS LUSK COMMITTEE

Legislative Inquiry to Take Up Shipping Strike When Hearings Are Resumed Today.

Justice John V. McAvoy of the Supreme Court, at the request of S. John Block and I. M. Sackin, representing the American Socialist Society and the Rand School of Social Science, yesterday issued a temporary writ of prohibition to prevent the use of all papers seized in the raid on the Rand School, June 21, by agents of the legislative committee investigating seditious activities.

The writ is effective pending the trial set for July 28, at which the State will seek to have the Rand School charter revoked, on the ground that it is disseminating seditious doctrines. The legality of the raid and the seizure of the papers and literature are then to be threshed out.

Mr. Block said he had asked for the writ as a result of the statement made by Attorney-General Charles D. Newton in Albany last Sunday, that the investigation had developed that the Rand School was fostering revolutionary teachings. Mr. Block said the statement violated an order issued by Justice McAvoy enjoining attorneys on both sides in the Rand School litigation from discussing or commenting on the character of the papers seized until the trial.

He said that when the case comes up for argument today, before either Justice McAvoy or Justice John Ford, he would ask that the Rand School papers which remain in possession of the legislative committee and Deputy Attorney-General Samuel A. Berger be taken in charge by the clerk of Justice McAvoy's court pending the trial.

The writ is directed against Chief Magistrate William McAdoo, who issued the search warrant under which the raid on the Rand School was made; Acting Chief Magistrate Charles N. Harris, Senator Clayton R. Lusk of Cortland, Chairman of the committee Attorney-General Newton, Deputy Attorney-General Berger, Archibald E. Stevenson, of counsel for the committee and Clarence L. Converse, who directed the raid on the school. Mr. Block said he would ask today to have the writ made peremptory.

According to Mr. Block, the writ will prevent the presentation of the books, pamphlets and documents seized in the raid in evidence before the legislative committee. The committee is scheduled to meet again in City Hall today.

It was said that some labor leaders who are to be called before the committee may be questioned about the marine workers' strike, which is on the verge of paralyzing shipping in this and other ports. Reports have reached the committee that the influence of the Industrial Workers of the World among the seamen's and firemen's unions, which are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, has been in the ascendant for some time.

In the recent harbor workers' strike it was said that influences emanating from the so-called "Russian People's House" in East Fifteenth Street were apparent and that one of their aims was to prevent the shipping of supplies for the anti-Bolshevist forces in Russia. One report being investigated is that women of wealth were liberal contributors to a radical campaign among negroes in the South, conducted under the direction of the National Association for Promotion of Labor Unionism among the negroes by highly paid agitators. A meeting was held in this city last Sunday at the Rush M. E. Zion Church in West 136th Street, at which Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, the Rev. Norman Thomas of the People's Council, and W. A. Domingo, a colored writer and agitator, spoke. Domingo presided. He is author of a plan to organize the negroes for affiliation with the I. W. W.

GERMAN DYE AGENTS ACTIVE

Garvan Says They Are Opposing Government Control of Imports.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Francis P. Garvan, Alien Property Custodian, told the House Ways and Means Committee today that Germans dyestuff agents were seeking to re-establish their American markets and defeat proposed Government control of dye imports.

Mr. Garvan said he had letters written by companies which formerly acted as German agents which showed that these firms were trying to convince the trade that the proposed licensing system would be harmful to its interests.

Questioning Mr. Garvan regarding the Chemical Foundation, Inc., Representative Moore, Republican, of Pennsylvania, asked if he considered it proper that he should hold the office of Assistant Attorney General, Alien Property Custodian, and President of the Foundation. Mr. Garvan said that if Mr. Moore could suggest anything incompatible in his holding the offices he would resign "from either or all three."

EXPLOSION BARES LOOT.

Dead Man and $22,000 in Securities Found in Shed.

BUCYRUS, Ohio, July 16.—Following an explosion in a shed in which a man supposed to be F. Mayhood, Benwood, West Virginia, was killed, and Leonard Keline, Benwood, injured, authorities found $22,000 in War Savings Stamps and Liberty Bonds believed to have been stolen from the bank at Nova, Ohio, several nights ago.

It is thought that the shed was the hiding place of a band of robbers who recently took large amounts of securities from banks at Harpster and Napoleon, Ohio. Keline refused to talk.

NAMES W. S. BENNET IN HOSPITAL FIGHT

Representative Byrnes Says That He Is Lobbying for Chicago Speedway Project.

SAYS ARMY DOESN'T NEED IT

"Has 15,000 Beds and 2,300 Men to Put In Them"—Calls "the Whole Thing an Outrage."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Representative James F. Byrnes of South Carolina, who led the fight in the House against the Chicago Speedway Hospital, which Edward T. Hines of Chicago wishes the Government to buy, said tonight that he would renew his attack upon the project when it came up again.

It was also learned tonight that within a few days the House will receive information through the Secretary of the Treasury that $1,900,000 more than the original appropriation of $3,000,000 would be required to fit the hospital "for the needs of the Public Health Service," as the General Deficiency bill, which directs the purchase, provides. Appropriations of $2,500,000 for the purchase of the hospital, and an additional $500,000 for its completion, were made in this bill.

The charge was also made by Representative Byrnes that William S. Bennet, formerly a Representative from New York, was in the forefront of the lobby to insure the purchase of the hospital.

"I am going to let the people know about this lobby," said Mr. Byrnes. "Mr. Hines says by selling this property at $2,500,000 he is really giving away about $1,000,000 to the Government. I said in a speech on the floor of the House that this was the first time I ever heard of a man employing a lawyer to try to give the Government $1,000,000. The next time I make a speech on this subject I am going to name Bennet as the lawyer. All the credit or discredit of getting the appropriation is due to Mr. Bennet."

Mr. Byrnes said that Mr. Bennet attempted to appear before the House conference committee on the bill when these hospital appropriations were included. The House conferees included Mr. Byrnes, Representative Good of Iowa, and ex-Speaker Cannon of Illinois. It is understood that Mr. Bennet asked that Mr. Bennet be allowed to appear before the conferees, which Mr. Byrnes said tonight "would have been something unheard of." Permission was refused, but at a later session of the conference, according to Mr. Byrnes, Mr. Bennet was again waiting in the next room to be heard, but was again unsuccessful.

"The Hospital has never been needed by the Public Health Service," said Mr. Byrnes, "The service has 15,000 beds and 2,300 men to put in them. The Surgeon General of the service says he does not want the hospital, and the supervising architect of the Treasury says it will cost $2,000,000 more than the appropriations to put it in shape—a total of nearly $5,000,000. The whole thing is an outrage."

The fight against the Hines project has been going on for six months and has consumed much time in the House. Mr. Hines, as head of the Edward T. Hines Lumber Company, was the principal owner of the defunct Chicago Speedway. He conceived the idea of converting it into a hospital in memory of his son, a Lieutenant, who died in a hospital in France. Treasury officials say that minor officials of the Surgeon General's office and the War Department told him to go ahead with the idea. However, according to the story, Assistant Secretary Crowell said that the Government never proceeded with the project while hostilities existed, not be needed after the armistice. It was stated that Fort Sheridan, at Chicago, had a hospital with 4,000 beds.

The House passed a bill appropriating $10,000,000 for hospitals for the Public Health Service, for the use of discharged soldiers, and this bill was amended so that it was optional with the Secretary of the Treasury—in whose direction comes the Public Health Service—to use the $2,500,000 and $500,000 already spoken of, for the Chicago Speedway Hospital project. The Senate made the purchase mandatory, but on the motion was made to recede, and after a conference report in March, at the end of the Congress, the optional provision was agreed upon. The bill was passed, but when the contract came up for signature Secretary Glass refused it.

The matter hung fire until the present session, when a mandatory provision relating to the hospital, as concerned in the former bill, was inserted in the General Deficiency bill by the Senate. Secretary Glass was directed to take over the Speedway project for the Public Health Service. This caused the hot debate in the House, in which Chairman Good of the Appropriations Committee and Mr. Byrnes, a member of the same committee, fought desperately against the scheme.

The House instructed its conferees to reject the Senate amendment. Messrs. Byrnes and Good were against it, and Mr. Cannon for it. The crisis came about the last days of the fiscal year, when Congress was preparing to adjourn for the Fourth of July. Mr. Good endeavored to secure a rule to consider an amendment instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to take no further action in the matter. But the Democrats broke a quorum, and Mr. Good prepared to postpone the vote on the General Deficiency bill until after the holidays. That night in the House Democrats who were interested in the passage of the bill put the House in a parliamentary jam and forced it to adopt the Senate amendment directing the purchase.

The President signed the General Deficiency bill, but later Mr. Glass declared the additional $1,000,000 would be needed before he could accept the project. When the matter comes up again, it will be in the form of statement by Secretary Glass to this effect. What Congress will do then is a question. But there is no doubt that an interesting and determined fight is impending.

Jewish Building Fund Gets $312,000

Colonel H. A. Guinsburg, Chairman of the United Building Fund Campaign of Federated Jewish Institutions recently launched to raise $10,000,000 for institutional buildings in this city, today announced pledges totaling $312,000 from a group of members of the Board of Directors of Beth Israel Hospital. The campaign among directors of institutions is one phase of the drive and is now being conducted under the direction of Jacob H. Schiff.

INDICT TWO YOUTHS FOR HULL MURDER

O'Brien Retracts Tale to Prison Mates That He Also Killed Wife of Dr. Wilkins.

RELATIVES GO TO HIS AID

Insanity is Defense Likely to be Offered—Paige Tells How Employer Was Slain.

Edward O'Brien was indicted jointly with his young companion, Earl Paige, by the New York County Grand Jury yesterday for the murder of Gardiner C. Hull in the office of Hull & Deppisch, 106-108 Fulton Street, July 11. O'Brien told his fellow prisoners in the jail at Freehold, N. J., that he also had murdered Mrs. Julia Wilkins at Long Beach, but later, in conversation with Sheriff Elmer Geran, he referred to the conversation as a joke.

O'Brien, who is 18 years old, might fit the description of one of the two burglars accused of the murder by Dr. Walter Keene Wilkins, her husband, who killed himself after he had been convicted of the crime. The youth told the Sheriff that his second "confession" was not made seriously, and that he was at the home of his sister-in-law in Brooklyn when Mrs. Wilkins was killed.

Dr. Wilkins protested his innocence even after conviction, and shook the nerve of some of the jurors who had found him guilty when he hanged himself after writing a statement declaring that he was the victim of a "frame-up."

Mrs. Wilkins was attacked with a lead pipe and a hammer and fatally injured by repeated blows. She died in a few hours. Hull was beaten over the head again and again with a hammer; he died the following day.

O'Brien told the Sheriff he was "kidding" the other prisoners when he said he had killed Mrs. Wilkins. One of them suggested that he was the murderer of Mrs. Wilkins, and he had given them to understand that such was the case, he explained.

"I don't know a thing about that case," he added. "I pressed to tell just what he had said to the other prisoners, he answered:

"I don't remember saying anything about the Wilkins murder. I had been kidding them a little, and maybe one of them got something about it and I said 'Yes' to him."

Call His Tale Untrue.

Charles N. Wysong, who defended Dr. Wilkins and asserted his belief in the physician's innocence after his suicide, said yesterday at Mineola:

"I don't take any stock in the story. The boy probably got the idea from hearing the case discussed. Mr. Deppisch, who was a partner of Mr. Hull, was called on the first panel of jurors, and often saw Dr. Wilkins in the Nassau County Jail where Mr. Deppisch was a religious worker."

District Attorney Charles R. Weeks, who prosecuted Dr. Wilkins, said:

"The jury returned their verdict and I have no comment to make."

Joseph Breakell of 358 Lincoln Road, Flatbush, a brother-in-law of O'Brien, said the boy's statement was "sheer nonsense."

"He could have had absolutely nothing to do with the Wilkins murder," he said. "He was at my home that night. He was ill and remained several days."

The boy's relatives hope that a successful insanity defense can be established for him. Mrs. Alice Bossardet, his sister, said he hovered between life and death for a long time in the Rhode Island State Hospital several years ago, suffering from pneumonia and spinal meningitis, and that since then his conduct had been eccentric. Mrs. O'Brien, the youth's mother, refused to believe her son had confessed. She said she believed his story to her that he had not committed the crime.

Refuses to See Relatives.

O'Brien told Sheriff Geran that he would have nothing to do with his relatives and would refuse to see them if they should go to see him there.

"I don't want to see them after what they did to me," he said.

"You don't think they had anything to do with your arrest?" the sheriff asked.

"It looks that way to me," he said.

Assistant District Attorney Joyce talked with O'Brien's mother and sister and told them he could extend no hope to them that the boy might escape the electric chair. Mr. Joyce said Paige and O'Brien had escaped from the Home for Boys in Rhode Island three years ago, and had come to New York together. After his arrest in Philadelphia Paige told Mr. Joyce that he had never seen his father and remembered seeing his mother only once, when he was taken from the Rhode Island institution to visit her on her deathbed.

"The boys had planned for weeks, according to Paige," Mr. Joyce said, "to get Mr. Hull out of the office, so that they could steal the pay roll, but it had failed. Paige said there was no talk of killing him at first, but that they discussed stunning him.

"He said that he (Paige) had suggested hitting Mr. Hull with a nail-puller, but that O'Brien remonstrated, saying this would 'cut him up too much.' Thereupon, Paige says he told O'Brien to go ahead and do it his own way. O'Brien said he would. Instead of taking a nailpuller, he used a hammer.

Tells How Murder Was Committed.

"After he had pretended to be ill and had got pills from Mr. Hull, Paige said he asked his employer for a dollar. Mr. Hull was turning around to the cash box to get the money, when O'Brien struck him. Paige said the blow was so hard that the 'eye' of the hammer was driven into his skull. He had to use both hands to pull it out.

"Paige saw Mr. Hull topple over, and he grabbed the coin while O'Brien grabbed the bills. They then went out of the office, walked down to the street, made for the Hudson tube at Fulton and Church Streets and went to Newark. They went to a theatre, opposite Military Park, in Newark, and there divided the money. Paige said he got $85. He was not certain as to the exact amount. There was so much money, he said, he did not count it very carefully. He said he couldn't realize there was that much money in the world.

"They then went to a restaurant, but became nervous and decided to separate. O'Brien told Paige to go to Philadelphia, and said he would meet him there later. He gave him an address in Philadelphia. Paige said he got on a train, but that the train, instead of going to Philadelphia, brought him to New York. When he arrived, he didn't know where he was until he was told. He had lost the Philadelphia address, so he went back to Newark.

"At the station in Newark, he said he found the address on a piece of paper he had dropped there. He picked it up and took the next train for Philadelphia, arriving at 4 o'clock Saturday morning. He went to Tioga Island and tried to get a job. Failing in that, he went to a moving picture theatre and slept. Then he bought several apple pies and ate them, and engaged a room at the New Reading Hotel. He registered as Earl Barker. That is the name, he says, of one of his stepfathers, of which he says he has four.

"The next day he bought a big bag of cherries and invited a beltboy named Duncan to help him eat them. Meanwhile, the clerk, on Sunday, had been reading a description of the boys wanted for the murder of Mr. Hull, and he mentioned to two Department of Justice men that the boy at the hotel had three fingers missing.

O'Brien Takes All the Blame.

"The Secret Service men quizzed the boy. He finally confessed, after they had seen his registration card. Paige tried while he talked to me. He told me that when he told O'Brien they probably had killed Mr. Hull, O'Brien said: 'Well, if we did kill him, nobody will ever know we did it.'

"While Paige was eating pies and seeing movies in Philadelphia, O'Brien was in Bloomfield and Newark. He bought a watch and gave it to a girl. He read that the authorities were looking for him, and he bought a new blue suit instead of the new brown one he was wearing. Incidentally, he got that brown suit from the proceeds of a robbery. He robbed William Voegal, a friend of his, of 266 East Fifteenth Street, of $65 three weeks ago.

"O'Brien took all the blame for the killing. He said: 'If it wasn't for me, Paige wouldn't be in it. He didn't want to go in it, so I take the blame.' Both want to come back to the city and 'face the music.' Both said Mr. Hull always had treated them kindly.

Dr. John C. Clayton, jail physician, examined O'Brien in jail and said there were evidences of "arrested development." The doctor's attention was called by the Sheriff to O'Brien's abnormal ears, and to the top of his head.

Extra guards are on duty near O'Brien's cell. It is expected that extradition papers will have been signed in a few days.

TALK OF NEW CARDINALS.

Rome Speculates on Naming of Glennon, Mundelein, or Dougherty.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 15.—The Vatican is looking forward with great interest to the first Episcopal Conference of American Catholic Archbishops and Bishops, which will be held Sept. 24. Much is expected from the resolutions to be passed by this conference, which will be convened every year for the discussion of problems of the greatest importance to Catholics.

Mgr. Cerretti, who in the course of his recent visit to America made the last arrangements for the conference, is looking forward to its sessions with special interest.

The conference may perhaps even call the attention of the Pope himself to the American prelates most distinguished for piety, learning and patriotism, who might be considered as worthy candidates for a Cardinal's hat. It is now almost the recognized right of the United States to be represented in the Sacred College by three Cardinals. In fact, when Cardinal Falconio was alive—he being an American citizen—the Sacred College had in reality four American Cardinals.

Those now mentioned here as possible candidates are Archbishop Glennon of St. Louis, Archbishop Mundelein of Chicago, and Bishop Dougherty of Buffalo.

WETS MAKE BAILEY COUNSEL

Also Announce They Will Fight Every Prohibition Legislator.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Announcement of the appointment of Joseph W. Bailey of Washington, former United States Senator from Texas, as chief counsel to conduct an early fight against the prohibition constitutional amendment, and of the intention to oppose for re-election every State legislator who voted to ratify the amendment, was made today from the Western headquarters of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition.

"It is just possible that Senator Bailey may decide to join forces with the Attorney General of Rhode Island," said a statement issued by James Arthur Seavey, managing director of the association, who departed for New York for several days of conferences with Middle Western men. It referred to the Rhode Island Legislature's resolution directing the Attorney General to test the validity of the amendment in the Supreme Court.

"After saying that the association would be just as much opposed to the amendment if it prohibited traffic in "cold tea, or hot chocolate," Mr. Seavey continued:

"The amendment contains the first prohibition ever lodged in the Constitution. If the Eighteenth Amendment is legally a part of the Constitution, then the original Bill of Rights, which makes up the first ten amendments to the Constitution, is illegally a part of that document. The first ten amendments to the Constitution affirm, in principle, the very principle which the Eighteenth Amendment denies. The Anti-Saloon League, shifty in the principles as the glance of a crook, may affirm something one minute and deny it the next, but the Constitution of the United States cannot, and we believe the United States Supreme Court will so hold."

After asserting that the Anti-Saloon League had "sand-bagged" its way along for fifteen years, the statement said, "Finally these subservient statesmen have seemed to be happy and contented to eat out of the prohibition crib," and continued:

"We shall offer stern and effective opposition to any and every candidate for State or national office who prefers to run on a platform of hysterical fanaticism."

Suit for Prohibition Referendum.

Special to The New York Times.

SANTA FE, N. M., July 16.—Under an alternative writ of mandamus from the District Court here the Secretary of State of New Mexico will have to show cause on Aug. 22 why he should not submit to the voters the question of ratifying the national prohibition amendment. When the petition for a referendum vote was filed the Secretary, acting upon advice of the Attorney General, refused to submit the question at the next general election. The last Legislature ratified the amendment.

Wine Growers Fight Prohibition.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—Twenty-four California wine grape growers filed affidavits in the United States District Court here today in an action to enjoin the United States District Attorney from enforcing wartime prohibition, stating that banks, including Federal reserve banks, have refused to lend them money on vine lands. The growers declare that some of them are facing starvation, that the value of their lands has depreciated, and that wartime prohibition threatens a state of anarchy.

Britain Considers Recall of Envoy to the Vatican

LONDON, July 16.—The British Government is considering the question of withdrawing its Envoy from the Vatican, Cecil B. Harmsworth, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, stated in the House of Commons today.

Mr. Harmsworth added that he had no confirmation of the statement made by Robert J. Lynn, Unionist member, who had questioned the Government, that owing "to the hostility of the Vatican to the Allies during the war the continued presence of the Envoy was causing considerable resentment among many who had lost relatives in the war." Mr. Lynn represents the Woodvale Division of Belfast.

In November, 1914, it became known that Great Britain because of the war situation had assumed a new position in its relations toward the Vatican and would appoint a Minister on special mission to the Pope. Sir Henry Howard, former British Minister to Holland, went to Rome in December, 1914, and remained there until August, 1916, when he was succeeded by Count J. F. C. de Salis.

The Count has been at the Vatican since that time as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary on a special mission, the status of which is different from that of a permanent legation.

SAYS PROHIBITION IS WELL ENFORCED

Palmer Asserts Prosecution of 2.75 Beer Cases Will Continue Whenever Possible.

BOW ONLY TO COURT ORDERS

Will Await Supreme Court Decision in Districts Covered by Demurrers.

DRYS IN HOUSE ALARMED

Fear Radicals Will Overdo Enforcement Legislation—Wheeler Before Senate Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Attorney General Palmer today expressed the opinion that wartime prohibition, fifteen days after it had placed the nation on a dry basis, was

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Railroad Stocks Take Part in Fresh Speculative Movement —Steel Trade Active.

The stock market presented speculative features yesterday which were quite different in some respects from what had been seen in preceding days of the week. Railroad issues came in for rather sudden attention from buyers, with the result that gains running from 1 to more than 4 points were distributed among them at the close. As this phase developed it was noticeable that those steel and allied issues whose extraordinary vigor had been supplying leading features were under much pressure. The industrial shares as a whole moved in an erratic fashion, and because of the evidence of realizing sales in this group the Street explained the activity of the rails as a product of a switching of trading interest to them for the time being. It was highly unusual to see St. Paul advance 5 points and New Haven nearly 5 points, and the strength of stocks of companies in a more favorable position than these was noted with satisfaction in banking circles, where the headlong character of speculative operations in a limited number of industrials had been viewed with disfavor. Shipping stocks gained ground despite developments in the strike of seamen which seemed, according to news of the day, to indicate a more serious restriction upon the movement of vessels than was evident the day before. Call money did not get above 8 per cent. at the highest and was in fairly good supply in the afternoon at 6 per cent. for loans on mixed collateral.

The financial community had generally favorable news and developments to consider. Reports from the steel and iron trade showed that operations had grown to a large scale during the week. A movement which received rather striking emphasis in The Iron Age's statement that ingot capacity in the Pittsburgh district was engaged at points between 75 and 80 per cent. of the maximum. Sustained activity throughout the Summer is looked for and the broadening of inquiry from abroad speaks well for business likely to be booked later in the year. The matter of financing exports, as is well known, hinges upon the establishment of adequate medium for the work, and for this reason bankers and manufacturers found much of interest in Senator Edge's bill for the creation of one or more great corporations under Federal charter for facilitating credit extension to European and other outside buyers. This and allied suggestions for the task lying ahead are expected to bring forth concrete developments shortly which will pave the way for the country's trade expansion on a scale which promises to dwarf even the war-time outflow of goods.

The present handicap upon exports to Britain and the countries which finance the bulk of their imports through London was further increased by the tendency of sterling exchange. The market yielded so rapidly under the bills offered that a new low quotation of 4.30¼ was reached early in the afternoon, with transactions reported under this level. Since June 1 sterling has dropped no less than 28 cents to the pound, and nothing has yet appeared to arouse the belief that the market will not go lower. In banking circles it is said that efforts or plans for supporting the rate have not been detected. It would seem that the time was near when consumers of our products on the other side of the water whose prices cannot help but be affected by the continued recession of exchange would make their feelings evident. Franc exchange was depressed to 7.12 to the dollar for sight drafts, a point 11 centimes lower than on Tuesday. Spanish rates, in fact all the neutral exchanges, again swung in favor of New York.

Trading Strong on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, July 16.—Trading on the Bourse was strong today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 61 francs 70 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 30 francs 96½ centimes. Five per cent loan, 88 francs 87 centimes. The dollar was quoted at from 6 francs 99 centimes to 7 francs 4 centimes.

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MIXED COLLAT'L	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days..... 6	Sixty days..... 6
Ninety days..... 6	Ninety days..... 6
Four months..... 6	Four months..... 6
Five months..... 6	Five months..... 6
Six months..... 6	Six months..... 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4¾@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5¼@5

Commercial Paper.

60 to 90 days..... 5¼@5½
4 to 6 months..... 5¾@6¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months..... 5¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.33	$4.30¼	$4.31¼	—.07
Cables	4.33⅝	4.31¼	4.32	—.07
Francs—				
Demand	7.14	7.14	7.14	—.13
Cables	7.12	7.12	7.12	—.13

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	4.31¼	4.32
5.1813 Paris	7.14	7.13
5.1813 Belgium	7.25	7.23
China—		
Hongkong	$1.00	$1.00
Shanghai	122.00	122.125
Peking	131.00	131.125
40.29 Holland	37.00	37.00
19.30 Greece	16.85	16.80
5.1813 Italy	8.62	8.60
32.44 India—		
Bombay	40.00	40.28
Calcutta	40.00	40.25
49.25 Japan—		
Kobe	50.75	51.00
Yokohama	50.75	51.00
19.30 Spain	18.05	18.11
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila		49.25
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	24.35	24.55
Christiania	23.55	23.75
Copenhagen	22.50	22.70
South America—		
Buenos Aires	43.60	43.70
Rio	27.25	27.375
5.1813 Switzerland	5.76	5.74
51.46 Russia: (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	5.75	6.00
500 rubles	5.25	5.40

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market: Cents Per Kronen.

	Check.	Cables.
Poland	2.15	2.20
Austria	2.25	2.23
Jugoslavia	4.30	4.60
Czechoslovakia	6.50	6.55
Roumania	6.40	6.85
Greece	15.00	16.05
Germany	15.35	15.90
	8.00	8.25

*Cents per mark. †Finmark. ‡Lat.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.	$4.28	$4.28¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $1,149,008,697; balance, $73,411,042; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,918,151; Federal Reserve credit balance, $45,830,092.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25 @ 75c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.3125.

Silver Quotation.

Bar silver in London, 56¼d; in New York, $1.04½; Mexican dollars, 50¾@ 51¾.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Revenue receipts:

	This month.	Fiscal yr.
Customs	$8,431,235	$8,431,235
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits tax	3,426,145	3,426,145
Miscellaneous	97,827,913	97,827,913
Miscellaneous receipts	38,750,815	38,750,815
Total receipts	$111,274,157	$111,274,157
Ord. receipts	136,037,197	136,037,197
Excess: total disb. over total receipts	168,780,668	168,780,668
Expenditures	247,811,544	247,811,544

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,806,488	259,325	542,298
Year to date	157,757,506	77,782,946	109,737,261

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
49½	50	800	Advance Rumely	50¾	50¾	49	49	—1½
73	74½	500	Advance Rumely pf	74	74½	74	74	—1
		2,400	Ajax Rubber	105	105	103¼	104½	—2½
		400	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
2⅝	2¾	4,400	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
46½	47	12,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	47	47¼	46⅝	46⅝	—1
106½	109½	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	110	110	106	106	
98	100	200	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	99¼	99¼	99	99	
52	53	2,600	Am. Banknote	54½	54½	53	53	—1½
92¼	92⅝	1,500	Am. Beet Sugar	92¼	93	92	92¼	—1
118	119	2,300	Am. Bosch Magneto	119	120	118½	118½	—1½
61	61¼	5,500	Am. Can	60¾	61¼	60⅞	61¼	+⅛
114	114¼	7,200	Am. Car & Fdry	114	114	113⅝	114	+1
116½	117	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	—2½
64½	64¾	1,400	Am. Cotton Oil	65⅛	65⅜	64½	64¾	—½
12½	12⅝	700	Am. Druggists	11¾	11¾	12½	12⅝	+⅛
33½	33⅞	2,900	Am. H. & Leather	33⅝	33⅝	35⅞	35⅞	+1½
134½	134	2,900	Am. H. & L. pf	134¼	135	133½	133½	—1½
60	61	500	Am. Ice	62	62	60	60½	—2½
71¾	73	100	Am. Ice pf	72	72	72	72	—1
113	113¼	10,600	Am. International	111¾	113⅝	112	113	—½
78½	79	600	Am. Linseed	79¾	79¾	79	79	—½
97	98	100	Am. Linseed pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	—1½
93½	93⅝	5,100	Am. Locomotive	96⅜	96⅜	93½	93⅝	—1⅝
88½	88¾	13,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	87⅝	89⅞	87⅝	89⅝	+1½
109¼	110	500	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	100	109½	100	109½	+1½
93	94½	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	94½	94½	94½	94½	+½
129	135½	200	Am. Snuff	125	128	125	128	+3
45⅝	46	4,000	Am. Steel Fdries	46¾	45¾	46	46	—⅛
139	140	5,100	Am. Sugar Ref	139½	141	139½	140⅝	
118	119	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	118	118	118	118	—⅛
116½	117	6,900	Am. Sumatra Tob	118¼	118¾	116½	116½	—1½
97½	98½	100	Am. Sumatra T. pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	—½
103¾	104	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	103¾	104	103¾	103¾	+⅛
240¾	243	1,750	Am. Tobacco	239	247	239	242½	—2⅝
101	102	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	101	101½	101	101½	+⅛
132½	133⅛	16,200	Am. Woolen	127⅝	137	125	133	+5½
108¾	110	600	Am. Woolen pf	109¾	109¾	109½	109½	—⅛
56	56¼	4,500	Am. Writing Paper pf	56	57⅞	55¾	56⅞	+⅛
26⅝	27	2,200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	27⅝	27⅝	26⅝	27	+⅛
63¾	64½	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S pf	62⅝	63½	62⅝	63½	—½
77¾	77⅝	17,800	Anaconda Copper	76½	77⅞	76½	77⅝	+1½
1⅞	2	400	Assets Realization	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
93	95	700	Associated Oil	93¼	94½	93¼	93⅞	+⅞
101⅝	102¼	4,700	Atch., Top. & S. F	101	102¼	101	102⅛	+1½
85⅛	86	700	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	85¾	85⅝	85¾	85⅝	+⅛
10	11	700	At., Birm. & At	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+⅛
		100	Atlantic Coast Line	102	102	102	102	+⅝
177	178½	4,000	At., Gulf & West I	174⅝	178⅝	173⅜	178	+4
73	73½	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	+½
116⅝	116¾	24,800	Baldwin Loco	120	121⅝	116¼	116⅝	—3½
105	107⅝	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	107	107	107	107	—⅞
46¾	47⅝	7,400	Baltimore & Ohio	45⅛	47⅝	45⅛	47⅝	+1½
56⅝	57	1,100	Baltimore & O. pf	56⅝	56⅞	56½	56⅝	+⅞
139½	140	1,300	Barrett Co.	141	141	130	139⅝	+7
1⅝	1⅞	300	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+⅛
		62,500	Beth. Steel, class B	109	109¾	105¾	105¾	—2¾
		100	Beth. Steel 7% pf	107	107	107	107	+2
		900	Beth. Steel 8% pf	114½	114½	114	114	+¼
21¾	21¾	500	Booth Fisheries	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	
31	31¼	12,000	Bklyn Rapid Tran	31¾	32	30⅝	31	+¼
		1,600	Do. cfs. of dep	28½	27¾	26¾	27¾	+¾
111	113	1,000	Brown Shoe	105¼	112¾	105¼	112	+7¾
100	102	100	Browne Shoe pf	101	101	101	101	
59¾	60	10	Buf., Roch. & Pitts	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	
13	13¼	2,000	Butte Cop. & Zinc	13⅝	13⅝	13	13	—⅛
35½	35¾	3,500	Butte & Superior	36	36	34⅝	35⅜	
46¾	47	4,500	Caddo Cent. O. & R	45⅜	47⅛	45⅜	46⅞	+1⅛
		1,400	California Packing	71⅝	71⅝	71	71⅛	—⅝
37⅛	38¼	3,100	California Petrol	38⅜	39½	38⅛	38⅞	+⅝
79	80½	900	California Pet. pf	80	82	80	80½	+⅝
80¼	80¾	900	Calumet & Arizona	80	81¾	80¼	80½	+⅛
168	169	3,400	Canadian Pacific	167½	169	166¾	169	+1½
33	34	1,000	Central Foundry	32	33	32	33	—⅜
65½	66	400	Central Foundry pf	66¼	66¼	65½	66	
113	113½	49,090	Central Leather Co	114⅛	116¼	113	113	—⅞
113	115	100	Central Leather pf	114	114	114	114	+⅛
		800	Certain-teed Prod	50	51½	50	50	
64¼	65	5,800	Cerro de Pasco Cop	64¼	65⅝	64½	64½	+⅛
256	260	200	Chandler Motor	230	259	259	259	+1
66⅜	66⅝	3,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	65⅝	66½	65⅛	66½	+1
12¾	12¾	800	Chicago & Alton	11	12⅛	11	12	+1
16	16⅜	200	Chi. & Alton pf	16¼	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	+⅛
8	8½	200	Chi. & Eastern Ill	9	9	8½	8½	+⅛
13	14½	500	Chi. & East. Ill. pf	15	15	15	15	+1
11	11½	5,900	Chi. Great Western	10	11	10	11	+1
29½	30	700	Chi. Great West. pf	28½	29⅝	28½	29⅜	+1¾
50¾	50⅞	42,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	44⅞	51⅝	44⅞	50⅞	+4⅝
74	74⅜	29,200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	70	75	70	74⅜	+4⅝
102	102½	3,400	Chi. & Northwest'n	100¾	101¾	100¾	102	+1½
79	82	600	Chi. Pneumat. Tool	80½	81	80	80	—2½
31⅛	31⅝	21,400	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	30	31⅝	29⅝	31⅛	+1⅝
83½	83⅝	1,100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	83½	83⅞	83	83⅞	
71½	71⅝	300	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	71¾	71¾	71¾	71½	+⅛
77½	80	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O	77½	77½	77½	77½	+⅛
27½	28	19,000	Chile Copper	28¼	28⅝	28	28	—⅛
49¾	50½	5,200	Chino Copper	50	50⅝	49½	50¼	+⅛
50	51	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	50	50	50	50	
87½	88	300	Cluett, Peabody	87¼	88	87¼	87½	—1⅝
106½	106¾	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	+1½
53	53½	3,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	54¼	54¾	52⅞	53½	—½
29	29¼	1,900	Col. & Southern	28¾	29⅛	28⅝	29⅛	+⅛
63¾	63⅞	3,500	Columbia Gas & El	62	63¾	63	63½	+⅛
55	58	500	Comput. Tab. Rec	59¾	59¾	57⅞	58	—1⅛
103¼	104	5,534	Consolidated Gas	104½	104½	102¾	103¾	—1⅛
18¾	18⅝	2,700	Con. Int. Cal. Min	16¾	18⅝	17¾	18⅝	+1⅝
98	98½	6,700	Continental Can	97	99⅝	96⅝	98½	+1½
105	112	100	Continental Can pf	110	110	110	110	+1
71	73	100	Continental Insur	73	73	73	73	+⅝
89½	90	5,700	Corn Products Ref	90¾	90¾	89	89½	+⅝
108	110	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	107⅝	108¼	107⅝	108¼	+⅝
66	73	100	Crex Carpet	74	74	74	74	—2
139¾	139¾	27,600	Crucible Steel	142½	144½	136	139¾	—4
36½	37	10,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	38¼	37⅝	36	37	—⅛
81⅝	83	2,500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	83	83	81¾	82¾	+1
205	210	500	Cuban-Am. Sugar	205	214	205	214	+10
115	115½	200	Delaware & Hudson	114½	115	114½	115	+1
10⅝	11⅛	500	Den. & Rio Grande	11½	11½	10⅝	11	—⅜
20¼	20½	25,300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	20	20⅝	18⅝	20½	
14	14½	200	Dome Mines	14½	14¾	14¼	14¾	+⅛
5⅜	6½	200	Duluth, S. S. & A	6	6	6	6	
10½	11½	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	—⅛
41⅝	42	11,500	Elk Horn Coal	42¼	43	41½	41¾	+⅛
		100	Elk Horn Coal pf	47	47	47	47	
36	37	200	Emer.-Brantham	36⅞	36⅞	36¼	36¼	
114	118	9,700	Endicott Johnson	100¾	117¾	100	117	+17½
104	104½	1,600	Endicott John. pf	104½	105	104	104	+⅛
19⅝	19½	5,500	Erie	19½	19½	19	19¼	+⅛
32½	32¾	5,000	Erie 1st pf	33¾	33	31⅞	32⅝	+1
22⅝	23	2,200	Erie 2d pf	23⅝	23	22⅝	23	+⅛
118½	120	6,600	F'mous Play-Lasky	119½	120	119	119	+⅛
		2,500	De. rights	2¾	3	2¾	2¾	+⅛
21	21¼	100	Federal Min. & S	21	21	21	21	—⅛
46	46	200	Federal M. & S. pf	46¼	46¼	46	46	
83	86	1,600	Fisher Body	86	83½	83	83	
61⅜	61¾	24,600	Freeport Texas	61⅜	63¼	61⅜	61½	
36½	36¾	4,000	Gaston, W. & W	37⅞	37⅞	36¾	36½	—1⅜
85	85⅝	15,100	General Cigar	82⅝	85⅝	82⅝	85⅞	+3⅝
		1,800	Gen. Cigar rights	¾	¾	¾	¾	
234	235	2,200	General Motors	230½	236¾	234	234	—1½
92	92½	100	General Motors pf	91⅜	91⅞	91⅜	91⅝	—⅛
80	80½	500	General Motors deb	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	—⅛
85	85¾	3,800	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	86	86⅝	85	85⅝	—⅛
104	104½	1,200	Goodrich pf	104	104⅝	104	104½	+⅝
72	74	500	Granby Consol	73	73⅞	72½	72½	—1⅝
96¼	96⅝	5,200	Great Northern pf	96¼	96⅞	95½	96⅞	+1
50⅝	50¾	6,300	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	50⅝	50¾	50	50½	+⅛
46	47	1,200	Greene-Can. Cop	46¼	47¼	46¼	47¼	+1
72	75	1,200	Gulf States Steel	75¾	75¾	72	73	—3½
11	11½	100	Gulf. Mob. & North	11	11	11	11	
94	98	1,200	Hartman Corp.	93	96¾	93	96¾	+1¾
67	68	3,700	Haskell & Barker	68	68	68	67	—1
		100	Homestake Mining	84	84	84	84	—½
101½	102⅜	400	Illinois Central	103	103	102¾	102¾	—⅛
67½	67¾	16,800	Inspiration Copper	67⅜	68⅞	67¼	67⅝	—⅛
77	78	12,800	Interboro Consol.	77	80	77	80	+2
28⅝	28⅞	4,700	Interboro Consol. pf	28¼	29¼	27⅝	28⅝	+2
34½	35	500	Int. Agricultural	35	35	34⅝	34⅝	—1¼
88	88½	400	Int. Agricultural pf	90¼	90¼	88½	88½	—1¼
148	144	1,200	Int. Harvester new	144¾	144¾	143½	143½	—2
117	119	100	Int. Harv. pf. new	119	119	119	119	—1¼
64	65¼	34,300	Int. Mer. Marine	64	65¼	62¼	65¼	+1⅝
119½	120	6,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	119⅝	120¾	118¾	119¾	+1⅝
31½	32	10,300	Int. Nickel	32	32	31¾	31¾	+⅛
69	69¾	13,000	Int. Paper	67¾	69¾	67	69⅝	+2⅝
5⅞	6	100	Iowa Central	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	+⅛
38⅝	39¼	400	Jewel Tea	39	39¼	38¾	39	+⅛
76	80	100	Jewel Tea pf	77	77	77	77	+½
41⅜	42	4,200	Jones Bros. Tea	42½	44	41⅜	42	+½
24½	24⅝	2,200	Kansas City South	23¾	24½	23¾	24½	+1
138	138½	7,100	Kelly Springf. Tire	138½	139¾	137½	138	+⅝
		500	Do. rights	1	1	1	1	
59	60¼	1,400	Kelsey Wheel	59¼	59¾	59¼	59¼	+⅝
		14,800	Kennecott Copper	42⅞	43¾	42	43½	+⅛
121	121¾	12,700	Keystone Tire & R	123	123¾	121	121	—2⅝
90¼	91¼	11,800	Lackawanna Steel	92	93	90¼	91¼	—⅝
36	36⅞	700	Lee Rubber & Tire	37	37	36	36	—1½
53¼	53½	1,400	Lehigh Valley	53¾	53¾	52¾	53¼	+⅛
240	244	25	Liggett & Myers	230	230	230	230	—7
113	116	100	Liggett & Myers pf	115	115	115	115	+1½
76	77	400	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	77½	77½	76½	76½	—⅝
233	235½	8,200	Lorillard (P.) Co	230	240	230	235	+2½
111	112	100	Lorl. (P.) Co. pf	111½	111¼	111¼	111¾	—⅛
		200	Louis. & Nash	120	120	120	120	—2
		2,000	Manhattan Shirt	34¾	37	34¾	37	+2
53¼	53½	1,900	Maxwell Motors	53⅜	53⅝	52½	53½	—1¼
78	78½	1,500	Max. Motors 1st pf	79¼	79¼	78	78	—1
41¼	41¾	400	Max. Motors 2d pf	41¼	41¾	41	41	—1
200¼	201¼	57,000	Mexican Petroleum	194¼	201¼	194¼	201	+7¼
32	32¼	4,700	Miami Copper	31½	32¼	31½	32¼	+⅛
60	60	25,900	Mfdvale Steel	60¾	61¾	59⅝	60	—1⅝
20	21	16,200	Minn. & St. L. new	21⅝	23½	21	22⅜	+1½
10	10½	5,800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	10⅝	10⅝	10	10⅜	+⅛
20	21	2,700	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	21¾	21¾	21	21⅝	+⅛
37¼	37⅝	19,100	Missouri Pacific	37	37¾	36¼	37⅝	+⅝
57	58	400	Missouri Pacific pf	57	57⅞	57	57⅝	+⅛
		200	Montana Power	79½	79½	79	79	+1½
40	40¾	1,100	Nat. Acme	40¾	40¾	40	40	—⅞
23¼	24	1,300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	24	24	23¾	23¾	—⅞
82	84	600	Nat. Enam. & St	83	83	83	83	—1
86	86¾	3,700	Nat. Lead	86¾	86¾	86	86¼	+1⅛
9¾	10	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	
21¾	21⅝	2,800	Nevada Con. Cop	21⅝	21⅝	21¼	21¼	+⅛
43	44	500	N. O., Tex. & Mex	43	44	43¼	43¼	+⅛
125¾	127	1,100	N. Y. Air Brake	127	127¾	127	127	
82⅜	82¾	7,300	N. Y. Central	81¾	82¾	81¾	82¾	+1¼
31¾	32¾	200	N. Y. C. & St. L.	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	
43	44	700	N. Y. Dock	44	44¾	43¾	43¾	—⅛
55	55	100	N. Y. Dock pf	56	56	56	56	—2
		61,400	N. Y. N. H. & H	32¾	39⅝	32¾	39⅝	+6⅛
24	24⅜	2,700	N. Y. Ont. & West	24	24⅜	23¾	24⅜	+1
102⅜	103	1,700	Norfolk & Western	104⅞	106	102¾	103	—1⅝
57	57	300	North American	57	58¼	57	58⅛	+⅛
96⅝	97	6,700	Northern Pacific	96	97	96	97	+1
		1,900	Nova Scotia S. & C.	90	90	89¼	89¼	—2
59½	59¾	12,500	Ohio Cities Gas	59	60¾	58¾	59¾	+¾
8¾	9	300	Ontario Mining	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	
10⅞	11	10,200	Okla. Prod. & Ref	10⅞	11½	10⅞	11	+⅛
57½	58	500	Owens Bottle	55½	58½	57⅝	58	+⅝
39½	40	200	Pacific Mail	40	40	40	40	—⅛
103¾	103⅝	41,500	Pan-Am. P. & T	103¾	103¾	103¼	103¾	+1⅝
185	195	300	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	185	185¾	185	185¾	+20
55	56	20

A Short Term Note

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SWISS WILL FLOAT BOND ISSUE HERE

Banking Syndicate About Finishes Arrangements for $40,000,000 Loan.

TO BE USED IN THIS COUNTRY

Proceeds Will Be Spent Chiefly for Foodstuffs, Raw Material, and Machinery.

A syndicate of American banks and bankers, headed by Lee, Higginson & Co., and the Guaranty Trust Company, have about completed arrangements for and will shortly offer an issue of Swiss Government bonds. The loan, it is said, will be somewhere in the neighborhood of $30,000,000 to $40,000,000. The rate of interest and the maturity are not definitely known, but it is understood that the rate will be slightly less than 6 per cent., and that the bonds probably will run for at least ten and possibly as long as twenty years.

The American syndicate has been in consultation with the Swiss Government for some time. Yesterday it was said that all details, so far as local interests were concerned, had been completed, and that official announcement now only awaits cabled confirmation from Switzerland that the matter had been definitely closed up.

The money thus raised for the benefit of Switzerland will virtually all be spent in the United States. It will be used for the purchase of foodstuffs, raw materials and machinery, mainly. The Swiss Government will be directly responsible for the loan.

It has been reported in financial circles for some time past that the Swiss Government was negotiating for a loan here. Even before the $25,000,000 Swedish Government loan was announced there were reports that Switzerland was in the market. The recent sharp break in Swiss Exchange, which sold here at a premium for nearly the entire war period, is said to have expedited the closing of negotiations. Yesterday Swiss Exchange sold at 5.70 francs to the dollar, against about 5.50 a week ago. During the war the rate on Switzerland was at times considerably less than 5 francs to the dollar.

This will be the second large bond flotation arranged for Switzerland in recent years. In March, 1915, a $15,000,000 issue of gold notes was offered by the same syndicate which is handling the present issue. Those notes were to mature $5,000,000 in one year; $5,000,000 in three years, and $5,000,000 in five years. The first two maturities, those falling due on March 1, 1916, and March 1, 1918, have been paid off. There still remains the $5,000,000 due next March to be taken care of. These notes are privately dealt in, and it was said yesterday that at no time had they sold below par.

It is believed that credits for Denmark and Norway will be announced within a very short time. Both of these countries, it has been reported, are negotiating with New York banks, and it is expected that both operations are very near to consummation. The amounts in both cases, it is said, will be around $30,000,000. Nothing has been said as to the probable rate of interest on these issues, but it is believed that both will be somewhat in excess of 6 per cent. The recent $25,000,000 Swedish loan was offered on a basis to yield slightly more than 6 per cent., and it is considered hardly likely that either Denmark or Norway will be able to secure more favorable terms.

EXCHANGE VOTES HOLIDAY.

Heavy Work Recently Results in Day Off on Saturday.

Governors of the Stock Exchange decided in a special meeting yesterday to close the Exchange next Saturday. The extra holiday resulted from appeals from a number of brokerage houses and specialists for relief from the pressure of work entailed in the current series of heavy trading days. The long succession of million-share market sessions has caused clerical work to accumulate and the recess will be used to catch up.

Since market activity, accompanied by rising prices, began last February, the employes of many firms have had to work late at night practically every full business day. In some cases Sunday labor has also been found necessary. The Governors recently declined to grant a petition to close every Saturday during the Summer, but additional holidays are expected if business continues at the present rate.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Airplane	1	2	Iron Blos.	25	40
Am Oil	5¼	6	Iron Cap.	11	13
Bost Fly	1½	1⅝	Majestic	31	32
Bost Mon.	92	93	Mex Met.	15	18
Bohemia	1¾	2⅛	Mojave T.	13	146
Butte & L.	18	22	New Balt.	1⅝	2⅛
Champion	3	3½	N t L & Z.	9	11
Calaveras	1½	2	Nixon	24	28
Chief Con.	3¼	3⅝	Nev. Douz.	20	23
Cortez	12	28	Oneco	75	100
Con Cop.	6⅜	6⅞	Onondaga	20	50
Crystal	12	25	Rainier	70	82
Crown Res.	32	40	T W M.	4⅜	5⅛
Eagle B B.	2⅛	2⅜	Seven Met.	10	20
Fortuna	3	4	Texas	72	78
Houghton	1	1⅜	U V Exten	47⅛	47⅝
Mona	36	37	Victoria	1	1⅛
La Rose	38	40	Yukon	87	100

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	93.06	90.69	91.61	+1.32
25 industrials	116.91	116.13	116.91	— .39
50 stocks	93.46	91.33	93.46	+ .45

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
July 15	93.20	91.19	93.03	+ .04
July 14	92.70	90.70	91.97	— .89
July 12	91.16	89.94	90.86	+1.07
July 11	90.67	89.50	89.91	— .13
July 10	90.84	89.15	90.76	+ .53
July 9	91.05	89.73	90.31	+ .53

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

July	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	93.46 July 16	69.73 Jan. 24	92.46
†1918	73.78 July 6	70.46 July 15	71.67
1917	82.44 July 3	70.55 July 19	80.50
1916	87.04 July 8	82.91 July 14	84.35
1915	75.34 July 29	66.06 July 19	75.15

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	93.46 July 16	69.73 Jan. 24	92.46
†1919	74.22 May 16	64.12 Jan. 15	71.60
Full Years.			
1918	80.18 Nov. 19	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.53 Nov. 20	80.01 Apr. 22	85.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.53

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.55	— .03	— .70	+ .80

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

July 15	77.58	July 7	77.78 +.03
July 14	77.58 —.03	July 5	Holiday
July 12	77.61 —.05	July 4	Holiday
July 11	77.66 +.01	July 3	77.75 —.03
July 10	77.66 —.04	July 2	77.78 —.03
July 9	77.69 +.02	July 1	77.81 —.00
July 8	77.67 —.11	June 30	77.81 —.12

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1919	79.05 June 2	76.00 Mar. 31	77.55
†1918	77.87 May 24	75.77 Apr. 15	76.69
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	90.48 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	74.84
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.10 Apr. 20	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

STEEL ORDERS INCREASE.

Trade Developments Cause Producers to Study Labor Problem.

The country's steel and iron operations continue to expand, and the amount of business in sight, revealed through active inquiries from domestic and foreign sources, is causing producers to study the labor situation with care. The Iron Age says:

All the week's iron and steel trade developments are favorable, with indications of sustained if not cumulative activity throughout the Summer. In the Pittsburgh district operations are on a larger scale, the Carnegie Steel Company having 75 to 80 per cent. of ingot capacity active, while a large independent interest there is above 80 per cent.

Blast furnace resumptions fully bear out the indications at the opening of the month. A half-dozen stacks are about to go in, including one each in the Philadelphia, Youngstown and Pittsburgh districts, and a new furnace in West Virginia. The increase in bookings by rolling mills is calling for more pig iron and stocks have been going down steadily for more than a month.

The fact that new orders for rolled steel have exceeded shipments in the past three weeks at a number of Central Western plants has led to more selective policy by sellers, and both in export and domestic business bidding in some lines is more restricted.

A broadening inquiry from all parts of the globe marks the export market. Buyers are slow to accept the belief here in the stability of prices, but the volume of contracting is sufficiently large to indicate there is no Summertime dullness in foreign trade. Tin plate is now reckoned in export activity.

The Iron Trade Review says:

As steel tonnage accumulates more rapidly on mill books there is increasing talk of price advances in certain lines, but producers are adhering to a very conservative course in adopting higher schedules. The action of one independent interest this week in raising tubular products $5 and $10 per ton has not been followed by other manufacturers of this material. This attitude of producers is influenced considerably by the spotty character of the demand which leaves some of the heavier products still lagging behind and militates against well balanced operations. It is indicated also that labor considerations are a factor of restraint.

Production in some finished steel lines appears to be nearing the maximum point permitted by the supply of labor, as there is a rush of shipping demand. Mill books are becoming increasingly congested and deliveries are lengthening. This is notably the case in sheet and tin plate, and the week of July 12 broke all records.

Wire products, sheets, tin plates, bars and pipe, it is said, still lead in activity.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.80	5.58
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5-6	5.50	5.45
Can. North. equip.	1919-'20	6	6.25	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.90	5.80
Chs. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.95	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'22	4½	5.85	5.70
Chi., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.37	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.35
Chickasaw Refin.	1919-'21	6	7.25	6.75
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'20	5	5.90	5.70
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.75	5.40
Erie, R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.90
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.80	5.30
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'22	5	5.80	5.80
Michigan Central	1919-'32	5 @6	5.85	5.65
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.40	6.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1919-'23	5	6.75	6.00
Mor. Pacific	1919-'22	5	6.75	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.75
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1919-'28	4½@5	5.80	5.65
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1919-'23	4½	5.87	5.75
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. Frght.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.50	5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.85	5.30
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Shoalair Refining	1919-'21	6	6.75	5.75
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.65	5.35
Southern Ry.	1919-'24	4½@5	5.65	5.45
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	5.78	5.23

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Fgn. Sec. 5s	99½	100
Anglo-French 5s	97¼	97¾
Argentine 5s	83	84
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¼	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96	96¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	95¼	96⅛
Chinese Government 5s	66½	67
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	99⅝	99½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	95	95¼
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	83½	83¾
Dominican Republic 5s	91	
City of Bordeaux 6s	99	99½
City of Lyons 6s	99	99½
City of Marseilles 6s	99	99½
City of Paris 6s	97⅜	97¾
Japanese 4½s	85	87½
Japanese 4½s, second series		91
Japanese 4s	75½	78
City of Tokio 5s	74½	79½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	99⅝	100
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅝	99
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	97⅜	97⅝
United States of Mexico 5s	62⅜	63¾
United States of Mexico 4s	53	56

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99½	99⅝	Fan 2s, c, 1938	98¾	
2s, c, 1930	99¼	99½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	89	92
3s, r, 1961	85	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	85	92
4s, r, 1925	102	102½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	85	92
4s, c, 1925	102¼	102½	P I 4s, 25 yr	90	96
Pan 2s, c, 1936	98¾	99½	P I 4s, 25 yr	90	96
Pan 2s, c, 1938	98¾		P I 4s, 36 yr	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98¾	99½	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	52½	54½	Barrett Co. pf.	115½	116½
Alb & Sus.	185		Beech Creek	58½	
Allis-Ch. M. pf.	95	98½	Beth Steel.	104½	105¼
Am B N.			Buff & R.	54	60
Am B Sug pf.	48	48½	Du pf.	52	57
Am S Sug pf.	94	95	Kl'yn Ed.	101¼	103
Am Br. sh.	93	97	B U Gas.	86	90
Do pf.	160	171	Brunsw Ter.	9½	10¾
Am C pf.	104½	106	B. R & P. pf.	96	
Am Coal	48		Burns Bros.	184	188
Am Cot Oil pf.	91	92	Do pf.	110	113
Am Exp.	93	100	Bush Ter.	80	100
Am Lo pf.	103½	107	But'k Co.	32½	34
Am Int	25		Can. So.	45½	48
pf. sta.	36½	37½	Case (J I) pf.	90½	100½
Am Shipb.	133		C R R of N J.	205	223
Am Sm pf.	92	96	C & S A.	68	
Am T & C.	58	63	Tel.	118	
Ann Arbor.	4½	5	C & N W.		
Do pf.	12	30	Com'l Cr. pf.	129	132
Asso D G.	54	55	C, St P, M & O.	106	110
Do 1st pf.	77	78	Do 2d pf.	75	80
C, C, C & St L pf.	68½	74	Cl & Pitts.		80
Do spec.	37½		Col F pf.	103	125
C & S 1st pf.	54	55	Do 2d pf.	46	55
Cruc S pf.	104	105	C-Am Sug pf.	102	107
Cuba Cane pf.	108	110	D & Co pf.	100	107½
D, L & W.	190		Det Ed.	118	122
Det & M.			Det & M.		55
Dist S pf.	94	100	Do 1st pf.	96	102
Elec S B.	90	97	Pierce-A pf.	106	110
Erie & P. pf.		70	Pitts C pf.	96	98
Fisher Bdy pf.	100	101	P, Ft W & C pf.	120¼	130
Gen Chem.	185	195	Pitts. S pf.	95	97
Do pf.	102½	110	P S, N J.	80	82
Gen Cig pf.	104	110	R R Sec, 1 C stk c.		75
Gen Elec.	160½	170	Ry Sti Spr pf.	109	112
G, M & N pf.	39	42½	R T 1st pf.	98½	101
Int P pf.	95	105	Do 2d pf.	95	97
Do pf. sta.	79	80	Rdg 1st pf.	35½	37
Int Salt.		54	Do 2d pf.	37½	39½
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	65	Rens & S.	115½	118
Kan C So pf, ex d.	53½	56½	Rep I & S pf.	104½	105
Kayser (J)	115	124	St L S W pf.	32	36
Kelly S T pf.	99½	101	Sears-R pf.	117½	119
Kelsey Wh pf.	98	100	S-S S & I pf.	95	98
K & D M.	4½	6	So P R S.	175	200
Do pf.	12	20	Do pf.	112	120
Kresge (SS)	145	150	St'd Mill.	132	138
Do pf.	107½	109½	Do pf.	50	52
Lacl Gas.	52	62	T F L Tr.	400	500
L E & W.	11½	12	Tide W O.	245	250
Do pf.	22	24	T, St L & West	6¼	
L-W B 1st pf.	100	105	Do pf.	16	
Do 2d pf.	113	118	Do pf. c.	18	20
Mc'kay Cos.	75	80	T C R T.	45	55
Do pf.	64	65½	Do pf.	85	126
Man R'way	½	2½	Und Type.	173	175
Man Elev.	85	87	Do pf.	112	119
Math Alk.	31	40	U B & P.	92	94
M Dep Sts.	106½	107	Un Cig Sts pf.	113	
Do pf.	105	110	Un Drug.	131	131½
Mich Cent.		100	Do 2d pf.	120	131¼
M. St P & S S M.	96	97½	U S C I P pf.	70½	72
Do pf.	107	109½	U S Ind A pf.	104	110
Do 1.	61	66	Va E & P.		48
M P 1st pf.	96		W Tex C pf.	56½	58
Mor & Ess.	70¼		West A-B.	122	123½
N. C & St L.	117	120	W E & 2d pf.	75½	74½
Nat Biso.	128	130	W-Over pf.		
Do pf.	117	123	ex div.	93¼	97
Nat Can pf.	101	103	Wis Cent.	38	41
Nat Enam pf.	111	113	Wor Pump pf. A.	94	99
Nat Typ pf.			Do pf. B.	17½	20
M 1st pf.	16	24			

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The oil territory in Northern Ohio in 1918 comprised 18 counties. In 1915 there were 616 wells drilled in the old Lima field, the initial output of which averaged 15 barrels each. This Northern Ohio oil field yielded the following number of barrels for the years 1912 to 1918:

In 1912 the output was 3,955,897 barrels; in 1913 the yield was 3,817,043; in 1914 it was 3,727,087; while in 1915 it was 3,393,833, and in 1916 the field produced 3,135,967 barrels. In 1917 the Lima-Indiana fields computed together yielded 3,670,293 barrels of crude; and in 1918 the figures are placed at 3,100,000 barrels. Thus is shown the steady output of a proven field.

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$1,200,000

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(Massachusetts Corporation)

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock

Free from Normal Federal Income Tax
Non-Taxable in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut and New Hampshire

CAPITALIZATION AS OF AUGUST 1, 1919

	Authorized	Outstanding
7% Cumulative Preferred Stock (this issue)	$1,200,000	$1,200,000
Common Stock (paying 12%)	1,125,000	1,125,000

We summarize as follows from information furnished us by the Company:

Business: The Company manufactures cotton tire fabrics of a superior grade and numbers among its customers practically all the representative tire manufacturers, such as B. F. Goodrich, Kelly-Springfield, Goodyear, Fisk, Firestone, Republic, etc., etc. Total sales for the year 1918, were over $6,300,000.

Property: The Company owns one mill, is building another, and leases still another with valuable water power at Putnam, Conn. It also owns a mill at Taunton, Mass. Upon the completion of the new mill at Putnam the Company will have a capacity of about 240,000 pounds of woven fabric per week, and a total of 41,000 spinning spindles, 202 automatic tire fabric looms, 67 twisters, and all the other equipment necessary for tire fabric manufacture.

Purpose of Issue: From the proceeds of this issue of Preferred Stock and $375,000 Common Stock being sold at par for cash, the company will acquire a modern brick spinning plant at Taunton, Mass., build a new weaving mill at Putnam, Conn., furnish additional equipment and substantially increase the working capital.

Assets: Net quick assets as of August 1, 1919, will be $115, and total net assets will be $250 per share of Preferred Stock.

Earnings: Net profits for the three years ended December 31, 1918, after all taxes, available for depreciation and dividends averaged in excess of four times preferred stock dividend requirements. For 1918 they were over four and one-half times. It is believed that earnings will show a substantial increase in 1919.

Sinking Fund: At least $72,000 annually will be set aside for the purchase or redemption of the Preferred Stock up to the call price of 110.

The legal proceedings in connection with the incorporation of the Company and issuance of this Preferred Stock is subject to approval by our Attorneys, Messrs. Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins, Boston. The accounts of the Company will be audited by Edward P. Comins, C. P. A., Boston.

We offer the stock when, if and as issued and received by us.

Price, 97 and accrued dividend, to net 7.22%

We will deliver interim certificates pending the delivery of the permanent stock certificates of the Company.

Descriptive Circular on Application.

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GOETHALS REPORTS ON SUGAR INQUIRY

Questions Wisdom of Cuba Cane Corporation's Selling Contract and Favors Changes.

BEARS OUT SHAREHOLDERS

Directors Issue Summary of Recommendations Made in Capacity of Umpire.

A summary of a report prepared by General George W. Goethals on the affairs of the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation after an investigation into its properties was issued yesterday at the office of the company. The summary, which General Goethals approved, questions the wisdom of the company's selling contract, recommends that the corporation establish its own purchasing department and that certain changes in the management be made. This questioning of the concern's selling arrangement recalls the opposition of a number of the company's shareholders early in the current year, headed by Henry Evans, who asked similar questions. Mr. Evans was later elected a Director of the company.

The Goethals report was submitted to the Directors at a special meeting in the Guaranty Trust Company Building. It was so long that the board could not consider it in detail but appointed a special committee to consider it. General Goethals was asked a number of general questions by the different Directors who attended the meeting. After the meeting Directors refused to comment on the report and inquirers were directed to the offices of the company.

The summary issued late in the afternoon for publication follows:

"1. The investigation shows that the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation was organized in the early part of 1916 and took over seventeen properties acquired by it for Manuel Rionda. The plantations bought were not owned either in part or in whole by the Czarnikow-Rionda Company or Manuel Rionda or any member of his family. These transactions were carefully gone into. Mr. Rionda willingly opening not only his own private books but those of the Czarnikow-Rionda Company and the Cuba Trading Company. It was found that Mr. Rionda never received, directly or indirectly, any commissions or money consideration for his services. Of the 30,000 shares of common stock assigned to him, the larger part was given to those who assisted him in securing the properties and to those whom he selected to manage them. The balance he still owns. These transactions call for no criticism.

"2. Of the seventeen properties acquired, four are in the eastern and thirteen in the western part of the island. The latter are obliged to compete keenly for their cane and to pay consequent high rates. The eastern mills are therefore more favorably located as to cost of cane, labor costs and conditions of the soil. The corporation has therefore spent large sums of money in developing and extending its eastern properties, which has resulted in much increased production from these properties in the present year and should result in further increase in future years.

"3. These corporations originally lacked working capital. The properties were taken up on the books at a cost of $48,120,000. The stock issued was for $50,000,000. After additions and deductions there remained approximately only $3,600,000 of working capital. This lack of working capital has forced operating profits to be used for extensions and improvements, including purchase of the Stewart property.

"4. The earnings of the Stewart property have not yet justified the purchase price paid. This does not take into consideration any benefits that might have otherwise accrued to the adjoining properties or to the general enterprise for the purchase of this property.

"5. The amounts expended on improvements indicate clerly that the mills were originally in rather poor condition and sufficient time has not elapsed for the improvements to be reflected in the earnings.

"6. The equipment of the corporation's railroads with one exception is in good condition, though not altogether adequate. Such inadequacy, however, is made up to some extent by rental of cars from outsiders. The machinery plants of the corporation are as a whole in good condition. The operating results of the various plants have been compared with their competitors, and although some of the Centrales show poor returns, the result of such comparison is on the whole favorable to the corporation. Moreover, the company is steadily improving its manufacturing efficiency.

"7. Taxes, freight rates, war insurance, labor costs, and the costs of material and supplies have increased largely. This is partly due to abnormal conditions over which the corporation has no control. The decrease in profits has been largely due to the failure of the corporation in the past to take advantage of the opportunities for economy afforded by centralized management.

"8. The wisdom of the corporation's selling contract is questioned.

"9. It is recommended that the corporation establish its own purchasing department.

"10. Changes in the management are recommended, although it is admitted that this is no easy task because of the location of the properties, the absence of suitable habitation at many of them, and the peculiar temperament of the people. It is believed, however, that this can be ultimately accomplished if done with the hearty co-operation of the present management, and this co-operation seems assured because of the type of men at present in charge of the affairs and their undoubted desire to make a success of the enterprise."

The report followed the opposition of large Cuba Cane shareholders who objected to proposed new financing by the company in this market. General Goethals was selected as an impartial investigator of the company's affairs when objecting shareholders and Directors reached a compromise and agreed upon his appointment.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A syndicate composed of the William R. Compton Company, the Bankers Trust Company, and the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and the Northern Trust Company of Chicago, is offering a new issue of $5,000,000 4 per cent. direct obligation bonds of the City of Chicago at prices to yield 4.40 per cent. The issue matures serially from Jan. 1, 1931, to 1938, inclusive.

Field, Richards & Co. are offering a new issue of Hamilton County, Ohio, 4½ per cent. road improvement bonds, maturing July 1, 1929, at 102. The bonds are in denominations of $500 each.

Directors of the American Exchange National Bank yesterday transferred $1,000,000 from undivided profits to surplus, making the bank's capital $5,000,000 and the surplus also $5,000,000.

The Central Union Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for $8,500,000 preferred stock of the American Wholesale Corporation.

The syndicate which is arranging the absorption of the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company by a new corporation will be headed by Chandler & Co., instead of Chandler Brothers & Co., as was previously reported. Dominick & Dominick announced yesterday that they were not members of the syndicate. Details of the plan are expected Monday.

Wood, Gundy & Co., in announcing a list of offerings of Canadian Government and municipal securities yielding from 5.35 to 6 per cent., point out that savings bank deposits in the Dominion are $240,225,000 larger than a year ago, reflecting prosperous conditions.

F. B. McCurdy & Co., members of the Montreal Stock Exchange, are offering $1,000,000 three-year gold coupon notes of the Nova Scotia Tramways and Power Company on the Canadian market. The notes bear 7 per cent. interest and are being sold at par.

F. A. Klingsmith, recently assistant cashier of the Bank of New York, has been elected Assistant Treasurer of the Bankers Trust Company.

Francis O. French, formerly with Burrill & Stitt, has joined the Stock Exchange firm of Robinson & Co. to devote particular attention to investment business of estates and institutions.

Charles H. Greenberg has become associated with the bond department of Miller & Co.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov....	6	May15,'20	99¾	99¾	6.40
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99¾	100	6.00
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1921	98¾	98¾	5.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Dec., 1926	95½	97	5.45
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100¾	100¾	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	98¾	5.75
Rus. G. (ruble)	6½	Feb.14,'26	104	109	..
Russian Gov.	6½	Dec., 1921	57	64	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100	5.00
War F. Corp.	5	Apr., 1920	99¾	100	5.00
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100	100¼	4.35
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sept., 1919	99¾	100	5.00
Am. Thread	8	Dec., 1928	130½	135	5.75
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	100	100¼	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¼	100¾	4.40
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101¾	102	5.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102½	103	..
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103	103¼	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103½	104	6.05
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'19	100	100¼	5.80
Beth. S. Cbrg.	7	July15,'20	100	100½	6.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'21	100¾	100¾	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'22	101¾	102¼	6.35
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'22	101¾	102¾	6.25
Braz. Tr. Lt. & Power....	6	1919	99¾	100	6.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 5,'24	100½	101	5.75
C. Argen. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	90½	92½	7.35
Chi., B. & Q.	5	July19,'21	99	99¼	6.10
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	99¾	100¼	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	99¾	100¾	6.05
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	98½	99	6.75
Con. G. & P.	7	Aug., 1922	100¾	101¼	6.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99¾	100¾	5.75
Cuban T. Co.	7	July15,'23	101¾	102¼	6.25
Del. & Hud.	6	Aug., 1920	99¾	99¾	5.40
Dup. L. Co.	6	July, 1921	100¾	101	5.50
Fed. Sug. Ref.	6	Jan., 1920	99	99¾	5.80
Interbor. R.T.	7	Sep., 1921	97½	98	..
Laclede G. Co.	7	Jan., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
N. Y. Cent.	6	Sep., 1919	99¾	100	5.00
Penn. Co.	4½	June 5,'21	97½	98	5.00
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1921	97¼	97¾	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100¾	101¼	5.25
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	101¾	102¼	6.35
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	96½	97½	8.25
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.85
Shawinig. W.	6	Dec., 1919	100¼	100¾	4.90
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1923	96¾	98¼	6.50
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100¾	101	6.25
Swift & Co.	6	Aug.16,'21	100¾	100¾	5.50
United Lt. & Rys.	6	May, 1923	88	90	8.10
U. L. & R. pref.	7	Apr., 1925	97	98	7.10
W. E. & M.	6	Feb. 15,'20	100	100¼	5.35
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	91¼	95	8.15

Penney Co. Sells $3,000,000 Stock.

The J. C. Penney Company, which operates a chain system of retail stores in 197 cities and towns of the West, has sold an issue of $3,000,000 cumulative 7 per cent. preferred stock to a group of bankers headed by the Chase Securities Company, George H. Burr & Co., Merrill, Lynch & Co., and Cassatt & Co. A public offering will be made shortly. The company reported a gross business of $21,000,000 in 1918, from which net profits of $2,000,000 were derived before making tax allowances. Under the profit-sharing plan in force the common stock is all held by the company's officers and store managers.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.94½	$1.92½	$1.94½	$1.93¾	$1.39½
September	1.96¾	1.93½	1.96¼	1.95¾	1.40¾
December	1.96½	1.61¾	1.96¼	1.93	..

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	81½	78¾	80¾	79¾	70¾
September	81¾	78¾	81¼	80	71¼
December	81¾	78¾	81¼	81¼	..

In the local cash market No. 1 was quoted at 90c; No. 2 white, 80½c; No. 3 white 80c; No. 4 white, 88c.

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$34.80	$34.60	$34.80	$34.60	$36.15	
September	35.15	34.85	35.05	35.15	36.25	
October	35.05	34.85	34.85	35.70	....	
Ribs—						
July	28.75	28.55	28.70	28.65	24.40	
September	28.75	28.60	28.70	28.80	24.75	
Pork—						
July	....	....	....	54.70	52.70	45.25
September	52.40	51.95	52.25	52.40	45.85	

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
July	27.60	...	Oct.	27.20	27.26
Aug.	27.50	...	Nov.	26.55	26.65
Sept.	27.75	...	Dec.	26.50	26.40

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	21.35	21.70	21.60	21.60	
May	21.80	21.50	21.50	21.55	
September	22.44	22.20	22.20	22.20	
December	22.00	21.75	21.73	21.79	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
July	$1.62¾	$1.56	$1.62¾
September	1.66	1.61	1.65¾

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 24,130 packages. Prices for most grades of creamery declined ¼c with very much quieter trading. No new export business and not much speculative buying at the moment. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 54¾@55¼c; extras, 92 score, 54@54¾c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 51¼@53½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 49½@51c; lower grades, 47@49c; unsalted, higher than extras, 58@58½c; extras, 57@57½c; firsts, 54½@56½c; seconds, 53@54c; State dairy tubs, finest, 53¾@54c; good to prime, 50½@53c; common to fair, 46@50c; renovated, firsts, 50½@51½c; lower grades, 46@50c; ladles, current make, firsts, 47½@48½c; seconds, 46@46½c; lower grades, 44@45½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 46@46½c; No. 2, 45½c; lower grades, 42@43c.

EGGS—20,005 cases. High qualities of fresh gathered eggs continue scarce and firm but the supply of stock satisfactory to the better class of trade in the absence of better goods seems to be sufficient and the range of prices is without material change. On the medium and lower qualities, of which the greater part of the supply consists, there is continued pressure to sell and a disposition to accept any reasonable offers in the effort to force a clearance. Nearby white eggs of fancy quality are scarce and wanted rather beyond the supply. The medium and under grades are still of very irregular value and show wide range. Some further receipts of California whites are selling at irregular prices, ranging from 55@60c, according to quality. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 61@63c; extra firsts, 47@60c; firsts, 43@46c; under grades, seconds and poorer, 33@42c. Thirties, No. 1, 35@36c; No. 2 and poorer, 33@34c; checks, good to choice, dry, 21@33c; under grades, 20@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, henmery whites, fine to fancy, 61@66c; fair to prime, 59@60c; gathered whites, common to prime, 47@60c; Pacific Coast, whites, 55@60c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 55@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, henmery browns, fancy, 54@57c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, fancy, 50@53c; fair to prime, 44@49c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.08	Exchequer	.09
Andes	.20	Gould & Curry	.08
Best & Belcher	.16	Hale & Norcross	.15
Bullion	.06	Market	.10
Caledonia	.18	Mexican	.34
Challar	.06	Ophir	.08
Confidence	.14	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con Virginia	1.70	Union Con.	.15
TONOPAH.		Myra	.25
Belmont	3.50	Nevada	.04
Cash Boy	.06	North Divide	.04
Halifax	.11	Northwest	.07
Jim Butler	.32	Operator	.05
MacNamara	.32	Reno	.06
Do Crescent	.44	Revert	.06
Midway	.31	Rosetta	.18
Monarch	.06	Royal	.14
Montana	.15	Silver King	.24
North Star	.08	Smuggler	.12
Rescue	.17	Sutherland	.16
Tonopah Exten.	2.75	Syndicate	.04
West End	1.77½	Thompson	.10
West Tonopah	.15	Tonopah	.27
DIVIDE.		Trilby	.05
Allied	.09	Verdi	.42
Alta	.17	Victory	.03
Annex	.09	Western	.10
Apex	.08	Wilson	.01
Belcher	.70	Wonder	.20
Do Exten	.32	Zonn	.02
Ben Hur	.13	GOLDFIELD.	
Brougher	1.55	Atlanta	.03
Butte	.16	Booth	.09
Chariot	.05	Consolidated	.10
Consolidated	.29	Crackerjack	.04
Divide City	.22	Daisy	.02
Divide Exten.	2.65	Development	.10
Divide Tonopah	7.35	Florence	.09
Dividend	.06	Fraction	.04
East Divide	.11	Great Bend	.03
Eureka	.04	Jumbo Extens	.11
Florence	.55	Kewanaa	.05
Giant	.19	Lone Star	.02
Gold Reed	.25	Mayflower	.04
Gold Wedge	.05	Red Hills	.04
Grimes	.15	Silver Pick	.06
Harmill	.05	Speculator	.04
Hasbrouck	.41	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Hennessy	.18	Manhattan Cons.	.08
Hercules	.09	Mayflower	.04
High Divide	.11	Nevada Hills	.22
Homestake	.19	Packard	.22
Horseshoe	.15	Rochester	.16
Hull City	.13	Round Mountain	.37
Jumbo	.06	Simon	2.15
Kernick	.22	Do Exten	.09
Knox	.23	United Eastern	4.70
Midway	.13	White Caps	.16
Mohawk	.13		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Cresson	2½	2¾	Isabella	4¾	5
Dr. J'pot	5	6	Mary McKin	7	8¼
Elkton	2	2¼	Portland	95	98
El Paso	15	17	U Gold M.	15¾	17
Golden Cyc.	165½	170	Vindicator	95	98
Granite	10½	14	Rose Nicol.	11	14

SOUTHERN PACIFIC EARNINGS FALL OFF

Company's Net Income for the Year 1918, After Deductions, Amounts to $28,684,916.

EQUAL TO $10.38 A SHARE

Rail Administrations Operation Profits $7,757,935 Over and Above Rental.

The consolidated corporate income account of the Southern Pacific Company contained in the annual report for 1918, which was issued yesterday, shows that net income for the year, after the deduction of taxes and other charges, amounted to $28,684,916. This was equal to $10.38 a share earned on the $276,442,985 capital stock outstanding, and compared with $17.65 earned on the capital stock in the preceding year.

As the result of its operation of the company's properties the Railroad Administration profited to the extent of $7,757,935 over and above the rental it contracted to pay the company for the use of its system. An item of more than $2,500,000 was deducted from corporate income before the return on the stock was estimated, which would have raised that return to $11.29 a share. Deducting 10 per cent. from the Railroad Administration's profit from the operation of the property and applying it as earnings the result would be $13.82 earned on each share of capital stock, which offers a true comparison of the actual earnings record for 1918.

The following items appear in the corporate income account:

	1918	1917
Standard Return	$48,167,842	.....
Misel Operating Income	4,817,197	$5,571,559
Non Operating Income	7,989,742	7,669,243
Gross Income	60,474,281	75,524,006
Surplus	11,283,295	45,151,220

Items of importance from the Federal income account which show true comparisons of operating results with the preceding year follow:

	1918	1917
Operating revenues	$221,611,206	$163,971,489
Operating Expenses	162,722,372	120,601,823
Net Operating Revenue	58,888,834	73,389,666
Federal Income	55,935,277	*67,824,763

*Total net operating income.

The balance sheet of the company as of Dec. 31, 1918, showed cash on had amounting to $10,232,363, as compared with $8,630,168 in the preceding year while other current assets were set down at $11,085,884, as compared with $57,043,157. Current liabilities were $15,373,349, as compared with $20,185,103 in 1917. An item called "U. S. Government Account" on the asset side of the balance sheet was set down at $66,915,730, but this was offset to some extent by a similar entry on the liability side amounting to $43,818,757. Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the board of the company, in his remarks to shareholders, said in part:

"The operating revenues in 1918 exceeded those of 1917 by nearly $28,000,000, the effect of a 25 per cent. increase in Southern Pacific freight rates and 14 per cent. increase in passenger rates.

"The increase of $42,120,549 in operating expenses absorbed not only all of this increase, but over $14,000,000 more resulting in a decrease in net revenue from railway operations of $14,480,632, or 19.74 per cent.

"In other words, it cost $1.52 to earn every additional dollar of operating revenues. The very large increase in operating expenses is attributable largely to advances made in the rates of pay of employes and to increases in the cost of materials."

The report shows that on Dec. 31, 1918, there were 38,213 holders of Southern Pacific stock, as compared with 37,088 on the corresponding 1917 date. The average stock holding at the end of last year was 72.34 shares, as compared with 73.55 in 1917.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the auction salesrooms yesterday:

District Court of the United States, Southern District, N. Y., in the matter of Toole, Henry & Co., bankrupts, Edwards H. Childs, Receiver.

40 shares Can Conservation Co., $1.575 lot.
1,000 shares Alaska Standard Copper Mining Co., $22 lot.
230 shares General Gas Light Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., $10¼ per share.
200 shares International and Inter-Continental Mining and Refining Corporation, $1 lot.
300 shares Nancy Hanks-Montana Mining Co., $32 lot.
50 shares Nevin Electric Survey Co., $1 lot.
403 shares Price-Hall Petroleum Co., $80 lot.
$450 Union Dye and Chemical Corporation 3-year, 7 per cent. prior lien notes, $80 lot.
30 shares United Dry Goods Co. common, certificate of deposit, $400 lot.
150 shares United States Reduction and Refining Co., $6 lot.
22 shares Universal Tool Steel Co., Lt., $95 lot.
60 shares Wyoming United Oil Co., $21 lot.

For Account of Whom It May Concern:
100 shares Home Savings Bank, Eureka, Cal., $100 each, $1,000 lot.
10 shares National Newark and Essex Banking Co., Newark, N. J., $100 each, $330 per share.
150 shares Boston, Mexican Petroleum Co., trustees, ordinary shares, $18¾ per share.
75 shares Boston, Mexican Petroleum Co., trustees, preferred shares, $2¼ per share.
100 shares Thomas McLaron Co., $100 each; 100 shares Meade Transfer Co. common, $50 each; $100 lot.
25 shares Atlas Portland Cement Co. common, $100 each, $70¾ per share.
50 shares Republic Ry. and Light Co. common, $100 each, $17 per share.

By Order of Executors:
$4,700 Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery R. R. Co., 4 per cent. registered refunding income bonds, due 1960, and $38 scrip certificate, $935 lot.
25 shares Manhattan Bridge 3-Cent Line, $100 each, $180 lot.
$18,000 Second Avenue R. R. Co. 1st consolidated 5 per cent. bonds, due February, 1942, Guaranty Trust Co. certificate of deposit, $900 lot.
$100 St. Louis Ore and Steel Co. 6 per cent. income bond, due January, 1917, January, 1898, and subsequent coupons attached, $5 lot.
95 shares St. Louis Ore and Steel Co., $100 each, $5 lot.
$11,000 Detroit, Toledo and Ironton R. R. Co. adjustment mortgage 40-year 5 per cent. bonds, due 1954, and $66.67 scrip, June 30, 1914, and subsequent coupons attached; 11 of $1,000 each, and 6 of $100 each, $1,500 lot.
150 shares Detroit, Toledo and Ironton R. R. Co. preferred, $150 each, $2 per share.
110 shares Detroit, Toledo and Ironton R. R. Co. common, $100 each, $1.50 per share.
44 shares Dickson Manufacturing Co., $100 each, $4 lot.
200 shares Chicago and Eastern Illinois R. R. Co. preferred, Equitable Trust Co. certificates of deposit, $100 each, $11¼ per share.
$20,000 Ohio Southern R. R. Co. 1st mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, Central Trust Co. certificate of deposit, $82 lot.
125 shares Grand Tower Mining Manufacturing and Transportation Co., $100 each, $8 lot.
125 shares Atlantic National Bank of Brooklyn, $50 each, $6 lot.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Lead	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40
Spelter	8.00	8.40	8.00	8.37½
Antimony	....	8.50	....	8.50
Quicksilver	....	$103.00	....	$103.00
Aluminium	*$2.00	$3.00	*$2.00	$3.00
Iron, No. 2 X Foundry	....	$1.90	....	$1.90

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21¾, 30 days; on Metal Exchange 21¾ for spot.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday £ s. d.	Tuesday £ s. d.
Copper, spot	105 0 0	100 15 0
Copper, futures	105 15 0	101 10 0
Tin, spot	264 10 0	259 5 0
Tin, futures	264 5 0	240 15 0
Spelter, spot	48 15 0	42 15 0
Spelter, futures	44 5 0	42 15 0
Lead, spot	23 17 6	23 12 6
Lead, futures	24 10 0	24 15 0

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pa-riod.	Pay-able.	Hold of Record.
Depositors Oil & G.	5	Q	July 31	July 20
Federal Sugar Ref.	1¾	Q	Aug. 1	July 21
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Aug. 1	July 21
General Cigar	$1.50	Q	Aug. 1	July 24
Kellogg Switchboard & Supply	2	Q	July 31	July 25
Do.	2	Ex	July 31	July 25
Tyrone Mfg.	3½	Q	Aug. 1	July 21
Sears-Roebuck	1	Q	Aug. 15	July 31

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Amer. Gas & Elec.
City Investing Co.
Stern Brothers Pfd.
Texas & Pacific Coal & Oil
New Mex. & Ariz. Land Co.
Hendee Mfg. Co.
Boston Mex.
New England Fuel Oil
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Childs Common
Duquesne Lighting 6s
Dominion of Canada 5½s
Empire Steel & Iron
Fisk Rubber Rights
Gillette Safety Razor
Harroun Motors
Peerless Tr. & Motor Notes 6s
Republic Tire & Rubber
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF HAMILTON & HANSELL, INC.,
New York, July 10th, 1919.

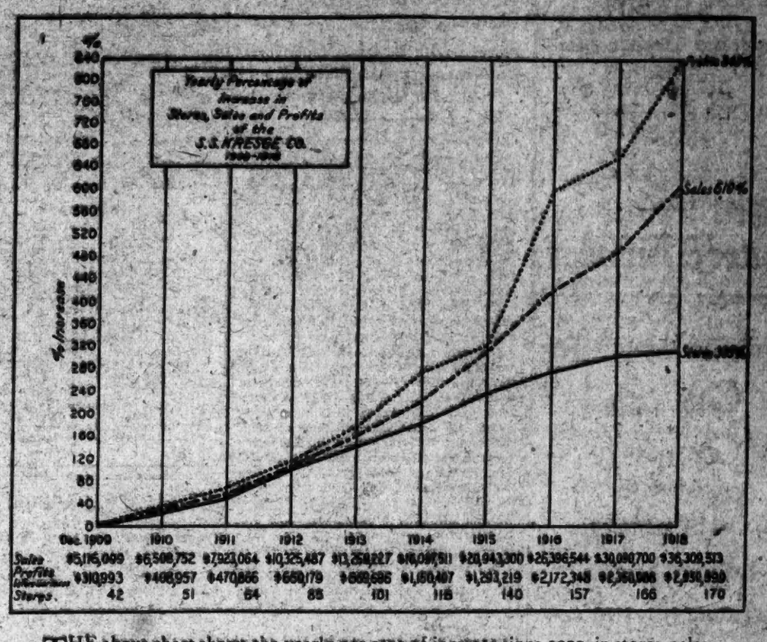
A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of HAMILTON & HANSELL, INC., will be held the 25th day of July, 1919, at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the office of the corporation, No. 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition to change the present name of the corporation, to wit: HAMILTON & HANSELL, INC., to the name of AMERICAN TRANSMARINE COMPANY, INC.

J. W. H. HAMILTON, Pres.
CLAUS LINDSKOG, Secty.

Chain Store Organizations

A Successful System

S. S. Kresge Company



THE above chart shows the yearly per cent of increase since 1909, in stores, sales and net profits of the S. S. Kresge Company, which is today operating a chain of 170 Five and Ten Cent Stores. The chart proves what may be expected from operation of the business under normal conditions, with no deductions for war taxes, which are an extraordinary charge. War taxes and other extraordinary contingencies in 1918 amounted to $1,250,000, as against $500,000 in 1917, with the result that net profits for the year available for dividends were $1,700,999, equivalent to 15.61% on the common stock, after provision for dividends on the preferred stock.

IN no year during the entire ten-year period covered by the above statistics was there a recession in the growth of the Kresge chain from the standpoint of either physical or financial development. The fact that the Kresge Company is able to maintain such a record during periods of business prosperity and business depression is the best criterion by which the value of its stock issues may be judged.

THIS chart is a concrete illustration of the success of this one company and of the composite success of all well-managed chain stores. It illustrates the aim of every commercial enterprise: A *physical* development exceeded by a *gross business* expansion which is, in turn, excelled by the rapidity with which *profits* increase (under normal conditions). Only economically sound and efficiently directed companies can maintain such a record over a long period of years.

Send for Circular D-38

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Members of the New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, New York
Chicago Detroit Grand Rapids Los Angeles

Consider Canada
as a Field for Investment

Investors in the United States will find it in their interests to consider carefully the investment opportunities available in Canada. The country is in an exceedingly prosperous condition. For example, the Savings Banks' deposits are steadily increasing and at present amount to $1,108,000,000. This figure exceeds that of a year ago by $160,225,000, despite the fact that since then close to $700,000,000 has been subscribed and paid for the Dominion Victory Loan, in addition to numerous issues of Provincial and Municipal Bonds.

Canada's War Loans, totaling $1,600,000,000, were very widely distributed. They are closely held, and the demand has resulted in an advance from the issue price of from two to six points.

The following offerings are selections from our July list, just issued, which comprises a wide range of

Canadian Government and Municipal Bonds
Yielding 5.35% to 6%

				Due		Price and Interest	Yield
$ 50,000	City of Toronto	4

Central Foundry
1st Preferred

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1st Preferred & Common

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2nd Preferred

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Common

Otis Elevator
Common

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(When Issued)

Listed on New York Curb

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Earnings during past 3 years averaged $16.95 per share and $9.75 per share after Federal Taxes were paid.

Descriptive circular sent upon request.

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Todd Shipyards
Indian Refining
Federal Sugar
Lone Star Gas
General Baking
Yale & Towne Mfg.
Hale & Kilburn

DAWSON & CO.
40 Wall St. Tel. John 6444

Warren Brothers
COMMON STOCK

The company has unfilled road construction orders for 9,566,395 square yards on its books and the common shares have steadily risen in market value at the prospect of large earnings.

Our analytical circular describes the company and its business, gives 1918 balance sheet, a table showing new business by States and discusses the outlook of the stock.

Ask for circular T.

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COTTON DOWN AGAIN UNDER HEAVY SALES

Continued Pressure Forces it to 70 to 83 Points Below Tuesday's Figures.

LIQUIDATION BACK OF DROP

Unfavorable Weather Reports and Fall in Sterling Exchange Also Have Influence.

General liquidation of long contracts again upset the cotton market yesterday, and for the better part of the session prices moved in a highly irregular way and with wide fluctuations. The South was a persistent seller, and Wall Street, in the fore part of the day, disc sold rather freely. The ring, encouraged by the widespread selling, contributed somewhat, but not on a particularly large scale. Liverpool was said to be selling, mainly on the theory that trade interests there were going short of futures against previous purchases of spots, so as to protect themselves against a further break in sterling exchange.

At the opening, prices were down 30 to 38 points, and the decline continued until shortly after midday, when the market as a whole was down more than a half cent a pound. Then it rallied fairly well to about Tuesday's closing levels, but in the afternoon further selling pressure developed and sent prices down again, this time to the low records for the day, 70 to 83 points below Tuesday's figures. The spot market was down 85 points to 35.25, against the high record of 36.60 made on Monday.

Weather conditions were favorable, and the weekly report was about the best issued thus far this season. Nevertheless, private advices continued to stress the fact that the growing crop is backward and will require a long run of good weather to bring it to any kind of yield. Also, it is said that planters have reconciled themselves to a small crop, and Southern predictions of ultimate prices are much more bullish than those heard in New York.

The continued fall in sterling exchange is expected to curtail somewhat the foreign demand. Exports thus far have been extremely heavy, more than 2,460,000 bales having gone to Great Britain during the present season, against 2,190,000 bales at this time last year, while exports to France and other parts of the Continent have been about 775,000 and 1,200,000 bales, respectively, as against 620,000 and 680,000 bales last season. This heavy movement, added to the depreciation in European exchanges, may tend to reduce shipments later in the year, both before and after the present season ends on Aug. 1.

Exports yesterday totaled 15,312 bales, making the total for the week to date 96,589 bales, compared with 79,764 bales exported in the corresponding days of last week.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	35.15	34.65	34.45@34.55		35.25
Oct.	34.75	35.10	34.25	34.30@34.35	35.05
Dec.	34.63	35.05	34.17	34.23@34.29	34.95
Jan.	34.77	35.20	34.00	34.10@34.15	34.78
Nov.	34.20	34.70	33.75	33.80@33.90	34.58

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 85 points to 35.25c for middling uplands; sales 400 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 34.50c, New Orleans 34.25c, Savannah 33.50c, Augusta 33.50c, Memphis 34.00c, Houston 34.90c, Little Rock, 33.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	21,418	27,724	3,425
Exports	15,312	30,862	9,405
Exports, season	5,282,534	5,087,556	4,086,293
New York stocks	91,885	92,156	110,543
Port stocks	1,186,504	1,291,480	995,585
N. Y. arrivals	3,685	1,132	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in better demand at 21.26d for middling. Sales, 6,000 bales, of which American 5,000. Imports none. Futures opened quiet, 14 to 15 points decline, and closed irregular, 17 to 36 points lower on the day. Prices, July 21.36d, Sept. 21.25d, Oct. 21.23d, Dec. 21.17d. Manchester: yarns and cloths were very firm.

Montreal Stock Quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Que., July 16.—Textile was the feature of today's market, advancing 5 points on heavy trading. Otherwise the market was quiet, with Steel stocks holding fairly firm and business bulking small. The principal quotations and sales follow:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
110	Ames	53½	53¾	53½	53¾
135	Do pf	101	101	100½	100½
120	Brazilian	58¾	58¾	58½	58¾
115	Brompton	64	64	63½	63½
350	Can. Cottons	87	90¾	87	90¾
85	Can. Car	42½	42½	42¼	42¼
35	Do pf	99¾	100	99¾	100
980	Con. Smelter	31½	31½	31¼	31¼
240	Breweries	180	180	178½	179
665	Dom. Steel	70½	70½	70½	70½
4,025	Dom. Textile	119½	125	119½	124½
50	Laurentide	220	220	220	220
160	Montreal Power	92½	92½	91¾	91¾
10	Quebec Ry	19½	19½	19½	19½
405	Riordan	139½	141¾	139½	141¾
2	Shawinigan	122	122	122	122
270	Spanish River	43½	42¾	42¾	42¾
80	Do pf	107½	107½	107½	107½
95	Steel of Can	74½	74½	73¾	74
25	St. Law. Flour	111½	*111½	111¼	111½
225	Atlantic Sugar	54½	54½	54	54
310	Wayagamack	53	53½	53	53½

13,968

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, July 16, (via London.)—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany, issued July 7, shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Total coin and bullion decreased	1,877,000
Gold decreased	1,874,000
Treasury notes decreased	52,602,000
Notes of other banks decreased	671,000
Bills discounted decreased	3,791,327,000
Advances increased	448,000
Investments increased	9,822,000
Other securities decreased	125,281,000
Notes in circulation decreased	150,024,000
Deposits decreased	4,585,388,000
Other liabilities increased	653,924,000
Total gold holdings, marks.	1,114,529,000

SUIT DRAGS 16 YEARS.

Litigation Still Pending Regarding Undelivered Telegram Sent in 1903.

An undelivered telegram which was sent sixteen years ago was the basis of a case tried yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Benedict in Brooklyn. This message figured in the case of Samuel Koffler. On Nov. 8, 1903, a friend of Koffler telegraphed him from Manhattan offering him employment. The telegram was never delivered. Koffler sued the Western Union Telegraph Company and in October, 1904, obtained a verdict for $695.

Counsel for the company moved to set aside the verdict and decision was reserved. For reasons not explained, no further steps in the case were taken until eight years later, when the judgment was entered and the motion to set aside the verdict was denied. After a few more years the stenographer who took the testimony at the trial died and his notes were lost. Yesterday the telegraph company asked the Court for a new trial, saying that it was now impossible to prepare a case on appeal. In denying the motion Justice Benedict said that it presented for consideration a situation which was "most extraordinary as an exhibition of carelessness in practice and procedure."

Chicago Savings Deposits Grow.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Chicago bankers declared today that there had been an unusual increase in savings deposits since July 1, but declined to express opinions on whether the new evidence of thrift was due to wartime prohibition. One bank reported an increase of 20 per cent. in savings deposits, compared with the same period last year. Others reported increases of 15 and 20 per cent.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 16.—Sixty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $5,051,650, were chartered today. They include:

Onandaga Truck Sales Co., Syracuse, $12,000; L. Meadvin, J. Crimmin, O. E. Hermes, Syracuse.

Fresh Meadow Stores Co., Queens, dry goods, $5,000; W. Jablonski, V. Burzinski, C. D. Zigues, Flushing.

Foreign Textile Co., Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; E. M. Bruckman, A. Bloch, K. Berger, 2,600 University Av.

The Radcliff Turbine Drive Co., Manhattan, autos and power boats, $200,000; W. A. Lobb, G. A. Kilmek, A. M. Day, 118 West 57th St.

All-Spark Ignition Co., Manhattan, $25,000; L. Mayms, S. S. Steiner, W. H. Klenke, 160 West 59th St.

H. Tarr Co., Manhattan, photographic studio, $10,000; I. Neustaeter, S. and H. Tarr, 102 West 119th St.

Bronx Heights Development Corp., Manhattan, realty, $75,000; W. R. Comfort, J. D. Beals, D. Nicholson, 1 Madison Av.

Lightning Forwarding Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; M. A. Bilaffer, I. Freed, G. D. Nestell, 10 4th Av., Brooklyn.

Crocker Mourning House, Inc., Manhattan, dry goods, $300,000; F. P. Sheehan, F. H. Kohler, J. M. Stoddard, 128 Broadway.

Raymond Machinery and Repair Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Cowan, P. O. Lennon, E. M. Freedman, 118 West 112th St.

Gramercy Operating Co., Manhattan, hotel and restaurant, $25,000; D. T. Kimball, C. W. Ames, C. B. Reid, 120 Broadway.

Kaler Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; G. A. Nitsche, B. Patterson, C. C. Woodruff, Bridgeton, N. J.

Truart Pictures, Inc., Manhattan, $36,000; C. E. Entcher, S. Dyktor, B. Altman, 326 East 21st St.

H. B. Kupferberg Furniture Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. B. Kupferger, E. Roth, N. Ruttenberg, 165 Broadway.

Standard Taxicab Co., Manhattan, $5,000; C. J. Campbell, J. F. Vall, M. Winburn, 51 Chambers St.

Sidney Fur Trading Co., Manhattan, $25,000; S. Rome, G. Biuthenthal, C. S. Porter, 125 West 27th St.

Charles H. Amm Co., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $20,000; C. J. Amm, E. and F. Juenhoff, 1,545 Hoe Av.

International Incandescent Lamp Works, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; C. Schickerling, I. Goldberg, C. P. Lyngaas, Great Kills, S. I.

Monolithic Holding Co., Manhattan, realty, $50,000; H. L. Schaefer, J. T. Fenlon, A. H. Gagnon, 55 Liberty St.

Bluebell Hat Co., Manhattan, millinery, $10,000; D. R. Glauhinger, M. Watkin, G. Dean, 2,940 West 21st St., Brooklyn.

Cisco, Inc., Manhattan, knit goods; $75,000; W. M. Hegman, L. Curtis, H. Isaacs, 25 St. Nicholas Terrace.

Madison Avenue Offices, Inc., Manhattan, realty; $2,500,000; F. C. Pinkham, G. P. Estes, M. C. Vesey, 141 East 44th St.

The Omaha Realty Co., Manhattan; $100,000; G. W. Martin, A. F. P. Klehn, E. D. Palmer, 149 West 64th St.

Wecquahic Mills, Inc., Manhattan, dry goods; $50,000; H. H. Van Aken, G. B. Sleigh, M. C. Flanagan, 140 Nassau St.

Blakeman - Quintard - Meyer, Inc., Rye, realty, 756 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 250 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $76,250; B. W. Meyer, F. G. Cunningham, J. E. Meighan, Rye.

Convenient Homes Co., Yonkers; $30,000; A. J. Vanzeuthendael, R. A. Holme, M. R. Janz, Yonkers.

A. G. Seaman Co., Utica, department store, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 shares common, no par value; active capital, $105,000; A. G. Seaman, D. C. Murray, J. L. Hughes, Utica.

The Farmer's Supply Co., Clifton Springs; $10,000; B. F., D. J., and A. Sullivan, Clifton Springs.

Loch Sheldrake Amusement Co., Hurleyville, $50,000; H. Greenapun, P. Medvedev, S. Kove, Hurleyville.

The Wilkinson-Johnson Co., Buffalo, department store; $100,000; J. McLeod, J. M. and M. H. Wilkinson, Buffalo.

Kew Forest Section Building Co., Queens, $50,000; A. W. Fisher, D. W. Terwilliger, A. Man, 58 Wall St.

The Andrews Lead Co., Queens, $250,000; M. Roob, H. O. Pierson, J. H. Shaffer, 97 Marlborough Road, Brooklyn.

Queensboro Mfg. and Sales Corp., Queens, $50,000; C. G. Stone, J. J. Furia, J. J. Tanzola, 162 9th Av., Brooklyn.

No. 64 Albany Avenue Co., Brooklyn, realty, $50,000; N. R. Greene, F. A. McGurk, A. M. Decker, 60 Wall St.

Crest Building, Inc., Brooklyn, 50 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 100 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; E. Light, S. Sargoy, H. Simon, 2,724 Clarendon Road, Brooklyn.

Duerr-Collins Co., Brooklyn, motor vehicles, $5,000; A. Duerr, W. H. Roehmer, E. J. Collins, 155 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Farber Building Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; S. Greenberg, L. and A. Farber, 1,715 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Edwards & Flood, Inc., Brooklyn, general contracting, $10,000; R. H. Bair, B. G. Edwards, J. P. Flood, 818 55d St., Brooklyn.

American Plumbing Goods Export Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; M. S. Little, W. W. Bowers, G. Link, Jr., 17 Battery Place.

Mest Bros. Dairy, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; D. Halpern, H. and M. Mest, 311 East 106th St.

Excelsior Neckwear Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. C. Ohlweiler, A. L. Kramer, D. Schaal, 100 West 45d St.

Zimmet-Bleichrod Co., Manhattan, department store, $10,000; E. Zimmet, J. B. Bleichred, S. Lener, 233 Broadway.

Dunkein & Marks, Inc., Manhattan, autos, $5,000; M. Marks, J. R. and J. B. Dunkein, 10 West 98th St.

Crump & Lungren, Inc., Manhattan, metal products, $20,000; R. E. Crump, H. T. Lungren, R. B. Weil, 160 Broadway.

Rhinebeck and Kingston Ferry Co., Kingston, $80,000; H. G. Young, E. and P. C. Coykendall, Kingston.

Ruschin-Frank Const. Co., Queens, $10,000; C. Ruschin, E. and M. Frank, 218 Stanton St.

United Baby Carriage and Doll Cart Mfg. Co., Bronx, $5,000; J. Rose, Land M. Nutman, 1,011 East 179th St.

Ribaudo Electro Plating Co., Rochester, $6,000; P. Ribaudo, E. Marsano, M. Marino, Rochester.

Carbondale Oil Co., Manhattan, $25,000; K. B. Van Riper, W. T. Gilmour, G. W. Girod, 1,154 East 7th St., Brooklyn.

G. S. P. K. Manhattan Automobile Exchange, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; M. I. Phillips, J. L. Seyfries, R. J. Griffo, 214 East 13th St.

Motors, Inc., Troy, $25,000; J. C. Caldwell, L. W. Houston, E. A. Coons, Troy.

Aerial Activities Corp., Schenectady, airplane service, $10,000; C. V. Merrick, G. H. Roosevelt, P. D. Lucas, Schenectady.

Atlantic Service Co., Brooklyn, merchandise, $150,000; O. A. Schaeffer, L. B. and S. Martin, 1,309 Dorchester Road, Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Paltman & Knight, Manhattan, $50,000 to $70,000.

Smith Electrical Co., Long Island City, $500 to $5,000.

Hirschfeid Cloak Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $75,000.

Multicolor Sales Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Colorcraft Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.

The Davann Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $24,000 to $50,000.

M. S. W. Mfg. Co., Buffalo, $15,000 to $50,000.

Bernard A. Rosenberg, Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Machinery Merchants, Inc., Manhattan, to Morey & Co., Inc.

Davies & Irwin, Manhattan, to Davies-Irwin, Inc.

Stewart & May Co., Manhattan, to Horman-May Co.

AUTHORIZATION.

Mand Improvement and Supply Co., Delaware, $120,000; H. H. Gould, 37 Wall St.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Edwards & Rierdan Co., Manhattan, $350,000 to $181,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Jacobs Hat Co., Manhattan.
Halford Holding Co. of Rochester, Inc.
Diamond Novelty Co., Schenectady.
The Eastern Movie Holding Co., Brooklyn.
William Denniger, Inc., Manhattan.
Albert Back, Manhattan.
Wayne-Williams-Kinney Co., Utica.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 16.—Charters filed: Mothers Best Home Made Baking Co., West Hoboken; $6,750; P. J. Edwardson of Glenridge, W. G. Bullock of Jersey City, and C. B. Ace of Hoboken.

Veenstra and De Haan Coal Co., Paterson; $50,000; Abram and Ada Veenstra and Peter De Haan, all of Paterson.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., July 16.—Charters filed.

Northern Alabama Corp., iron, steel, &c., $15,500,000; F. B. Drew, C. L. Rimlinger, H. E. Knox of Wilmington.

American Film Co., $15,000,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, of Wilmington.

First National Mortgage Co., $3,300,000; F. F. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, of Philadelphia.

Covington Oil and Development Co., $2,000,000; F. B. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, of Philadelphia.

The Loyal Motor Truck Co., $1,250,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, M. L. Catchell, of Wilmington.

Ranger Burk Burnett Oil and Refining Co., $1,000,000; Ferris Giles, C. Heilig, M. M. Lucey, of Wilmington.

Sansoset Oil Co., $750,000; F. B. Drew, H. E. Knox, C. L. Rimlinger, of Wilmington.

Ranger Comanche Oil Co., $500,000; C. Heilig, M. M. Lucey, Ferris Giles, of Wilmington.

The Old American Oil and Gas Co., $500,000; D. W. R. Kenney, J. M. Bradley, L. C. Bradley, Cincinnati, O.

Dundee Food Products Corp., $250,000; J. Douglass Dundas, Joseph A. Dundas, F. De Sales Dundas, Philadelphia; A. Raymond Tybout of Wilmington.

Puritan Malt Extract Co., $250,000; F. B. Drew, C. L. Rimlinger, H. E. Knox, of Wilmington.

Robinson, McBlair & Virtue, Inc., general transportation business, $100,000; E. Temple Robinson, Buenos Aires; S. A. George McBlair, William R. Virtue, all of New York.

National Contract Adjustment Co., to engage in collection, adjustment and settlement of debts, &c., $100,000; Wray C. Arnold, Frank A. Moorehead, M. Elliott, of Philadelphia, incorporators.

Maitland Rayo Co., to manufacture and sell security boxes, machinery, &c., $50,000; F. B. Drew, C. L. Rimlinger, H. E. Knox of Wilmington.

Financial Notices.

Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis First and Refunding Mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that Bankers Trust Company, Primary Trustee under the First and Refunding Mortgage of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, dated July 1, 1913, to Bankers Trust Company and the Union Trust Company of Indianapolis, Trustees, intends to apply the sum of $14,481.48 now held in the Sinking Fund, to the purchase of First and Refunding Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, issued under such mortgage, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest and 5% premium, and to that end invites offers to Bankers Trust Company of such bonds at a price not to exceed par, accrued interest and 5% premium, which offers shall be for all or any part of the bonds so offered.

All offers must be made in sealed envelopes and delivered to Bankers Trust Company as Primary Trustee, at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on or before 12 o'clock noon on August 14, 1919, and shall be for the sale to it of such bonds as of August 20, 1919. No offer will be accepted which shall be for a sum in excess of par, accrued interest and 5% premium.

Dated at New York this 17th day of July, 1919.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Primary Trustee.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

NOTICE OF RESIGNATION OF CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF New York, as Trustee under the Consolidated and Refunding Gold Mortgage of BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY, dated June 1, 1918.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company,
85 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:

Please To Take Notice, that under and by virtue of and in accordance with the terms and provisions of Section 2 of Article Eleven of the Consolidated and Refunding Gold Mortgage of your Company to the undersigned Central Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated June 1, 1918, the undersigned does hereby tender its resignation as such Trustee under said mortgage, said resignation to become and be effective on August 7, 1919, unless prior thereto said resignation shall become and be made effective by the appointment by your Company of a Successor Trustee, as provided in said Section 2 of Article Eleven of said mortgage.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, As Trustee under the Consolidated and Refunding Gold Mortgage of Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, dated June 1, 1918.
By E. Francis Hyde, Vice-President.
Dated, New York, July 15, 1919.

LIEN SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will expose at public auction sale on the 4th day of August, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the garage of the International Motor Company at 64th Street and West End Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, an Alco automobile truck No. 1443146, the property of T. Schaughnessy of 400 Henderson Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, to satisfy a lien for repairs in the sum of $461.25.

Dated New York, July 16, 1919.
INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY,
Lienor.
CHADBOURNE, BABBITT & WALLACE,
Attorneys for Lienor, 14 Wall Street, New York City.

Gillette Safety Razor Company

To the holders of the Five Year Six Per Cent Convertible Gold Notes of the Gillette Safety Razor Company, dated 1st day of September, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that the Company will redeem all of the above described notes on the 1st day of September, 1919, by payment to the holders of the said notes of the principal thereof, together with a premium of Five (5) per centum thereon and the accrued interest thereon upon presentation and surrender of the same, together with all coupons then and thereafter due, at the office of the Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, Boston, Mass.

FRANK J. FAHEY, Treasurer.

Dividends.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of Pathe Exchange, Inc., held at the offices of the Company, 25 West 45th Street, on Friday, July 11th, 1919, at 4:30 o'clock P. M., a dividend of 20% was declared from the surplus profits of the Company upon the outstanding common stock payable to the stockholders of record at the close of business on the 12th day of July, 1919, said dividend being due and payable on the 15th day of July, 1919.

PATHE EXCHANGE, INC.
By: LEWIS INNERARITY, Secretary.

June 23rd, 1919.

SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION

At the regular meeting of the Directors of the Superior Steel Corporation a quarterly dividend of 2% was declared on the Second preferred stock, payable August 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record August 1st, 1919.

H. D. SARGE, Secretary.

PYRENE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 27.

A dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) has been declared on the Common Stock of this Company, payable August 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record July 21st, 1919, at 3 P. M. The transfer books will be closed on July 21st, 1919, at 3 P. M., and reopened August 1st, 1919, at 10 A. M.

EDWARD A. CLAPP, Treasurer.
New York, July 15th, 1919.

THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY COMPANY
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NUMBER 9.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 1919, payable August 20, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on August 14, 1919.

D. W. SUMMERFIELD, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, July 9, 1919.

PORTLAND GAS & COKE COMPANY,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 38.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of Portland Gas & Coke Company, payable August 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 22, 1919.

GEORGE F. NEVINS, Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW YORK, N. Y.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held July 16th, 1919, a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. and an extra dividend of 1 per cent. was declared payable on August 1st, next, to stockholders of record of July 18th, 1919. The transfer books will be closed from the latter date to August 1st, 1919.

SNOWDEN McGAUGHY, Cashier.

Idaho Power Company
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 11.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the preferred stock of the Idaho Power Company has been declared, payable August 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business July 21, 1919.

A. E. JANSSEN, Treasurer.

Dissolution Notices.

LAUNAM PRINTING COMPANY, INCORPORATED.
CERTIFICATE OF DISSOLUTION.

State of New York,
Office of the Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Launam Printing Company, Incorporated, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 3rd day of July, 1919, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 3rd day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

A. E. PARKER,
[Seal] Deputy Secretary of State.

POOR'S RAILROAD MANUAL COMPANY (OF NEW YORK).
CERTIFICATE OF DISSOLUTION.

State of New York,
Office of the Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Poor's Railroad Manual Company (of New York), a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 3rd day of July, 1919, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 3rd day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

A. E. PARKER,
[Seal] Deputy Secretary of State.

THE ANNALIST BAROMETRICS.

The page of Barometrics in The Annalist indicates, in a graphic chart, variations of the food cost of living since 1917. Published by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $4 a year. —Advt.

A BURGESS-LANG OFFERING

New Issue $600,000

NEEDHAM TIRE COMPANY

7% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock

Redeemable as a whole or in part at the option of the Company upon 60 days' notice at $120 per share.

Convertible into Common stock at any time, par for par

Dividends payable semi-annually, February 1 and August 1. Par Value—$100

Free from U. S. Normal Income Tax and Tax Exempt in Massachusetts

TRANSFER AGENTS
Equitable Trust Company, Boston, Mass.

REGISTRAR
Metropolitan Trust Company, Boston, Mass.

CAPITALIZATION
Including present financing.

	Authorized	Outstanding
7% Preferred Stock	$1,000,000	$1,000,000
Common Stock	1,500,000	*500,000

*Balance of Authorized Common stock held in Company's treasury for conversion of Preferred stock.

The Needham Tire Company was incorporated under Massachusetts Laws in November 1914, and is engaged in the Manufacture of automobile tires, fibre soles and rubber heels and owns its plant, consisting of 16 acres of very valuable land, with suitable buildings and a developed water power at Charles River Station, in the Towns of Needham and Dover, Mass. There is and can be no mortgage debt upon the Company's property except by vote of 75% of the Preferred shareholders.

PURPOSE OF ISSUE

The proceeds from this issue will be used to retire an issue of $200,000 6% Two Year Notes due December 1, 1919, and to build an additional factory, now well under way, which will be completed by the first of September, including steam plant, heating system, power station, additional tire equipment and new mills, increasing the capacity of the plant 300% and to provide additional working capital incident to this increased capacity.

SECURITY

The Company will have no notes or outstanding liabilities other than current trade bills. This stock has preference as to assets and is preferred and cumulative as to dividends.

CONVERTIBILITY

A feature of this issue is that at offering price it yields 7.75 per cent., free of tax, and offers exceptional speculative possibilities through the privilege of conversion at any time into the Common stock on the basis of share for share.

EARNINGS

The Company has paid 7% on its outstanding Preferred stock since incorporation, and for the last six months shows in addition earnings at the rate of 12% per annum on the Common stock.

The increased earnings as the result of this new financing will be several times the dividend requirements of the Preferred stock.

BUSINESS

The Company manuactures what is conceded to be one of the best tires on the market today, as well as operating a department devoted to fibre soles and rubber heels, which is rapidly growing.

An important authority in the automobile industry makes the statement that the year 1920 will require 14,000,000 tires for new cars alone, and that the present tire production of the country is entirely inadequate to fill this demand.

The Company markets its product through prominent distributors in the principal cities of America, and for the last year has been unable to fill more than 50% of its orders; hence, the need of the new factory and equipment which will be in operation by September 1.

LEGALITY

The legality of this issue has been passed upon and approved by Messrs. Barker, Wood & Williams of Boston.

Stock certificates are deliverable August 1, from which date dividends accrue to the purchasers.

Price—$90 per share, yielding 7.75%

Detailed Circular on Request

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Washington Street at Court — Sears Building, Boston

We do not guarantee the information contained in this advertisement, but believe it to be accurate, and is the same on which we based the purchase of this issue.

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Arizona Pow. 6s, 1933 & Com.
General Gas & Elec. 5s, 1925
Michigan States Tele. Pfd.
N. Y. State Rys. Pf. & 4½s, '62
Northern Ontario Lt. & P. Pf.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Santa Cecilia Sug. Com. & Pf.
United Lt. & Ry. 6s, 1926
Hanson & Hanson
74 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Rector 2721

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$49.55 for a $50—4th 4¼ % Victory Loan
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NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
4½s June, 1967	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝
4½s June, 1965	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝
4½s Mar., 1963	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝
4½s Nov., 1957	102½	102⅝	102⅝
4½s May, 1957	102½	102⅝	102⅝
4½s Mar., 1960-30	97⅝	98	102⅝
4½s Mar., 1964	97⅝	98	102⅝
4½s Mar., 1963	97⅝	98	102⅝
4½s Mar., 1966	97⅝	98	102⅝
4½s Sept., 1960	97⅝	98	102
4s May, 1959	93⅝	93⅝	93¼
4s Nov., 1958	93⅝	93⅝	93¼
4s Nov., 1957	93⅝	93⅝	93¼
4s Nov., 1956	93¼	93½	92⅝
4s Nov., 1955	93¼	93½	92⅝
4s Nov., 1930	94⅝	95¼	94⅛

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
3½s Nov., 1955	83		83
3½s Nov., 1954	83¼	84	83⅛
3½s May, 1954	83¼	84	83⅛

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1934-1932	4.45	4.35	4.45
4½s 1919-1923	4.45	4.35	4.45
4½s 1924-1951	4.50	4.40	4.50
4½s 1932-1933	4.55	4.40	4.55
4½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.37	4.50
3½s 1920-1930	4.50	4.37	4.50
4½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.37	4.50
4½s 1916-1921	4.60	4.37	4.60
3s 1940-1955	4.55	4.40	4.55
3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.45	4.60
3s 1926-1950	4.55	4.40	4.55

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,228 Cities Service	452	438	443	447
1,670 Cities Service pf	70¾	70¼	70	70¾
..... Cities Service deb. B 7s			150	154
..... Cities Service deb. C 7s			107	109

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	16⅛	17⅛
Adiron Elec Power pf	76	78
Am Gas & Electric	132	133
Am Gas & Electric pf	41	42
Am Light & Traction	257	260
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100
Am Power & Light	69	71
Am Power & Light pf	72	77
Am Public Utilities	10½	13
Am Public Util pf	35	40
Am W W & Electric	5¾	6¼
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	59	62
Am W W & Elec partic	11	14
Carolina Power & Lt	40	42
Colorado Power	24½	26½
Colorado Power pf	100	102
Columbia Electric pf	73	
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	28	29½
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	63	64½
Conn Power pf	78	
Consumers' Power pf	85	87
Eastern Texas Electric	57	60
Eastern Texas pf	80	83
El Paso Electric	95	100
Electric B & S pf	92	95
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	12	13½
Federal Light & Tr pf	50	53
Galveston-Houston Elec	15	17
Galveston-Hous El pf	65	68

Am W W & E col 5s	64	67	
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77	
Arizona Power 6s, '33	83	86	
Central P & L 6s, '46	85	92	
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92½	95	
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99⅝	00	
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	78	84	
Con Power 5s, '53	87	89	
Com Pow Neb 6s, '44		85	
Conn Power 5s, '63	85	90	
Dallas Electric 5s	92		
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88	
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	96½	99½	
El Paso Elec col 5s	86	92	
Empire G & E 6s, '26	96⅜	97½	
Empire Refining 6s	93	95¼	
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85½	86½	

Met Edison ref 5s, '22	92		94½
Mid West Util 6s, '25	90		95¼
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	78¾		79½
Nor Ont Lt & Pow 6s	84		92
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	95		96½
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88¾		90
Pac Gas & Elec 6s	93½		95
Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	99¼		100¾
So Cal Edison 5s, '30	89		91
S W Power 5s, '43	81		84
Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	97½		98
Twin S G & E 5s, '53	75		80
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	87½		88
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86½		90
Un Util Invest 6s, '43	87½		90½
U S Pub Serv 6s, '27	89		91
Utah Securities 6s	91½		93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,200 Cosden	12	11⅞	11⅞
2,000 Celestine	4.15	3.90	3.90
10 Cons Power	109½	109½	109¾
10 Cons Coal	90¾	90	90
100 Com Cred pf	25½	25½	25¾
625 Elkhorn	48	41½	48

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
220 Dav Chem	36½	35⅞	36
30 Hous'n O pf	93	92⅜	93
10 Penn W P	86	86	86
220 United Rys	16½	16	16
150 W, B & An	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜

Bonds.

$1,000 C L & P 4½s	87½	87¾	$4,000 Ga & Ala 5s
1,000 Cosden 6s	103½	103½	6,000 United Rys,
2,000 Elkhorn 6s	99	99	Inc, 4s

92¼	92½	92½	
	50	50	

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Am Zinc	27	27	27
20 Ahmeek	87	87	87
75 Allouez	46½	46	46
50 Anaconda	77	76½	77
440 Ariz Com'l	35¼	35⅛	35¼
200 Big Hart	11⅜	11¼	11¼
100 Bingham	8¾	8¾	8¾
100 Butte & Bal	50c	50c	50c
415 Cal & Ariz	90¼	70½	70¾
78 Cal & Hecla	465	455	464
200 Carson	18	18	18
25 Centennial	19⅜	19½	19½
10 Chino	50¼	50¼	50¼
910 Cop Range	55⅜	55	55⅜
2,725 Davis-Daly	10½	10	10
2,250 East Butte	17⅜	17¼	17⅜
220 Franklin	5⅝	5	5⅛
130 Hancock	7¼	7	7⅛
585 Helvetia	6	5½	5⅝
250 Indiana	1¼	1½	1½
3 Inspiration	68¾	68¼	68¼
700 Island Creek	54½	53¾	54
14 Do pf	87	87	87
115 Isle Royale	38⅛	38	38⅜
415 Kerr Lake	5⅝	5	5⅛
120 Lake Copper	5¼	5¼	5¼
230 Mass Con	8¼	8	8¼
20 Miami	32	32	32

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
2,300 Mayflower	11¼	10⅝	11	
400 Michigan	6¾	6¼	6¼	
100 Mohawk	76	74½	76	
700 New Arc	3¾	3⅜	3¾	
1,120 New Cornelia	25⅝	25	25¼	
45 New Riv pf	78	78	78	
10 Nipissing	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	
740 North Butte	15¾	14⅝	15	
100 North Lake	1¼	1¼	1¼	
205 Old Dom	45¼	44½	45¼	
100 Ojibway	3½	3¼	3½	
1,283 Pond Creek	21¼	20⅝	21	
20 Quincy	75	73½	74½	
25 Seneca	23⅞	23½	23⅞	
255 Shannon	3¾	3¼	3¼	
185 St Mary's	62⅝	62	62½	
150 Sup Copper	9¼	9	9¼	
6,900 Sup & Bos	3	2⅝	2⅝	
370 Trinity	4	4	4	
100 Tuolumne	1¾	1¾	1¾	
100 Union Land	1¾	1¾	1¾	
105 U S Smelt	69¾	68½	69¾	
37 Do pf	40⅜	40¼	40¼	
85 Utah Cons	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	
10 Utah Cop	96¾	96⅜	96⅝	
7,100 Utah Metal	3⅜	3¼	3¼	
150 Victoria	4	3⅞	4	
200 Wolverine	26½	25	26½	

Railroads

115 Bos & Alb	132	132	132	417 Do pf	14	14
238 Bos Elev	68	67½	67½	1,030 N Y, NH & H	38¾	34½
1,350 Bos & Me	36	35¾	35¾	45 Northern Pac	68	67½
98 Fitchburg pf	52	52	52	10 West End	44¾	44¾
15 Maine Cent	77	77	77	25 Do pf	52½	52½
730 Mass Elec	6	5¾	6			

Miscellaneous.

9 Am Agr	109¼	109¾	109¾	135 Mass Gas	76⅞	76¾
10 Do pf	98⅞	98⅝	98⅝	80 Do pf	65	65
21 Am Sug pf	118½	118½	118½	3,375 Mex Inv	67½	67½
50 Amoskeag	144	144	144	40 N E Tel	91¾	91¾
450 Am T & T	104	103¾	103⅝	10 Mergenthaler	147	147
15 Am Wool	135	127	135	15 Pacific Mills	186	186
20 Do pf	100	100	100	810 Punta Alegre	41¼	40½
210 Anglo-A Cmi	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	380 Punta Sugar	65¾	62¾
65 Cent Steel	13¾	13¾	13¾	323 Stewart	52¾	52
150 Cuban Port	15¾	15¼	15¼	35 Swift	134½	132
25 Edison	158¾	158¾	158¾	350 Swift Int	50	38
680 East S	16⅜	15⅞	15⅞	31 Torrington	62½	62
85 Fairbanks	75	74½	74½	15 Un Fruit	186	186
16 Gorton	53½	53¼	53¼	270 Un Shoe	52¾	52
130 Gray	49	48	49	140 Do pf	27½	27
10 Int Prod	34½	34½	34½	2,800 Ventura	17¾	17
73 Int Port	6½	6	6	375 Waldorf	20½	20½
195 Island Oil	7¾	7¼	7¾	625 Walworth	23¾	23¼
225 Libby	29	28¾	29	140 Warren	80¼	80
5 Loew's	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	5 Do 2d pf	80	80
5 McEl 1st pf	97	97	97	100 Wallaston L	30	30

Bonds.

$1,000 Am Ag 5s	100	100	100
1,000 A W W 1 5s	83	83	83
1,000 K C M & B 5s	73½	73½	73¼

$1,000 Mass G 4½s	91	91	91
40,000 Punta S 6s	106	104¾	106
1,000 Swift 5s	96	96	96

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
25 Am Radia'r	325	325	325
190 Am Shipbld	134	133¾	134
1,375 Armour pf	103¾	103	103¾
170 Booth Fish	22	22	22
110 Bunte Bros	12	11½	11½
300 CC & CR pf	10¾	9⅞	10
765 Chi Pneu T	82	80	81¾
1,256 Chi Rys S 2	7¼	7¼	7¼
235 Do S 3	2	1⅝	1⅝
10 Comw Ed	111	111	111
3,835 Cont Mtrs	11	10¼	10¼
100 Deere pf	102	102	102
30 Dia Match	116	116	116
480 Hupp Mtrs	14	13½	13⅝
50 Hart S & M	88	87	88
1,630 Hartman	97	93	97
120 Ill Brick	71	70½	70½
2,005 Libby McN	29½	29	29
405 Lindsay Lt	18	17⅞	18

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
40 M Ward pf	111	111	111
50 Midwest Util	36½	36⅛	36½
200 Mitchell	50¼	50	50¼
115 Quaker O rts	15	15	15
100 Quaker O pf	100	100	100
500 Republic T	58½	57½	58
10 Sears Roe	217	214	214
535 Shaw	153	150	151
415 S Warner	105	104	104½
10 Stewart Mfg	54	54	54
2,285 Int Swift	59	57¼	57½
510 Swift & Co	134	132	132¾
1,628 Swift Rights	6⅝	6⅜	6½
65 Thompson	36	35¼	35½
6,150 Un Carbide	84	82¾	83¼
130 U Paper Bd	29¼	27½	27½
310 Wilson	103½	102¼	103
45 Do pf	101	100¾	101

Bonds.

$5,000 Ar d 6s, '23	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
15,000 CC & CR 5s	45	44½	45

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Am Stores	34	34	34
75 Buff & S pf	50¼	50¼	50½
135 Brill	62⅞	58½	58½
3,764 Elec Stor Bat	95¼	93¼	94
460 Gen Asphalt	89½	89	89½
30 Ins C of NA	33	33	33
2,035 Keyst Tel	16⅜	16	16¼
11 Do pf	55	55	55
1,541 Lk Sup Corp	23¼	22⅜	22⅜
285 Lehigh Nav	72	71	71

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
75 Penn Salt	82	82	82
910 Phila Elec	25½	25⅜	25⅞
415 Phila RT tc	29¾	29	29
304 Phila Trac	69¼	68¾	69½
250 Tono Belm	3¾	3¾	3¾
200 Tono Min	3¼	3¼	3¼
10 Un Traction	39¼	39¼	39½
1,400 Un Gas Imp	71¾	70	70¾
100 War I & S	8¾	8¾	8¾
335 Wm Cramp	193	190	190

Bonds.

$1,000 Alleg'y V 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼
1,000 E & P 7 4s	69½	69½	69½
4,000 K T 1st 5s	90	90	90
6,000 Lk Sup in 5s	65	65	65
12,000 L V c 4½s	95¼	95¼	95¼

$14,000 Ph El 1st 5s	95¾	95¼	95¾
10,000 South Ry 4s	65¼	65¼	65¼
2,000 U Ry Inv 5s	78	78	78
2,000 Welsbach col tr 5s	98	98	98

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
50 Am Roll Mill	62½	62½	62½
25 Am Sewer P	25	25	25
300 Am W G M	115	108	115
100 Do pf	92	92	92
1,645 Ark Gas	69½	67	68⅞
100 Do pf	75	75	75
745 Barnsdall	35	34½	34½
25 CanegieL&Z	6½	6½	6½
590 Ind Brewing	4	4	4
150 Lone St Gas	274	270	270
190 Mfrs Lt & H	54¾	54½	54½
50 Midvale Steel	60	60	60
280 NatFirepf pf	20	19½	19½
10 Ohio Fuel Oil	28	28	28
585 OhioFuelSup	53¾	53	53¾
625 Okla Gas	34	33¾	34

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
60 Okla P & R	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
260 Pitts Brew	9	8½	8½
125 Do pf	17	16½	16½
500 PittsHtStBas	41c	41c	41c
120 Pitts Oil & G	16¼	16	16
10 PittsPlGlass	135	135	135
120 Riv'side East	4¾	4¾	4¾
400 Do pf	4¼	4¼	4¼
10 Riv'sideWest	29	29	29
6,500 San Toy	10c	10c	10c
150 U S Glass	36½	36½	36½
50 W Penn Trac & W P	13	13	13
100 Do pf	65¼	65	65¼
20 Whouse AB	142½	132¼	132¼
300 Whouse El	58½	58¼	58½

Bonds.

$1,000 MonconCoal 6s	107	107	107
1,000 PittsBrew 6s	75	75	75

$7,000 U S Steel 5s			
fund 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd	24	24¼	24¾
Atlantic Refining	1335	1375	1355
Borne Scrymser	490	510	490
Buckeye Pipe Line	101	103	101
Chesebrough Mfg	300	320	300
Continental Oil	590	610	600
Crescent Pipe Line	35	38	35
Cumberland P. L	180	190	180
Eureka Pipe Line	168	172	168
Galena Signal Oil	110	175	110
Do pf, new	110	114	110
Do pf, old	115	130	115
Illinois Pipe Line	180	190	180
Indiana Pipe Line	101	103	101
Int Pet Co, Ltd	32	33	31
National Transit	21¼	22¼	21½
N Y Transit	192	197	187
Northern Pipe Line	108	112	108
Ohio Oil	382	387	380
Penn-Mex Fuel	80	82	80

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Prairie Oil & Gas	735	740	735
Prairie Pipe Line	250	255	250
Solar Refining	365	380	365
Southern Pipe L	168	172	167
South Penn Oil	337	342	335
S W Penn Pipe L	102	105	102
Stand Oil of Calif	285	290	285
Stand Oil of Ind	760	770	760
Stand Oil of Kan	585	600	585
Stand Oil of Ky	450	470	455
Stand Oil of Neb	540	550	540
Stand Oil of N J	738	742	735
Stand Oil of N Y	380	385	380
Stand Oil of Ohio	500	520	500
Swan & Finch	97	103	97
Union Tank Car	140	142	138
Vacuum Oil	435	440	435
Washington Oil	43	45	43

*Ex dividend.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Vigorous buying of the railroad shares occurred on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday. St. Paul being bid up 5⅜, New Haven 3, Rock Island 2⅜, Pittsburgh & West Virginia 2½, Union Pacific 2, and Reading 1⅞. The oil issues were rapidly advancing, Texas Company moving up 12¾, Mexican Petroleum 9⅜, Royal Dutch of New York 3¾, and Sinclair 3⅛. Several of the copper shares moved into new high territory, American Smelting and Refining advancing to 89⅝, Anaconda to 77⅛, Utah to 97¼, and Chino to 50⅝. Endicott-Johnson moved widest of the specialties, advancing 13¼, while American Woolen rose 8¼. Central Leather at the outset moved up to 116⅞, a new high mark. On profit taking in the active steels, Crucible was offered down 8¼ points, Bethlehem Steel B 3⅝, Republic Iron and Steel 2⅞, and United States Steel common 1. The motor shares were in the main neglected and the food and tire issues reactionary.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
500 Alaska Gold	3¾	3¼	3¾
610 Ala. Juneau	3	2¾	2¾
700 Allis Chalm.	47¼	46⅜	46⅝
510 Am B Sugar	92⅞	91¾	92⅞
1,340 Am Can	61⅜	60⅞	60⅞
410 Am C & F	118⅝	113¼	113¾
310 Am Cot Oil	65⅝	65	65
400 Am H & L	38⅝	38¼	38½
400 Am Ice	61¾	61¼	61¼
1,240 Am Interna	113⅝	112¾	113¾
210 Am Linseed	79	79	79
900 Am Loco	96¾	93	93
1,700 Am S & R	89⅜	87⅞	88½
450 Am Steel F	46⅝	45¾	45⅞
300 Am Sugar	140⅝	139¾	140⅜
1,820 Am Su Tob	118⅜	116⅝	117¼
310 Am T & T	104	103¼	103¼
370 Am W P pf	50⅜	55¾	56⅜
720 Am Woolen	136	125¾	133
450 Am Zinc	27¼	27	27
9,900 Anaconda C	77⅞	76⅝	76⅝
580 A T & S F	102¾	100⅝	102¼
320 At G & W I	174¼	174¼	174¼
6,780 Baldwin Lo	121¼	116¾	117⅜
655 Balt & Ohio	47⅛	45⅝	47⅛
8,100 Beth St'l B	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
210 Booth Fish	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜
2,200 Bklyn R T	32¼	31	31½
900 Butte & Sup	36¾	35¾	35¾
900 Butte C & Z	13⅝	13	13¼
260 Cal Packing	71¾	71⅜	71⅜
450 Cal Petrol	39¾	38¾	38¾
210 Can Pacific	166	166	166
4,960 Cen Leather	116¼	113⅜	115⅝
930 Cerro de P	65½	65	65
430 Ches & Ohio	66¾	65¾	66⅜
410 C Gt Weste	10⅝	10	10½
2,980 C, M & St P	50¾	45¼	50⅝
550 Do pf	74¾	70	74⅝
520 C, R I & P	31¾	30¾	31
2,210 Chile Cop	28½	28	28
210 Chino Cop	50⅝	50⅜	50⅝
260 Columbia G	63	62¾	63
360 Col F & I	54¼	52¾	53¾
340 Consol Gas	104¼	104¼	104¾
380 Contin Can	99¾	98⅛	98½
1,320 Corn Prod	90¼	89⅜	89⅝
10,680 Crucible S	144¾	134	139¾
1,380 Cuba C Sug	37¾	36	37¼
400 Den & R G	11	11	11
840 Do pf	21¼	18⅝	21¼
430 End John	115	100	115
980 Erie	19½	19	19½
520 Do 1st pf	33⅜	32¾	33⅜
610 Freeport T	62	61	61
580 Gas W & W	37¼	36⅜	37
560 Gen Cigars	85¼	84½	85¾
340 Gen Motors	235	233⅜	235
910 Goodrich Co	85⅝	84¾	85½
520 Gt North pf	96	95¾	96
980 G North Ore	50⅜	50	50⅜
200 Greene Cana	46¾	46¾	46¾
980 Inspiration C	68¼	67⅜	67⅝
1,530 Int Mer Mar	66¾	65	65½
510 Do pf	120½	119	120½
600 Int Nickel	69⅛	67	69¼
210 Int Agricul	34¾	34¾	34¾

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,200 Inup Toh of			
T G B & Ire	18	17¾	18
2,200 InterconRub	26	24½	25
10,000 Marc of Am	6¾	6¼	6¼
1,500 Martin P	32⅝	31½	31¾
500 IWSMultMfg	39	38½	38½
10,000 Nat An & C	55	51	53
400 Natl Firepfg	11	10¾	10⅝
100 Do pf	20	20	20
2,000 N Am P & P	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
8,500 N Y Ship	78	72	75
15,000 Otis Steel	46	43	43½
3,300 Pac G & E	68⅝	67¾	68¼
3,000 Peer T & M	48	43	43
60,000 Perfec T & R	1⅞	1¾	1¾
14,300 Press T & R	14½	13¾	14⅛
300 ‡Pyrene Mfg	18	17½	17½
12,000 Repub Rub	8¾	7¾	7¾
900 Rock & Van	41½	40⅝	40⅝
4,500 ‡Savold Tire	65	63½	64
4,000 ‡Savold, Ohio	33¾	31	33
40,000 ‡Sub B, v t c	20½	17⅜	20½
12,000 ‡Sweets, Am	11½	11	11½
800 ‡Swift Int	58½	58	57
100 ‡Tenn Ry	6	6	6
15,000 ‡TobProdEx	34¾	33¾	34⅜
1,000 ‡Un Carbide	84	82½	83
3,600 ‡Un Eyeglass	8	7¼	7¾
40,000 ‡Un Prof Sh	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
1,000 ‡Un R S, wi	98¼	97	97¼
12,000 Wayne Coal	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜
500 ‡Warren B	85	81	83
4,000 ‡Weber&Heil	22½	20¾	22

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

45 ‡Ohio Oil	384	380	383
10 ‡S O, N Y	382	382	382

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BAFFIN SEAL, and Salt's Behring seal wanted for cash. Farragut 9092.

PEAU-DE-CYGNES Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces gray peau-de-cygne. Hyman & Binder, 138 West 26th.

BEAVER Wanted.—Furmos, Ungava, Seal, Admiralty. Blumenthal, Madison Square 9662. Mr. Crystal.

BEAVER NUPHAR Wanted.—D. Zimmerman, 137 West 26th. Farragut 9297.

BOLIVIAS Wanted.—Silvertones, broadcloths, tricotines; quantity, cash. Garsson, 220 5th Av. Madison Square 2804.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Cachmiriyne, Evora, Farnina, Peachbloom, Lustrola. H. Markowitz Sons. Madison Square 6890.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Silver tip Bolivia and frostglow. Jacobs & Jacobs, 122 West 26th. Farragut 3023.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Silvertip, De Land's 658, Dobson's 617, or similar. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—All shades; lightweight Kerseys, silvertones, polo cloth. L. Finkelstein, 30 West 33d. Madison Square 2261.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted. — Silvertones and kerseys, all shades, for cash, and all heavyweight material. Rosh-Mayers, 122 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Reindeer, brown, jaffa, taupe, wine, Lustgarten & Bloth, 24 W. 25th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—America 112, all colors; Juilliard 110 black. Leventhal & Horwits. Gramercy 8296.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Will pay cash, also silvertones and serges. Mr. W. Levine & Co., 49 West 25th. Farragut 4072.

BROADCLOTH, Tricotine, Silvertones, Serges Wanted.—Cash. 25 West 27th, Room 411. Farragut 5176.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Taupe, reindeer, brown, plum. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Farragut 9644.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — Juilliard 110. Chelsea 1914.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. H., Botany, or Stevens, all colors. Stuyvesant 3122.

BURELLA and melton cloth wanted in navy and green, cotton, plush; any quantity; cash. Phone Greeley 670.

CANVAS Wanted.—Jobs white, navy, red, and black; any quantity; will pay cash. General Footwear Co., 476 Broome St. Spring 6585.

CHAMBRAYS, PERCALES, GINGHAMS Wanted.—Spot delivery. G. & S., 529 Broadway. Spring 7528.

CHAMBRAY Wanted.—For cash; diamond N or similar; all colors; any quantity. Chelsea 9714.

CHAMELEON AND TINSELTONES Wanted.—Silverstone's; also tricotines. Superior Garment Co., 1,333 Broadway.

CHAMELEON CORDS Wanted.—Open for any quantity; also tinseltone velour; cash. Greeley 1544.

CHARMEUSE Wanted.—Open to buy 150 pieces black price for cash. N. Y. Dress Co., 35 West 35th St.

CHAISS Wanted.—Cleverly, Hinder, Onyx; all colors. Madison Square 3121.

CHEVIOTS Wanted.—McKenney 7615, 7617; Sturgeon, Schell 1192, 1020, 1030, 1060; pom pom 1076, brown. Farragut 2960.

CHIFFON Wanted.—Single, single light shades; also val. laces; quantity only. Farragut 4495.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted.—Large jobber ready to place big stock orders on children's coats with sub-manufacturers and contractors; call at once. 22 West 32d, 13th floor.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted.—2-14; jobber placing orders; submit samples. 5th floor, 30 West 33d.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—White, any good make. Louis Greenberg Bros., 71 West 23d.

CLOTH Wanted.—Newhouse No. 2, silvertone; all colors. Farragut 3767.

COATS Wanted. — Gimbel Brothers, New York, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, looking at better grade Irish coats, all-day Thursday and Friday, July 17 and 18; show goods. Gimbel Brothers, New York Office, 9th Floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade, jobber placing stock orders for Fall. Call with samples all week. 48 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive coat jobber will place quantity orders on popular priced or better grade cloth and pile fabrics coats. Call 39 West 32d, 1st floor.

COATINGS Wanted.—Lawrence 820 or similar; also broadcloth; cash. Peters Endich & Peters, 54 West 21st. Chelsea 5253.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders, better grade only; call all week. 11 East 31st St., 3d floor.

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COATS Wanted.—Better grade, jobber placing stock orders for Fall. Call with samples all week. 16 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS and Suits Wanted.—Placing orders on moderate priced and better made garments. 10th Floor, 130 West 23d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders; call with samples all week. 11 West 32d; 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—2 to 6 and 8 to 14 plush coats, any quantity, for cash. 123 West 27th, 2d floor.

COATING Wanted.—Stevens 4812, Lawrence 818, 819, 855, Silvertones, Polo Cloth, Bolivias. Gramercy 1074.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber, am placing orders on coats and suits. Call all week, 37 and 39 Broadway. 1,215 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Better grade; bring samples all week. 11th floor, 122 West 28th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Shepherd checks, woven and printed, in quantities; submit samples. 11th floor, 118 West 22d St. 3850 Chelsea.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Ginghams, chambrays, sergentine crepe. Spitzer Bros. Co., 87 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6437.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Any quantity, any description for cash. Central Mills, 78 Franklin St., Franklin 2250.

CREPE METEOR Wanted.—Dark colors, good quality. Hyman W. Ginsberg, 25 West 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE, Georgette, Meteors Wanted.—All black. Max Greenberg & Co., 112 Madison Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—8-thread, for cash. Nelson & Levene, 320 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy models in serge tricotine, tricolettes, satin and georgettes; only those making better grade dresses. Call with samples between 9-12, 3 West 30th, one flight up.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on high grade satins and tricotines; call with samples all week. Fifth floor, 11 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy Fall models, satins, tricotines, serges, velours, and jerseys. 43 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber, placing orders on satins, and satin combinations. Call with samples. 28-30 West 25th St. 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing large orders on silks, tricotines, serges and all other Fall styles in your or our material. M. Saul, 2 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing big orders on new Fall satin and serge dresses with your or our material. Call all week. Scharfman Bros., 28 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for trioctine, tricolettes, and satins; ready to buy if styles are right. 9th Floor, 32 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders for satins and serges. Gold-Rich Dress Co., 234 5th Av., 1st floor rear.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cotton voiles, big lot; to close out cheap. Meldon Dress Co., 101 West 19th St. Chelsea 7021.

DRESSES Wanted.—1,000 wash, gingham, voiles, must be cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 35th.

DRESSES, SUITS, COATS Wanted.—Spot cash; jobs, sample stocks; any quantity. 4th floor, 43 West 27th. Farragut 8154.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open for 5,000 taffetas, georgettes, serges. Levine, 114 West 26th St. 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing quantity orders on tricotines and tricolettes. Seventh floor, 35 West 21st.

DRESSES, Snappy Satin and Serge dresses Wanted.—No cloth given. 1,123 Broadway, Room 1005.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Capes Wanted.—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1123.

DUVET Wanted.—Superior F. & H.; all colors; also Duvet de Laine. Farragut 2616.

DUVETYNES Wanted.—40-in. wide. All silk. Rashkind & Soloff, 22 West 32d St.

FROST GLOW AND DELAND Wanted.—898, in all colors. Neugass Bros., 71 West 36d.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—100 pieces, 8x2, heavy quality; 75 pieces, navy; 25 ivory; 10 flesh. Sunset Silk Mills, A 222 Times.

GEORGINES and Georgettes wanted for cash. Freydberg, 35 5th Av.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Spot cash, any quantity. Rayner Co., 110-112 West 26th St.

GINGHAM Wanted.—100 pieces, spot cash; imported fancy patterns. Call Rosebud Manufacturing Co., 37 West 20th St.

GINGHAMS, Chambrays, and Percales wanted for cash. Madison Square 3670.

JAP SILKS Wanted.—Natural or colors; quantity; cash no object. Stuyvesant 3120.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—3 ounce; all shades; immediate delivery or future; mail samples or give name of mill on quantities. A 221 Times.

KERSEY Wanted.—American 15030, black; 2360, 632, 15032, 15030. Madison Square 3121.

KERSEY Wanted. — American 15032, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 2616.

KERSEYS Wanted.—Open for quantity, in all colors. Ehrensall Co., 34 West 21st St.

MESSALINES Wanted.—Open for quantity in navy; spot cash. Silverman & Stock, 130 West 28th St.

MIXTURES Wanted.—De Land, 100, all colors. Farragut 2616.

NORMANDIE CLOTH Wanted.—Saxonia velour, all shades, suedines. Invincible Cloak, 128 West 24th. Chelsea 10390.

OXFORD SUITING Wanted.—Juilliard or Cox & Schrieber, any quantity for cash; Hohlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 5653.

OXFORD SUITINGS Wanted.—For cash; also black tricotine and silvertones in all colors. Schrank & Frankel, 145 West 30th.

PACIFIC POPLIN Wanted.—Whitman's; quantity. Room 711, 1,350 Broadway.

PANAMA Wanted.—Open for quantity black only, PNA or similar quality, or will exchange for navy. Barash, 30 West 29th. Chelsea 7903.

PANAMAS AND SERGES Wanted.—Black, navy, brown and plum. Phone Madison Square 2297.

PANTS Wanted.—Am open for quantity of men's working pants; send samples parcel post to Marcus Cohen, Jobber, Erie, Pa.

PAISLEY LINING Wanted.—Silk and cotton, any quantity for cash. Lieberman, Morewits & Co., 109 West 36th.

PEACHBLOOM F. & H. Wanted.—All colors; will pay spot cash. H. Samuels & Son, 33 West 34th.

PIQUE No. 1 Wanted.—Wale. Forster Emery, Co., 120 5th Av.

PLAIDS Wanted.—Can use large quantities of wool plaids; submit samples and prices. McQueen Company, 809 Lakeside Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—De Land's 6000 and 706, cuttings; all colors; spot cash. Md. Sq. 1080.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—De Land's, Lawrences, Sturats, Stevens. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—All makes; also suiting weight silvertone. Sramson Bros., 48 West 25th. Farragut 6264.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—American 15035, all shades, any quantity. Chelsea 9039.

POPLIN Wanted.—Open for all wool poplin, all colors. Williamsburg Manufacturing Co., 1,123 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy green poplins, American or Brightwood, or similar. Farragut 4825.

POPLIN Wanted.—Can use large quantities silk and wool poplin in black, navy, and taupe. 809 Lakeside Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, black, navy, taupe, and brown; will pay cash. Harry Frank, 38 West 33d St.

POPLINS Wanted.—774 navy, black, and brown. Farragut 186.

POPLIN Wanted.—Susquehanna poplin, 171 quality; all colors; cash. Farragut 5789.

POPLINS Wanted.—Brown and burgundy 4768 or similar. Farragut 554.

POPLINS Wanted.—Silk and wool, black, navy, brown, taupe; cash. Farragut 3383.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 9060 and 4822, black and navy. Farragut 2616.

POPLIN Wanted.—Navy and black, all kinds. Farragut 3974.

POPLIN Wanted.—Black and navy, American 90610, or similar. Mad. Sq. 6716.

POPLIN Wanted.—American navy and black, M. J. 177 navy. Greeley 4585.

PLUMETTE Wanted.—Joel's, 107, Deland Bolivia 658, Polo 9600, Holden-Leonards tinseltone 718; cash; any quantity. Chelsea 9764.

PLUSH Wanted.—Silk and mercerized. Rothstein-Nalson, 129 West 20th. Farragut 4717.

PLUSH Wanted.—Peco; any quantity for cash. Greeley 2090.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco, Peerless, and H. & H. Farragut 9662.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Esquimette 4040, or similar. Lieberman & Kurt, 48 West 25th St.

SATEEN Wanted.—Jobs navy, green, red, and black; any quantity; will pay cash. General Footwear Co., 476 Broome St. Spring 6585.

SATEENS Wanted.—Black, cheap counts. Pascale Trimming Co., 11 West 21st. Gramercy 3649.

SATIN Wanted.—Cotton back striped and plain; quantities. Globe Merchandise Co., 32 West 18th.

SATIN CREPE OR SATIN METEOR Wanted.—Navy, black, brown, and taupe; any quantity for cash. Elm Costume, 37 W. 28th.

SECO and all kinds of silk wanted for cash. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear, navy and black, any makes up to $2.75; also lightweight silvertone and broadcloths, all shades poplin 09610 or 0326. Phone morning up to 11 A. M., Glusburg, Farragut 90.

SERGES, Wanted.—FWMN, NCO and BA, in large quantities; all colors; submit samples. 10th Floor, 130 West 23d.

SERGES Wanted.—All leading qualities; French, mannish, or storm; spot cash. Gramercy 588.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use 500 pieces from 62.65 to 4.00, also 100 pieces plush, $4 to $4.35. B. A. Wechsler Co., 1199 Broadway.

SERGE Wanted.—104, 519, 4632, 594; navy, black; cash; quantity. Ward & Levy, 127 West 25th St. Farragut 8943.

SERGES and Poplins Wanted for cash; 638, 7012, and 7612, 66091. Excelsior Skirt Co.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 54289, 4061, 528, 519, 888, 238, 0036. Madison Square 4622. Ext. 26.

SERGES Wanted.—7301 navy, can use large quantity at price for cash. Miltex, Md. Sq. 1060.

SERGES Wanted.—C. S.; open for all colors. Sandler, Canal 1570.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity navy serges. Aaron & Holmes, 36 East 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy quantity 4288. Wm. Dress, 48 West 24th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for Gray storm serges; any make. Farragut 4325.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 7614 or similar cloth. F. & G. Clothing Co., 56 East 11th.

SILKS Wanted. — Will buy for cash any quantity of silks, satins, taffetas, georgettes, printed silks, novelties, velvets, and velvetines; also chiffons and tender silks. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy any kind of plain or printed silks; also chiffons and Jap silks; can use slightly tender or imperfect silks also. Madison Square 1303.

SILK JERSEY, taffetta, satin, tub silk wanted. See David L. Rosenberg, Boston Reliable Petticoat Co., care Hotel Seville balance of week.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for quantity of colored satins, charmeuse and crepe medias. Aaron & Holmes, 36 East 31st.

SILKS Wanted.—Striped and fancies; pay spot cash any quantity. Goodfried & Rubinstein, 320 5th Av.

SILK PETTICOATS Wanted.—David L. Rosenberg, Boston, Mass., is open for silk petticoats. Care Hotel Seville.

SILK NET Wanted.—All colors; any quantity. Farragut 748.

SILVERTONE CHECKS Wanted.—Goldtone, H. & L. Hoel, Andrews Silvertone, 6036 Frederick Talama, Duvet de Laine, F. & H. Velour. A. Davis & Son, Inc. Vanderbilt 7976.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holmes Nos. 152 and 153, all shades. Call Gittleman & Greenfield, 29 West 35th St. Telephone Greeley 838.

SILVERTONES AND VELOURS Wanted.—We pay cash for silvertones for suiting; also Gera velours in 50332, in all colors. Chelsea 9355.

SILVERTONES Wanted for Cash.—Holden Leonard, Arthur Joel's, or similar quality; all shades. Phone Gramercy 5156.

SILVERTONES and Velours Wanted.—All grades. Henle & Wagner, 180 West 25th. Farragut 9195.

SILVERTONES, Velour Wanted. Brown, navy, reindeer, suiting weights. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Open for American, Great S. Kelly, and Ottaquechee, all colors. Phone Farragut 2770.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—15032, light weight velours; all shades; any quantity. Gramercy 2402.

SILVERTONES' Wanted.—All makes and shades; also Deland's 9600; spot cash. Stern-Miller Co., 22 West 32d. Md. Sq. 8972.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Parkaides 102 or Deering Milliken or similar. Madison Square 5363.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades, all makes, for suits. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American, Deering-Millikan 6796, and other makes. Haft, Farragut 9758.

SILVERTONES SUITING, and TRICOTINES Wanted.—Large quantity. Cooper & Grapes, Chelsea 9553.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pay cash; also tinseltones. Bothny Yalams. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—American 15032; all colors. Farragut 2616.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—15032 and lightweight velours. Call Farragut 9400.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades; any mill; also velours. Madison Square 10170.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Buckley Cohens, all colors, for cash. Miltex, Md. Sq. 1060.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—American. Farragut 2616.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better and medium priced Fall skirts, all materials; your or our goods. Call with samples at once and all next week. 24 floor, 51 West 10th St.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders for fall skirts, 18 West 27th, 4th floor back.

STEVENS 6100 Wanted.—All shades. Chelsea 9023.

SUEDINE Wanted.—American, brown, navy and black. Cohn & Plaks, Chelsea 590.

SUEDINE Wanted.—4314 Stevens, all colors; will pay cash. Merit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

SUITING Wanted.—Open for quantity of cheviots and other staple suitings; also fancies; cash. Herzog Cipak & Suit Co., 1,239 Broadway.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Broadcloth, fur trimmed; placing stock orders. Call with samples, 9th floor, 11 West 32d.

SUITS Wanted.—Open to place orders, at popular prices. Call with samples any time this week, 6 West 18th, 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders. Seventh floor, 35 West 21st.

SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders. 8th floor, 253 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders Fall suits. Call 9th floor, 12 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Changeable and light colors. Rashing & Saloff, 20 West 23d St.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Dark colors, for cash. D. Schustack, 44 East 32d St.

TINSELTONE Wanted.—H. L., all colors. Cohn & Plaks. Chelsea 590.

TINSELTONE Wanted.—H. L., all colors. Cohn & Plaks. Chelsea 590.

TRICOTINES, serges and tricolettes, Paulette satins and charmeuse wanted; pay spot cash for any quantity. Call with samples. M. Saul, 2 West 33d, Waldorf Building.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Any quantity for cash. Call Rosebud Manufacturing Co., 37 West 26th St.

TRICOLETTES and Paulettes Wanted.—Dark shades. Marion Dress Co., 2 West 33d.

TRICOTINES.—Chameleon cord tinseltones and silvertones, wanted for cash. Cohen & Edelman, 35 West 31st.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open for quantity navy tricotine. Aaron & Holmes, 36 East 31st St.

TRICOTINES and Poiret Twills Wanted.—Rothstein & Pitofsky, 112 Madison Av. Madison Square 6364.

TRICOTINES and Tricolets Wanted.—All colors, S. C. Adelman, 38 West 32d. Madison Sq. 6155.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Pay spot cash for any quantity; price must be reasonable. Finkelstein, Md. Sq. 7428.

TRICOTINE, POIRET TWILL Wanted.—All black; good quality. Max Greenberg & Co., 112 Madison Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—907; also silvertones, American 15032, 15030, Md. Square 2388.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, all makes. Farragut 5660.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, for cash. Anietta Dress, 114 West 27th. Farragut 8083.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, any make, Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

TRICOTINES and Silvertones Wanted.—All shades. Wachs, 18 West 27th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All makes, in navy, for cash. Chelsea 7029.

TUBULAR Wanted.—Use any quantity; also colored venetians. B. A. Wechsler, 1,199 Broadway. Chelsea 984.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on silk and cotton waists. 116 West 32d St., Room 1206. Farragut 9018.

WOOLENS Wanted.—American Woolen Co. 12045, 112, 12012, 15062; Juillards 2124; Holden Leonard 718, 721; Stevens 6190, 4312, 2821, 4313, 6116; Bachman 19010; Sidney Blumenthal Ankleneia, black Kerami, William Fischman. Madison Square 9240. Ask for Harry.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—36-inch Juilliards, 664, 685, or similar; all colors. Louis Greenberg Bro., 71 West 23d.

VELOURS Wanted.—Wyandotte's 800; all colors; also American, heavy and light weight. Harry Greenberg, 29 West, 35th. Greeley 4095.

VELOURS Wanted.—Botany, F. & H. or Stevens; all shades; also Silvertones. Madison Square 10170.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H. or Clarke & Dana navy, brown, reindeer; any quantity for cash. Chelsea 9755.

VELOURS Wanted.—Forstmans, Botanys, Garfields; also tricotine; cash. Farragut 6789.

VELOURS Wanted.—Botany, Talama or similar, any quantity for cash. A. H. Gittleson, 39 West 29th.

VELOUR and Oxford Suitings Wanted; any quantity; all colors. Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight; also silvertones; will pay cash. Madison Square 4780.

VELOURS AND SILVERTONES Wanted.—light weight; also poplins. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight reindeer and brown; also silvertones and serges. 2874 Farragut.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight, brown, navy, reindeer, Pekin, American, or similar. Farragut 1618.

VELOUR Wanted.—Brown, reindeer, burgundy, any quantity; will pay cash. Steinhaus & Gumbiner, 19 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light suiting weight; all colors; also checked velours; for cash. Miltex, Md. Sq. 1060.

VELOUR Wanted.—Gera 50332, black, navy, brown, or similar qualities. Madison Square 1969.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 032 or similar, brown Reindeer. Henry Leary & Son, 9 West 31st. Mad. Sq. 1921.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, 032, or similar in navy and brown. Samuel Fine Co., 12 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for lightweight velours, all colors; suitable for dresses. Knickerbocker 906.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, brown, reindeer, taupe and navy, in exchange for 032, or will buy. Haft, Far. 9752.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight and silvertones; all shades; cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 40th. Farragut 8460.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 0360, Stevens 4261, Gera, Department A; can use quantity, Madison Square 8079.

VELOURS wanted for cash; American 032 and Forstmann & Huffman, or similar quality. Phone Gramercy 5186.

VELOURS wanted for suitings; all kinds; Gera Mills preferred; also all wool oxford. Herman Greenberg, 24 West 30th.

VELOUR Wanted.—0360, 15032, Lawrence 621; cash. Chelsea 4616.

VELOUR DU NORD Wanted.—Any make and width, for cash. Greeley 6172.

VELOURS Wanted.—Also Botany, Talama; all colors. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—Navy only. Harold M. Silvermah, 118 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight velours and silvertones. Karp Bros., 45 West 27th.

VELOUR SUTTING Wanted.—All colors. Louis Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d.

VELOUR Wanted.—Clarke and Dana or similar quality cloth. Chelsea 3110.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Black's only; can use quantity; must be cheap. Call, Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 36th.

YALAMA, Botany 5946 or similar, wanted for cash. Ben Ginsberg Co., 51 West 24th. Farragut 2961.

YALAMA and Duvet Delain cloth wanted, all shades. Madison Square 5348.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG MOLESKIN OUTINGS, 35 cases light fancies, 15 dark; kimono outings under special ticket, 36 cases dark fancies, 19 cases light fancies, 3 cases 108in. dark. Offered through Rice & Seaman, 256 Church St.

BABY CHRISTENING CAPS in stock. Max Mayer, Inc., 352 4th Av.

BAFFIN, Hudson Bay, Beaver, Mole Plushes, Coatees. Michael Bros. 115 West 29th St.

BEACHCLOTH, CHAMBRAY.—Will close out 900 yards of white army beachcloth, 800 yards of Amoskeag gray chambray. 2413 Morningside.

BEAVER—Chase's 3-inch and 1¼ inches; cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

BLUMENTHAL, 140 and poletex. Shapiro & Bond, West 22d. Chelsea 9706.

BOYS' SUITS.—Manufacturer has a surplus of 5,000 boys' blue serge suits to close out. Call Newport Clothing Co., 112 Bleecker St. Spring 8419.

BOYS' PANTS.—All wool; cashmeres and worsteds, $2.50 dozen. National Clothing Exchange, 80 Bleecker St.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315; 1,000 pieces shepherd check, 1,500 pieces ¾ goods, 1,000 pieces ¾ print, overcoatings, mixtures, cassimeres; 200 pieces unfinished worsteds; American 13190; large quantities; very low prices. A 220 Times.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., 110, all shades; American poplin, 0326, in quantities, also serges, velours and tricotines; immediate delivery. Madison Square 0367.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., dark green; American, brown, silvertone, 10007. Madison Square 1969.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS in all popular numbers. Israel Cummings & Bros., 26 West 25th St.

BROADCLOTH.—Juilliard 118, Botany 315 and 355. Madison Square 8604.

BROADCLOTH. — Black, 72-inch, cotton warp; cheap. Chelsea 6656.

BROADCLOTH.—All colors. Immediate delivery; $3.50 net cash. Chelsea 1580.

CAPES.—400 all-wool serges; navies; nicely trimmed, $8.50. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

CANTON FLANNEL.—10,000 yards 28-inch unbleached. Franklin 805.

CHEESECLOTH.—15,000 yards, 28-inch, unbleached. Franklin 805.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES and Rompers.—150 dozen, Amoskeag, plaid gingham, linene, and chambray garments, to close out; sizes 2 to 6 years. D. S. Magid Mfg. Co., 52 Union Square.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—Silks and voiles, $2 up; snappy models, biggest values; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 244 5th Av.

CLOAKINGS.—A cheviot, navy, brown, Gerford. Madison Square 1026.

COATINGS.—4,806 pieces; bargain; velours, reindeer, taupe. Garsson, 220 5th Av.

COATS, Suits, Dresses.—Reorganized; our only salesman, Value; if it costs us 65c. you get it for $1, a 54 per cent. profit; comparison is the world's greatest argument. Modern, 15 West 26th.

COATS.—Take no chances, immediate delivery, wonderful merchandise, silvertones, broadcloths, velours. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Ladies', misses' and children's velour, plushes, and silvertone for immediate delivery. A. Cohen, 34 West 27th.

COATS.—High-grade flapper coats for the hard-to-fit girl. Julius Goldstein, 158 West 23d St. Farragut 596.

COATS.—Fall plushes, velours and fabrures, to close out; attractive styles. Klein & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS.—2,500 plushes, fur trimmed, plain, $10.50, $12.50, $15.50, $17.50; not higher than $37.50 in stock. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Wonderful values, $16.75 to $75; all leading materials; make us prove it. B. & W. Weschsler Co., Inc., 1,199 Broadway.

COATS.—The best; 5,000 velours, broadcloths, silvertones and others, $5.75; not higher than $25.50. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Straight line, Spring; dolmans, 200 suits; will close out cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—For immediate delivery, ladies', misses' and children's plushes, velours, and silvertones. Veath, 17 West 31st.

COATS.—Infants', children's, intermediates; cloth, pile fabrics, plushes; thousands in stock. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—500 cotton plushes, all ranges. Rosenfeld & Rosenberg, 22 West 31st.

COATS.—Jobs only; plushes, all kinds; pick them from racks. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS for jobbers at low prices. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 28th. Madison Sq. 9020.

CORDUROY.—H. & H., Waterside No. 400, 12 pieces light shades, 65c net. Aderbers & Feder, 115 West 30th. Chelsea 8805.

CORDUROYS.—Juilliard drab and other colors. Phone Spring 6844.

CORDUROY.—6000, white. Madison Square 8644.

COTTON GOODS.—Special lot narrow colored and printed goods; unbleached sateen seconds; other goods to close out. Meyer Sarish Mfg. Co., 346 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS, Sateens.—All grades; spot delivery; under market. Also colors. Nathan & Heyman, Inc., 1,123 Broadway.

CREPES.—Silk and cotton mixed; large quantities; all colors; immediate delivery. Phone Madison Square 4068.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Eagles 884, light shades, to close out. Madison Square 2814.

DRESSES.—Mr. Out-of-Town Jobber, what we have been striving for has been attained in our line for Fall. You'll find our Fall line for jobbers a still greater department merchandising than last season. We invite our friends and prospects to view these real dress values. Satins, Georgettes, serges, tricotines, $8.75 to $27.50. M. Kirschner & Sons, East 33d.

DRESSES.—Don't fly around; steer straight for bargain headquarters; pick them off the racks to deliver today; serges, satins, georgettes, and georgette combinations; tafetas, jerseys, $8.75 up. There's thousands of them. Come up and see. Meyer Boaniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Newest Fall models, 31 to 45 less; no salesmen, excessive overhead, or live models, but our models are live sellers; better dresses for discriminating buyers; serge, satin, jersey, $7.75 to $27.50; voile georgette dresses to close cheap. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Important; take no chances placing advance orders; pick them right off the rack at the League Dress Co.; dresses of the better kind; we have them ready for you; it will pay you to drive us a call. 239 5th Av. League Dress Co.

DRESSES.—Jobbers, time is money—save both. If you want rock-bottom prices now on serge and other Fall dresses—see me quick; our bonanza values have them all guessing; look them over today. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Out-of-town buyers, attention! We have on our racks for immediate delivery 5,000 Fall models. Browse; wonderful values and styles; prices $10.75 to $16.50; come up and convince yourselves. Bimo Dress, 253 5th Av.

DRESSES.—2,000 high-grade colored voiles, dark and light shades; also silk foulards, georgettes, satins and taffetas to close out for July sales; prices very alluring. Balsam & Shirmer, 57 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—700 beautiful printed voiles, organdie, slaughtering prices; $4.75 and $5.75 values, $2.75; $7.75 and $6.75 values, $3.75; final closing sale; unusual bargains. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—500 voiles, stouts, to close out at sacrifice; also stouts, satin, crepe meteors, and crepe de chines, for immediate delivery. Popular Price Dress Co., 38 West 32d.

DRESSES.—2,000 cotton dresses to close out at a sacrifice price; we also have our Fall line of silk serge dresses ready. Pan-American Dress Co., 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Better grade cotton voiles, dark grounds, stunning designs, $5 to $10; ginghams, $3.75 to $7.50; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Special offering for out-of-town jobbers; tricotine dresses, $19.50 up and satins from $12.50 up; be convinced. Normana Dress, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES.—1,500 cotton voiles at a sacrifice, also georgette, satin, serge and tricotines, for immediate delivery. Franco-American Dress, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Stouts and maternities; exceptional style values; satins, tricotines, serges; immediate delivery. Wolf & Rubin, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES.—3,000 cotton voiles on racks

Now Showing

Wonderful Fall Line of DRESSES

Chiffon Velvets
Tricolettes
Paulettes
Charmeuse
Georgettes
Satins

Classy merchandise, best materials. Our line is worth while looking at. Kindly call early to insure quick deliveries.

David Harris
1372-1382 Broadway.
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Expressing youthful individuality in their strikingly new lines and details, and with their quality guaranteed by having every step of their making done under our personal supervision.

David J. Goldman Co., Inc.,
1333 Broadway, N. Y.
Manufacturers of Smart Clothing for Young Women.

The HOUSE of the MOMENT

COATS & SUITS

Always timely in their styling, above the ordinary in quality, towering over commonplace garments by reason of their well-thought-out details and marked beauty of fabrics.

Moderate Prices
Quick Deliveries.

LEVETT, FRANK & COMPANY,
40 West 32nd Street, New York.

AMERICAN GIRL COATS for GIRLS and CHILDREN

A low-priced line that is really well-made and well-styled, and which you can sell at prices that mean real money to you.

See the Fall styles, in all preferred materials and colors.

H. Goldwater & Co.,
Manufacturers
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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABERDEEN, S. D.—I. Salinsky & Co.; S. Salinsky, ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,133 Broadway.
AKRON, Ohio—Federman Dept. Store; S. P. Raffel, wool skirts; 116 West 32d.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Charles Van Heusen Co.; C. E. Flint, china, glassware; Commodore.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Richard Healy Co.; T. J. Buckley, coats, suits; Commodore.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.—Weisman & Lewinson; D. Weinman, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—F. Heinz Co.; F. Heinz, general mdse., millinery; Cumberland.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Farr Bros; J. L. Farr, shoes; Wallick.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—H. Leh & Co.; Miss M. Wolf, laces, trimmings; Pennsylvania.
ATCHISON, Kan.—Mangelsdorf D. G. Co.; Miss K. Koelsch, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d; Great Northern.
ATCHISON, Kan.—Saizer Clothing Co.; S. Saizer, clothing, furn. goods; 1,182 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison, Paxon, Stokes Co.; L. F. Hardy, notions, toilet goods; 1,150 Broadway; Longacre.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros; A. M. Goldsmith, jobs men's palm beach suits; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; 53 West 14th St.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss T. Stern, corsets; Mrs. S. Rafelman, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Lamm Bros.; A. Delevie, L. Lamm, J. C. Lamm, W. Braunstein, clothing materials, 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Rouse-Hempstone Co.; T. C. Ely, laces, hdkfs., neckwear, ribbons, muslin underwear, ready-to-wear; Commodore.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; W. P. Whitmore, laces, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Alcazar.
BALTIMORE—Strauss Bros.; J. Strauss, blankets; Commodore.
BALTIMORE—S. Schleisner Co.; S. Schleisner, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Hecht Bros. Co.; Miss E. Williams, corsets; 53 West 14th; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros Co.; Mr. Hutzler, women's sweaters; 1,150 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—P. Levin & Co.; P. Levin, woolens; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Caplan Brothers; S. Markel, men's hats; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss A. Yentz, blouses; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonnenborn & Co.; B. Maskover, woolens; 220 5th Av.
BELLEVILLE, Ill.—Fellner-Ratheim D. G. Co.; P. Fellner, notions, furn. goods, women's garments; Park Avenue.
BELLINGHAM, Wash.—Newton's, Inc.; W. S. Newton, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; S. A. Lee, silks, velvets, cotton wash goods; 116 W. 32nd.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Burger D. G. Co.; L. Phillips, laces; A. Well, carpets; 1,150 B'way; Collingwood.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.: Miss Andrews, silk negligees; Mr. Levy, satin, serge dresses; Mrs. Phillips, ladies' costumes, dresses; Miss C. Murphy, misses' suits; Miss McKevitt, inexpensive dresses; Miss O'Callaghan, misses' dresses; Miss Fitzpatrick, children's, juniors', girls' dresses; 225 5th Av.
BOSTON—Boston Reliable Petticoat Co.; D. L. Rosenberg, tub silks, satins, jerseys; Seville.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Lownes, ladies' coats; Miss Casey, waists; 25 West 33d.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; C. C. Ferrers, boys', children's shoes; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss L. Otis, women's suits; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—Leopold Morse Co.; G. Rubel, furn. goods; Latham.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; C. H. Eastman, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; T. W. Rich, rugs; Commodore.
BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss E. Lewis, art linens; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; Miss M. E. Katonn, corsets; 220 5th Av.; McAlpin.
BOWIE, Texas—S. Daube & Co.; Miss F. Cummins, millinery; Mrs. A. Miller, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d St.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; L. B. Withstanley, domestics, linens; J. E. Kelly, notions, lace; 404 4th Av.
BRISTOL, Tenn.—Christian-Taylor Hat Co.; S. N. Christian, hats; Imperial.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss E. Dean, waists; Miss Jackson, muslin underwear, negligees; 2 W. 37th.
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BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss E. Dean, waists; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; E. L. Hengerer, representing; 2 W. 37th.
CANTON, Ohio—W. R. Zollinger & Co.; H. C. Zollinger, ribbons, notions, jewelry, bargain basement; 404 4th Av.
CANTON, Ohio — Homer-Miller Co.; Mr. Homer, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; O. Dollnig, men's ready-to-wear; L. M. Friedman, girls' dresses; E. A. Kettlewell, women's, misses' wear; F. O. Perry, women's, misses' dresses; S. Stern, millinery; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. Halberg, Miss M. Leighton, women's costumes; Mrs. M. Ward, underwear; F. L. Stevens, rugs; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—M. Ainfinder & Co.; M. Ainfinder, suits, dresses; 1,170 Broadway, Room 610.
CHICAGO—Hill's, Inc.; B. Volen, coats, suits, dresses, waists, furs, children's wear; Claridge.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; E. McDonald, dress trimmings, buttons, fancy knit goods; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. T. Smith, men's neckwear, hosiery; P. E. Hahn, hosiery; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. W. Hoch, ready-to-wear clothing; O. Seitz, pants; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Lederer Co.; Miss D. Mangson, ready-to-wear muslins; A. Stokes, dress goods, silks, wash goods, 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—American Trimmed Hat Co.; M. F. Lee, millinery; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. Weiss, men's clothing; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. Halberg, women's costumes; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—A. Abrahamson & Co.; A. Abrahamson, cloakings, suitings; 1,123 B'way.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss F. Tarrson, waists, underwear; 13 East 22d St.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; V. J. Bert, domestics; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Consolidated Millinery Co.; G. L. Gerson, millinery; 15 West 38th.
CHICAGO—Morris Woolf Silk Co.; A. E. Woolf, silks; Commodore.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; R. W. Hall, silks; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Cut Rate Woolen Co.; E. J. Rice, J. C. Silver, woolens; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; A. Alconbrack, notions; 309 6th Av.
CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; H. Michelson, silks, dress goods; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; F. J. Kicker, hosiery, underwear, gloves; 277 5th Av.; Brostell.
CHICAGO—The Fair; A. J. Jennings, mdse. manager; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's"; M. H. Meyer, domestics, silks, dress goods; 277 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—Meyer, Wise & Karchen Co.; S. R. Meyer, knit underwear, hosiery, gloves; 600 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; S. Rosenfeld, furs; 30d 5th Av.
CLARENDON, Texas—Stiner's Style Shop; H. Stiner, ready-to-wear, millinery; Pennsylvania.
CLEARFIELD, Pa.—A. W. Leonardson Co.; Miss S. Ward, ready-to-wear; A. W. Leonardson, general mdse.; 1,150 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mr. Ahrens, children's, juniors' Fall coats, children's, juniors' Fall dresses; J. E. Meisel, coats; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; P. B. Johnson, leather goods, silverware; Miss Manning, misses', juniors' wear; 220 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; Mrs. P. Keyes, misses', juniors' wear; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss Lavine, dresses; 37 West 26th.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; S. T. Montgomery, rugs; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Bayles & Lewis; S. S. Bayles, cotton goods, linings; 733 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—P. H. Sampliner & Co.; P. H. Sampliner, cloakings, suitings; McAlpin.
COLUMBIA, Mo.—J. H. Estes D. G. Co.; J. H. Estes, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d St.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Bornheim & Cahen; Mr. Cahen, infants' wear; 1,170 Broadway.
CORSICANA, Tex.—J. M. Dyer D. G. Co.; J. M. Dyer, ready-to-wear; 47 West 34th.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; Miss F. Spearman, jewelry; Miss E. Lowe, millinery; F. Arons, mfg. dept., overalls, clothing; 19 E. 24th.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; M. Hirsch, notions, fancy goods; 19 East 24th.
DALLAS, Texas—A. Harris & Co.; Miss Leon, muslin underwear; 141 Madison Av.
DECATUR, Ill.—William Gushard D. G. Co.; J. A. Remley, rugs; 44 East 23d; Latham.
DENTON, Tex.—Wilson, Hann Co.; J. E. Wilson, dry goods; Breslin.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Mrs. R. E. Cross, art needlework, yarns, silks; 71 W. 23d.
DENVER, Col.—May Co.; T. Milroy, men's hats, caps, women's sport hats; 37 W. 26th.
DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; Miss M. Ward, crockery, glassware; 71 W. 23d.
DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; Mr. Ritter, dry goods; 303 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mr. Bartlett, dresses; Miss Conover, coats; Miss Mahoney, misses' ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; C. A. Eland, millinery; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mrs. McHugh, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Kline Garment Co.; M. Buell, juniors' wear; 404 4th Av.
DETROIT—Burnham Stoepel Co.; J. Wilson, underwear; 48 Leonard.
DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; A. J. Guimond, dress goods, silks; 48 Leonard.
DUBUQUE, Iowa—Jones Bros. Overall Co.; D. R. Jones, Jr., furn. goods; Commodore.
DULUTH, Minn.—W. H. Bruen & Co.; W. H. Bruen, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill.—Fellner Crow Co.; J. T. Crow, men's, boys' furn. goods; Park Av.
EVANSTON, Wyo.—Blythe & Fargo Co.; T. Blythe, general mdse; 47 West 34th.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Salm Bros; I. Salm, women's garments, millinery; Pennsylvania.
FLORENCE, Ala.—May Sonnenfeld Co.; J. P. May, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.
FLORENCE, S. C.—Florence Shop; Miss A. Goodstein, ready-to-wear; Martinique.
FORT DODGE, Iowa—J. L. McMahon, clothing; Hermitage.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—P. Steketee & Sons; C. Mann, dry goods; Collingwood.
GREAT FALLS, Mon.—McCoy Dept. Store; P. McCoy, silks, dress goods, genl. mdse.; Miss Berry, coats, suits, dresses; 1,170 Broadway.
GREENWOOD, S. D.—J. W. Duckett Co.; J. W. Duckett, general mdse.; Miss M. Pinson, Miss I. Turner, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
HAGERSTOWN, Md.—Stouffer & Musey; H. M. Stouffer, clothing; Breslin.
HARRISBURG—Watt & Bro. Co.; R. W. Webster, paints; Grand.
HARTFORD, Conn.—C. Dillon & Co.; J. E. McCormack, ready-to-wear; Belmont.
HARTFORD, Conn—F. Fox & Co.; Miss K. E. Mullane, waists; 141 Madison Av.
HASTINGS, Neb.—Stein Bros.; E. H. Stein, general mdse.; Commodore.
HELENA, Ark.—Ware & Sonomon; D. Solomon, clothing, furn. goods; 1,150 Broadway; Hargrave.
HELENA, Mon.—New York D. G. Co.; H. Fligelman, gen'l mdse.; 116 W. 32nd.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Tuttle & Rockwell Co.; C. N. Gardner, clothing; Commodore.
HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; Mr. Harris, muslin underwear; 1,150 Broadway.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss S. F. Lightsone, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—Norton Corset Co.; Miss H. Norton, corsets; Claridge.
JACKSON, Miss.—R. E. Kennington Co.; Miss L. E. Rogers, coats, suits, waists; 141 Madison Av.
JACKSON, Mich.—L. H. Field Co.; F. F. Ingram, coats, suits, waists, millinery; 44 East 23d.
JACKSON, Tenn.—Grand Leader; A. S. Lindy, clothing; Cumberland.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; S. Vorenberg, notions, toilet, fancy, leather goods, jewelry, silverware; 37 W. 26th.
JOPLIN, Mo.—Newman Mercantile Co.; A. N. Scharff, ready-to-wear; 35 West 32d St.
KALAMAZOO, Mich.—A. W. Johnson, men's clothing, furn. goods; Commodore.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Woolf Bros. Furn. Goods Co.; L. G. Russel, men's shoes; McAlpin.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; B. F. Smith, shoes, 23 E. 26th; Cumberland.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Farris-Fuller-Crenshaw Co.; women's, children's coats, suits, dresses, muslin, silk underwear; B. Farris, Jr., men's, boys' furn. goods; 256 Church.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—D. Briscoe Co.; J. E. Briscoe, domestics; 72 Leonard.
LAKE CHARLES, La.—The Jacobs Stores; B. Jacobs, ladies' ready-to-wear silks; 215 4th Av., Room 1111.
LAKE CHARLES, La.—J. J. Utits; gen'l. mdse.; 1,150 Broadway.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; R. S. Masterson, linings; I. N. Groff, silks, dress goods; Miss K. F. Kreider, art goods; 404 4th Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; R. C. Masterson, linings, gloves, hdkfs; C. S. Conrad, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Smith's; A. C. Smith, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Miss Ogden, infants' wear; Miss H. A. Newton, ready-to-wear; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Son; W. Taylor, boys' furn. goods, corsets, hosiery, (basement;) 225 5th Av.; Cumberland.
LOS ANGELES—Ville de Paris; Miss J. Bloom, art needlework; Vanderbilt.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. Strauss & Sons Co.; B. H. Strauss, men's furn. goods; 1,133 Broadway.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. Block, millinery; Bristol.
McKINNEY, Texas—McKinney D. G. Co.; Mr. Kamsler, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. Lowenstein & Bro, D. G. Co.; N. D. Rush, ladies', misses' waists; E. I. Marks, representing; 220 5th Av.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bruce Co.; Miss E. E. Murray, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Caulkins & Post Co.; F. L. Caulkins, carpets; Woodward.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bruce Co.; Miss Murray, sweaters; 404 4th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Peerless Knitting Co.; F. E. Yolles, knitting machinery, supplies; Albemarle.

Continued on Page 26.

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GUARANTEED FAST COLOR SEASIDE
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WITH A GOOD QUALITY POPLIN TIE
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NET 10 DAYS

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Leather Coats
Twenty-five new styles at 25% less than the market prices.

Furs
A selected assortment of proven best sellers.

A Pre-eminent Range of Fashion's Newest Innovations
IN HIGH-GRADE KNITTED NOVELTIES
ORIGINAL MODELS BEAUTIFUL STYLES UNUSUAL COLOR COMBINATIONS
READY TO SHIP

A Business of Constructive Merchandising

The development of the *HIGHEST POSSIBLE EFFICIENCY IN SERVICE*—the creation, interpretation and adaptation of styles—the rapid collection and distribution to our many customers of Authentic Sweater Wear.

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Attractive Garments at Popular Prices
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Delivery Guaranteed.
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$16.75 Net Cash

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Our 700—a coarse ribbed silk and cotton knitted fabric—in all suitable colors—not distinguishable from the all silk—but at a price much lower. Enthusiastically received by some of the leading makers.

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Prices ranging from
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Immediate Delivery
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STYLE NO. 928
SIZES 16 TO 44

COLORS: NAVY, BLACK, TAUPE, BROWN, PLUM.

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Plush Coats, $16.75 up
Cloth Coats, $13.50 up

M. ROSENMAN & CO.
36-38 W. 25th St.

FEATURE "QUEEN"
LEATHER COATS
POPULAR PRICES
QUEEN LEATHER GOODS CO.
23 East 22nd St.

See Our Three Specials To-day
HIGH GRADE DRESSES

French Serge, All-Over Braid Embroidered,	Heavy, Lustrous Satin—Fine Lace Collar,	Fine Tricotine, Beaded and Lace Trimmed,
15.75	18.75	23.75

YOU'LL ASK FOR MORE OF OUR LINE—16.50 to 50.

QUICK DELIVERY

LOUIS ALBERT
44-50 EAST 32d ST.

SATIN DRESSES
$6.50

SILVERMAN & STOCK
130 WEST 28TH STREET

TO CLOSE OUT
3,000
PRINTED VOILE DRESSES,
Dark Grounds, Georgette Designs,
AT A PRICE.
L. OLCHIN & CO.,
45-47 W. 27th St.

HEOLA FABRICS

Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
TRICOTINE AND GEORGETTE DRESSES, $9.75 to $25.00.
129-135 WEST 27TH ST.

3,000
Wash Dresses
EACH ONE A NOVELTY
For Shipment Ready.

Styled to the Minute. In refinement they will satisfy and appeal to the careful critic.

$2.75 TO 7.75

M. WEISMAN & SONS
118 W. 22d St. New York

HOLSTEN YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
Waterproof & Rubberized Tweed Coats
Polo and Sport Coats
34-36-38 WEST 32ND ST.

F. F. Models
FULL FORM
SUITS & COATS
for stout Women

More sales have invariably come to stores featuring F. F. Models.

This is the natural result of giving stout patrons an unusual combination of perfect fit, graceful, slenderizing lines, and up-to-the-minute styles.

Don't miss seeing the Fall lines.

BERNSTEIN, BAUM DA COSTA CO.,
38 W. 32ND ST., N. Y.
13th Floor.

GREGSTYLE DRESSES
For
Well Dressed
Misses

These dresses are beautifully made with the most scrupulous care. They'll captivate the most critical buyer and will make new big sales records for you.

Harry Greger & Co.
Dresses
25 West 31st St. New York

DON'T FAIL
to see our
DRESS
No. 412 of all-wool
TRICOTINE
at $19.75
Bronner Bros. & Hadra,
18 West 27th St.—N. Y. C.

WE ANNOUNCE THE OPENING OF OUR NEW DOWN-TOWN OFFICE FOR JOBBERS EXCLUSIVELY
43 Leonard St. Room 301
OUR LINES FOR SPRING, 1920, NOW READY.
M. LOWENSTEIN & SONS, INC.
WHITE AND COLORED WASH GOODS
40-46 W. 23d ST., NEW YORK CITY

Hats
for Girls

also BABY CAPS
MAX MAYER INC
352 FOURTH AVENUE

INFANTS' WHITE DRESSES
BIRTH TO 6 YEARS.
TAILORED AND COLORED NOVELTIES.
STOCK FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
MARCIA DRESS CO.
37-39 5TH AV., N. Y.
Tel. Stuyvesant 1810. Near 17th St.

Attention
Ladies' Hat Salesman
To solicit upper New York City jobbers and manufacturers. Must be of good personality, address and full of pep. Those who qualify will be paid salary or commission to make the association mutually agreeable and profitable. Apply by letter, with full details of experience.
IKE STERN,
604 Broadway.

BUY GUARANTEED ELECTRIC FANS

Size.	Actual Price.	Our Price.
8 in...	~~$12.50~~	$7.95
12 in...	~~23.50~~	18.25
16 in...	~~28.00~~	20.25

Electrical & Engineering Corp.
710 9th Ave., (48th) N. Y. Bryant 6873

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

Continued from Page 24.

MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; G. E. Schoen, dresses, suits; 37 West 28th.
MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; A. D. Bernard, silks, dress goods, linens, white goods; J. W. Thorpe, drug sundries; Miss F. Zimmerman, laces, embroideries, hdkfs., neckwear; Miss R. Huxtable, sweaters, infants' wear; Miss E. F. Mitchell, art needlework, cut glass, lamps; 432 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Merc. Co.; Miss M. Garry, muslin underwear, negligees, house dresses, sweaters, bathing suits; 2 W. 37th.
MINNEAPOLIS — Minneapolis D. G. Co.; Miss F. Zimmerman, laces, hdkfs., neckwear; 432 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—E. E. Arkinson & Co.; M. F. Rosacker, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
MOBILE, Ala.—Z. Hammel D. G. Co.; E. Z. Strauss, house furn. goods, china, glassware; 1,150 Broadway.
MONTREAL—Joseph Leone & Co.; J. Leone, millinery; Commodore.
MORRISTOWN, Tenn.—Helms Clothing and Shoe Co.; G. B. Helm, men's wear; Flanders.
MURRAYVILLE, Mo.—H. L. Haines, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
MUSKOGEE, Okla.—Calhoun D. G. Co.; M. Becker, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Herman Bros. & Lindauer Co.; J. Fishel, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.
NASHVILLE—Greenspan Bros.; M. Greenspan, furn. goods; Flanders.
NASHVILLE—National Hat and Glove Co.; A. Eskind, hats, gloves; Pennsylvania.
NEWARK, Ohio—Meyer & Lindorf; A. R. Lindrof, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
NEWPORT, Ark.—Wolf-Goldman Mercantile Co.; S. Adler, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway.
NORFOLK, Va.—Willis-Croll-Smith Co.; W. F. Smith, carpets; York.
OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; Miss B. Capwell, waists, kimonos, negligees, bathrobes; 116 West 32d.
OMAHA, Neb.—W. Preisman & Co.; W. A. Preisman, clothing; Pennsylvania.
OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; Mrs. B. Smith, dresses; 200 5th Av.
OSHKOSH, Wis.—Newman's; V. Jacobs, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
OSHKOSH, Wis.—Newman's; V. A. Jacobs, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
PASADENA, Cal.—A. D. Davis, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.
PENSACOLA, Fla.—H. Engel, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 1,170 Broadway, Room 509.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Bacharach Co.; A. L. Koppenheim, men's, boys' clothing; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—A. and B. Skirt Co.; J. H. Brown, skirts; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Lowenthal, Fall dresses; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Trio Waist Co.; H. Kessler, waist materials; 39 West 32d St.
PHILADELPHIA—Rosenau Bros.; S. H. Rosenau, children's dresses; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; M. J. Sternberg, millinery; 364 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Graff & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, rugs; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. Kaufmann, women's ready-to-wear; H. Katzman, coats, suits, basement; Miss McClure, infants' wear; E. A. Tobey trunks, bags; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; I. Bodenstein, men's furn. goods, women's hosiery, basement; M. E. Baer, millinery; D. S. Kohn, boys' clothing; Miss M. Grastenfield, waists; 116 West 32d St.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman Co.; Miss O'Brien, children's gingham, serge dresses, coats; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss Simon, Mr. Cohen, Fall suits, jobs skirts, dresses; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; H. H. Edgcomb, hats, caps; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Dry Goods Co.; F. B. Patton, silks, velvets, linings, ribbons; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. J. Sternberg, millinery; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. Arnfeld, men's, boys' clothing; 364 5th Av.
PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; H. Waldman, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; A. J. Kunkel, men's, boys' clothing; 1,140 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne & Co.; L. A. Hubach, rugs; 470 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; Miss E. M. Laforgue, leather goods; 1,123 Broadway; Prince George.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; A. E. Staples, ribbons, laces, trimmings; 432 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; J. J. Dolan, millinery; 1,123 Broadway.
PROVIDENCE—Shepard Co.; W. R. Briggs, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.; Brozdell.
PUEBLO, Col.—Pueblo Store Co.; P. D. Paxton, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av; Brozdell.
READING, Penn.—Kline-Eppihimer Co.; E. N. Stoner, linens; 44 E. 23d.
RICHMOND, Va.—Anderson Bros.; M. M. Anderson, domestics; C. A. Snelling, dress goods; T. Z. Anderson, notions; 55 Worth.
ROCHESTER, Minn.—E. A. Knowlton Co.; E. A. Knowlton, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32nd.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman Co.; Mr. Riordah, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein-Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, woolens; 200 5th Av.
SABETHA, Kan.—C. S. Haimess ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Keith, O'Brien Co.; G. E. Collins, general merchandise; 116 West 32d.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.; Miss Suhler, art needlework; 141 Madison Av.; Prince George.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Keith, O'Brien Co.; J. McArthur, dress goods, silks; 116 West 32d.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Segil Bros.; Mr. Segil, coats, suits, dresses; 100 West 32d.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—M. Adelman, furn. goods; Herald Square.
SAN FRANCISCO—City of Paris D. G. Co.; F. Heckett, laces, hdkfs., neckwear; 170 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Roos Bros; Miss Roos, Miss Ashelm, Miss McLeod, infants' wear; 303 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; M. Malkan, women's hosiery, umbrellas, underwear; 225 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO — Ladies' Shop; E. A. Schwartz, corsets, dresses, waists, infants' wear; Bressin.
SAN FRANCISCO—M. Levy, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Scranton D. G. Co.; R. Mendel, corsets, muslin underwear, laces, ribbons; 37 W. 26th.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Scranton D. G. Co.; H. D. Ehrlich, jobs silk, cotton dresses Miss Conrad, jobs cotton waists; 37 W. 26th.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Scranton D. G. Co.; H. D. Ehrlich, infants', children's wear; 37 West 26th.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Shigard, Norvell Co.; Mrs. F. I. Green, neckwear, leather goods; 220 5th Av.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Rhodes Co.; Mrs. C. Peterman, waists, sweaters; 1,150 B'way.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. S. Jones, general mdse.; 116 5th Av.
SEATTLE—Bon Marche; Miss Brandenburg, millinery; 225 5th Av.
SHREVEPORT, La.—Dreyfuss D. G. Co.; S. Dreyfuss, notions; 141 Madison Av.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Bee Hive Co.; W. H. Allison, carpets, rugs; 1,133 Broadway.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Emporium Cloak and Suit Co.; D. A. Friesen, cloth, plush coats; 1,133 Broadway.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Newman's; A. R. Mayfield, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
SPOKANE, Wash.—The Palace; E. McBride, domestics, ready-to-wear, dress goods, silks, carpets; E. G. Davies, laces, neckwear, hosiery, gloves; 440 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bros. Dry Goods Co.; A. S. Harris, merchandise manager; Miss Pannell, jobs women's dresses; Miss Sullivan, jobs misses' dresses; Miss Sterman, waists; Miss Halpern, jobs dresses, basement; 470 4th Av., 9th floor.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; A. Wolfe, draperies; S. A. Dobriner, mdse. mgr.; H. G. Sherman, boys' clothing, furn. goods, hats, caps; M. J. Rashbaum, men's furn. goods, hats; underwear; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—E. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; S. A. Dobriner, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; Miss A. Fox, infants' wear, aprons; M. J. Rashbaum, men's hats; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co.; M. Steinfeld, Miss E. Sherman, women's Fall coats, suits; 116 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; Miss A. Wolf, art needlework; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Brother Dry Goods Co.; H. G. Sherman, boys' furnishing goods; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—F. & M. Garment Mfg. Co.; A. G. Milluse, men's, women's garments; Longacre.
ST. LOUIS—Newberry, Scott, Burdick Co.; G. B. Newberry, coats; 1,170 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; E. S. Super, blankets; 56 Worth.
STOCKTON, Cal.—The Sterling, Inc.; A. E. Cohen, suits, dresses, ready-to-wear; 1,140 Broadway, 7th floor.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Chappell-Dyer Co.; C. E. Teeple, coats, suits; 6 West 32d; Park Avenue.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse D. G. Co.; J. W. Gerabacher, notions; 35 W. 34th; Herald Square.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—J. Goldberg, dresses; 37 West 26th.
TORONTO—Caulfield, Burns & Gibson; G. J. Purkis, men's hosiery, underwear; Commodore.
TORONTO—"America's Leading Fur Line"—Comes to Sables—immediate delivery in any quantities. Displayed, 13th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; or, 150 W. 30th, St. New York.
TORONTO—T. Eaton Co.; G. F. James, wall paper; 45 E. 17th.
TROY, N. Y.—S. Lewis, furnishing goods; Wallick.
TULSA, Okla.—Vandever Dry Goods Co.; G. Y. Vandever, general merchandise; Latham.
TULSA, Okla.—N. Greenberg; M. Marx, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway.
UNION CITY, Tenn.—Morgan Verhine Co.; J. P. Verhine, clothing, furnishing goods, millinery; Latham.
UTICA, N. Y.—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; J. Y. Clement, millinery, silks, ribbons; 320 5th Av.
UTICA, N. Y.—The Vogue; L. Cohen, dresses, waists, coats, suits; Breslin.
WALLA WALLA, Wash.—A. M. Jensen Co.; A. M. Jensen, ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—A. Lisner; S. Marks, upholstery goods; 220 5th Av.; Prince George.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Brother; M. Lansburgh, representing; 220 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—White's Store; J. Block, ready-to-wear, waists, petticoats; 1,161 Broadway.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; D. H. Rosen, men's clothing; 1,140 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Flower & David; M. G. David, waists; Holland.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Noveau; Miss I. Walters, millinery; McAlpin.
WHEELING, W. Va.—The Better Store; Mr. Better, clothing, furnishing goods; Imperial.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; W. Thomas, furniture; 6 West 32d.
WORCESTER, Mass.—R. W. Beeks Co.; R. W. Beeks, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
WORCESTER, Mass.—J. MacInnes Co.; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery, gloves; 432 4th Av.
WORCESTER, Mass.—R. J. Healey Co.; A. J. McGrail, ready-to-wear; Commodore.
YORK, Penn.—Golden Rule Store; C. F. Horner, coats, waists; 114 5th Av.; Hargrove.
YORK, Penn.—C. H. Bear & Co.; Mrs. F. S. Elliott, coats, suits, waists; 6 West 32d.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; R. J. Beacon, coats, suits, dresses, knit underwear; 141 Madison Av.; Park Avenue.

THE ARCH PRESERVER SHOE SHOP

"THE EFFICIENCY SHOE" WIDTHS "AAAAA TO E"

OF INTEREST to VISITING BUYERS and OTHERS

The following advertisement was given much prominence in the newspapers of Boston by the great house of Wm. Filene's Sons Co., who are the agents in that city for the famous "ARCH PRESERVER" SHOES.

We have had many similar stories ourselves from both men and women buyers from all parts of the country. This is the ad:

A business woman's story as told to us

"For four days I walked up and downstairs from one end of New York to the other—

and at the end of that time my feet were less tired than they have ever been on any business trip to New York.

"Ordinarily, one day in New York makes me so tired that all I can do at the end is to flop into a chair.

"This time, after four days, I could still have kept on working.

"Do you wonder that I rave over the Arch-Preserver shoe and am willing to recommend it to everybody else?"

The ARCH-PRESERVER shoe is a good, comfortable shoe for every woman who is on her feet a lot.

But it is more. It is a good-looking, comfortable shoe—not so extreme in style, of course, as high-heeled pumps, but neither so homely and plain as the average comfort shoe.

The Arch-Preserver shoe is NOT a corrective shoe. It is not for those whose arches have broken down. It is for those who use their feet a lot and want to prevent arch troubles.

Its features are an anchored arch like a bridge that does not break or flatten down, and the fact that it is fitted from heel-to-ball instead of being fitted from heel-to-toe as other shoes are fitted.

There is little for us to add to the above except that we have in our store about seventy (70) types and styles of "ARCH PRESERVER" SHOES in more widths and sizes than can be found in regular shoes in any other store in the world.

Prices are no higher than are asked by others for just good shoes without any of the features which cause people to send in such reports as that above.

Shoes for Men, Women, Boys, Misses.

Call and inspect the most unique and modern shoe store, where the most efficient service in the world is rendered.

THE ARCH PRESERVER SHOE SHOP, INC.,
15 East 35th St., near 5th Ave., New York.

Shoes as They Should Be—And Fitted by the Only Scientific Method in the World.

SILK, WOOL FIBERS
SWEATERS TO SHIP TO-DAY
LADIES' JUNIORS' CHILDREN'S
KNIT MODEL WEAR MFG. CO.
7-9 West 30th St., Near 5th Ave., New York.

The Plan That Saves Time, Trouble and Expense for Visiting Buyers

Six hundred representative manufacturers displaying and selling their goods at Bush Terminal Sales Building solve the biggest problem in buying, for Co-operative Selling stops waste of time, money and effort. More than four hundred of these firms are now ready to serve you. *All items sold are billed direct by manufacturers at factory prices.* Additional lines being installed daily. Come here first!

Offerings from Among More Than 400 Varied Displays

Being only a small group from the multitude of merchandise items you can inspect, compare and purchase here at Bush Terminal Sales Building. For complete directory ask for copy of the latest issue of Bush Buyers' Guide.

Aprons

APRONS—Exclusive styles. Superior Quality. Unexcelled Workmanship. C. A. MEURER & CO., Room 705; Bush Terminal Sales Bldg. Factory, Oshkosh, Wis.

Corset Lacers

ADMIRATION BRAND—Pink, Mercerized and Cotton. Flat and Tubular. Corset Lacers. Superior Quality. Also Pink and White Elastic Laces. All lengths. Right Prices. Prompt Deliveries.
MAX LEVISON & CO., 10th Floor.

Decorative Arts & Industries

DRAPERIES FOR WINDOWS and Doors, Wall Hangings and Coverings, Furniture and Bed Coverings, Spreads, Blankets, Rugs and Table Runners. Unusually beautiful Lamps and Bowls in modern pottery. Also Samplers and Frames framed, others lined in attractive Screens. We weave in any combination of color. Lines will be displayed shortly on 22nd Floor. FLAMBEAU SHOPS, INC.

Furs

BOSSAK & CO., INC.—Selected assortment of proven sellers in Sets and Coats. Reasonable Prices. Immediate Delivery. Displayed 12th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; or, 150 W. 30th, St. New York.

WM. JACKMAN'S SONS
"America's Leading Fur Line"
Comes to Sables—immediate delivery in any quantities. Displayed, 13th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; or, 55 West 55th St., N. Y.

SAFONIK & COMPANY—"THE BIG VALUE FUR HOUSE." Quick sellers in Scarfs and Muffs from $3.50 to $67.50. Displayed, 18th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building; or, 24-26 West 30th St., New York.

Gloves

THE CROWN SILK AND SUEDE GLOVES
Glovetex—Doubletex—Duplex
Are the highest standard quality in Silk and Suede. CROWN GLOVE COMPANY. Displayed on 24th Floor.

Housefurnishings

MODERN HOT-WATER SERVICE—Real abundance, always ready for any purpose at a turn of the faucet. Makes a Bathroom really complete and healthful. Bathing an easy delight. HUMPHREY CO., Room 821.

House Garments

"QUEEN MAKE"—THE FAMOUS LINE OF MORNING AND PORCH DRESSES, NURSES' AND MAIDS' UNIFORMS are handled only by the most select Merchants throughout the United States. Are you among them?
ISAAC GINSBERG & BROS., Room 706.

Infants' & Children's Goods

INFANTS' WHITE WEAR. One Day to Six years. Flannel Sacques, Skirts, Kimonas; Infants' Coats—Catalogs and samples sent, prepaid, on request.
G. RAMBERGER & CO., Room 624.

THE EXCELSIOR QUILTING COMPANY has on sale at their Up-town Section, Bush Terminal Sales Building, everything known in Quilted Goods for adults and children. Send for illustrated catalogue. Room 620.

TALKING AND CRYING DOLLS. (Patented)—Wonderful sellers. Send for sample assortment. GERLING TOY CO., Room 606.

FOR GIFTS THAT ARE "DIFFERENT," for Layette or Trousseau, Showers, for Baby or Big Sister, just be sure to see the novelties created by JOSEPHINE JAMES CO., Room 608.

CHILDREN'S COATS. Styles that take; goods well made at popular prices in today's market, should induce you to compare our line with others.
KAMINS & FRIEDLAND, Room 608.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S COATS. Attractive models in Velour, Broadcloth, Velvetines, Duvel-de-laine, etc. Our prices are right. We invite your inspection.
MAX LESSER, Room 608.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S COATS. White and Colored from Infancy to 10 years. Most elaborate Fall line in all materials. Smart styles. Complete line of Hand and Machine embroidered Infants' Cloaks, Coats and Capes. Right Prices.
MIRSKY & LEWIS, Room 608.

Lines Now Shown at "Merchandise Headquarters"

Aprons
Art Needlework
Novelties
Canes and Umbrellas
Children's Wear
Corsets, Brassieres and Accessories
Costumes and Gowns
Decorative Arts and Industries
Draperies, Dress Fabrics and Linings
Dyes
Furs
Gloves
Hardware and Paints
Hosiery
House Garments
Housefurnishings and Home Appliances
Infants' and Children's Division
Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks
Knit Goods
Laces and Embroideries
Luggage and Leather Goods
Maribou Novelties
Men's Wear
Middies
Misses' and Juniors' Wear
Neckwear and Veilings
Muslin and Silk Underwear
Negligees
Notions
Novelties
Nursery Furniture
Nurses' and Maids' Apparel
Optical Goods
Overalls
Pianos and Talking Machines
Ribbons
Shipping Containers
Shoes and Shoe Accessories
Silk, Cotton, Woolen Piece Goods
Sporting Goods
Toilet Goods
Toys
Trimmings
Waists
Water Heaters (Gas)
Waterproof Fabrics

Women's Ready-to-Wear Department

The largest and most complete showing of Ladies' and Misses' Dresses, Coats, Suits, Skirts and Leather Coats ever offered to the trade may be seen and purchased here in one great centralized market. Many of our style leaders originate with us. They are not obtainable elsewhere.

Fur Department

Now open with a selected assortment of proven best sellers.

Infants' & Children's Goods (Continued)

V. & H. INFANT WEAR CO., INC., Novelties in hand embroidered and smocked Boys' Suits, Creepers and Rompers. Children's Dresses and Play Frocks. Room 601.

"TRISTLE" Bonnets and Caps in pretty Smocked Styles and Most Popular Fabrics of Quality. TRISTLE MFG. CO., Room 606.

ANOTHER "WORLINE" CREATION. Our "3-IN-ONE" Bloomer Dress should interest every Infant's Wear Buyer. Samples of this garment together with our complete line are on display at Room 621. L. WORL & CO.

INFANTS' OUTFITS AND SWEATER SETS—Complete line including latest styles now on display. Room 641. YORKSHIRE KNITTING CO., INC.

Jewelry

"THE ROSE OF WHITE GOLD MOUNT, INCS.—Our white gold artistically designed Mountings invite comparison. Buy your ring from a reliable source. CONTINENT JEWELRY CORPORATIONS, Room 1003.

HENRY W. FISHEL & SONS, Inc.—Designers and Makers of "FISHSON" JEWELRY invite you to inspect their complete line of reproduction Jewelry. Consisting of Bar Pins, Rings, Fobs, Buckles, Belt Orna-ments, etc. Mounted in STERLING SILVER and SILVERPLATE. "FISHSON" means quality that embodies exceptional value. Ready to retail from $1.00 to $50.00. Room 1009. White.

SCENTED LINGERIE CLASPS—Gold front—a Special. For originality of design, artistry of execution and high intrinsic value you should feature a generous assortment of these clasps. BALLAM-RICE CO., 19th Floor.

Juniors' and Misses' Wear

YOUTHFUL DRESSES—Wool Jersey, Serge, Silk, Velvet and Combinations—Styles Made and Priced Right. We invite an early inspection, which will insure proper deliveries.
SAMUEL ROSENBAUM, 9th Floor.

Knit Goods

GROSBLUE KNITTING MILLS, Creators of High Grade Knit Goods. Displaying the latest creations for Fall 1919, featuring the season's styles of Sweaters and Scarfs for Women, Misses and Children. Room 751.

LISLE AND MERCERIZED VESTS and Union Suits for children and women. V Neck, Lace and Tight Knee. Prices $4.15 $5.00, $6.00, $7.50, $8.00, $10.50 per dozen.
POTTER KNITTING CO., Room 622.

Leather Goods

KEYSTONE LEATHER GOODS COMPANY, Brief Cases, Portfolios and Music Containers retail quickly for from $1 to $50, according to style and material, and afford Merchants extraordinarily good profits. Room 1702.

Men's and Boys' Underwear

VARSITY UNDERWEAR COMPANY, will shortly have a complete display of Men's and Boys' Athletic Underwear, Union Suits, Pajamas and Nightrobes on the 12th Floor of the Building. Merchants and Buyers should inspect this line that's "Tailored—Not Merely Made."

Men's & Women's Shoes

STETSON SHOES always enjoy the reputation of "THE BEST." A complete display of men's fine shoes (featuring the famous stock models) and tailored boots for women. THE STETSON SHOE COMPANY, INC., Room 1407.

Phonographs

DUCHNO—The marvellous New Phonograph, the exquisite tone production of which has captivated the public. Dealers may now obtain exclusive territory. The "Master Key" to Magic and profit.
THE BELCANTO CO., INC., Room 2007.

Silks

MOLANE SILK COMPANY will open in the near future an Uptown Branch for Lace Quarters, on the 4th Floor. The well-known McLane Silks will be displayed here for the convenience of the buyer.

Silk & Muslin Underwear

DANDY NOVELTIES, in Camisoles, Pajamas, Step-Ins, Muslin Combinations, Envelope Chemise and Gowns that's all we make, but our line is complete. JOSEPH ADELSON & SONS, Room 737.

MUSLIN AND SILK UNDERWEAR, Hosiery and Corsets. Complete assortment of most selected Domestic Lines. Prices $1.25 up.
A. GUSSOW & COMPANY, Room 730.

BLUE BIRD CREPES. Crepes, Pajamas, Blouses. Attractive producing Patterns—Wright's Largest Windsor Crepe Hosiery, Makers of Muslin, Silks, Flannels. Largest assortments. Right prices.
A. S. IRGENSON, Room 734.

"SANIBOOKER"
(Patent Pending)
Makers of "AMERICAN MAID" Silk Dress Shields.
JACKSON STYLE CO., INC.
7th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building

"PLUSH UNDERGARMENTS." Nationally advertised to four million women. Have wonderful selling co-operation. In Silk, Cotton, Flannel and Silk and Cotton Novelties. Popular prices. M. MARTIN & CO., 7th Floor.

"SOVE" UNDERGARMENTS. Night Gowns, Pajamas, Envelope Chemise, Combinations, Corset Covers, Bloomers, Drawers, Underskirts, Chemise, Combinations. In all materials.
D. E. RICHER & CO., Room 702.

ENVELOPE PETTICOATS—Originators and Patentees. Odoring Lingerie, Crepe, Flannelette, Ladies' Night Gowns, Envelope, Pajamas, Billie Burke, Step-Ins, at popular prices. Prompt, yearly delivery. Fastest Growing House.
VICTORIA UNDERGARMENT CO., 7th Fl.

Toilet Goods

THERMOS BOTTLES, Reader Service to people in all walks of life. Infancy to Old Age, all over the World. Thermos serves you Hot—Food or Drink—Hot without Fire, Cold without Ice. When and Where do you use it. Various size Bottles, Jugs and Lunch Kits. Rapid Selling Numbers for Retail Trade.
AMERICAN THERMOS BOTTLE COMPANY, 21st Floor.

ACWALITE (Acid-Alkali) TOILETWARE—In quality of material, design and workmanship is as good as honesty of purpose and skilled craftsmanship can make it. ATLANTIC COMB WORKS, Exclusive makers, Room 21184.

HARRIET HUBBARD AYER
Famous Toilet Preparations
"LUCURIA"
New York
HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 21st Floor.

LIQUID ROUGE $.50, $1.50, $2.00. FACE POWDER $.75, $1.50, $2.00. Rouge $.75, $1.50, $2.00. The distinctive qualities of our fingertip Frocks are the favor of discriminating women everywhere. V. DARSY, 21st Floor.

"MARINELLO CREAMS"—For every different skin condition a special cream—specialists used and endorsed by more than half the Beauty Shops of America. Now sold at Drug and Department Stores. Displayed, Bush Terminal Sales Building, 21st Floor.

ARABI HENNA SHAMPOO is the biggest repeating Shampoo on the market. We prove demand in your own store before you buy. What do you think of that?
PRICHARD & CONSTANCE, 21st Floor.

CREME TIRA MISS—The most wonderful of all massage creams. Used for skin bleach and the greatest cream. A remarkable skin food. You will find it pays to feature this preparation. It is now on sale together with our complete line of perfumes, Toilet and Manicure Preparations at the Bush Terminal Sales Building. F. F. SCHUMACHER, 21st Floor.

TINTEX—The Dye Powder used like Bluing. In Pearl Pink, Blush, Lavender (Orchid), Yellow (Maize), Peach, Ecru (Biscuit), Nile Green, Silver Gray, Tan. For tinting faded and discolored Blouses, Underwear, etc. Very attractive Window Display materials as shown on "Selling Helps" Display Mats Free, available on request. The 10c. TINTEX, retailing at 5 cents, is a repeating big seller.
TINTEX COMPANY, INC., 21st Floor.

Veilings

APPLETON, WEIL & FRANK, Importers of Fancy Veilings and Novelties. Still in the Private Mesh. Plain and figured Mesh for fashion, in full color range. Displayed 24th Floor.

GLENSHAW TEXTILE CO., who for your inspection, will shortly have in stock, in dress and domestic Veilings and Veils. Immediate delivery. Displayed, 24th Floor, Bush Terminal Sales Building.

The *International Buyers' Club*, occupying the first three floors of the Building, is the working headquarters for more than 13,000 members. Every accredited Merchant and Buyer is eligible for membership in the Club. Why not enroll to-day—it's your Club? *There are no dues or fees of any kind.*

BUSH TERMINAL SALES BUILDING

42d Street, East of Broadway, New York

ADVANCES ON
Acceptances
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Documentary Drafts
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FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on Accounts and on merchandise.
WORMSER & CO.
85 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3260.

Commercial Investment Trust
Merchandise Loans
Acceptances Discounted
Accounts Financed
347 Madison Avenue at Forty-fifth St.
Telephone Murray Hill 1125.

Auctions.

LIEN SALE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned will expose at public auction sale on the 4th day of August, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the garage of the International Motor Company, at 64th Street and West End Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, a Mack automobile truck, No. 989, the property of Robert C. Roth, American Stores Company, 287 West 59th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, to satisfy a lien for repairs in the sum of $1,788.17.
Dated New York, July 16, 1919.
INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY, Lienor.
CHADBOURNE, BABBITT & WALLACE, Attorneys for Lienor, 14 Wall Street, New York City.

Auctions.

BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers, at 599 & 601 Broadway, New York.
Friday, July 18, 1919,
At Eleven o'Clock
BY ORDER OF
UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD
4999 Slabs BANKA TIN
(About 894,800 pounds)
The above mentioned merchandise requisitioned by U. S. Gerontala is stored at the Bush Terminal Warehouse and permits for examination may be obtained from U. S. Shipping Board, Mr. H. H. Little, Room 304, 42 Broadway, N. Y.
Catalogue of particulars and samples at the office of the Auctioneers, 9 A. M., July 16th.

BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers,
At 599 & 601 Broadway, New York.
OPENING FALL SALE
Tuesday, July 22, at 10:15 o'clock,
Woolens, Worsteds, Overcoatings, Dress Goods, etc.
750 PIECES
American Woolen Co.'s and other well-known makes.

Auctions.

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION
Machinery, Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment,
Comprising Entire Plant, Contained in 36 Buildings
STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORPORATION
Brunswick Ave. and Laurel St., Elizabeth, N. J.
Installed at cost of over $1,000,000.
Will be sold by Public Auction by
SMITH & JAFFE, PHILIP SMITH, Auctioneer
Commencing MONDAY, JULY 21st, at 11 A. M., continuing daily until completed.
By order of Messrs. Mingis, Finkelstein & Elrich, Attorneys.
For catalogues and further particulars apply at plant, Attorneys, or
SMITH & JAFFE, Auctioneers and Appraisers
Offices: Woolworth Building Barclay 413
Salesroom: 68 West 45th Street Vanderbilt 3634

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.
LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Fox Press & Co., 287 Broadway. Barclay 2848.

Auctioneers.

HENRY S. WISE, Auctioneer, pays highest cash price for household effects. 237 Columbus Av. Phone Schuyler 7178.

TO REISSUE BONDS LOST ON SAN DIEGO

Treasury Will Give Duplicates to Crew of Vessel Sunk by Mine Off Fire Island.

MORE THAN $100,000 WORTH

Cruiser Destroyed by Depth Bombs After Sinking and Will Not Be Salvaged.

The sailors and officers who lost more than $100,000 worth of Liberty bonds when the cruiser San Diego was sunk after striking a mine off Fire Island, July 19 last year, will have their losses made good by the issuance of duplicate bonds, according to State Senator Martin Saxe, who acted for the sailors in presenting their claim.

It became known yesterday that some time after the sinking the Navy Department decided not to try to salvage the vessel, but instead dropped thirty depth bombs on the wreck. A diver later found that such extensive destruction had been caused as to make it certain the Liberty bonds had been destroyed. This enabled the Treasury Department to agree to duplicate the bonds, as the law permits duplication of coupon bonds when they are destroyed, but not when lost.

When the Treasury Department made its first ruling denying the application of the sailors for duplicate bonds, Representative Norman J. Gould offered an amendment to an appropriation bill, which was lost in the last Congress, to make good their losses. Later a committee, including Congressman Gould and State Senator Saxe, sought a new ruling from the Treasury Department. The case of James H. Poteet, chief water tender on the San Diego, was made a test case. Poteet had $350 worth of Liberty bonds in his locker when the ship went down. When the Treasury Department was informed that the wreck of the San Diego had been destroyed it reached the decision that the bonds also were destroyed, and the other sailors now may apply for duplicates.

The fate of the San Diego after her sinking had not been made public until Senator Saxe received a letter on the Poteet case from R. C. Leffingwell, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in which the bombing is referred to as follows:

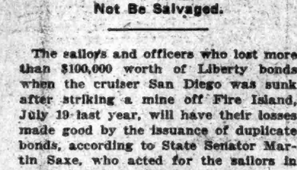
"You are advised of the receipt by this office of information from the Navy Department that more than thirty depth bombs were dropped at the spot where said vessel (the San Diego) was sunk, and subsequent examination by a diver disclosed great destruction caused thereby."

In a letter from W. W. Warwick, Controller of the Treasury, to the Secretary, a copy of which Mr. Saxe has in his possession, it is stated that no attempt would be made to salvage the San Diego. Another letter from Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt to Congressman Gould confirms the fate of the vessel.

BUSINESS NOTES.

M. Lowenstein & Sons, Inc., cotton goods, 40 West Twenty-fifth Street, are opening a downtown office for the use of dry goods jobbers at 43 Leonard Street, Room 301. Joseph Lehman, well known in the dry goods trade, will be in charge.

The New York District Ordnance Office is calling for bids to be opened on July 21 for 102,405 feet, or about 25,600 pounds, of seamless steel tubing. On the same day bids will be received on 166,021 pounds of cold drawn steel.



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Acceptances and notes purchased. Non-notification. Lowest rates.

Commercial Acceptance & Discount Co. Essex Building, Newark, N. J.

SALE BY THE UNITED STATES NAVY

WOOLEN SERGES—MELTON CLOTH—COTTON SERGES—DENIM—VENETIANS

At New York, 24 July, 1919

There will be sold by sealed proposals textiles belonging to the NAVY, now in storage at the Provisions and Clothing Depot, Second Avenue at 43rd Street, South Brooklyn, N. Y., where inspection is invited upon application to the Officer in Charge. This material has been INSPECTED and ACCEPTED by the NAVY. It is in excellent condition and is offered for sale as excess stock. There will be offered approximately:

157,000 yds. 30 oz. Navy Blue MELTON—
Made by American Woolen Co., Duval Co., and Millbrook Mills.

87,000 yds. 18 oz. Navy Blue MELTON—
Made by American Woolen Co.

106,000 yds. 9 oz. All-Wool Navy Blue SERGE—
Made by Cleveland Worsted Mills.

500,000 yds. 6½ oz. Navy Blue Cotton Warp SERGE—
Made by Lawrence & Co., H. C. Martin & Co., Wellington and Sears and C. J. Milnes & Son.

216,900 yds. Black VENETIAN, 32 in. wide, 4 oz.

83,100 yds. Black VENETIAN, 35 in. wide, 5 oz.—
Part English make.

243,330 yds. Blue DENIM—

BIDDERS MAY STATE QUANTITY DESIRED. Schedules containing Terms of Sale may be obtained from Provisions and Clothing Depot or from the Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, Building 15, Navy Yard, New York, Telephone Main 9000, Extension 204. Bids must be submitted on a signed copy of the Terms of Sale accompanied by a certified check or bond covering ten per cent. of the total amount of the bid. Bids will be received by the BOARD OF SURVEY, APPRAISAL and SALE, BUILDING 15, NAVY YARD, NEW YORK, until 11:00 A. M., 24 July, 1919. JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of the Navy. 7-3-19.

FARMERS' EXCESS PROFITS.

Wool Growers Now Getting Share of Dealers' Big Returns.

Collection of excess profits from wool dealers is proceeding, and their distribution to wool growers will begin in the near future, it is announced by the Department of Agriculture, which is completing the work of the domestic wool section of the War Industries Board, in accordance with a provision of the Agricultural Appropriation bill.

Reports thus far received show that excess profits were made by about 10 per cent. of the "country" dealers. Correspondence with "distributing centre" dealers, whose total reports are not yet completed, indicates that some of them have accumulated substantial amounts of excess profits on the wool which they actually bought. Auditing of the accounts of the larger dealers is a considerable task and will require several months. The Bureau of Markets, which acts in this work, will inclose with each check sent to a grower a circular letter giving the name of the firm which handled his wool and which has returned the excess profits of which the customer is receiving his share.

The department calls attention to the fact that the regulations of the War Industries Board did not permit the purchase of wool in the great wool-growing States of the Rocky Mountain and Pacific Coast region except in the case of clips of less than 1,000 pounds each. All larger clips were required to be consigned. This region produces about two-thirds of the entire wool clip of the country, which was about 257,000,000 pounds in 1918. Growers in the Eastern States were urged to pool and consign their wools, and many of them did so. Since the Government paid the dealers a fixed commission on consigned wool, excess profits could be made only on that part of the wool which they bought outright. Therefore, growers who consigned their clips should not expect to receive refunds.

"Since the Government control of wool has ceased the work of the Department in this connection consists only of auditing the records and accounts of approved wool dealers, the collection of any profits which they may have made in excess of those permitted under the regulations of the War Industries Board, and the distribution by the Department of Agriculture of these profits directly to the growers upon whose wool the profits were made wherever the identity of the wool can be traced.

The War Industries Board issued permits to about 3,500 "country" dealers authorizing them to buy wool directly from the grower. Permits were also issued to 179 "distributing centre" dealers who had facilities for handling wool in large quantities and most of whom were located on the Eastern seaboard near the centres of wool manufacture. These larger dealers were required to handle wool on consignment from either growers or country dealers and were also permitted to buy from country dealers direct, or from growers through their agents.

Blank forms calling for a detailed accounting have been sent by the department to both classes of dealers. Reports have been received from about 3,000 of the country dealers and about one-half of the dealers in distributing centres. The taking over of the wool by the War Department was completed so recently that many of the larger dealers have been unable to prepare their reports at an earlier date. The auditing of these reports is proceeding as rapidly as it can be done with the limited force available for assignment to this work, the department says.

TWO MILK LUNCHES A DAY.

Employers Find Distribution Morning and Afternoon Profitable.

Drink more milk—a healthful food as well as drink—is the slogan advocated in an educational campaign now being conducted by the Dairy Division of the Department of Agriculture. Lectures, demonstrations, charts, and moving pictures are being used to teach the food value of milk, and the work is carried to all classes and nationalities of people in all parts of the country. Recently in Bridgeport, Conn., two milk specialists in one day spoke before five meetings; two audiences were colored, one was Lithuanian, one Slavonic, and one Greek and American mixed—1,000 people in all.

In a certain town in Illinois a factory employing 1,400 men has recently introduced the plan of permitting milk venders to go through the plant at 10 and 3 o'clock each day with sweet milk and buttermilk. Most of the men buy a pint each time. The foreman stated that since the drinking of milk has become so popular with the men not only is their efficiency improved, but they are more contented and even tempered.

Specialists are giving lectures in many large department stores, and explain that a glass of cool milk is not only refreshing on a hot day but also furnishes a definite amount of nourishment.

In New Haven, Conn., the manager of one department store had posters made entitled "Why we should drink milk," and sold six milk tickets for 25 cents to the employes, no attempt being made to show a profit on the sales. Half-pint bottles of milk were distributed to the clerks in the middle of forenoon and afternoon. Straws were furnished with each bottle of milk, as the manager believes that too often people drink milk too fast, causing bodily discomfort.

British Cable Censorship to End.

LONDON, July 16.—The British cable censorship will be abolished at midnight on July 23. H. W. Forster, Financial Secretary of the War Office, in making this announcement in the House of Commons today, added that the relaxation would apply also to private codes.

ARMY TRAFFIC 7,250,000 ON RAILROADS THIS YEAR

Hines Says Figures for Six Months Explain Shortage of Passenger Cars.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The railroads of the United States hauled 4,278,940 troops on special and regular trains for an average of 660 miles each in the first six months of 1919, according to statistics made public today by Director General Hines.

In addition, probably 2,000,000 officers and men made railway trips while on furlough, and another million were transported from camps to their homes after discharge, making a total of about 7,250,000 military passengers accommodated in addition to the usual civilian travel. The military traffic in six months required 9,000,000 train miles and, as much of the equipment had to be sent empty in one direction, this figure, it is held, should be practically doubled to express the aggregate transportation demand by the military forces.

"This extraordinary demand explains," the Railroad Administration's statement said, "why it has not been able to meet all of the requests for excursion trains and why in some cases the cars on regular passenger trains have been crowded."

It was also pointed out that much of the military traffic was hauled at less than is charged civilian passengers, discharged soldiers being allowed a rate of two cents a mile, men on furlough one cent a mile, and, in some States of the West, land grant reductions resulted in some of the regular troop movements being made at less than the standard civilian rate of three cents.

In the first two weeks of July 160,633 soldiers returned from Europe and were hauled by the railroads.

URGES STATE HOUSING FUND

Tenants' League Asks Governor for $50,000,000 Appropriation.

In an effort to obtain direct aid from the State of New York in combating the high rents prevalent in New York, the Greater New York Tenants' League, Inc., sent a letter to Governor Smith yesterday urging upon him the appropriation by the State of $50,000,000 for the construction of houses. The league has its headquarters at 1,315 Boston Road, and is said to have a large membership. The letter is as follows:

We request that the State of New York appropriate, at a special session of the Legislature, $50,000,000 for the purpose of having the State construct homes. The shortage of houses in the State, especially in the City of New York, has brought about a condition never before equaled in this country.

It has been estimated by various appraisers that there is a shortage of 40,000 homes in the City of New York alone.

The reason why we call upon the State to appropriate this money is because the private owners are reluctant to build at the present time, and it is doubtful when they will undertake to build.

In view of the inability or fear on the part of the private people to build houses, it is incumbent upon the State, in the interest of its citizens, to immediately appropriate the sum named and encourage the building of houses so as to relieve the situation that now exists and which will become aggravated as time goes by.

We are also wish to call your attention to the fact that the Canadian Government has appropriated $50,000,000 for the purpose of constructing houses, the preference of which is given to soldiers, sailors, and working people. It seems to us that the Empire State of this country should undertake the building of houses and thereby set an example to the rest of the country.

Nathan Hirsch, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, announced yesterday that the joint hearing fixed by his committee and the Aldermanic Committee on General Welfare, of which William T. Collins is Chairman, had been postponed from Friday, July 18, to Friday, Aug. 1, at 2:30 P. M., Room 1218, Municipal Building. The hearing on Aug. 1 will be devoted to investigations relating to the housing problem.

The Mayor's committee continued to receive letters regarding excessive rent rises yesterday, one of them being from Mrs. Klein of 1,613 Washington Avenue, Bronx, who described herself as a widow with two children. She wrote that her rent had been increased from $22 to $33 a month.

FAVOR EDGE'S TRADE PLAN.

Bankers Approve Bill for Federal Incorporation on Big Scale.

Senator Walter E. Edge's proposal for the enactment of legislation permitting the Federal incorporation of one or more gigantic corporations to handle American overseas trade was much discussed in local financial circles yesterday. The idea, it was said, was entirely in line with what bankers have been discussing for some weeks and in the form in which Senator Edge's bill was reported in the news dispatches it appeared to develop in keeping with bankers' views.

The plan of Federal incorporation, either with the Government supplying all or a substantial part of the capital, or with all or part of the capital to come from private sources, is gaining in favor. When the proposal to create a huge corporation to handle the foreign business was first made, bankers were inclined to lean toward a purely private company, with the Government giving merely its moral support and its sanction to whatever was done. Now, as the matter takes on more definite shape, many of the bankers who were strongly for private incorporation are beginning to favor Federal incorporation.

The chief danger to incorporation under the laws of any individual State is said to be the possibility of that State altering or amending its corporation laws. If the big company were made a Federal matter, with the Government financially interested, this danger of alteration and amendment would be largely overcome, it is believed, and for this reason a Federal company would be regarded as more stable. Also it is believed that the Government will have to take part in the organization and capitalization of such a big company in order to assure its success.

The suggestion that a big company be allowed to make advances to foreign countries, financing itself by the sale of debentures, is precisely what has been talked of for more than a month. Bankers yesterday expressed the belief that a company thus organized could market its debentures and make advances to foreign countries probably in the ratio of six to one of its capitalization. In other words, if it were proposed to make advances totaling $3,000,000,000, the desired capitalization would be $500,000,000, as is the case with the War Finance Corporation.

If it is finally decided to make the suggested company a private affair, incorporated under the laws of some State, it was pointed out yesterday that it might be feasible to utilize the American Foreign Securities, which was incorporated in Delaware in 1916 for the purpose of advancing $100,000,000 to France. That loan matures on Aug. 1 and it is understood that the shareholders now contemplate the liquidation of the company as soon as the loan is paid off. It was said, however, that the corporation would be kept in being for some time for legal reasons, and it was admitted that it might ultimately be expanded to handle the overseas trade with Europe.

Rail Signalmen Make Demands.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 16.—Wages and classification are among the subjects on which the Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen in convention here desires to reach a speedy agreement with the Railroad Administration. Signalmen are now rated as "shop crafts," but they maintain their duties are more responsible than those of shop workmen, and they demand a different classification, with wages and working conditions adjusted accordingly. The demands were transmitted to Director General Hines if an answer is not received before the convention adjourns, a strike vote is to be taken.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

An important sale in the West Harlem section involving about a half million dollars was closed yesterday by the Morgenstern Brothers Syndicate of operators which purchased from Adelstein & Averutine, builders, through Henry J. Kantrowitz as broker, two six-story elevator apartments comprising the entire block front on the west side of Seventh Avenue between 119th and 120th Streets known as 1,978, 1,980, 1,990 and 2,000 Seventh Avenue.

The houses occupy a plot fronting 200 feet on the avenue and 100 on each side street. They yield a gross annual rental of $75,000 and were held at $550,000. The builders are taking back a second mortgage on the property for ten years, this being the first sale since the structures were erected.

Church to Erect $4,000,000 Building.

The Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist, has purchased for $3,500,000 property on Madison Avenue, from Forty-third to Forty-fourth Street, on which it is proposed to erect a $4,000,000 building thirty stories high, containing an auditorium and rooms for the various activities of the church.

The purchase includes the St. Bartholomew's Church property at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, the sale of which was announced a few weeks ago.

Four Midtown Sales.

The P. R. Mitchell Company, large manufacturers of feather pillows and bedding supplies, which operates a large factory at Cincinnati with salesrooms in New York, Boston, Chicago, and other cities, has purchased 549 and 550 West Thirty-third Street a six-story building, on a plot 50 by 100, from Mrs. E. C. Moon and Howard W. Crom. The property is a Moore estate leasehold and the ground lease runs for a long term. The P. R. Mitchell Company intend spending a large amount in renovating and altering the building and will operate it as its New York factory. Joseph P. Day negotiated the sale.

The Greenwich Associates, Inc., bought the old buildings on a plot 50 by 100, at 252 and 254 West Twenty-eighth Street, from Charles Gachot, through Ames & Co., Inc. The buyers have filed plans prepared by George & Edward Blum for a new building which has been leased by the same brokers to the George B. Hersig Co.

The New York Life Insurance Co. sold two four-story buildings on a plot 37.6 by 98, at 25 and 27 West Thirty-sixth Street, to a client of Bleiman & Co. Negotiations are pending for the lease of the entire property to one concern.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company sold to a client of L. Tannenbaum, Strauss & Co. 43 and 45 East Nineteenth Street, an eight-story loft building on a lot 50 by 98. The property is assessed for taxation at $160,000.

$350,000 Apartment House Deal on the Heights.

The Avoca, an eight-story elevator apartment at 251 Fort Washington Avenue, has been sold by the Land Corporation to the Benenson Realty Company. The structure, which was held at $350,000, occupies a plot 100 by 100, on the northwest corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 170th Street.

Apartment House Sales.

Daniel H. Jackson resold to Nathan Sonenshine, a six-story elevator apartment house, on a plot 75 by 100, held at $175,000 and renting for over $23,000, at 524 Riverside Drive, near 122d Street, through Benjamin Nauheim and Julius Hoffman.

Mary B. Noe et al. sold the five-story apartment house, held at $30,000, at 58 West Ninety-ninth Street, to David Brandt through Greenfeld & Saffir. Noble & Camp acted as attorneys for the sellers.

Charles Herman sold the apartment house, for 100 by 100, at 529 and 531 West 158th Street, to Nellie Rosenberg through Edward Wolf.

The New Zee Realty Company sold 218 and 220 West 146th Street, a six-story apartment house, on plot 40 by 99.11, acquired by the seller last May. The property yields $7,000 annually in rents.

Private Dwellings.

Maria White sold the three-story brownstone dwelling on a plot 20 by 100, at 126 West 119th Street, to a client of Porter & Co. for occupancy.

Caroline Takamine sold the four-story dwelling at 555 West 173d Street to a client of John P. Leo, Jr., who will occupy.

The Touraine Realty Company sold the dwelling at 71 West Sixty-eighth Street to a client of Everett M. Selxas for occupancy.

Tenement Deals.

Frederick Brown bought from a client of Charles S. Kohler, Inc., 207 West Twenty-ninth Street, five and four story old tenement, 19 by 98.9, with "L" in rear, 19 by 38 feet. This is the key to the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. The property was held at $45,000. Dwight, Archibald & Perry, Inc., were associated as brokers.

The Bronx Market.

Joseph G. Abramson sold the five and one-half story apartment house, 47 by 95, held at $75,000 and renting for $11,000, at 230 East 167th Street, southeast corner of Eastburne Avenue, to the Aviation Realty Co., J. Tishler of the Manhattan Roofing Company, President. The sale, which was for all cash above a first mortgage, was negotiated by Abe Brownstein.

Charles Storm sold the two and one-half story dwelling, on a plot 25 by 100, at 2,466 Webb Avenue, to a client of McLernon Brothers. The same brokers sold for Mrs. Daniel Mahoney the two and one-half story dwelling on lot 35 by 105, at 2,262 Loring Place; for Mrs. Elizabeth Hanna a dwelling, on plot 100 by 100, at 3,343 Sedgwick Place; for Harry E. Champell the five-story building with apartments and stores, on a plot 82 by 116, at Fordham Road and Cambreling Avenue; and for Thomas F. Barrett the dwelling, on a plot 25 by 125, at 2,303 Andrews Avenue.

Daniel Houlihan sold two five-story apartment houses, 305 Bedford Park Boulevard, 40 by 100, and 2,936 Bainbridge Avenue, 35 by 100, mortgaged for $52,000, to Tillie Hagedorn through John Normoyle. He also sold to the Hilda Realty Company two five-story apartments, 2,900 Briggs Avenue, 48 by 107, and 264 East 190th Street, 48.15 by 102, mortgaged for $70,000, through Harry Byrnes; to Honora Smith a dwelling on plot 33.2 by 100, at 340 East 241st Street; to Otillia Lohle, a house on a plot 32.2 by 100, at 345 East 240th Sareet, and a house at 343 East 241st Street, through Joseph T. Houlihan.

Daniel Houlihan bought a plot 25 by 100 at the corner of 208th Street and Rochambeau Avenue, from Martin N. O'Donnell; and three lots, 75 by 100, on Bainbridge Avenue, north of 208th Street, from Martin J. Klug. Joseph T. Houlihan was the broker in the first purchase and Wilbur L. Varian in the second.

D. J. Dwyer sold a three-story dwelling, 25 by 100, at 2,888 Bailey Avenue to a client of the Duff & Brown Company.

Heller & Sussman sold the five-story new-law apartment at 771 East 183th Street, on a plot 40 by 125, held at $45,000, to Friedman, Tauss & Co.

Irving Levine and Ely Maran purchased 968 Sherman Avenue, near 163d Street, a five-story flat, 45x165, held at $35,000.

Sigmund Orbach bought 914 East 167th Street, a five-story flat, held at $70,000. Harry Aronson purchased from the People's Big Market, Inc., the four-story and basement building, 55 by 100, at the northeast corner of 149th Street and Courtlandt Avenue, held at $300,000 and renting for $31,000. A. W. McLoughlin & Co. were the brokers.

Mandelbaum & Levine sold a four-story triple flat, on a plot 36.8 by 80, held at $28,000, to a client of Friedman, Tauss & Co. The same brokers sold for Mary Reynolds a two-story dwelling on a plot 28 by 208, at 1,344 Fulton Avenue, to Baruch Goldner and a three-story brick two-family house, on plot 20 by 132.8, at 1,231 Union Avenue, to Adolph Ginsburg.

Philip D. Wattenberg, represented by Philip D. Shapiro, attorney, sold the frame buildings, on lots 17 by 110 each, at 462 and 464 Jefferson Place, to Weinstein Brothers. He sold the similar buildings at 466 and 468 and 670 Jefferson Place to Henry Breisinger and Joseph Margold, respectively.

Brooklyn.

The Artee Realty Corporation sold four one-family houses on Tenth Avenue, 8,007, 8,011, 8,017, to Peter Solvyn, and 8,020 to Gertrude Agnew, through Realty Trust. The same organization sold for the Alco Building Company the one-family semi-detached brick dwelling at 2,102 Sixty-fifth Street, Mapleton Park, to Charles Natansos for occupancy.

The Berkshire Realty Company, Joseph G. Haft, President, bought two four-story apartment houses, on a plot 80 by 100, at 2,406 Clarendon Road and 2,491 Bedford Avenue, from the John E. Bastress Company. The property, which was held at $100,000, was sold through Marx Brothers.

E. Fenno Heath sold a plot, 40 by 100, at the northwest corner of Sixteenth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street to Solomon Maranz, through I. Salzberg.

Eleanora Hoag sold a one-family dwelling, with garage, on a plot 40 by 109, at 260 Seventy-sixth Street, to a client of Frank H. Malone.

Emma G. Shuttleworth sold a plot, 100 by 154, at the corner of Shore Road and Ninety-ninth Street to a client of Walter S. Ross and Charles C. Gretsinger, who will improve the property with dwelling for his own occupancy.

J. Rothschild sold a two-story brick one-family dwelling, on a lot 20 by 109, at 11 Amsterdam Street, through the Bulkley & Horton Company and Robert E. McIlwaine.

Morris Rubin sold a two-story two-family house, on a lot 20 by 100, at 886 East Tenth Street, to a client of Samuel Galitzka and J. Lacov.

John Brosnan sold the three-story and basement brown stone two-family dwelling, on a lot 22 by 100, at 361 Third Street, to a client of the F. C. Sauter Agency.

Gennaro Pisipia sold the entire block front on the north side of Avenue G or Glenwood Road from East Forty-third Street to East Forty-fourth Street, a plot 200 by 100, to an investing client of the McInerney-Klink Company.

Queens Borough Sales.

Mary Walsh bought the house at 60 North Twenty-third Street, Flushing, from B. Allen Terrell through J. Albert Johntra.

Ann Heany sold the plot at the northwest corner of Broadway and Whitestone Avenue, Flushing, to the Texas Company as a site for a gasoline filling station. Burling & Swan, Inc., negotiated the sale.

The Realty Estate Corporation of Brooklyn has taken title to a large plot 235 by 730 on the south side of Grand Street, west of Garrison Avenue, Maspeth. Title was passed to the purchaser by the French-American Realty Corporation and the Bushwick Junction Real Estate Company.

W. H. Smith sold to R. T. Baylis a plot 100 by 130 on the west side of Grand Avenue, south of Hillcrest Avenue, Jamaica.

The Addisleigh Building Company has sold to J. R. Elousa a plot 60 by 100 on the east side of Glenham Street, south of Rutland Street, St. Albans.

A. G. Taff purchased from C. E. Nostrand two plots, 75 by 131 on the north side of Twenty-first Street, west of Eighth Avenue, and 21 by 150, on the north side of Eighteenth Street, east of Seventh Avenue, Whitestone.

Borough of Richmond.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold five lots, 100 by 100, on Southern Boulevard, Great Kills, to a firm of builders.

The Henderson Estate Company sold a plot 75 by 135 on the corner of Bard Avenue and Shawnee Street, Livingston, to E. S. Morren through Cornelius G. Kolff.

Schneider Brothers sold a store and dwelling at Pleasant Plains to a Mr. Spiro through the Princes Bay Realty Company.

Singer Buys Country Home.

John McCormack bought the Henry L. Stoddard estate, formerly the Stokes farm, partly in Darien and partly in Norwalk, Conn., consisting of 160 acres and was sold for a price said to be close to $200,000 through Laurence Timmons. The same broker sold the estate owned by Sidney A. Williams in Thrushwood Park, Riverside, Conn., to Walter A. Moore of Greenwich. This property was held at $150,000.

Suburban Sales.

The Meadowdale Company sold a dwelling at Bronxville, N. Y., to R. S. Ladue through the Robert E. Farley Organization.

The estate of Elizabeth Eastty sold a residence at 105 Union Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., to Harry J. Douglas through the Cooley Realty Co.

The estate of Willis H. Young sold twenty-four lots on Mulford, Arnold, and Mundy Avenues, Westchester, N. Y., to Isador Barber through F. M. Weiss & Co., Inc.

The Neponsit Realty Company sold to a client of Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston a bungalow on a plot 43 by 100 on Beach 149th Street, Neponsit, L. I.

Carrie K. Reinhold sold a plot on the north side of Valentine Avenue, west of Bayley Avenue, Yonkers, to John F. Hoey through Thomas S. Burke. The same broker sold for William M. Brady a dwelling at 118 Lee Avenue, Yonkers, to Otto A. Welzien.

A building site of four plots at Larchmont Gardens, N. Y., was sold to a client of Chauncey H. Griffen & Co.

The Helenita Construction Company sold thirteen and one-half lots on Burton Avenue, Woodmere, L. I., to I. Bloch through H. Goldschmidt.

Laura G. McCurdy sold to Charles D. Silleck the residence at 135 East Spring Avenue, Ridgewood, N. J., through S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman.

Realty Notes.

Marcus Loew is reported to be negotiating for the purchase of the Brevoort Theatre at Bedford Avenue and Brevoort Place, Brooklyn, held at $500,000.

Charles Kimmelman denies the reported sale of the two apartment houses at 644 and 650 West 173d Street.

Commercial Leases.

Rowantree-Schley Co. leased for the Equitable Life Assurance Society to the Western Union Telegraph Co. the entire fifth floor at 395 to 399 Broadway, southwest corner of Walker Street, containing over 7,500 square feet. The lease is for a term of years at a rental aggregating $100,000, and the premises are to be used for executive and clerical offices. This floor was occupied by the Italian Consul previous to their removal last May to 20 East Twenty-second Street.

Charles F. Noyes Company leased for William S. Livingston the buildings at 387-91 Greenwich Street and 69 North Moore Street to the Coastwise Warehouses, Inc. for a long term of years from May 1, 1920, at an aggregate rental of about $130,000, and the entire building at 301 Greenwich Street for Osborn, Fleming & Whittlesey, attorneys, to Joseph Sobel.

Fred'k. Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr., leased premises at 206 to 10 East 128th Street, Third Avenue Bridge Plaza, for Georgianna Pacheteau of California, to Louis Cohen, manufacturer of mattresses and beds, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $80,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Frankfort St, 35 and 37; for an eight-story offices, &c., 50x110.3; B. Levi, 42 Broadway, owner; Lewison & Schubert, 366 5th Av, architects; cost, $160,000.

Villa Av, w s, 440 ft n of 200th St; one-story angle iron garage, 18x30; Mary Lyons, 3,081 Villa Av, owner; John Fitzpatrick, 271 East 198th St, architect; cost, $675.

William St, 122 to 128; for a four-story offices, 49x137; William St. Realty Corp., owner; J. D. Harrison, 531 7th Av, architect; cost, $56,000.

29th St, 641 West; for a one-story storage, 20x82; John T. Stanley Co., Inc., 642 West 30th St, owner; William H. Rahman & Sons, 126 Cedar St, architects; cost, $2,000.

Alterations.

Items under $8,000 omitted.

Beaver St, 24; to a four-story warehouse; M. Staring, Glenridge, N. J., owner; Charles Bueck Constructing Co., 10 East 43d St, architect; cost, $9,800.

Bowery, 207; to a three and four story store, &c.; J. Wittmann, owner; M. Schwartz, 309 Broadway, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, 1,412 to 1,416; to a seven-story offices and restaurant; Broadway-38th St. Co., owner; I. Rosenberg, 30 Cooper Square, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, 241; to a five-story offices and store; G. Davis and E. King, 15 William St, owners; C. Volz, 55 West 37th St, architects; cost, $3,000.

Grove St, 74; to a four-story dwelling and store; F. H. Murphy, Great Neck, L. I., owner; Seeling & Finkelstein, 296 Bradford St, Brooklyn, architects; cost, $20,000.

Lincoln Av, n e corner of 153d St.; three and five story brick factory, 200x160x200; John B. Simpson, 507 5th Av, owner; George F. Hodge, 41 Union Square, architect; cost, $25,000.

Washington Av, 1,697; three-story brick hall and school, 29x36; Jewish Ladies' Day Nursery, Sarah Wachs, 1,668 Bathgate Av, President, owners; William H. Meyer, 1,381 Carter Av, architect; cost, $3,000.

23d St, 121 East; to a five-story store and offices; Brookside Realty Co., 51 Chambers St, owner; Zipkes, Wolff & Rudroff, 25 West 42d St, architects; cost $4,000.

Tth St, 67 East; to a nine-story school; Finch School, premises, owners; E. L. Angell, 57 West 127th St, architect; cost, $7,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

BY JOSEPH P. DAY.

East 103th St, 320, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.9, 3-story tenement and store, 1-story extension; City Savings Bank of Brooklyn vs. Abr. Seaken et al.; Butcher, Tranner & Foster (A); Howard C. Kelly (R); due, $14,110.67; interest, &c., $387.55. To the plaintiff for $12,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

LIBERTY ST, 67, n s, 135.6 ft e of Broadway, 21.6x37.6, 2 yrs, July 15; Joseph M. Kelly to William B. Jenkins, at Larchmont, N. Y., executor; 5 yrs, 5½ and 5 p. c.; attorney, E. L. Bushe, 150 Broadway....$140,000

PARK AV, 712, e s, 40.5 ft s of 70th St, 20x105, July 1; Charles M. Clark to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 6th Av, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Middlebrook & Bl..., 6 Cedar St.....$60,000

POST AV, n s, 250 and 325 ft w of 204th St, 2 lots, each 75x150, 2 p. m. mtgs $23,500 each, and subject to prior mtg of $63,500, July 15; Post-Academy Co. to Mahe Const. Co., 96 Post Av, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$47,000

7TH AV, 2128, s e s, 41.10 ft s of 20th St, 17.10x75, P. M, July 15; Pellegrino Colletti to Edward and Mark M. Sink, 56 Fort Washington Av, executors, 6 years, 6 p. c., attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,500

8TH AV, w s, 50.8 ft n of 58d St, 25x100, P. M, July 15; Anna Jaffe to Katherine A. Kingsland, at Hotel Plaza, 54th Av and 59th St, 5 years; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St.....$28,000

5TH AV, 41 West, n s, 23x93.11, P. M, July 15; Cuneo and Rose M. Podesta to Theodore Kauffeld, 235 Fort Washington Av, and Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, trustees, due July 16, 1923, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Gelber, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$14,500

32D ST, 140 West, s w s, 20x99, M, Jan. 15, 1917; Mary M. Wesson to David Wesson, Montclair, N. J., sub-trustee, due Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, C. M. Coddington, 15 Wall St.....$35,000

41ST ST, 205 West, n s, 25x98.9, P. M, May 29; Listowel Realty Co. to Christina Richtberg, 2,211 University Av, Bronx, due June 1, 1922; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$50,000

60TH ST, n s, 270 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5, June 11; Edward M. and Harry H. Decker, executors, to David H. Clark, 152 Greene Av, Brooklyn, due July 11, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles A. Clark, 43 Cedar St.....$6,000

59TH ST, 120 East, n s, 20x100.5, July 15; Sarah A. Kieffer to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and int. as per bond.....$12,500

77TH ST, 333 West, n s, 20x102.2, P. M., July 15; Theodore Bernstein to Jennie S. Dodd, 302 West 77th St, et al., 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $18,000; attorneys, Richards & A., 141 Broadway.....$7,000

82D ST, 115 West, n s, 16.6x40.8 to Apthorp Lane 16.6x36.11 with all rights to land in rear, 16x18.4, P. M., July 12; Alfred H. Shimmon to Mary E. Sammis, at Yonkers, N. Y., executrix, due July 15, 1922; attorneys, Peck & Hancock, 26 Liberty St.....$12,000

95TH ST, 319 West, n s, 17.6x100.8, P. M., July 15; M. L. and John J. Hart to Abr. Siegel, installments, 6 p. c., prior mtg $12,000; same to same, due July 15, 1924; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

104TH ST, 306 West, s s, 20x100.11, P. M, June 2; Patrick J. Ryan to Clara L. Reed, 870 Park Av, due Aug. 1, 1924; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,000

117TH ST, 63 West, n s, 27x100.11, P. M., July 15; Sidney J. Moll to Hattie Zwinge, 320 East 86th St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

120TH ST, 215 West, s s, 21.2 ft w of Broadway, 100x129.6x100.6x118.11, P. M., July 15; 400 Manhattan Av Corp. to August Oppenheimer, 40 West 72d St, due July 1, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $120,000; attorneys, Townsend & G., 32 Liberty St.....$83,000

182D ST, s s, 100 ft w of St Nicholas Av, 50x70, P. M., July 15; Dora Kahn to August Stizan, 221 West 90th St, 3 yrs, 6 p. c., prior mtg $31,000; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$9,000

212TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x30.11, P. M, July 15; Glenwood Property Corp. to Charles Garfiel, 20 East 90th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $9,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,500

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 151 ft n of 176th St, 33x85; John Hofmann to August Ganzen Hoffner, 2,100 Anthon Av, July 15, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, W. F. Troy, 5 Beekman St.....$14,000

BARNES AV, 4,042, e s, 22.6x105; William Jones to Hudwil Corp., 7 West 45th St, prior mtg $4,000, July 11, 4 yrs, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

BAY AV, s s of 150 West Main St, 60x100; Harry Larsen to H. S. Sayrers, trus, City Island, July 10, 5 yrs, 6 p. c; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,200

CRESTON AV, 2,700, e s, 40x74.6; Arrow Holding Corp. to Emilie Ludewig, 2,700 Creston Av, July 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,500

CROTONA PARK SO, 634-8; Suskin Holding Co. to Caroline Baume, 634 Crotona Park South 2 mtgs, each

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 141st St, 25 x98.11; Margaret D. Achenbach to Union Chemical Glassware Co., 63 Park Row, mtg $10,500, all liens, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

AVENUE D, 98-100, e s, 48.8 ft n of 7th St, 48x85, with s. f.; to strip 0.4x85; Emil Reinfeld to David Monkovitz, 2,207 N 32d St, Philadelphia, Penn., mtg $38,000; attorney, Jacobson & B., 76 Broadway.....$1

BEAVER, 2 to 14-16, e s, 42.6x86.6 to n e Wakefield St x 42.10x77.6 w s, except Beaver St, part of 14 & 16 177.2 ft e of Broadway and gore; Mary B. Caswell to Raphael Del Castillo, 321 34 St, Brooklyn, 20-100 parts; attorneys, Rosenberg & B., 74 Broadway $35,000

BEAVER ST, 80, n x 44 ft e of Hanover St, runs n 68.7 ft to s s Beaver x s 18 x s 89.3 to Pearl x w 22 to beginning; Milas W. White to Munson Steamship Lines, 82 Beaver St, all liens, July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

BROOME ST, 211, s w cor Norfolk St, 25x 75, (foreclosure May 27, 1919); Harry Bijur, ref., to Edmund J. Levine, Wykagyl Pond, New Rochelle, N. Y.; attorney, Ralph H. Rafael, 2 Rector St.....$23,000

HENRY ST, 37, n s, 24.9x100; Sarah Lewin to Israel Schlachetzky, 1,855 Madison Av, mtg $20,000, July 8; attorney, I. Ellis, 116 Nassau St.....$1

HOUSTON ST, 25 West, n e corner of Greene St, 20x83; Empire State Holding Corp. to Ray Lands, 1,269 Broadway, mtg $16,500, all liens, July 15; attorney, Drechsler & O., 225 5th Av.....$100

HOUSTON ST, 301 East, s e s, 16x52; I. Lowenfeld et al, exrs., to Leopold Wetchler, 240 Av A, ½ part, mtg $7,500; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $6,175

SAME PROPERTY; Monmouth Holding Co. to same, mtg $7,500, all of June 23; attorney, same.....$100

LEWIS ST, 51, w s, 25x100, foreclosure, July 9; William H. Brady, referee, to United States Trust Co., trustee, 45 Wall St; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St.....$18,000

LIBERTY ST, 67, n s, 135.6 ft e of Broadway, 21.6x97.5; William B. Jenkins, executor, to Jos. F. Kelly, 1,128 St. Lawrence Av, Bronx, July 15; attorneys, Sayres Bros., 31 Nassau St.....$130,000

PARK AV, 713, e s, 60.5 ft s of 78th St, 20x 105; Bessie M. Clark to Chas. M. Clark, 713 Park Av, b. and s., c. s. g., July 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....Gift

POST AV, n s, 325 ft w of 204th St, 75x150; Maho Const. Co. to Post-Academy Co., 302 Broadway, mtg $61,500, all liens, July 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

POST AV, n s, 250 ft w of 204th St, 75x150; same to same, mtg $61,500, all liens, July 15; attorney, same.....$100

WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, 133, n s, 72.9 x41.4x irregular; Max Meyerhoff et al. to Francis L. Kidd, 430 79th St, Brooklyn; attorney, A. C. Jopling, 32 Liberty St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Herbert R. Smith to same, quitclaim, Aug. 28, 1918.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alice M. Smith to same, quitclaim, June 18, 1919.....$1

2D AV, 2,403, w s, 25.1 ft n of 125d St, 25.6x 90; Mary and Lyon Roseman to Helen Lavine, Trenton, N. J., mtg $17,000, June 20; attorney, Ira L. Roseman, 258 Broadway.$1

3D AV, 835, e s, 43.10 ft n of 58th St, 17.10x 75; Edw. Sink and another, exrs., to Pellegrino Colletti, on the premises, mtg $68,500; attorney, Chas. Zerbarini, 346 Broadway $14,000

6TH ST, 639 East, n s, 25x90.10; M. E. & A. Isaacs to Pauline Isaacs, 475 West 159th St, a. t., all liens, July 14; attorney, Reuben Tally, 347 5th Av.....$1

7TH AV, s e corner of 115th St, 151.4x108.8 to n s of St. Nicholas Av x177.7 to 115th St x15.9 to beginning; Union Chemical Glassware Co. to M. D. Achenbach, 10 East 72d St, mtg $193,350; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

7TH AV, 2,407, s w corner of 129th St, 25 x75; Caspar S. Nashin to Julia Hecht, 622 West 136th St, all liens, mtg $2,800, July 11; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.....$1

7TH ST, 41 West, n s, 23x83.11; Theo. Kaufeld and another, trustees, to Teresa Cuneo, 23 West 8th St, and another, July 7; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $22,300

7TH AV, 2,405, w s, 25 ft s of 129th St, 25x 75; Simeon Nanheim to Julia Hecht, 622 West 136th St, mtg $17,000, b. and s., c. s. g., July 11; attorney, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.....$1

7TH AV, w s, 50.5 ft n of 53d St, 25x100; Kath. A. Kingsland to Anna Jaffe, 306 West 54th St, w. and s., June 18; attorney, Wm. H. Freedman, 238 Broadway.....$1

9TH AV, 524-30, n e c 39th St, (355-59 West,) 74.1x100; Louise, wife Philip Arras, to Samuel Schlossman, 540 9th Av, et al, 1-3 part; mtg $35,000, all liens, July 10; attorney, N. Y. T. & M. Co., 135 Broadway .....

SAME PROPERTY; Henry & Henry T. Arras, exs to same, 1-3 part; mtg $35,000, a t, all liens, July 10.....$21,500

SAME PROPERTY; Chas. G. Kiss and ano, exs, to same, 1-3 part; mtg $35,000, a t, July 10.....$21,500

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Schlossman et al to Upper Ninth Av. Holding Corp., 55 Liberty St, mtg $44,000, all liens, July 14; attorney, N. Y. T. & M. Co., 135 Broadway .....

11TH ST, 231 East, n s, 25.6x100; Yetty Eichhorn and another to William Borewick, 231 East 11th St, mtg $25,000, all liens, June 24; attorney, M. M. Edelstein, 111 Broadway $100

30TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of 5th Av, 100x98.9; Isaac A. Hopper to Silk Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, mtg $650,000, re-recorded from Nov. 3, 1915; attorney, E. L. Jacobs, 35 Nassau St.....$100

32D ST, 128 East, s s, 20x80.8; Wilmorell Realty Co. to Charlotte D. Allison, 265 Clinton Av, Brooklyn, mtg $24,000; George F. Allison, 115 Broadway.....$100

36TH ST, 116 West, s s, 25x98.9; Fanny T. Wharton to Herald Square Holding Co., 128 Broadway, all liens, mtg $35,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

41ST ST, 205 West, n s, 25x98.9; Christina Richtberg to Listowel Realty Co., 80 Maiden Lane, b. and s., c. s. g., July 29; attorneys, Knox & D., 80 Maiden Lane.....$65,000

55TH ST, 18 West, s s, 20x100.5; Williston Walker Julius Rauchand, 225 West 98th St, mtg $36,000, b. and s., c. s. g., all liens, July 2; attorney, A. M. Crane, 14 Wall St.....$100

60TH ST, 403 East, n s, 25x100.5, foreclosure, July 9; Edward D. Dowling, referee, to United States Trust Co., trustee, 45 Wall St; attorney, Wilson M. Powell, 7 Wall St.....$15,500

71ST ST, 227 West, n s, 15.9x102.2; Georgia Havlin to 223 West 71st St. Corp., 601 West 116th St, all liens, July 15; attorney, Title T. & M. Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

71ST ST, 225 West, n s, 16.8x102.2; Mary W. Carden to same, all liens, July 15; attorney, same.....$100

71ST ST, 223 West, n s, 15.9x102.2; C. F. St. John to same, all liens; attorney, same $30,000

71ST ST, 221 West, n s, 18.6x102.2; Cabot R E Co. to same, mtg $20,500, all liens, July 15; attorney, same.....$100

72D ST, n s, 75 ft w of 2d Av, 25x51.1; Abr. Wolff to Charlotte M. Hammel, 184 East 87th St, mtg $12,000, a. t., all liens; attorneys, Baker & S., 15 Nassau St.....$100

77TH ST, 333 West, n s, 20x102.2; Jennie S. Dodd and another, individually, et al., exrs., to Theo. Bernstein, 233 West End Av, mtg $18,000, all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

93D ST, 115 West, n s, 16.8x99.8 to old Apthorpe Lane x 16.6x68.11; Mary E. Sammis, executrix, to Wilfred H. Simmons, 109 West 93d St, July 12; attorneys, Peck & Hancock, 26 Liberty St.....$16,000

98TH ST, 31 West, n s, 17.6x100.8; Abr. Siegel to Margaret L. Lancaster, 584 Lancaster St, Albany, N Y, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

100TH ST, 62 West, s s, 25x100.11; Robert C. Fulton to Ann Collamore, 108 West 101st St, mtg $10,000, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

100TH ST, 407-9 East, n s, 37.1x100.11, foreclosure; Emil E. Fuchs, referee, to Chalmers Dale & Taylor More, 207 West 97th St, trustee, July 15; attorney, Taylor More, 2 Rector St.....$20,000

104TH ST, 306 West, s s, 20x100.11; Clara L. Reed to Patrick J. Ryan, 2,142 80th St, Brooklyn, mtg $15,000, all liens, June 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

107TH ST, n s, 170 ft w of 3d Av, 37.6x 100.11; Mary Roseman to Helen Lavine, 333 Ellis Av, Trenton, N. J., mtg $36,850; attorney, Ira L. Roseman, 258 Broadway.$100

111TH ST, 63 West, n s, 27x100.11; Sidney J. Noll to Charles Garfiel, 20 East 90th St, mtg $15,000, all liens, July 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

111TH ST, 62 West, n s, 27x100.11; Gilbert B. Weinstock et al. to Sidney J. Moll, 108 West 111th St, May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'dway.$100

127TH ST, 107 East, n s, 25x99.11; Ida Maier to Samuel Frank, 857 West 150th St, one-half part, all liens, July 14; attorneys, Siegel, C. & S., 61 Chambers St.....$1

127TH ST, 22 East, s s, 20x99.11; Christian A. and Ely, L. Koch to Mary H. Cummings, 19 East 127th St, b. and s., all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

151ST ST, s s, 218.5 ft w of Broadway, 126.3x100.6x118.11; Rockland-Erie Realty Corporation to 400 Manhattan Av. Corporation, 23 St. Nicholas Av, mtg $120,000, all liens, July 15; attorney, Jacob I. Berman, 346 Broadway $100

182D ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 80x70; August Bitzen to Dora Kahn, 1,017 Intervale Av, Bronx, mtg $31,000, all liens, July 3; attorney, Jacob Scholer, 149 Broadway $1

Bronx.

BARNES AV, 4,043 e s, 22.6x106; Hadwill Corp'n to Willis Jones, 750 East 224th St; mtg $4,000, July 11; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

BATHGATE AV, 2072-8 s w corner, 60.5x90; South Jersey Land Co. to Jac. G. Raft, 176 Howes St, Brooklyn, and ano, mtg $68,200, April 1; attorney, N. W. Herbst, 543 Westchester $1

BAY ST, s s, 150 ft w of Main St, 60x100, City Island; H. Schlotfeldin Sayers to Harry Larsen, 110 Bay St, City Island, July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,300

CRESTON AV, 2,760, e s, 40x74.6x40x74.8; Emilie Ludewig to Artow Holding Corp, 317 Broadway, July 8; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $100

CROTONA PARK SOUTH, 624, e s, runs 106.8 x w 40.3 x n 15 x w 1 x n 85.6 to Crotona Park South, x e 41.5 to beginning; also to Crotona Park South, 655, s 66.11x85.4 x n 10.6 x w 15.1 x n 106.8 to Crotona Park South, x e 40.11 to beginning; Caroline Dawsen to Suabin Holding Corporation, 446 East 167th St, mtg $53,000 July 15; attorney, F. D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St.....$100

DECATUR AV, w s, 50 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; Jas. C. Warren to Pauline Malfus, 1,373 Teller Av, mtg $7,500, July 14; attorney, Jas. C. Warren, 3,291 Decatur Av $100

DELAFIELD AV, w s, 150 ft n of 248th St, w 225 ft to Riverdale Av x n 200 x e 112.6 x s 110 x e 112.6 to avenue x s 100 to beginning; Delafield Estates Corp to Walter S. Kelley, 64 Hillcrest Av, Yonkers, N. Y., July 1; attorney, Delafield Estates Corp., 27 Cedar St.....$1

GRAND AV, 2,389, e s, 18x36.4x18x39.8; Gertrude D. Jacob to Mena Holland, 2,396 Grand Av, mtg $6,000, July 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

GRAND AV, w s, 212.6 ft n of 184th St, 62.9x122.1x68.2x124.1; Ames Building Material Co. to Dayton Building Co., 132 Nassau St, mtg $5,500, July 15; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 31.3 ft s of 170th St, e 79.9 x s 50.6 x s 6.8 x w 99.11 to Grand Concourse x n 56.7 to beginning; John N. Denbigh to E. B. A. Realty Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $5,000, June 26; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway $100

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, s e corner of 179th St, 31.3x79.9x30x68; Walter M. Jackson to E. B. A. Realty Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $3,500, July 15; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway...$100

GRAND AV, s e corner of 183d St, 100x50.1; Mortimer H. Heyman to Antonio C. Camara, 41 West 183d St, July 10; attorney, Chas. S. M. First, 27 Cedar St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Antonio B. Camara to Valentin M. Camara, his wife, 41 West 183d St, mtg $8,000, July 14; attorney, same $1

JACKSON AV, 828, e s, 62x87.6; Victoria Betterman to Selvin Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, mtg $45,500, July 15; attorney, A. L. Gellish, 36 Nassau St.....$100

LORING PL, 2,264, e s, 35x110.4; Mary C. Mahony to Max Schmetterling, 395 Fort Washington Av, mtg $10,000, July 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

LORING PLACE, e s, 105.11 ft n of 183d st, 35x107S.2x35x105.11; Mary E. Kiernan to Rose A. Friedenberg, 420 Riverside Drive, mtg $10,500, July 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 19, 20, and 37 to 40, map Dash Estate; Thompson, Austin & Co. to Sophie W. Rahe, 3,600 Broadway, mtg $2,835, July 15; attorney, Sophie W. Rahe, 3,600 Broadway $5,050

LOT 77, map of 107 lots of Hudson Park; Albert Gramaglia to Dominic A. Trotta, 2,079 Benedict Av, Feb. 25; attorney, J. Bell, 391 East 149th St.....$100

LOT 188, Map Century Invest. Co., Macombs-Nelson, Inc., to Chas. L. Adams, Stuyvesant Park, Tuckahoe, N. Y., July 1; attorney, C. C. Roberts, 27 Cedar St.....$1

LOT 70, Map Westchester Terrace, 25x128.6x 25x128.7; Lucia Fantozzi, widow, to Louis Mazzolla, 192 West 57th St, May 26; attorney, L. V. Fusaro, 183 Bleecker St..$1

LOTS 75 and 76, map of 107 lots of Hudson Park; Albert Gramaglia to Dominic A. Trotta, 2,079 Benedict Av, Feb. 25; attorney, A. Bell, 391 East 140th St.....$100

MATILDA AV, n w cor 237th St, 100x100; Eugene W. Fehringer to Frances G. De Peyster, 19 East 42d St, mtg $3,200, June 17; attorneys, Shattuck, G. H. & G., 26 Exchange Place $1

SAME PROPERTY; Eugene A. Fehringer to Frances G. De Peyster, 19 East 42d St, mtg $5,200, June 17; attorneys, Shattuck, G. H. & G., 26 Exchange Place.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Eugene A. Fehringer to Frances G. De Peyster, 19 East 42d St, mtg $2,520, June 17; attorneys, Shattuck, G. H. & G., 26 Exchange Place.....$1

MOHEGAN AV, s w corner of 180th St, 73x 70; August Boecher to Wilbarsh Realty Co., 1,572 Lexington Av, mtg $40,000, July 15; attorney, Lawyers Trust Co., 160 Broadway $64,000

MORRIS AV, 2,038, w s, 21.11x100; Lawrence Davis to Theresa Alexander, 2,385 Grand Boulevard, mtg $6,500, June 12; attorney, G. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St.$100

MULFORD AV, e s, 278.1 ft n of Pelham Rd, 25x100; Elis Zenner, et al., to Salvatore Tripodo, 1,828 Mulford Av, July 15; attorneys, Mapes & R, 370 East 149th St $100

OLINVILLE AV, 3,718 e s, 50x100 ft, Emma Blass to Mathias B. Rampe, 607 Engle Av, mtg, $4,000, July 11; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 1,149, w s, 25x100; Bryson National Realty Corp. to Harry Jacobs, 279 West 113th St, mtg $4,500, July 15; attorney, Frank Krexernick, 220 Broadway....$1

STEEBINS AV, 849, w s, 40x100; Sandow Realty Co. to Mollie Gelb, 2,190 Broadway, mtg $29,000, July 15; attorney, H. Rosenblum, 132 Nassau St.....$1

TELLER AV, w s, 358.10 ft n of 169th St, 25x100; Charles Loeffler to Samuel Pearson, 53 East Broadway and ano, mtg $7,353.33, July 15; attorney, Charles B. Barfield, 165 Broadway.....$1

TINTON AV, s w corner 169th St, 80.2x59.8x 70.8x21.4; Chas. Reis to Bertha Reis, his wife, 1,240 Tinton Av, mtg $25,500, July 11; attorneys, Kunz & R., 135 Broadway.$1

TINTON AV, s e s, 25 ft s of Pontiac St, 50x106; Ruth E. Carroll to Louisa Adami, 769 Prospect Av, June 4; attorney, E. A. Brown, 192 Broadway.....$150

SAME PROPERTY; John and George Hall to same, June 4; attorney, same.....$150

VYSE AV, 1,562, e s, 18.8x100; Anastasio Garmise to Samuel Hatkin, 526 East 159th St, and ano, mtg $2,750 July 14; attorney, L. Gold, 152 Nassau St.....$1

WALTON AV, 2,403, w s, 19.11x96.6; Newell Bent, guardian, to Sparta Realty Co., 406 East 149th St, July 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$7,750

SAME PROPERTY; Sparta Realty Co. to Helen M. Baus, 436 East 141st St, mtg $6,750, July 13; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,308-10, e s, 33.5x104; Emma V. Connor, widow, to Jacob Jacobs, 554 Snedeker Av, Brooklyn, mtg $32,500, July 15; attorney, C. H. Eisenberg, 44 Court St, Brooklyn.....$100

WATERLOO PL, 1,827, w s, 66x70; Annie Summers to Rose Solomon, 1,876 Marmion Av, and another, mtg $5,500, June 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WATSON AV, n s, 113.11 ft w of Olmstead Av, 25x103; Ellen Asmus to Ehrich Tuckhardt, 569 Eagle Av, July 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ZEREGA AV, e s, 100 ft n of Westchester Av, 125x98.8x125x98.3; Frank M. Clendenin to Ry Rosenfeld, 724 East 160th St & ano, mtg $7,000, July 15; Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

ZULETTE AV, s s, lot 209, map W. A. & H. Mapes, 25x100, Hannah M. Howell to Herman Meyer, 2,842 Zulette Av, mtg $3,000, July 14; attorneys, Mapes & R, 370 East 149th St $100

163TH ST, s s, 66.9 ft w of Morris Av, 36.9 x80.8x36.9x80; Harris Mandelbaum, et al. to Meyer Rubin, 150 East 2d St, mtg $20,000, July 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

172D ST, 886 East; Crausman Realty Co. to Morris Silverman, 762 West End Av, and ano, mtg $46,500, July 15; attorney, M. Berkowitz, 74 Broadway $1

182D ST, 743 East, n s, 50x100; Fredk. Lese to Max Horowitz, 1,076 Findlay Av, mtg $25,000, July 15; attorney, L. Schafean, 51 Chambers St.....$100

181ST ST, 73 West, n s, 50x100; Elizabeth Moran to Rosa Feigin, 2,133 Daly Av, mtg $9,000, July 14; attorney, H. W. Friel, 200 Broadway $1

185TH ST, 771 East, n s, 39.11x180x40.10x130. Hesin Realty Co. to Yemah Liebowitz, 549 East 139th St, mtg $32,000, July 15; attorneys, Price Bros., 271 Broadway.....$100

236TH ST, s s, 425 ft e of Keppler Av, 25x 100; Adolf Fallowits to Ruth Gillbanks, 1,208 Simpson St, mtg $4,100, July 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

237TH ST, 211 East, n s, 40x100; Caroline Wallner to Thos. Tegmier, 14 Van Cortlandt Park East, July 15; attorney, J. W. Winkler, 170 Broadway.....$100

239TH ST, 736 east, 25x100, Clara M. Johnson to Leopold Richter, 17 Fifth Av, Mt. Vernon, N Y, mtg, $3,000, July 3; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

247TH ST, 211 East, n s, 40x100; Caroline Wallner to Thos. Tegmier, 14 Van Cortlandt Park East, July 15; attorney, J. W. Winkler, 170 Broadway.....$100

249TH ST, 736 east, 25x100, Clara M. Johnson to Leopold Richter, 17 Fifth Av, Mt. Vernon, N Y, mtg, $3,000, July 3; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

1ST AV, 649; 30th St, 245 East; 28th St, 136 East; 4th Av, 462; John J. Welstead, agt. Hugh Cavanagh et al., partition; attorney, J. B. Southard.

11TH ST, 626 East; Louis Joseph, agt. Anna Markwits et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. R. Lesinsky.

122ND ST, 58 East; Wm. H. Bormann, agt. Katharine Van Valin et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. D. Jennings.

136TH ST, 238 West; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S., agt. Casper Levy et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Alexander & Green.

In Bronx County.

LOT 82, block 47, map of Morris Park, 24th Ward; Ella F. Ellis, agt. Anna W. Dickson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Clooke, Koch & Reidy.

FAILHADE AV, w s, 47 ft s corner of land of Estate of Isaac G. Johnson, 105x386x irregular; Thomas T. Hopper Co., agt. Euzana DeBobula et al., action to foreclose mechanics' liens; attorneys, Larkin & Perry.

SETON AV, 2,960, 2,962, John Kelly, agt. Charles Anderson et al., action for specific performance of agreement; attorneys, Greenbaum, Wolff & Ernst.

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

8TH ST, 310 to 326 West, and 8TH St, 327 and 329 West; Longacre Const. Co., Inc., against Emma M. Vynes et al., Oct. 21, 1918 .....$6,543.77

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

71ST ST, 221 to 227 West; 125 Broadway Holding Corp. loans 223 West 71st St. Corp. to erect a — story building, 12 payments $260,000

Atlantic City

60 minutes from Philadelphia to the Atlantic Ocean Front

vs.

Long Beach

50 minutes from New York City to the Atlantic Ocean Front

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ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE
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Friday, July 18th, and Saturday, July 19th,
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Telephone Academy 618 for further information; linen and maid service if desired; two blocks east of Broadway subway, near 6th and 9th Av. L; 5th Av. bus lines stop at door; reference essential.
Weekly rentals at special rates.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385.—8 rooms, 2 baths; comfortable apartment home; 3 large master bedrooms, 4 with alcove, one maid's room; beautiful location, overlooking park. Telephone Riverside 2047. Apt. 4N.

CENTRAL PARK WEST 418.—Desirable six rooms; outside; newly decorated; completely furnished; till Sept. 1. Riverside 4184 Robert.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col 1971.

CLAREMONT AV., 23.—Five rooms to Oct. 1st; seen by appointment only; at 116th St. subway. Tel. 4804 Morningside.

COOL OUTSIDE APARTMENT.—Attractively furnished living room; 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath; spotless; near Riverside Drive and subway; $70. 600 West 127th St.

HOTEL ANSONIA.—SIX ROOMS, TWO BATHS, FULLY FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT WITH HOTEL AND MAID SERVICE; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; UNTIL SEPT. 15; REFERENCES; $200 PER MONTH. X 200 TIMES ANNEX.

IDEAL HOME for couple.—Two rooms and kitchen with all modern improvements; up-to-date furniture. August and September. Telephone Riverside 4565. 203 West 98th.

LONDON TERRACE.—Beautiful three rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence; electricity, telephone; unusually desirable; reasonable. Tel. 3941 Chelsea.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Wonderful view; all outside rooms; completely furnished; private apartment; sacrifice Summer season; bargain on immediate rental. Telephone Gray, Columbus 3974.

SUMMER RATES.
Apartments of from two to five rooms, with or without kitchen, completely furnished; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, linen, &c., included, $2 to $5 a day, $13 to $30 a week, $60 to $120 a month in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality. Hotel Schuyler St., 307-311 West 59th St.; subway to 96th St., two blocks up and one block west.

WEST END.—6 rooms; handsomely furnished; immediately to October; longer. Vanderbilt 4545.

WEST END AV., 758, (96th).—Large outside rooms; furnished; complete housekeeping; $10.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Large bedroom and sitting room neatly furnished in the finest residential section in Mount Vernon, with bath, shower, electric, to refined party with references; 31 minutes from Grand Central. Call 1541 Mount Vernon 7-9 P. M.

Unfurnished—East Side.

10TH ST., 108 EAST.—7 rooms, steam, hot water, telephone. Stuyvesant 6190.

24TH ST., 120 EAST.
6 ROOMS AND BATH; ELEVATOR APARTMENT; 3 OPEN FIREPLACES.

37TH, 142 EAST.—Desirable apartment, two large rooms, with bath; all conveniences.

44TH, EAST.—Two rooms, kitchenette; elevator; early possession. 712 Postal Life Building.

49TH, 11 EAST.—2 and 3 room kitchenette, elevator apartment; possession now or Oct. 1; best references required; apply superintendent.

85D, (near 5th Av.)—Beautiful two-room, bath; concession to October. Plaza 6674.

89TH, 22 EAST.—2-4-room elevator apartments.

92D, 51 EAST.—Large corner room, with kitchenette; $50; business lady.

LARGE SINGLE FLAT,
52 East 122d St., adjoining Mt. Morris Park; 7 large rooms, bath; steam; $55.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST, or janitor.

MADISON AV., 1,237, (cor. 94th St.).—7-8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; rent $1,350 to $1,800. Inquire of superintendent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

87H, 3 WEST, (Hotel Marston.)—Two rooms and bath; maid service; meals optional.

34TH ST., 127 EAST.
Studio Apartment, 2 rooms, bath; large modern skylight; rent $65.
Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th.

45TH ST., 148 WEST.
New building; apartments one, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $600 to $900 yearly.

57TH ST. WEST.—Unusual opportunity; leaving city, will lease beautiful 5-room apartment another year same price now, if taken immediately; $125. Circle 4066.

57TH ST., 616 WEST.—Five rooms, electric light, very desirable for physician; rent $720; near two subways and all transit lines.

127 WEST 70TH ST.
A few desirable suites of 2 rooms, bath, serving pantry; rental $900 to $1,200.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST.
Telephone Columbus 1832.

174TH ST., 557 WEST.—Five rooms and bath, modern apartment, must sublet at once; rent $40 month; can be seen evenings after 6:30. make appointment by phone. Wells, Apt. 31 St. Nicholas 4225.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—Duplex for bachelor or doctor, parlor floor; very select, up to the minute. See Janitor.

84TH ST., 15 WEST.—7 large, light rooms and bath, $75. Janitor.

116 WEST 58TH ST.
A few desirable suites of 2 rooms, bath, serving pantry; rental $900 to $1,500.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST.
Telephone Columbus 1832.

86TH-88TH ST. AND BROADWAY, (Euclid Hall, 2,245 Broadway.)—New management; 8-9-11 rooms, with large foyer, 2-3 baths; $2,400 up. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 2,241 Broadway. Schuyler 9746.

104TH, 3 WEST.—Act quickly; beautiful 3 and 6 room elevator apts.; Oct. 1st; $600 to $1,050.

164TH ST., 559 WEST.—Six room front apartment, elevator house, to rent from Aug. 1. Apt. 62.

169TH, 600 WEST, (St. Nicholas Av.)—High class elevator, 4-5 rooms; immediate possession.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40, (118th.)—5-6 large light rooms, $36-$40; immediate occupancy, Coltman.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 90th St.—Storage, $4 per month vanload; motor vans movies; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 854.—6 rooms, corner, $115 per month. Inquire at office Melvin Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St.; telephone Audubon 4657.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

452 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
2, 3, 4 rooms, small housekeeping apartments; immediate possession; $90 per month and up.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 459, (At 132d St.)—Apartments at 4 rent to Oct. 1; seven rooms, elevator; 3d floor front; lease can be had from Oct. 1. See Supt. on premises.

Three large rooms, $50; 4, $55; 5, corner, $70; high class elevator house; select tenants. Phone St. Nicholas 583.

TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE, $75 to $95 Month.
127 West 76th St. Concessions to Oct. 1.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 128, (Washington Square.)—2-3-4 rooms and bath, $960 to $1,700; new fireproof house; elevator and hall service; business and social references required. 658 Superintendent on premises. Van Voorst Apartments.

WEST END AV., 587.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; second floor, fronting Avenue; newly decorated; large light; $525; entrance floor near 72d; $75. Schuyler 5062.

UNFURNISHED apartments secured, all localities; applications first instance by mail only; nominal commission charged. Apartment Seekers' Exchange, 10 West 29th St.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

177TH ST., (Corner Walton Av.)—Jerome Av. subway and 6th Av. "L" station; 4 extra large, light rooms; restricted neighborhood; possession; latest improvements; $46.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

SECOND FLOOR of two-family house to rent. Call Murray Hill 4269.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

For Oct. 1st by man and wife, two to four room, steam heated housekeeping apartment, bath and large closets; furnished or unfurnished; latter preferred; elevator or walk up (3d floor;) within ten blocks of Madison and 66th; rooms must be large, clean and in good neighborhood. Address Homer E. Smith, Hotel Martinique.

One room, bath; well heated, electricity; southern exposure; maid service; between 42d and 59th Sts, just off 5th Av; references exchanged. C. P., 501, 5th Av., 17th floor.

Two sunny rooms, bath, electricity, parquet floors, elevator, kitchenette; by Oct. 1; 55th St. to 86th. E 191 Times.

Three rooms, bath, kitchenette or kitchen; parquet floor; modern, elevator; Oct. 1 or sooner; 57th St. to 84th. E 190 Times.

Married couple, 1 to 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, not exceeding $35 per month. R. I. L., 156 Times Harlem.

Young married couple, (Christians;) no children; want 2 rooms furnished, West side; state floor and price. R 187 Times.

Six-eight rooms, $2,400-$4,000; now or October; exclusive apartment. Plaza 4268.

Furnished.

Careful adults want well-located apartment; furnished, unfurnished. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 561 5th Av.

Dentist desires apartment, with or without living rooms; will lease. J 929 Times Harlem.

Four sunny rooms, kitchen, kitchenette, bath, elevator; Oct. 1. E 189 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

257TH ST. & LEXINGTON AV., (n. e. corner, Hotel Belmore.)—Exceptionally nice, light rooms with private baths, $10-$12 weekly.

297TH, 124 EAST.—Exceptionally large, airy rooms, attractively furnished; private bath; refined surroundings.

301TH, 45 EAST.—Large airy rooms; attractively furnished. Madison Square 4078.

357TH, 20 EAST.—Large front room, first floor; private house; electricity, bath; gentleman.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath, select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references. Mrs. E. Shaw, agent.

72D, 212 EAST.—Small room, $2; parlor, $3; large rooms, $4, $6, $8; newly renovated; respectable.

LEXINGTON AV., 791, (61st-62d.)—Large room with bath, in private house.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractively furnished rooms, near bath; phone; all conveniences.

MADISON AV., (88th St.)—Comfortable room, bath; gentleman; private family; references. Lenox 915.

MADISON AV., 735, (cor. 94th.)—Extra large room, private bath; also single rooms; electricity, gas. Ed. Krehl.

MADISON AV., 755, (66th.)—Attractive single rooms, $4; large room, $10; gentlemen.

West Side.

83D, 7 WEST.—Large room, beautifully furnished dressing room and lavatory.

107TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large room; high-class house; gentleman; references.

46TH, 50 WEST. (The Everton.)—Large rooms, one flight up, next to bath; electric light.

47TH, 100 West, (Raleigh Hall.)—Refined, comfortable residence for men; attractively furnished rooms $8.25 weekly up; free use tub, shower; with private bath $10.50.

49TH ST., 151 WEST.—Double room, private bath, abundance hot water; immaculate; $15.

49TH, 47 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, private baths, electricity, elevator; small rooms; references.

16 WEST 49TH ST.
LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; REFERENCES.

52D ST., 224 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Very large, nice room, suitable 1 or 2 men; elevator, telephone, electricity. Apt. 2.

56TH ST. AND 7TH AV.,
HOTEL GRENOBLE.

Single or en suite, with or without bath; all hotel conveniences; faultless service; special rates, $8 per week up for permanent guests; a few desirable large double rooms with private bath, $15 per week; parlor, bedroom, and bath, $20 per week.

61ST ST., 41 WEST (Apt. 4D.)—Nicely furnished rooms for rent; after 6.

68TH, 44 WEST.—Rooms with private bath, some kitchen privileges. Summer rates.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Attractively furnished double room; running water, electricity; also basement front.

69TH, 20 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable large and small rooms; electricity; every convenience.

69TH, 17 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds; running water, bath.

70TH, 40 WEST.—Large back parlor; private bath; front parlor, running water.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Desirable rooms, exclusive house; electricity; running water; breakfast; gentlemen; references.

71ST ST. (237 WEST END AVE.)—Superior rooms; transients accommodated. Telephone Columbus 9059.

71ST, 50 WEST.—DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH AND TOILET; SINGLE ROOM; SUMMER RATES.

71ST, 57 WEST.—Large, small, cool rooms, handsomely furnished; modern improvements; references.

71ST, 165 WEST.—Large rooms; comfort assured; refined people invited; convenient location.

71ST, 116 WEST.—Large room with private bath; smaller room; references.

72D ST., 301 WEST.—Attractively furnished suites, large rooms, with bath, small rooms with bath adjoining, at Summer rates. Telephone Columbus 1535.

72D, 122 WEST.—Elegantly furnished parlor; private bath; other rooms; Summer rates.

73D ST., WEST, (near Park).—Suite of two large, cool rooms with bath; newly furnished, $30; Summer rates; private residence; elevator. Telephone Columbus 8183.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large rooms, with or without private bath; references.

73D ST., WEST.—Single room, next bath, $7; private residence. Columbus 6153.

74TH, 41 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; BATH, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY.

74TH, 508 WEST.—Double room; three windows, overlooking Riverside mansion and Hudson; beautifully furnished; smaller room; absolutely first class.

74TH, 161 WEST.—Large bachelor room, private bath, electric light; private family; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, with, without private bath; board optional; table guests.

75TH, 2 WEST.—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ADJOINING BATH; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; $10.

75TH, 144 WEST.—Beautiful, large front room; electricity; single; running water; references.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Attractive second floor and extension tiled bath; other rooms; references.

76TH ST., (Near Riverside.)—One large, attractive room for gentleman in home of refined Christian family; board optional. Telephone 2175 Schuyler.

76TH, 305 West.—Exceptional rooms with or without private bath; electricity; private house.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large, desirable, cool room, bath adjoining; electric light; telephone.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Front second floor; private bath; electricity; medium and small room.

77TH, 112 WEST, (Near Park.)—Newly furnished rooms; electric lights; $3-$10; telephone.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Well-furnished large and small rooms; running water.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Comfortable front parlor, running water, electricity; select residence; $10; gentleman.

77TH, 140 WEST.—Attractive, large, small, with, without private bath; refined surroundings.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable large, light, airy rooms; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

78TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, bath; one flight; southern exposure; electricity; telephone.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Cheerful large rooms, bath adjoining; private house. Schuyler 4093.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Beautiful, large room in private house; references required.

79TH STREET, 118 WEST.
Large Room; Running Water.
Other Vacancies.

79TH ST., 216 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large room and bath; Summer rates.

79TH, (64 Riverside Drive.)—Spacious rooms, private baths; kitchenette privilege; $16, $18.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath; also single; electricity, telephone, references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Large, handsome, quiet room, adjoining bath; high-class private home.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful, large, small, cool rooms; private bath; electricity, telephone; references.

81ST, 39 WEST, (overlooking parks.)—Exceptionally large, breezy room; private bath, shower; electricity; modern home; maid service. Schuyler 10062.

81ST, 200 WEST.—Front rooms, $7-$8 week; phone; 1 flight. Bishop.

83D, 155 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, bath, electricity; private telephone; also other rooms.

83D, 133 WEST.—Second floor, beautifully furnished; bath; phone; other rooms; references.

83D, 1 WEST.—Large and small single rooms; business women. Janvrin.

84TH, 305 WEST.—LARGE FRONT PARLOR HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $10; OTHERS, $7-$6.

84TH ST., 50 WEST.—Large double room, twin beds; kitchenette privilege; telephone.

84TH, 320 WEST.—Light, attractive rooms; gentlemen. Cleveland, Schuyler 3810.

86TH, 101 WEST, (Apt. 5.)—Second floor; high-class house; attractive rooms.

86TH, 23 WEST.
Splendid large room, bath; appointments, service; surroundings high class; gentlemen; $40 monthly.

86TH, 159 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, adjoining bath; kitchenette privilege.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Attractive single rooms, $5-$6; private house.

87TH, 107 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room adjoining bath; electricity, every convenience.

88TH, 320 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms; all improvements; kitchen privileges.

92D, 70 WEST.—Cool, modern, furnished double, single rooms, baths; electricity.

93D ST., 676, (West End Av.)—Two large front rooms, bath adjoining; breakfast; gentlemen or couples; exclusive private house.

93D, 254 WEST.—Large front room; private family; also single room. River 9770.

93D, 259 WEST.—Attractive rooms; modern conveniences; near subway; Summer rates.

95TH, 330 WEST.—Desirable rooms, top floor; elevator apartment. Apt. 70.

97TH, 209 WEST. (Apt. 2D.)—Attractive front room; high-class apartment.

97TH, WEST.—Attractive home surrounding; one room, $7; gentleman; references. Riverside 6780, White.

99TH, 306 WEST, (near Drive).—Cool, large front room, high-class apartment; private family; subway bus; reference. 5-W.

101ST, (West End Av., 841, Apt. 1-E.)—Exceptionally attractive, medium outside room.

102D, 344 WEST.—Two single rooms, one double room, twin beds; handsome modern home; all conveniences; $7 to $12.

104TH, 312 WEST, (First Floor.)—Small, light room; kitchen privileges; ladies; references.

106TH, 61 WEST, (Apt. 2I.)—Elegant newly furnished room; elevator; private family. Braschi.

110TH ST., 200 WEST, (Block from Broadway.)—Single room; running water; business woman. Barnes.

112TH, 522 WEST.—Beautiful bedroom, kitchen privileges, $10. Poullor, Apt. 8, Cathedral 3878.

112TH, 542 WEST.—Superior home accommodations, one, two gentlemen. Apt. 3C, Cathedral 9085.

113TH, 346 WEST.—Large room, with dressing room and bath; also small room.

150TH, 160 WEST.—Beautifully furnished front room, for light housekeeping, with private family.

150TH, 371 WEST.—Parlor and alcove; also piano; corner room. McKenna.

142D, 605 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; elevator; overlooking Hudson. Scott.

150TH, 400 WEST.—Large room facing street; washroom adjoining. Apt. 65.

152D ST., (8,67 Broadway.)—Attractive large room, adjoining bath; lady; couple. Apartment 45.

152D, (8,686 Broadway.)—Clean, well-furnished, large room; running water; all conveniences.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room, bath, for one or two persons, twin beds, delightful view, overlooking park; refined family; no other rooms. Phone Schuyler 1972.

BEAUTIFUL room, private home; Riverside section; porch, lawn, etc.; near Van Cortland Park golf links. Telephone mornings, 174 Kingsbridge.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478. — Beautiful room, large kichenette; running water; convenient; $10. Wayard.

CONVENT AV., 439.—Large, well furnished room; one or two gentlemen; private house.

ONE OR TWO ROOMS or share modern apartment. Gentlewomen's Exchange, 561 5th Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92, (81st.)—Large cool rooms in refined modern house, newly furnished; also suite sublet for Summer.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near 84th.)—Single or large room, handsomely furnished. Schuyler 4290.

RIVERSIDE, 58.—Handsomely furnished, with private baths, showers; electric light; moderate.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, (corner 104th St.) —Rooms, with bath; single or in suites.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 666, (144th.)—Large outside cool room; private family. Apt. 25.

WEST END AV., (near 80th St.)—In high class apartment house, a suite of 2 rooms and one single room; very reasonable. Mera, Schuyler 9361.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Desirable large and small room, adjoining bath; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 524.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, suites, floors; light housekeeping; service.

WEST END AV., 844.—Select house, cool rooms; modern, furnished; private bath; electricity.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large airy front and alcove, $12. Phone 2697 Academy.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful, clean, cool rooms.

TWO OR THREE ROOMS, with use of bath; private house; furnished or unfurnished; very desirable location in West New York, N. J., overlooking the Hudson River, five minutes from West Shore Ferry. 341 21st St., West New York, N. J.

Long Island.

Sea Cliff, L. I.—For rent until Oct. 1, 1919, one to nine rooms of a handsome large house; extensive garden and grounds; 15 minutes' walk to station, 10 minutes to beach; all improvements; space for one car in garage. Particulars E. Jordan, Sea Cliff, L. I., Box 124; house located Glen and Roslyn Av.

Bronx.

MARION AV. 2,532, (Fordham.)—Large furnished room, convenient to "L" and subway; phone; references.

ROOMS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

One, two, light housekeeping, electricity, by business woman; convenient elevated. J 226 Times Harlem.

Furnished.

Bachelor would like to hear from somebody that has a well-furnished room and bath around Greenwich Village or 34th St. Answer by mail, Room 608, 47 West 34th St., New York City.

Gentleman desires furnished room, private family; permanent. A 219 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 215, (36th.)—Attractive rooms, table excellent; references.

West Side.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, excellent board, electricity. Summer rates.

50TH, 61 WEST.—Large cool rooms; electricity; private bath; with board.

58TH ST., 44 WEST.—Elegant large rooms; private baths; single room; excellent table.

66TH ST., 36 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms; excellent table; references.

72D, 216 WEST, (Riverside.)—Ideal Summer location; exclusive house; attractive, large room overlooking river, private bath; excellent table.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

72D, 207 WEST.—Southern house; cool double rooms; excellent table; table guests.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, parked street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; terraces and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 131 WEST.—Room with board, also table boarders, $8.00-$10.00 per week.

80TH, 142 WEST.—Suite, private bathroom; also single room; electricity, homelike; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graydon.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 5 WEST.—Desirable rooms, home meals; cool; convenient location; open all Summer.

86TH, 130 WEST.—Large and small rooms; home cooking; all accommodations; references.

87TH, 139 WEST.—Beautiful large front room; French cooking; homelike; reference.

88TH, 21 WEST.—Cool rooms, near park, "L"; excellent cuisine; table boarders.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsome suite, gentlemen or family. Columbia students; table guests.

107TH, 544 WEST.—"Audubon"; bright rooms, good board, $10 up. 2757 Audubon.

183D, 581 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Large room, running water, electricity; refined surroundings; Southern home table. Phone Audubon 4678.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 840.—Large cool rooms, running water, bath, shower, excellent board, $18-$17; two, $32-$30. Payne.

THE GRAYMORE,
46 Riverside Drive, Cor. 77th Street.
Cool rooms. Really exceptional table.
Schuyler 4868.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths; meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway.—Luxurious rooms with bath, catering, exclusive private house. D 276 Times.

Far Rockaway.—Splendid rooms with board, ideal location, select house. D 269 Times.

Richmond.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard; 30 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.; Lovely Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service, Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View; Weekly $11 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet. Tel. Tw. Under One Management.
TI CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Tuxedo Express, Erie R. R. to Woodbury Falls, Orange County, N. Y.; attractive, modern home; select. Mrs. P. M. Sargeant.

Westchester County.

MIDLAND INN, BRONXVILLE, N. Y.
Absolutely different; every advantage of mountains yet only 30 minutes out; dine outside under massive oaks; other exceptional features; table supplied from own farm. Write for rates. Phone Bronxville 257.

Bronxville—Can accommodate couple; private, modern home; all conveniences; 30 minutes Grand Central; excellent table; delightful surroundings. Phone 904 West Bronxville; also single room.

RESTHAVEN.—Invalids and elderly persons, beautiful location; $12 up weekly. 504 North Broadway, Yonkers. Phone 1964 Yonkers.

Elegant home opened to paying guests, nominal compensation. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 561 5th Av.

New York State.

Physical Culture Farm, simplicity, mountain resort for campers, health seekers; 1,000 acres, forest, springs, pure water, your own cooking; furnished room or tent, $7 up; references. Se-Kunna Villa, Hopewell Junction, New York.

In the Pines.—Attractical nurses has room for four convalescents; sunny front screened sleeping porch; half acre. Address Nerema, Brightwaters, L. I.

Excellent board at Rural Grove, Montgomery County; good roads; pleasant country home. Mrs. A. J. Pollock, Sprakers, N. Y.

Country location; children given educational advantages and best care during Summer. For rates apply 1042 Times Building. Phone Bryant 8960.

Shawangunk Mt. Regions.—Ideal spot for refined people; one mile from station; terms $12. Louis Westbrook, Kyserike, N. Y.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel, filled with New Yorkers; 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 and $45.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $54.
Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J. NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS.

Miscellaneous.

Will take Summer boarder at my beautiful farm home; good food and fine location; also private home for elderly people who are willing to pay for comfort. Garden Spot Table Water Co., Akron, Lancaster Co., Penn.

Room and board, by Jewish girl, employed; $11 weekly; permanent. D 456 Times Downtown.

Wanted, two rooms, kitchen privilege, house near beach, within commutation N. Y. L. A., 3,506 Broadway, Apt. 37.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—10 years' experience; excellent references; $24. C 745 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.—Banking, bookkeeping, desires position; several years' experience as head financial supervisor with large department store and wholesale grocers; also banking experience. J 919 Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER.—Gowns, coats; remodeling; $4 daily. Write Miss Hensley, 510 W. 124th.

EDITORIAL.—Young woman, college and library school training, excellent editorial experience with first-class periodical, desires periodical or publishing house position. R 63 Times.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.
Ambitious young woman of broad experience, business manager of magazine suspending publication, wishes managerial position or assistant to busy executive; experienced in sales letter, advertising and promotion work; competent stenographer; has had eight years' training in publishing field; refined, pleasing personality and excellent health; no objection to traveling or out of town; salary to start $2,500. Address R 61 Times.

LADY of refinement, ability, good appearance, outdoor position. Golden, 10 West 28th St.

MASSEUSE, licensed; lady patients. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J. Market 8275.

NURSE, graduate, laboratory experience, wishes position doctor's office. Telephone Murray Hill 6221 after 6 P. M.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, experienced, wishes position to one or two children. 967 West 161st. Apartment 5A. Audubon 9185.

NURSE, experienced, wishes position; two small children. Heleine, 139 East 96th.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Take charge of office; real assistant; intelligent, experienced; $25. D 288 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young woman out of town seeks high-grade New York connection; education; unusual experience manufacturing, sales promotion; invaluable to busy executive. Y 220 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, stenographer, refined American; 10 years' legal, brokerage experience; highest references; neat appearance; efficient; $30. B 772 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; CAPABLE HANDLING CORRESPONDENCE. A 556 TIMES ANNEX.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, intelligent, energetic, desires live position; $22. R 129 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, attractive personality, 8 years' technical experience, capable mastering technicalities grammatically; age 26; are above average; reliable, good correspondent; have brains; executive ability; not afraid work; $25. B 612 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, at present employed, desires position where only five days per week are required. J 912 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, young lady, 24, thoroughly experienced mining, brokerage, general, 6 years, desires position out West. D 467 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, conscientious, wants position commercial office; good experience; $25. D 478 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; references; American; $18-$20. E 425 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and business woman, experienced, desires position with advertising company. A 857 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, $18-$20; 3 years' experience. Sadie Wohlwerth, 978 East 165th.

STENOGRAPHER, ambitious and willing; beginner; Hebrew. J 935 Times Harlem.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR. Typist, General Assistant.—Five years' experience; excellent memory; nice voice; $12; references. B 657 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 3 years' central office experience, desires permanent position with New York concern; furnish best references. B 778 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants, 2,415 Broadway.

COLORED help, city, country references. Hope Agency, 132 Lenox Av. Harlem 6046.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, Merchants' and Manufacturers.—Soon you will be very busy, why wait; install now simplified accounting systems; let us save you worry and expense; we (two accountants) do the work ourselves and do not entrust to inefficient assistants; also periodical audits and advice on income tax; fees moderate. Y 203 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-ANALYST.—University graduate, 30, with legal training, firm grasp of income tax procedure, cost systems, audits, and industrial surveys; reports distinctive; requires responsible; salary $4000 monthly; available for interview July 19. B 486 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, cost and efficiency work specialty, long, varied experience with manufacturing, nearly two years with prominent C. P. A. firm as senior on important work, open for engagement. Executive, W 702 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER, SUPERINTENDENT, EXPERT SOLVING COMPLEX PROBLEMS, ABLE EXECUTIVE; AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY. J 913 TIMES HARLEM.

ACCOUNTANT & Auditor, systems, books opened, bookkeeping arrangements, tax reports prepared free for regular clients. F 1077 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeeper; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 128 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER, EFFICIENCY EXPERT. AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY; SALARY $5,000. J 901 TIMES HARLEM.

ACCOUNTANT, — Expert, books opened, closed, audited; systems installed; special bookkeeping accommodations, $2.50 weekly. Alpert-Sarasohn, Murray Hill 1191.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires steady position with C. P. A.; 1 year experience; employed at present; highest credentials. Write A 203 Times.

ACCOUNTING and auditing, bookkeeping arrangements, $10 monthly; satisfactory service; no assistants. Toll, 105 Chambers St. Telephone Worth 458.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, semi-senior, wishes certified connection; university graduate. E 196 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, books opened, closed, audited; systems installed; moderate fees. J. J. Marks, 25 St. Nicholas Av. 9186 Cathedral.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, audited, financial statements, system installed; moderate charges. B 627 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT wishes to work on spare time. S. G., Box 200 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Army officer, recently discharged, desires position with manufacturer; familiar with all forms of publicity, as head of advertising department for years previous to war; thoroughly familiar with buying of space and printed matter; interview requested. Address R 104 Times.

ADVERTISER.—Will advertise from my automobile, also give samples, &c., 1918 Ford touring, in and out of town; can give highest recommendations. What have you? B 280 Times.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.—Expert mechanic; understands production and office routine. S 242 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry typist, correspondent, cost accountant; 8 years' manufacturing experience, corporation controlling accounts, books balanced, financial statements rendered; bright penman; capable assuming entire charge; $200 highest credentials. B 611 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — (25;) accountancy school graduate; 4 years' bookkeeping and public accounting experience; stenographer-typist; $25. D 466 Times town.

BOOKKEEPER, 46, double entry; 25 years' experience, controlling accoun

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS,
WOMEN.

We need additional permanent workers as listed below; applicants must be over 18 years of age; vacation workers not accepted.

ORDER PICKERS
to assemble for shipment orders received by mail in our various wearing apparel departments.

PACKERS;
general wrapping and packing work in our merchandise departments; we will teach you how.

UTILITY WORKERS
to start in sorting orders in our shipping room; advancement rapid.

EXAMINERS
on new ready-to-wear merchandise; pleasant work.

EXPERIENCE
not needed, as we will train beginners.

PAY
$10 to start. [illegible]
Call at once.
THE
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
35 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRLS—SIX
young girls, nice appearance, about 17 years, for shipping department IN DRESS HOUSE; experience not necessary. APPLY ALL WEEK.
NAT GOLDSTON & CO.,
36 EAST 31ST ST.

GIRLS, OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE, TO LEARN PACKING FANCY PACKAGES OF CHOCOLATES; GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING; FINE OPPORTUNITY MAKE SUBSTANTIAL WAGES; STEADY WORK; HALF DAY SATURDAY ALL YEAR AROUND; EXCELLENT FACTORY ACCOMMODATIONS. APPLY H. GREEN-FIELD & SONS, 95 LORIMER ST., BROOKLYN.

GIRL about 16 to assist in filing letters, art drawings, &c.; she must have a good education and good health, be neat, a quick person and in her work; must have a plain, legible hand; a typist desired but not necessary; the right girl, ambitious and anxious to learn, can have a good position. Address, stating age, education, experience if any, religion, and salary desired. D 356 Times.

GIRLS.
Pleasant, new factory, up-to-date restaurant; hours, 7:30 to 5; 45 minutes lunch; Saturday noon; easy work at machine or light piecework.
BOEHLER DIE CASTING CO.,
Court and 9th St., Brooklyn.

GOOD DANCERS, refined, to teach officers and soldiers; communicate, giving phone number to Sixsmith, Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, L. I.

GOVERNESS OR MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; minister's family; two daughters, nine and thirteen, attend school; Winter Jersey suburb. Mrs. J. H. Robinson, Monument Av., Bennington, Vt.

GRAPHOTYPE operator, young woman, experienced on machines cutting addressograph plates. Apply McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St., 12th floor. Ask for Mrs. French.

GRAPHOTYPE OPERATOR, experienced, in large city bank; none but experienced woman need apply. G 704 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER, tactful, not afraid of hours, experienced in renting furnished apartments, capable assuming charge large elevator building, 2 rooms and good salary to efficient woman. Call 11-12, 241 West 40th.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, to go to country for Summer with two in family; good wages; no objection to a child. A 176 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white; no washings; two adults. Apt 1C, 101 West 86th.

INDEXER-CATALOGER
wanted to take charge of elaborate card system in large office; give fullest possible details as to experience, &c.; genuine opportunity for a person commanding initiative and resourcefulness. D 361 Times.

INSPECTORS,
with or without experience, for merchandise packing and shipping departments in our large mail order house. Apply mornings, Sellas Shoe Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Ferry.

KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM WORK.

The New York Telephone Company has openings for several women, 35 or under, for general work in their employes' lunch rooms; wages $15. Apply 58 West Houston St., or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

KITCHEN MAID, competent, wanted for immediate service in good family; Southampton, L. I.; $60 per month. Mr. Sanchez, 239 West 43d St., New York City, or telephone Bryant 1000.

LADY, middle-aged, refined; capable to help with twin girls year and a half old; seashore in September; good home and good salary to right party. Phone Stuyvesant 824, Oransky.

LADY TEACHER (English language) to instruct Japanese lady evenings. R 128 Times.

LEDGER CLERK.—State age, experience and salary. E 686 Times.

MAID to cook and help with housework in family of three; Hartsdale, N. Y.; state salary. A 183 Times.

MANICURES wanted who are skilled, rapid operators, with at least 3 years' experience. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d St.

MODELS,
SIZE 16 DRESS MODELS.
SIEGEL-LEVY CO.,
45 WEST 28TH.

MODELS,
experienced in coat house; bust 36; good pay; long season. Bernstein & Meyers, 151 West 26th.

MODEL SIZE 16
Attractive appearance, for large cloth and suit house; long season.
SAMUEL PRINTZ, 48 W. 25TH.

MODEL, SIZE 16; COATS AND SUITS; GOOD SALARY; STEADY POSITION; CALL ALL WEEK. SAM GOLDBERG & CO., 158 WEST 29TH ST.

MODELS.—Size 16-36, coat and suit house, closed Saturday and Sunday. M. Shidlovsky, 1,333 Broadway.

MODELS; stylist, 16 and 36; highest salary paid; long season; call all week. Julis Pollack, 40 West 25th St.

MODELS.—Perfect 42½; must have showroom experience; steady positions; salary no object. Gartner & Rosenblatt, 22 W. 32d.

MODEL, SIZE 36, FOR COATS AND SUITS; SALARY $35. SOL LEVINE & CO., 12 WEST 27TH.

MODEL, HEAD; GOOD PAY; STEADY POSITION. T. B. O'BRIEN, 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SUITS AND COATS; 16 AND 36; GOOD SALARY. STEADY POSITION. ROSENGARTEN, 31 EAST 31ST.

MODELS.—Several refined young ladies; coats, suits, and dresses. Apply all week, Room 814, Marbridge Bldg., 47 West 34th St.

MODEL.—A good-looking girl as model; steady work; size 36; typist preferred. Krieger's, 38 West 26th St.

MODELS, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16; CALL ALL WEEK. MILLAR, MANDEL & CO., 38 EAST 30TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
In showroom dress house; long season.
WINDSOR COSTUME, 35 EAST 33D.

MODEL—SIZE 16.
EXPERIENCED COSTUME HOUSE.
HAHN & BENJAMIN, 143 W. 29TH.

MODEL, 16 or 36; steady position; dress house. Feiler, 20 West 32d.

MODEL, 16 or 18, good salary. M. & S. Zucker, 32 East 31st.

MODELS, experienced, sizes 16 and 36. Wolff & Salisbury, 22 West 32d.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODELS.
LARGE DRESS HOUSE HAS IMMEDIATE POSITIONS FOR SEVERAL SIZE 16 MODELS; PERMANENT POSITION TO EXPERIENCED AND ATTRACTIVE YOUNG WOMEN.
C. H. D. ROBBINS CO.,
150 MADISON AV.

MODELS, (10.)
SIZE 36;
MUST BE TALL
AND GOOD LOOKING;
CLOSED SATURDAYS, LONG SEASON.
APPLY ALL WEEK,
NAT GOLDSTON,
36 EAST 31ST.

MODELS,
sizes, 16 and 18,
large dress house; permanent position; salary, $25-$35.
MARION DRESS CO.,
2 West 33D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
STYLISH MODELS WANTED BY PROMINENT MISSES' HOUSE; MUST HAVE SHOW ROOM EXPERIENCE.
GETSKAY & DANN,
3 EAST 28TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
GOOD SALARY; STEADY POSITION.
S. MILLER & SON,
127 WEST 20TH ST.

MODELS, (5,)
GOOD LOOKING, SIZE 16;
CLOSED SATURDAY; LONG SEASON.
APPLY ALL WEEK.
NAT GOLDSTON,
36 EAST 31ST.

MODELS, STYLISH.
Try on coats, size 16-36; GOOD SALARIES. PERMANENT POSITIONS. HARRIS COAT HOUSE, 1,115 Broadway.

MODELS, PERFECT 16,
FOR DRESS HOUSE.
Must be experienced; good salary; permanent position; fine openings to the right persons. Answer by letter, Box 106, 1619 St. James Bldg.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
DRESS MODELS.
MAJESTIC COSTUME CO.,
45 WEST 29TH.

MOON-HOPKINS billing machine operator wanted in leading wholesale silk house; must be accurate; good opportunity. Apply to A. S. Rosenthal & Co., 112 Madison Av.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR WANTED; STEADY POSITION TO THE RIGHT PARTY. SUITE 302, 72 TRINITY PLACE, NEAR RECTOR ST.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced, in large city bank; none but experienced woman need apply. G 705 Times Downtown.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR wanted; experienced only need apply. Magazine of Wall Street, 42 Broadway, N. Y. City. See Miss Rabin.

NURSE.—Graduate doctor's office; stenography, typewriting; excellent salary; also operating room nurse; $75; immediate. Home Bureau, 53 West 39th St.

NURSE GIRL (white) for 4-year-old boy; willing to assist with light housework; no washing. Mrs. J. C. Bresler, 600 West 157th St.

NURSES.—Undergraduates, general duty, $40; graduates, $65 and maintenance. Supt. of Nurses, Melrose 3285.

NURSE wanted; graduate, as night supervisor of St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, 277 Hicks St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT and Stenographer, with experience and ability; accurate and capable of handling details; experience with cotton converting business desirable. D. B., 802 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Splendid opportunity to learn facial treatment by young women of refinement. Mme. Berthe, 12 West 40th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady; must be neat and stylish; steady position. Stufer, 12 East 33d St.

OFFICE HELPER and file clerk, beginner. Barnes & Noble, 33 West 15th St.

OFFICE GIRL, typewriter; $10-12 start. Tatosian Bros., 13 East 43d.

OPERATORS WANTED.—EXPERIENCED BURROUGHS BOOKKEEPING MACHINE, ONLY THOSE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH BOOKKEEPING SYSTEMS AND MACHINE OPERATION NEED APPLY. GOOD PAY AND CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 54, NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

OPERATORS
ON DICTOPHONE
for large grocery concern.
GOOD CHANCE
FOR ADVANCEMENT.
State experience and salary expected:
W. R. R. Station R, Box 25.

OPERATOR, Elliott-Fisher billing machine, wanted by large corporation; must be educated and experienced; excellent chance for advancement; salary to start, $18. Kinnear, 7th Floor, 366 West Broadway.

OPERATORS AND EMBROIDERERS on children's dresses. Apply all week, Kay & Co., 956 East 224th St.

PACKER,
experienced, rapid, to make herself generally useful; good chance for advancement. Leo M. Cooper Co., 44 West 28th.

MODELS,
SIZE 16;
STYLISH MODELS;
PROMINENT CLOAK HOUSE;
LONG SEASON;
HIGHEST SALARIES.
APPLY ALL WEEK.
SINGER BROS.,
136 MADISON AV.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODELS, SIZE 18;
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES;
HIGH-CLASS DRESSES;
NO SATURDAY WORK.
M. & H. RENTNER,
2 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS—JUNIORS,
FOR COATS AND SUITS;
GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON.
APPLY ALL WEEK.
HARRY KITZINGER & CO.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
STYLISH AND ATTRACTIVE, TO TRY ON MISSES' COATS AND SUITS; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON; APPLY ALL WEEK.
HARRY KITZINGER & CO.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS.
Stylish young women as models in showroom of ladies' cloak and suit house; 36 bust; good salary and long season; five-day week.
FABER & HEIN,
38 EAST 32D ST.

MODELS, SIZES 16 TO 36
BY A DRESS HOUSE.
TALL AND STYLISH.
EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY.
OTTO B. SHULHOF & CO.,
136 MADISON AV.

SALESWOMEN.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY,
require the services of experienced Saleswomen for
SHOES,
LACES,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,
INFANTS' WEAR,
MISSES' SUITS,
BLOUSES.
These positions present exceptional opportunities with liberal salaries and commissions.
NO NIGHT WORK.
CLOSED SATURDAYS.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor

SALESLADY to sell toilet preparations in our store; no outside work or demonstrating; salary $12 to begin on; prefer tall young lady of good appearance. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

SALESLADIES with dry goods or cloak and suit experience; good salaries; apply all week. Joseph Achsan, 125 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES, experienced, to sell our new telephone intensifier "Baryphone"; salary and commission. Vollbehr & Brede, 111 West 42d St.

SALESLADIES, experienced, well appearing, for shirtwaist and underwear. Call after 3 P. M. Sylene Shop, 60 Nassau St.

SALESLADIES, $2.25 a day; no experience necessary. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SALES LEDGER CLERK or bookkeeper, typist; quick and accurate. A 205 Times.

SAMPLE GIRL, experienced on vellings, wanted. Call E. Jacob & Co., 85 5th Av., near 16th St.

SEAMSTRESS wanted, for nurses' home, 37 East 71st St.

SECRETARY.—Must understand French and English; shorthand essential; $25 start, excellent chance for advancement; hours 9 to 5:30. Call V. Vivaudou & Co., Inc., 418 W. 25th St.

SERVANT GIRL for general housework; three in family; 5-room apartment; good salary. Address 600 West 161st, Apt. 8-E.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced typist, rapid; acquainted clothing business preferred. A. Sherwin Bros., 715 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, FIRST-CLASS, experienced girl for secretarial and general office work; permanent position for right girl; BROOKLYN BUREAU AUTHORITY, 69 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn. See Mr. Hanigan.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced, reliable, capable of taking German dictation fluently and translating into best business English; full particulars stating salary expected, D 359 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; well educated and experienced, 20 to 28 years, by large Christian corporation; permanent, pleasant work; excellent opportunity; salary $18 to start. Kinnear, 7th floor, 200 West Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF SIMPLE BOOKKEEPING. MUST BE EFFICIENT. PERMANENT POSITION. I. LICHTENSTEIN, 785 5TH AV., BETWEEN 59TH AND 60TH.

STENOGRAPHER.—A desirable position, with excellent future, is open for young woman of refinement; one who is familiar with switchboard. Apply by letter or in person, Room 1,812, 299 Broadway. B 785 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, moderately experienced, for permanent, congenial position; experience with dictating machine desirable but not absolutely necessary; good penman. Call Room 1112, 1,540 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wanted in a first-class 5th Av. store; salary $20 per week, with good chance of advancement; address in own handwriting, giving full particulars; experience; must have first-class references. C 789 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, capable in shorthand and typing, with knowledge of single entry books, can find position in mercantile house; state experience and salary. Address A. H. & Co., 28 West 38th St.

STENOGRAPHER WITH BRAINS; intelligence more essential than experience; permanent position; excellent chance for advancement; airy, clean office. Apply in person, Suite 2303, Candler Bldg, morning.

STENOGRAPHER and Touch Typist wanted; the most competent obtainable for $20 a week; applications in writing may be presented personally. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, also typist only, wanted by downtown fire insurance company; short hours; permanent. Write, stating experience and salary. D 479 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in jewelry importing house; must be rapid and accurate; good salary; first-class references required. Do not apply unless fully qualified. R. S., 150 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, neat, intelligent, willing, good penman, moderate composition to start with assurance of advancement. Write to Room 236, 200 5th Av., with particulars and salary acceptable.

STENOGRAPHER; must be experienced, speed and accuracy; permanent position; good advancement. Apply Benford Mfg. Co., Pearl St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER in financial office of railroad company; in reply state education, experience, and salary expected. D 469 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of architectural iron work preferred. Apply Mr. Moroney, 118-120 5th Av., second floor.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, neat and experienced. Pennsylvania Rubber Co. of New York, 1,880 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in old established drug house; good position for competent girl. G 699 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, one experienced in the iron and steel line preferred. Call Greene Wolf Co., 20 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, with office experience. Wolf Manufacturing Co., 975 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of clerical work. Apply English Antique Co., 578 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER; one familiar with dictaphone work preferred. Apply Schwartz & Jaffe, 260 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in patent law office; bright beginner; high school graduate considered. Address D 432 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—State age, experience and salary. G 684 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, junior, wanted in law office. Apply Room 1,114, 175 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in law office. Apply Room 3,160, 120 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; Christian house. 150 East 54th.

STENOGRAPHER, permanent or substitute. Barnes & Noble, 33 West 15th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Office Workers.

Large Christian company has several openings in stenographic and clerical staff for competent young women.

The working conditions and surroundings are exceptionally good. There are opportunities for advancement.

The requirements are at least high school education, with enough experience to take and transcribe commercial dictation accurately and neatly, at fair rate of speed.

Write application letter, stating age, education, experience, and salary expected.

Personal interviews will be arranged with applicants whose letters indicate the qualifications desired.

Address: The Secretary,
OFFICE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE,
Room 1617, 25 Broad St.,
New York City.

STENOGRAPHERS.
BY NEWSPAPER; JUST ORGANIZING; MUST BE CAPABLE AND COMPETENT, QUICK THINKING, QUICK ACTING, AND ACCURATE; WE DO NOT WANT BUSINESS DILLETANTES; WE DO WANT PURPOSEFUL WOMEN WHO, THROUGH INTELLIGENCE, APPLICATION, AND INDUSTRY, WILL ADVANCE THEIR POSITION AND PAY; WE WANT WOMEN WHO, UNTIL WE ARE RUNNING SMOOTHLY ARE WILLING TO CHEERFULLY WORK OVERTIME, WHEN NECESSARY; PERMANENT POSITIONS AT GOOD SALARIES FOR THOSE DESCRIBED ABOVE; SECRETARIAL AND OTHER RESPONSIBLE EXECUTIVE POSITIONS AS CAPABILITIES ARE DEMONSTRATED. A 211 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER
with general office experience.
APPLY WANAMAKER'S
Employment Office.

STENOGRAPHER for permanent position by high-class firm; exceptional opportunity for intelligence and brains; rapid and accurate young lady; the starting salary is $20 with rapid advancement when merited; give full particulars about yourself when applying. A 213 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, by manufacturing corporation; resident of Harlem or lower Bronx preferred; answer in person or by letter, stating fully age, education, experience, and salary wanted. The John F. Allen Co., 370 Gerard Av., near Mott Av. subway station.

STENOGRAPHER
and general office assistant; must be experienced in women's wear manufacturing line; splendid opportunity for bright girl.
I. GINSBERG,
102 MADISON AV., AT 29TH.

STENOGRAPHER.—Able to take English and French dictation, and do secretarial work; most of the work will be in English; must be dependable, willing and refined. Write, stating age, salary, experience. Revillon Freres, 26 West 35th.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, EXPERIENCED IN NEW YORK LAW; KNOWLEDGE OF SIMPLE BOOKKEEPING; ANSWER IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 706 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced; good, permanent position for right party; prefer resident of Bronx. Answer, stating fully your experience. Give age, salary you have been earning and name references. Y 195 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—A New York Stock Exchange house desires the services of a stenographer with a knowledge of operating a switchboard to do substituting for a period of a few weeks. O 478 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted for uptown sales office of large manufacturing concern; excellent opportunity for bright young lady. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, salary. Address F 184 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER for permanent position in iron and steel business; education and ability essential; good opportunity for advancement; state attention, state salary. C 771 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS, permanent positions with downtown firm; pleasant work and pay according to ability; can use both beginners and experts; state age, religion, education, and references in reply. D 415 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly efficient and experienced; good salary to right party. Apply Empire Laboratory Supply, 218 East 57th.

STENOGRAPHER for French and English dictation; permanent position; wholesale dry goods house; apply, stating salary, nationality, and references. G. E., 408 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Substitute for two or three weeks in export dept.; must be thoroughly experienced. Chas. A. Schieren Co., 30 Ferry St., City.

STENOGRAPHER and Dictaphone Operator wanted, in N. Y. office of large importing and manufacturing company; state experience and salary expected. D 476 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator, thoroughly experienced; permanent position; give age, references, and salary required. G 669 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, in publishing house; good opportunity for well trained, intelligent girl who has had high school education; salary $15; give education, experience, and age. A 858 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. (English-German;) must be experienced; excellent opportunity; state reference and salary. A. L., 109 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE IN OFFICE OF COLLECTION AGENCY. PERMANENT RAPID ADVANCEMENT. A 215 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright girl, with some office experience, in advertising office of daily newspaper; salary $15. Apply Mr. C. O. Johnson, 2d floor, 229 West 43d St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in large fire insurance office; state experience, reference, and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 1072, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER; permanent position for experienced girl; large, pleasant offices; good salary. The Columbia Mills, Inc., 225 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, expert typist, over three years' experience, good advancement to young lady possessing ability and initiative; salary to start, $16. D 362 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, to assist office manager; good position to right party; call after 9:00 o'clock Thursday. F. F. Dalley Corp., Ltd., 16 East 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, steady position; $70 per month and luncheon. Apply Superintendent Post Graduate Hospital, 20th St. and 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typist (competent) to substitute in mercantile office for two weeks beginning July 21. Apply, stating full particulars. 459 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady wanted as substitute for six weeks; state experience and salary expected. E 460 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in office routine; state age, references, and salary expected. Manufacturer, Station G, Brooklyn N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, familiar with office detail; good opportunity for right party. Call Room 404, Produce Exchange.

STENOGRAPHERS, experienced, competent, accurate; permanent positions with good pay for right parties; state particulars. A 210 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Splendid opportunity for neat, accurate, intelligent stenographer, with some experience; state age, experience, and salary. R. B., 88 Time.

STENOGRAPHER, clean cut, rapid worker, for general office work; address, giving age, references, education, and experience. D 412 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced, in wholesale establishment; liberal salary; steady position to competent party; state experience. G 703 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in large mercantile establishment; must have experience and knowledge of general office work; good opportunity. A 194 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted; one who has had experience in export work preferred, but not necessary. Apply Biery Oil Company, Suite 495, 280 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for permanent position; must be experienced; when writing give details and salary desired. B 788 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, permanent position, good typist; hours, 10 to 4; Oliver machine. Wall Street Financial Bureau, 15 William St.

STENOGRAPHER, (Christian firm;) office worker; experienced, energetic; desirable position; 5th Av. and 35th St.; give particulars, religion. F. D., 226 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—At least three years' experience, rapid and possessing initiative. Apply 268 Pearl St., corner Fulton.

STENOGRAPHER,
office magazine publisher, one years' experience, McCall, 238 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER, bright and capable young lady; state reference and salary. N. A., 101 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, must be efficient and thoroughly experienced; state reference and salary. M. S., 103 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced; $18; permanent position. Florin, 405 Broome St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; fair salary. Apply Leslie Mark, 50 Bowery.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.

Large sales office needs a stenographer who has had about three years' experience in a manufacturing concern; good salary to qualified applicant; office hours, 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M., and 1 P. M. on Saturday. Apply to Mr. Rose, eighth floor, 1,780 Broadway, 57th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—American young lady; refined, efficient, with experience; permanent position; good salary; small office export firm. Write full particulars, Room 806, 140 Nassau St., give telephone.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Excellent opportunity; prefer that experience has been in contractor's or architect's office or familiarity with building material terms. State age and salary to start. Box 456 Times, 2 Rector.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, efficient stenographer wanted in law office; one experienced in law preferred; state age, experience, and salary. B 733 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER WANTED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; APPLY, STATING WHERE AND HOW LONG IN LAST POSITION AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 155 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—One who thoroughly understands filing and corporation work; an American; answer, giving references and salary; none but those who have had experience need apply. R 74 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, must be thoroughly experienced and capable of handling other office details; one familiar with machinery line preferred. P. O. Box 24, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHERS (6) with some experience; large perfume house; salary $16; good opportunity advancement; hours 9 to 5:30. Christian firm. Call V. Vivaudou & Co., 418 West 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian firm; Underwood machine; with some experience preferred; steady work; good opportunity for advancement; $15 start. Call or write Mr. Davis, ground floor, 424 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER. — CHRISTIAN FIRM WANTS YOUNG LADY WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE; SALARY $18; BROOKLYN OFFICE. CALL STERLING 1790.

STENOGRAPHER; a live wire; accurate, quick, and willing; must know how to operate switchboard; tell education, age, experience, and salary desired. Address Advertising Agency, A, 197 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, by insurance company; automobile liability experience preferred; no application considered unless age, experience, and salary expected are given. G 666 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, by educational institution; must be rapid, accurate, and high class; good opportunity for advancement; salary $18-$20. Write La Salle Extension University, 112 West 42d St., 5th floor.

STENOGRAPHER AND TELEPHONE GIRL WANTED BY N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE; EXPERIENCED; STATE SALARY EXPECTED; GIVE REFERENCES. G 700 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, CAPABLE OF HANDLING DETAIL WORK. ADDRESS McCONNELL PRINTING CO., 228 WILLIAM ST., CITY; VIEW DEPARTMENT.

STENOGRAPHER.—Temporary position of three to four weeks open for experienced stenographer, familiar with export business. Apply to Henry F. Nielsen, 15 Whitehall St.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; bright, neat and rapid touch typist; excellent opportunity for advancement. Room 758 Woolworth Building.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Must be efficient and have export experience; knowledge of billing an advantage; state salary desired. E 750 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING, FOR FUR HOUSE. EXPERIENCE PREFERRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL. A 159 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in law office; excellent opportunity. Apply Room 900, Times Building.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat, capable, refined. U. S. Rubber Co., 1790 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced; must be rapid worker; $18 to start. Ernest Sobel Co., 38 Worth St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced Underwood operator; salary, $18. Write G. B., 35 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in Italian for large export house; good pay to competent party; write, G 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, shipbroker's office; immediate employment; $18-$20. Apply Room 1,022, 8 Bridge St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in law office; $18; Room 1000, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in office work. Apply after 10, Room 4, Shubert Theatre Building, 223 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Underwood operator; assistant in export office; state age, reference; salary, $18. G 693 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in real estate office; must be quick and accurate; salary, $25. Call at 162 Remsen St., B'klyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Quick, accurate, experienced; good personality. Call, with references, 43 East 19th St., fourth floor.

STENOGRAPHER for export house; permanent if competent; salary $15. G 698 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; large industrial concern; permanent position; $22 per week. Room 616, 30 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER, substitute, July 21 to Aug. 18; $25 weekly. Call immediately, Room 706, 84 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted by export house; state experience and salary. G 696 Times Downtown.

STOCK GIRL.
Wholesale dress manufacturing house; only thoroughly experienced need apply; state references, salary. Box 23, 1619 St. James Bldg.

STOCK CLERK to learn book business; high school graduate preferred. Barnes & Noble, 33 West 15th St.

SUPERINTENDENT, with experience in bookkeeping, preferably with knowledge of stenography, for private institution; state qualifications, salary required. D 328 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, permanent position; willing to take beginner, but must be bright and willing; reference required. G 667 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced; $15 per week; state experience. L. F., 172 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS
ARE WANTED AT THE
HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA,
THE LARGEST HOTEL IN THE WORLD.

Service conditions are the finest that could be desired; good pay; large, light, airy workrooms, pleasant rest parlors, and other conveniences; we want only those who are willing to co-operate with us in maintaining the finest service; for those who are willing to help us this excellent position is a prospect; bring this advertisement with you and apply today to Mr. Smith, Employment Manager.

ENTRANCE ON 33D ST.
BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, refined, in busy law office; state age, salary, and references. G 702 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, by large downtown Christian corporation; give qualifications, sending picture if possible. G 671 Times Downtown.

TWO WHITE GIRLS to do cooking, laundry, &c., small family, small house, summer, Spring Lake. Call Penn. 203 West 81st.

TYPIST, WITH TABULATING AND WIDE CARRIAGE MACHINE EXPERIENCE. WRITE, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. NO BEGINNERS. PERMANENT POSITION WITH ADVANCEMENT FOR AMBITIOUS YOUNG WOMAN. A 146 TIMES.

TYPIST for permanent position by high-class firm; exceptional opportunity for intelligent, rapid, and accurate young lady; $15 to start with; advancement when ability is demonstrated; give full particulars about yourself when applying. A 214 Times.

TYPIST, with knowledge of stenography preferable. Underwood machine; publishing house; good opportunity for bright girl; state age, experience and salary expected. A 178 Times.

TYPIST, accurate, familiar or willing to learn to operate dictating machine; high school education; light, airy office, opposite City Hall; state age, salary. B 791 Times Downtown.

TYPIST wanted by a large fire insurance office; a typist with experience in writing fire insurance policies; state experience, references and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 1072, City Hall Station.

TYPIST, rapid, to transcribe from dictating machine; experience not necessary; start $13. Edward C. Barnes & Bros., 114 Liberty St.

TYPISTS, experienced at filling in letters; work must be neat and accurate; permanent position to those who qualify; piece work; good pay. 16 West 23d.

TYPIST AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Bright, neat, rapid operator; state age, experience, salary. Box A, B., 104 East 14th St.

TYPIST for downtown bank; familiar with mimeograph; preference given one with knowledge of stenography; reply with details as to experience. B 790 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPISTS.

HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA,
33D ST. AND 7TH AV.,
REQUIRES A COMPETENT TYPIST FAMILIAR WITH FILING. APPLY OR WRITE MR. SMITH, EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.

TYPISTS.
Congenial surroundings and a good opportunity for advancement to higher positions are offered several experienced typists by a banking institution in Wall Street. For interview address
"I. V.," P. O. BOX 822,
CITY HALL STATION, CITY.

TYPIST, YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNER. LIGHT WORK. PERFECTION RADIATOR CO., 706 10TH AV.

TYPIST in large corporation; permanent position; state age, experience and salary. E 463 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, experienced; must be quick and accurate. Apply Morris Plan Co., 1 Union Square.

TYPIST, Office Assistant; part time. Prof. Rohrer's Beauty School, 110 West 42d.

WANTED
a capable and well-educated woman, competent to interview men of affairs, to assist financial campaign of well-established and worthy patriotic organization; particulars as to experience and highest references required. B 781 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS to take charge of doctors' dining room; board and laundry; live out. Apply Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

WAITRESS for woman's club; experienced worker; sleep out. 133 East 40th.

WAITRESSES, experienced; good salary. Apply the Chalfonte, 2,601 Broadway.

WE WILL TEACH
YOU A
PROFESSION
that pays as well as
STENOGRAPHY
and we will pay you while learning $12 per week, and we will pay you
OVER $900
THE FIRST YEAR.
Apply Week Days
NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.,
MANHATTAN
58 West Houston St.,
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
BRONX
453 East Tremont Av.,
12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN
81 Willoughby St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,836 Broadway, 12 M. to 9 P. M.

WOMEN in each city near New York to represent reliable, high-class investment house; must be educated, refined, convincing talkers, with large acquaintance; no business experience necessary; we teach you; commission; upwards of $100 weekly can be earned by exceptional women with good personality; references required; write for interview. S 238 Times.

WOMAN to relieve laundry matron for one month, $75 month, room and board. Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

YOUNG WOMEN,
17 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE,
TO BECOME
LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; $12 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING. PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH SICK BENEFITS, PENSIONS, ETC. APPLY IN PERSON BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 5 P. M., OR BY LETTER TO
MRS. WADSWORTH,
ROOM 830, 24 LISPENARD ST.,
NEAR CANAL STREET AND BROADWAY.
THE AMERICAN
TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

YOUNG LADIES
MUST BE SIZE 36,
to try on factory samples for high class waist house. Year round position, (no season.) GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY. BEERMAN & FRANK, 36 EAST 31ST, NEAR 4TH AV.

YOUNG LADY, UNDERSTANDING FRENCH, OF GOOD APPEARANCE, CAPABLE SELECTING GOWNS, &C., FOR HIGH CLASS PRIVATE DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT; PERMANENT POSITION TO AMBITIOUS, WILLING WORKER; STATE PARTICULARS, SALARY WILLING TO START; CONFIDENTIAL. O 107 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY
18-22 for

Classified Advertising Rates
The New York Times

	Per Agate Line.
Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	
Agents Wanted (Sunday 50c)	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	47c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 35c)	35c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Country Board	40c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 35c)	35c
For Sale (Sunday 35c)	35c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	40c
Lost and Found (Sunday 35c)	35c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 35c)	35c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	47c
Situations Wanted	20c

	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 15c)	10c
Buyers Wanted	10c

Rates of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money by means of a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DESIGNER

of ladies coats and suits.

One of the largest manufacturers of ladies' coats and wraps in this city is seeking a designer for employment from October 15.

To qualify the applicant must possess the highest order of originality and creative ability which he has successfully applied throughout his past experience.

The position offers a liberal salary to start, and the possibilities for advancement are only limited by the capabilities of the man.

Applications are invited by letter, giving fullest details, and assurance is given that all communications will be held in the strictest confidence. Address P. O. Box 79, Madison Square Station.

DESIGNERS AND MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.—Bethlehem Steel Company have several permanent positions open for first-class designers and mechanical draftsmen on hydraulic presses and machinery, rolling mills and machine shop work. Only men who can deliver the goods should apply, giving age, experience and salary expected, to H. H. Hommel, Bethlehem Steel Company, Bethlehem, Penna.

DESIGNER

OF BOYS' ROMPERS AND PLAY SUITS WANTED BY PROMINENT CONCERN. APPLICANTS MUST BE CAPABLE; STATE EXPERIENCE, PREVIOUS CONNECTIONS, AND SALARY EXPECTED; APPOINTMENT FOR INTERVIEW WILL FOLLOW. P. S., 45 TIMES.

DESIGNER, cutter, and all-around inside coat, unarmed on ladies' muslin underwear; capable of taking full charge of factory; good proposition for right party. Progressive Underwear Co., 149 Spring St.

DESIGNER, for interior decorating; state salary and past employment. A 152 Times.

DESIGNER, fine diamond jewelry; experienced man; steady job. Walter P. McTeigue, Inc., 63 West 45th St.

DRAFTSMEN.—Position open for a number of experienced draftsmen and detailers on apparatus or automatic machinery. Apply by letter only, stating age, experience, and salary. Sprague Hammer Mfg. Co., 144th St. and Southern Boulevard.

DRAFTSMEN.

If you have at least seven years' MARINE ENGINE DRAFTSMAN experience we can use one in New York City.

R. M., 347 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMAN Wanted.—Experienced detailer on panel boards and switchboards; good opportunity for ambitious man; state salary and experience. Neylic Switchboard Co., 480 East 132d St.

DRAFTSMAN,

experienced on tools; also bright beginner for trading; state particulars and salary expected. A 'Times' downtown.

DRAFTSMAN—Mechanical, with some electrical knowledge; permanent position for right man. Apply for Mr. Miller, Efficiency Electric Corp., 124 White St.

DRAFTSMEN, experienced, for detail work on gas engine. Apply Mr. Rust, Biddle Motor Car Co., 1 West 145th.

DRAFTSMAN wanted in building line; temporary position. Barney-Ahlers Const. Co., 116 West 40th St., Room 1103.

DRAUGHTSMAN, experienced, tenement house work. Goldner & Goldberg, 301 East 149th St.

DRAFTSMEN, technical, motor truck experience. Call 8:30 A. M., Mr. Prins, I. M. Co., 253 West 64th St.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS

are wanted at the HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA, largest hotel in the world.

Service conditions are the best that could be desired. We want only those who are willing to co-operate with us in maintaining the utmost service. For those willing to maintain this standard there are places for work in our organization. Bring this advertisement with you and apply today to Mr. Smith, employment manager.

ENTRANCE ON 33D ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.

ENGRAVER AND DIE SINKER; GOOD MAN FOR BRASS STAMPS AND EMBOSSING DIES; ABLE TO LAY DOWN OWN HOURS; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, &c. "ENGRAVER," P. O. 48, LONG ISLAND CITY.

ENGINEERS.

HERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY TO FOLLOW THE BUSINESS END OF ENGINEERING. IF YOU ARE A GRADUATE ENGINEER AND HAVE SEEN "THE ENGINEER" EXPERIENCE IN A MACHINE SHOP OR ON THE BOARD WITH SOME MACHINERY MANUFACTURING COMPANY YOU MAY BE INTERESTED.

THE POSITION IS OPEN IN OUR SALES DEPARTMENT FOR SEVERAL MEN WHO HAVE ENGINEERING AND DESIGN ABILITY TO DEVELOP SALES ENGINEERS. PREVIOUS SALES EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY, BUT YOU MUST HAVE SALES ABILITY WHICH CAN BE DEVELOPED.

THE WORK INCLUDES ALL INDUSTRIES. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT SALES AND ENGINEERING EXPERIENCE. SALARY COMMENSURATE WITH YOUR ABILITY.

AGE, TWENTY-FOUR TO THIRTY-TWO. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY. INTERVIEW WILL BE GRANTED LATER. A PHOTOGRAPH MAY ASSIST YOU IN LANDING JOB. PHOTOGRAPHS WILL BE RETURNED. ALL APPLICATIONS CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL.

GENERAL APPLICATION DEPARTMENT, HYATT ROLLER BEARING COMPANY, METROPOLITAN TOWER, NEW YORK CITY.

ENTRY CLERK, EXPERT, TAKING CHARGES FROM CALLER. ADDRESS ENTRY BOX 139, MADISON SQUARE.

ESTIMATOR.—WANTED, CAPABLE YOUNG MAN WITH THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF APPLYING INSULATING MATERIALS; MUST BE CAPABLE OF READING BLUEPRINTS; GOOD PROSPECTS TO RIGHT MAN; APPLY BY LETTER, WITH FULL DETAILS OF PAST EXPERIENCE. H 99 TIMES.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT WANTED. We want to employ the best factory superintendent in the United States; a man preferably who has had experience in the macaroni business. We want a man with a good record, who is efficient, honest, has "pep" and capable in every way to take entire charge of the manufacturing end of our factory. To the right man we can make a good proposition and will guarantee his future on this being his last connection and absolutely permanent. All applications will be treated strictly confidential. Give age, where employed, nationality, past record and complete information. Write J. D. Kennedy, General Manager, Skinner Manufacturing Company, 14th and Jackson Streets, Omaha, U. S. A.

FACTORY MAN.—Large knitting mill, opening up new factory out of town, requires the service of a thoroughly experienced factory man, and expert mechanic; one who is capable of taking full charge, and has held similar position before; must understand perfectly the manufacture of knitted Jersey cloth, tricolette, and sweaters, and bathing suits; liberal salary paid, and interest in business offered to right man. B 110 Times.

FREIGHT CLERK

in large cotton converting house to take care of freight records; must be familiar with freight rates; one who has had previous experience with railroad companies preferred; apply by letter, stating reference, salary and experience, to Mr. Marcus, care M. Lowenstein & Sons, 40 W. 23d.

FRENCH TRANSLATOR.

Good typist, born abroad; high school graduate with technical schooling preferred, wanted to assist engineering export advertising; young man, 18 to 25 years of age, are invited to give detailed information regarding schooling, experience, salary, age and place of birth; good future for hard worker and no clock watcher. J. B. 330 Times.

GARAGE MANAGER, competent, for private garage of wholesale house. Answer, stating experience and salary expected, D 122 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

GARAGE MANAGER wanted for high-class garage; capacity over 200 cars; to one of large experience we can offer very attractive proposition; apply by letter giving full details as to qualifications, length of service and references; all applications will be treated strictly confidential. Apply Box A 312 Times.

IMPORTS OF CHINESE PRODUCTS.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY, WITH LIBERAL REMUNERATION, FOR EXPERIENCED TRADER TO CREATE DEPARTMENT IN NEW YORK OFFICE OF WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION, WITH BRANCH OFFICES IN SHANGHAI AND LIVERPOOL. REPLY, WITH PARTICULARS, IN STRICT CONFIDENCE, B 767 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ITALIAN TRANSLATOR,

good typist, born abroad, high school graduate with technical schooling preferred, wanted to learn engineering export advertising; young men, 18 to 25 years of age, are invited to give detailed information regarding schooling, experience, salary, age, and place of birth; good future for hard worker and no clock watcher. J. D., 330 Times.

JAPAN SHOP FOREMAN.

Man accustomed to high class japan and decorating work with modern methods; must possess executive ability and be able to handle help and get results; permanent position in large manufacturing plant near New York City; answer, giving age, nationality, experience, and salary expected.

R. F., 900 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

JEWELER WANTED; HIGH-CLASS MAN ON FINE PLATINUM JEWELRY; GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK. CALL CARTIER, 2 EAST 52D ST.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced, to handle 2,000 accounts; salary $20; understand trial balance and controlling accounts. Box A 216 Times.

LINOTYPE MAN who wants spend month or two in delightful mountain city and have newspaper work while there; railroad fare paid one way. Address Bradford Era, Bradford, Penn.

MANAGER UNDERWEAR FACTORY.

Future offered to young man able to supervise operators, cutters and contractors. Must be good mathematician and well recommended. State age, entire experience and salary expected. A 201 Times.

MAN, COMPETENT, EFFICIENT, WITH KNOWLEDGE MEN OF AFFAIRS, who is able to manage personal approach and correspondence financial campaign of successful, well-established, worthy, patriotic organization; must submit highest credentials. B 782 Times Downtown.

MAN.—AN OPPORTUNITY AWAITS A COMPETENT, EFFICIENT MAN, ABLE TO TAKE CHARGE OF CORRESPONDENCE AND ORDER DEPARTMENT WITH IMPORTANT SILK FIRM; MUST BE A MASTER OF DETAILS. WRITE FULLY AND STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. T 5 TIMES.

MAN.—Straw hat, as assistant to manager in large and well-known factory; must be familiar with all kinds of braids, body, and ladies' hats; must be experienced in all manufacturing processes. Address, stating age and salary wanted. Y 214 Times Annex.

MAN, EXPERIENCED, WANTED TO TAKE CHARGE OF CONTRACTORS FOR A SEPARATE SKIRT HOUSE; MEN WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THIS KIND OF WORK AND BEST REFERENCES ONLY NEED APPLY. WRITE BOX A 217 TIMES.

MAN WANTED by large Stock Exchange house; experienced, to take charge of Margin Department; must be familiar with wire business. Reply by letter only to S. C. Box 71, United Exchange Bank (Room 307).

MAN.—Wanted, an experienced man to direct the manufacture of high-grade platinum jewelry for a Chicago concern; state experience and where employed, also particulars; best references required. D 329 Times.

MAN.—Wanted in subscription department of a monthly magazine, man with some experience; excellent opportunity for the right man. Address, giving previous connections, A 265 Times Annex.

MAN.—Educated man as collection correspondent in publishing house; preferably with stenography or typewriting experience. State salary and full details. Box 261, Station F.

MAN, first class, for detailing and stock billing; modern furniture factory making high-grade cabinet work, interiors and commercial fixtures. "Stocks," 171 Times.

MECHANIC.—Electrical; winding experience necessary; experimental work; permanent position. Efficiency Electric Corporation, 124 White St.

MEN without previous insurance experience who have the courage and ambition to succeed can find the big opportunity they desire by connecting with The Travelers Insurance Company. We have men connected with us making large sums of money, without any investment on their part, who up to a short time ago were working in some mercantile line on a limited salary. Beginners will receive thorough instructions. We offer a commission contract which will enable a man to build up a nice income for years to come. Call mornings, 161 West 125th St., Room 4.

MEN OF ABILITY.

Salesmen for sale of investment securities; exceptional opportunity offered for men who have selling ability, combined with ambition, tact, and aggression; permanent position and ample compensation on commission for the considerations and thorough man. B. Dewstow & Co., 4th floor, 509 5th Av.

METALLURGICAL CHEMIST, a technical school graduate, with experience, preferably with high-grade Oxweld acetylene and electrical welding experience. Answer, giving experience and salary expected, Y 176 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

NEWSPAPER.

New daily, just organizing, wants circulation manager; one with successful experience securing out-of-town subscriptions for either news or trade paper preferred; we want a wideawake, alert, active, aggressive man who occasionally has original, practical, profitable ideas; one who through application and perseverance can get and hold circulation; right man will find permanent, lucrative position; in confidence give such information as should interest us. A 209 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER

AND

EXECUTIVE

HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF COST SYSTEMS AND CREDITS WANTED BY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN.

OPPORTUNITY FOR THE PROPER PARTY. ALL REPLIES HELD ABSOLUTELY CONFIDENTIAL.

Y 210 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced young man who can operate typewriter and has knowledge of bookkeeping; state age, experience, nationality and salary expected. D 420 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—High school graduate; knowledge of bookkeeping and typist. A 124 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted by import house. Apply by letter, 44 96 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in insurance company's office. Room 407, 100 William St.

ORDER CHECKER, drugs and chemicals, experienced; also shipping clerk; state age, experience, and salary expected. P. N., 876 Times Downtown.

PACKER, EXPERIENCED IN WHOLESALE LINE OF NOTIONS AND HOLIDAY NOVELTIES, ONE WHO CAN TAKE CHARGE OF OTHER PACKERS; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. WHOLESALE, 236 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PACKER, UNDERSTAND PACKING HOLIDAY ARTICLES, ADDRESS PACKER, BOX 139, MADISON SQUARE.

PACKERS to wrap express and parcel post packages; steady position; give age and references; $15-$17 to start. A 233 Times.

PACKERS Wanted—Experienced sleak and suit packers in shipping department. M. W. Hart, 106 West 27th St.

PAINTER by week for steady work; only serious, willing worker need apply. Mary Elisabeth Tearoom, 302 5th Av.

PHYSICIAN wanted for G. U. office in Pittsburgh, Penn., with Penn. license; good habits required; steady position; good income from the start, with rapid advancement for the right man. Call Penna Hotel, 11th St. and 7th Av., New York, Thursday or Friday, and ask for Mr. Schwartzenberg.

PRINTERS on gas light papers; good pay, steady positions. Apeda Studio, 212 West 46th.

PRIVATE DETECTIVE, part evenings; must be good dancer; state experience. D 273 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT.

Large manufacturing concern in Jersey City is in need of an assistant to the purchasing agent; must be experienced in purchasing factory supplies such as hardware, pipe fittings, electrical material, &c.; good correspondent; state age, nationality, experience and salary expected. Write Purchasing Agent, care Greeley Advertising Agency, Inc., 110 West 34th St., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

RUNNER.—A New York Stock Exchange house wishes to engage the services of a young man about 18 years of age to act as runner. Must have highest references. D 477 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

Any man between 25 and 45 years of age, of good personality, who has a clean record, and who is making less than $100 weekly, who desires a permanent connection with a responsible firm that is expanding rapidly; call between 10 and 12, 2 and 4 Thursday or Friday.

We are underwriters, furnishing capital to large and important corporations and have a business which will pay the right man from $150 to $200 commissions weekly.

I. B. NOLL & COMPANY,

170 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

3RD ST. AND BROADWAY,

require the services of experienced

SALESMEN FOR FURNITURE.

Apply Employment Office, 9th floor.

SALESMEN.—THE SCHULTE'S CIGAR STORES REQUIRE A LIMITED NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED RETAIL CIGAR SALESMEN; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES TO THOSE WHO ARE ANXIOUS TO ADVANCE; SALARY AND COMMISSION. APPLY DAILY, BETWEEN 8:30 AND 12 NOON, EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 366 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN.

Automobile commercial body salesmen; men with acquaintance among Ford dealers given preference; commission only; we are manufacturers, with completely equipped local factory.

BROOKLYN COMMERCIAL BODY CO., AVS. H & E, 57TH ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN,

STOCK

High-class men of distinctive personality to offer the common stock of a going local corporation manufacturing the very best dyes known to the world; the proposition will attract the better class as the dye industry is the coming big industry in America; permanent executive connection to those who establish satisfactory record; commission only. Apply with credentials, B 276, 1,834 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Now that the treaty is signed, our factory will soon be completed. Already the demand has increased; we require men who are clean-cut, honest and capable of securing results; to call upon responsible people; large commissions; permanent position with good salary if you can qualify. New York Times, WAR VOLUMES DEPT., 215 West 43d St.

SALESMAN.—An opportunity for a salesman with a punch, initiative, and personality who carries with him the courage of his conviction and can present in a convincing, intelligent, and honest manner the securities which we offer; preferably insurance; not only large remuneration but the chance for rapid promotion; commission. Call after 10 A. M., Room 1707, 32 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for two more experienced real estate salesmen to sell high-class property in one of New York's finest suburbs; only those with good record need apply; references will be required; with good following; state past selling experience, and what property you have handled; exceptional opportunity for those who can qualify; salary or commission. Write H. W. F., 450 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Traveling, calling on wholesale and retail bakers, and confectioners, to sell our line of machinery; must be acquainted with candy and ice cream manufacturers, to handle our complete line of U. S. certified food colors, as a side line. Unusual opportunity; liberal commission; all territories open. Apply sales manager, W. H. Long & Co., 244 Canal St., New York.

SALESMAN.—If you have never sold securities, it is easy to learn. Show a man that his money is safe and that it will yield good dividends, and he will buy. The security we sell is of a financial institution established more than two years and having paid regularly dividends. Commission. Call R. H. S., 160 Metropolitan Bldg., N. Y., or 1101 Firemen's Insurance Bldg., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN to sell retail grocery trade well-established high-class specialty; splendid opportunity for hard-working salesman to connect with growing concern; quick advancement for man showing results; state references, salary expected to start. B 764 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, to sell imported nuts, sardines, olive oil, &c., to the wholesale grocery trade; state age, experience, references, and salary expected; permanent position for the right man. Address G 681 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell advertising material and services to all kinds of lines, including banks and trust companies; commission $500 up monthly; one with with us 19 years, another 15. Address Permanent, G 683 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN. — Five advertising specialty salesmen for window display article you've often seen and thought must be a big seller. It is. Sells to all dealers. Each line gives you 25 commission and repeat on supplies. Drop line for particulars, giving phone. R 102 Times.

SALESMEN Wanted—Factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; guaranteed commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers, few spots left. Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 213 West 40th St., New York.

SALESMAN wanted by manufacturer to take care of distributers and jobbers of a well known high-class Household appliance for the Eastern States; give particulars of previous experience; excellent opportunity for hustler and organizer; salary and commission. A 189 Times.

SALESMAN, commercial paper, well acquainted in banking circles throughout the country, unmarried; state age, experience, and salary or commission expected; replies will be considered as strictly confidential. Y 193 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, stock; best proposition in New York; $150 a week in commissions. Suite 216, 206 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—If you have selling ability why waste time on small propositions when you can make $10,000 yearly commissions selling our factory rebuilt tires. Call Apex Tire & Rubber Co., 1,473 Broadway.

SALESMAN with some experience to sell industrial real estate; liberal contract on salary and commission basis with right party. Charles P. Gillen & Co., 828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN wanted for all territories to carry line of silk skirts as side line, commission basis. Post Skirt Co., 47 East 25th St.

SALES MANAGER familiar with sale of oil stock or leases by mail, and salesmen; salary or interest; new company; state experience. D 332 Times.

SALESMEN.—Largest manufacturer of popular price exhibitors wash dresses are open to receive applications for their 1920 Spring line; commission basis. A 101 Times.

SALESMAN.—Soaps, scouring powders, &c., acquainted with hotel, institution trade; commission; good future to right man. H 96 Times.

SALESMAN to call on shoe and novelty trade with side line of imported moccasin house slippers; commission. A 136 Times.

SALESMAN calling on cutting-up trade with line of small wares and buttons; salary and commission. A 137 Times.

SALESMAN to call on toy and novelty trade with novelty line of imported India bark canoes; commission. A 138 Times.

SALESMEN, stock; Ohio rubber corporation; attractive proposition; commission. 46 West 24th St., Room 801.

SALESMAN wanted for partition and office equipment; salary and commission. Call 271 Bowery.

SALESMAN, shoe, traveling, well-established trade in Brooklyn; state particulars, previous experience. G 693 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell advertising material and services to all kinds of lines, including banks and trust companies; commission $500 up monthly; one with with us 19 years, another 15. Address Permanent, G 683 Times Downtown.

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STOCK CLERK, assistant for baking factory, with experience. Call Cushman's Sons Employment Office, 71 Lawrence St., corner 127th St. and Amsterdam Av.

STOCK CLERK for furniture house; one who can keep records; state age, experience, and salary. A 97 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN, (10,) telephone experience; salary and commission; no oil or mining stock. 132 Nassau St., Room 1222.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted for out-of-town work; commission. Apply to Chas. B. Behr, Room 1507, Hotel Penn.

SUPERINTENDENT.—On brass and steel stamp and spun chandelier trimmings; must give good references. D 465 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—Experienced man, familiar with express, railroad, and steamer shipping, will find good opportunity with large drug house. A 164 Times.

TYPIST and clerk wanted by large corporation; young man, with experience in typing monthly reports and general clerical work. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary. D 338 Times.

WOODWORKER who can run hand and circular saws for toy factory. U. S. Toy and Novelty Co., 176 Wooster St.

YOUNG MAN to do typing in hotel office and make change; write or telephone to H. Latz, Alamac Hotel, Mt. Arlington, N. J. Telephone 137 Hopatcong.

YOUNG MAN wanted for stock room work in artist material house; salary $12 per week. Apply 9 to 11 A. M., Mr. Sharp, 31 East 17th St.

YOUNG MEN to place stock and pick out orders; desirable position; advancement; state age; give reference; $14-$18 to start. A 154 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, in a Brooklyn bank; good chance for advancement; state salary expected. B 771 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, assistant to purchasing agent, familiar with factory purchasing routine; $20-$25 start. Elsson Co., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG MAN for following production, stock records, in paint factory; hours 7:30-5:30; chance for advancement. E 204 Times.

YOUNG MAN experienced in hosiery and underwear; references required. Crescent, 708 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, as messenger, at an uptown banking institution. P 450 Times.

YOUTH, 16, LEARN JOBBING BUSINESS. BEGINNING CARE STOCKS. ADDRESS JOBBER, BOX 139, MADISON SQUARE.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF THE FUTURE AS WELL AS THE PRESENT THIS COMPANY OFFERS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; AS WE HAVE SEVERAL CITY TERRITORIES OPEN THIS FIRM IS OWNED BY ROBERT H. INGERSOLL OF WATCH FAME; WE PAY OUR MEN A LIBERAL COMMISSION TO SELL OUR NATIONALLY ADVERTISED CLOCK WRITER. SEE M. SLOAN AFTER 10 A. M., 6TH FLOOR, 480 4TH AV.

SALESMEN.

The war came.
What happened?

Perhaps your income was reduced through no fault of yours. If you have the initiative to sell a high-grade, easy-selling industrial security where there is good real estate and tangible assets to secure every dollar of stock offered. Firm has good bank connection, two factories in operation; big commissions paid weekly; rapid advancement with an assured income. Call Market 8178 for an appointment.

SECRETARY, French-English, and interpreter wanted, to accompany a party of American business men on a trip around world; must be able to take dictation in both languages and be fairly reliable; the party will leave New York on Aug. 16 and return in about four months after visiting England, France, Belgium, and Italy; good salary for the right man. A 208 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER for an executive's new office, knowledge of advertising preferred; state age, experience, and salary required. A 196 Times.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER is wanted by export house; one for New York office and one for South American office; state experience, initial salary, $25 to $35 week; give full details in first letter. B 784 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, assistant, by Christian business house; good chance for advancement; $15 to start. Mercantile, G 692 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING, RECEIVING CLERK.—Must be thoroughly experienced and furnish A1 references; state age, experience, and salary expected. A. L., 163 Times Harlem.

SOLICITORS, experienced, wanted to sell the new "Pabst," which, after July 1, takes the place of the Pabst beverages; can be sold under the prohibition law; for grocers, restaurants, lunch and soda stands, soda fountains, drug stores, &c., without any licenses whatsoever; liberal commission arrangement; opportunity to the right men who are acquainted in absence mentioned lines. Call in forenoon personally at office of Pabst Brewing Co., 609 West 40th St.

SOLICITOR wanted, experienced to sell our Pictorial Record, 27th Division; liberal commission. Harper & Bros., Room 411, 1,416 Broadway.

SOLICITORS, taking orders for teas and coffees; good inducement to customers; liberal commission to salesmen. 276 Bergen Av., Jersey City.

SOUTH AMERICA.

SALESMEN.—EXPORT HOUSE DESIRES SERVICES OF TWO CAPABLE TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES, ONE FOR THE EAST COAST AND ONE FOR THE WEST COAST, WITH THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, AS HEAVY CHEMICALS, GOODS IRON, CUTLERY AND STEEL, LEATHER, COMMANDING ENGLISH, PORTUGUESE, GERMAN, OR ENGLISH, SPANISH, GERMAN, RESPECTIVELY. APPLICANTS MUST BRING PROOF OF PAST SUCCESS AND HAVE AI REFERENCES; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MEN; COMMISSION WITH DRAWING ACCOUNT; REPLY THELESS IF YOU CANNOT COMPLY WITH OUR REQUIREMENTS. D 426 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—A large downtown bank requires the services of a man between 25 and 30 years of age who has the following qualifications:

1. Several years' experience as stenographer or private secretary, preferably with some financial house.
2. Some practical experience in bookkeeping.
3. Some familiarity with securities.
4. College education preferred but not required.
5. Attractive personality with experience in meeting big men.

Only first-class men need to answer this advertisement, and full information is expected in first letter.

R 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position for young man of highest type, well educated, experienced, and accurate; in answering, give particulars regarding age, nationality, education, positions held, salary received, &c. G 546 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Court stenographers, experienced; $1,600 per year; mechanical service man only. Knights of Columbus Employment Service, Longacre Hut, Broadway and 46th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—A dry goods commission house offers splendid opportunities for a young man of ability; must be rapid and accurate and familiar with office details; state age, experience, references, religion, and salary expected. D 483 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.—We have an opening for two experienced stenographers; must be able to turn out accurate and neat work; good opportunity for advancement if you can produce good results. Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high-class man, representative appearance; age 28 to 30; steady position. Campbell, 1,970 Broadway, at 66th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut, rapid worker of several years' experience. Address giving age, references, education and experience. D 413 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST for Christian firm, about 21 years old, accurate at figures and good typist; $18 week. B P 304 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in financial office of railroad company; in reply state education, experience, and salary expected. D 468 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for growing export house; knowledge of bookkeeping essential; good salary; splendid opportunity. D 455 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright and energetic, in office of large manufacturer; splendid opportunity. L M 802 Times Downtown.

STOCK AND BOND SALESMAN.

A large corporation offers an opportunity to a few bond salesmen to place a guaranteed income paying bond that will appeal to all classes of investors; liberal commission; not oil. Write, giving full particulars and references. R 200 Times.

STOCK BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced young man, thoroughly familiar keeping stock records in dry goods commission house; give full particulars, age, experience, and salary expected. A 86 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN

for oil proposition; large holdings, small capitalization; Ranger District; liberal commission. Wm. G. Morrison, 42 East 28th St.

STOCK SALESMAN.—EXPENSES ADVANCED AGAINST COMMISSIONS. SEE H. M. BLACKLEY, HOTEL YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 19, A. M. to 4 P. M.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted; one that can produce; no other need apply; commission. R. McLelland, 3,647 Broadway; tel. Audubon 8210.

STOCK CLERK, assistant for baking factory, with experience. Call Cushman's Sons Employment Office, 71 Lawrence St., corner 127th St. and Amsterdam Av.

STOCK CLERK for furniture house; one who can keep records; state age, experience, and salary. A 97 Times.

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YOUNG MAN, as messenger, at an uptown banking institution. P 450 Times.

YOUTH, 16, LEARN JOBBING BUSINESS. BEGINNING CARE STOCKS. ADDRESS JOBBER, BOX 139, MADISON SQUARE.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN.—A large electrical firm has a vacancy in its warehouse department for a young man with several years' experience as a house orator; handler and shipping packer; able to make up boxes and pack miscellaneous merchandise. Applicants should have had experience with a large wholesale hardware concern, factory department store. Position steady. Address W. S., 237 Times.

YOUNG MAN FOR CLERICAL AND STATISTICAL WORK IN IMPORTING HOUSE; MUST BE QUICK, ACCURATE, AND WRITE A FINE HAND; GOOD SALARY FOR RIGHT MAN; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND REFERENCES. CLERICAL, 803 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN wanted as assistant to buyer of groceries for large wholesale house; prefer age 21 to 25; with stock experience; state salary, experience, education, and if now employed; salary $75 monthly to start; excellent chance for early advancement and good future prospects for right party. Exp., P. O. Box 745 City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN, good, accurate typist, to make himself generally useful in export department of large cotton goods house; must be willing and intelligent; good salary, excellent opportunity; state references and salary desired. G 701 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, between the age of 18 and 20, wanted for junior clerkship, with large commercial house specializing in the woolen part of Manhattan; must be a good penman; previous business experience not necessary. A 270 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, preferably one who has had some selling experience; must be conscientious worker; splendid opportunity to obtain training in selling and advertising; state age, experience, and salary required. Y 205 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN as bill clerk; state age, experience, and salary expected. J. M., 876 Times.

YOUNG MAN as stock room clerk in parts department of machinery concern; no experience required; advancement; state age; salary to start $18. C 785 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as timekeeper, office assistant; state salary and experience; Brooklyn. M. L., 807 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, 16-20, to assist in office; state experience and salary expected. E 178 Times.

YOUNG MEN, STRONG, TO HELP AROUND STORE; DEPARTMENTS. ADDRESS HOUSE BOX 130, MADISON SQ.

YOUNG MAN

with at least two years' experience in the fancy goods, notion, and novelty line for stock work and sales promotion work in dept. Guthman-Solomons, 100 West 31st.

YOUNG MAN wanted, about 22, in office of woodworking concern; one familiar with plans prepared. Write, stating qualifications and salary expected, J. K., 280 Times, Harlem Office.

Instruction.

BOOKKEEPERS AND OFFICE MEN.

WHERE YOU MAY BE NOVEMBER 1919.

WHERE YOU MAY BE NOVEMBER 1920.

November is the month of the year when the greatest number of changes and business adjustments are made. In no field will there be more demand for trained men than in the field of Accountancy, where even now there are hundreds of unfilled positions for Accountants, Auditors, Systematizers, and Cost Accountants at salaries ranging from

$2,500 TO $7,500 A YEAR.

La Salle Extension University, through its large organization of business training experts and its interstate Placement Service, advances more men to better and higher office positions and higher salaries than any other organization. Hundreds of attractive positions must continue to remain open with the Government and business houses and corporations with which we are in touch, and applicants either with or without bookkeeping experience can be specially trained.

BE READY FOR NOVEMBER.

If you have a faculty for figures and the crude stuff for the making of an accountant, there is just about time between NOW and November this year for you, through sufficient intensive training during your spare hours at home, to qualify for a Junior Accountancy position that will pay at least $40 a week.

And ample time to qualify by November, 1920, for position of Senior Accountant, Auditor, or Income Tax Expert, at a salary of at least $75 a week—with possibilities of more than double that amount.

WRITE OR TELEPHONE AT ONCE FOR OFFICE APPOINTMENT.

LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,

DR. JACOBI'S WILL FILED.

Physician Leaves Estate Valued at a Quarter of a Million.

The will of Dr. Abraham Jacobi, eminent physician, which was filed for probate yesterday, disposes of an estate estimated at $250,000. He gives $5,000 to the New York Academy of Medicine for the benefit of the library, and such of his medical books and journals as the Academy desires to select. He gave $1,000 to the United States Civil Service Reform Association.

Dr. Jacobi gave his residuary estate to his daughter, Mrs. George McAneny. His friend Dr. A. L. Goodman of 263 West 113th Street, gets such medical and surgical instruments as he desires. To Drs. Goodman, Franz Boas, J. B. Bryant, Frederick Jordan, Tobias Radich and Willy Meyer, is left a keepsake to be selected from the medical books, instruments, statues, pictures, and ornaments. Mrs. Marie Boas receives $1,000, and $5,000 each goes to Ludwig and Laura Jacobi, a nephew and niece. Alice Krakeswitzer receives an annuity of $500.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST, AUTO.

$200 reward, no questions asked, for information leading to recovery of Cadillac automobile, stolen from West 81st St., Manhattan, in early hours Saturday morning, July 12. Body of car Victoria cabriolet type, 3 seater, painted bright green with white wheels, black mudguards, (slightly bent,) and nickel-plated radiator and side brackets; leather top has tear in lower left corner; motor No. A21920, license number 345-C13. Communicate with Box D 300 Times.

LOST—Leather portfolio containing papers relating to Armenia, Thursday, July 10, after 5 o'clock, in Black and White taxicab on route 80th St. and 5th Av. to Grand Central Station or in station, either in restaurant or on way to 7:30 train for Maine; reward. Telephone Bowling Green 1744.

LOST—Black Persian lamb stole, reward; L. I. train going to Northport, Friday evening, July 11. Marie Stienman, care Anderson, Fort Salonga, Northport, Long Island.

LOST—July 4, gold knife, with owner's name on it, at Garrison, Katonah, or New York. Liberal reward if returned to Classified Dept., New York Times, Times Annex, 229 West 43d St.

LOST—On 5th Av. bus, at 42d St., fishing reel, in leather case; suitable reward. Fred Koening, Tarrytown, N. Y. Phone 557 Tarrytown.

LOST—Last Friday, in Brooklyn, diamond parpin with 6 calibre sapphires; $100 reward for its return. V. R. Hess, 7 Wall St., Manhattan.

LOST—Watch and chain, Delaware & Hudson Pullman from Montreal, July 7. Reward. Cleaves. Telephone Bowling Green 7409.

LOST—On Brooklyn "L" train nearing Park Row, small leather bag containing rouge and polished stones; reward. Nathen Hyman, 15 John St.

LOST—1 diamond flexible guard ring, platinum setting; 1 sapphire, square top, platinum setting guard ring, 49th St.-Park Av., about 1:30 Tuesday; reward. 6330 Plaza.

LOST—Lady's umbrella, between 75th and 80th Sts.; monogrammed silver top, inscribed "F. D. E."; reward. 321 Fernald Hall, Columbia University.

LOST—Cluster stickpin, 116th and 5th Av.; engagement present; reward. Cohen, care University Button Works, 149 West 36th.

LOST—Lady's watch, bow-knot ribbon, pin attached. Reward. Hyland, 618 West 136th St.

LOST—A briar pipe, with broken amber mouthpiece, in cab downtown on Tuesday afternoon; reward $5. Martin, 7 Nassau St.

LOST—Small crescent diamond and pearl pin. Reward. 315 West 79th. Schuyler 9171.

FOUND—Pin or brooch, owner can have same by proving ownership. W. A. Bryan, Montefese House, Branford, Conn.

LOST—Square diamond wrist watch, 48 Fifth, with diamond snap. Liberal reward if returned. W. D. Tusten, 681 5th Av.

LOST—Blue enamel watch, platinum, eight small diamonds on back; reward. Canal 1612.

LOST—Power of attorney made out to William Karp, vicinity City Hall; reward. Karp, 104 West 27th. Farragut 2187.

LOST—Small brown purse, in Rivoli Tuesday night, containing money; reward if returned to name inside. Riverside 7609.

LOST—Small purse containing lavaliere, on 8th Av. car; reward. Return, 51 East 83d.

LOST—Old-fashioned flat ring, 6 diamonds; keepsake; reward. Christie, Col. 3126.

$50 REWARD.

Return gold watch and fob, initials N. G. in sapphires on fob; lost July 16. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Avenue.

$25 REWARD

for return of gold octagonal watch lost June 23, vicinity of West 113th St. I. H. & B. M. Weinberg, 695 Fifth Ave.

$100 REWARD for flexible diamond and platinum bracelet with 54 diamonds in square box settings; lost June 17, between Lynbrook, L. I., and New York City. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Monday, July 14, mahogany brindle Boston terrier, white chest and forepaws, white markings on head, about 20 inches in length; left house at 247 Rugby Road, Brooklyn, without a collar about 9 A. M.; answers to the name of Barney; will call for dog; $10 reward. Albert H. Weck. Phone Flatbush 6647.

LOST—Dog, Airedale, 14 months, with black harness, last Central Park West, Monday night, between 100th and 105th Sts. Good reward to finder. Alderbrough, 418 Central Park West. Phone Riverside 4164.

THE ONLY

Original Worcestershire Sauce is manufactured solely by Lea & Perrins.

Refuse imitations. They are inferior in quality to the famous

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

to which has been given a world wide reputation.

Italian BITTER-SWEET Chocolates

for the Girl of your heart

Stuffed with fruits

Bi her a Box

Hafen

MATCH — HE BOXES THE PARCEL POST

35th St & Herald Sq. Bway & 30th Bway & 45th

PAWN TICKETS

Diamonds and Furs.

ABSOLUTELY HIGHEST PRICES PAID

WE ALSO BUY SHOTGUNS, CAMERAS, BINOCULARS, FISHING TACKLE, GOLF OUTFITS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

(Our Representative Will Call.)

TRIGGER'S, 787 6th Av. NEAR 47TH ST.

FOLLOW THE ARROW AND YOU FOLLOW THE STYLE IN COLLARS

HANDLEY-PAGE FLIER TELLS OF ACCIDENT

Admiral Kerr Says Crippled Machine Kept Up Three Hours Until Dawn.

CARRIED 29,000 POUNDS

Men Risked Lives in Dark in Effort to Prevent Abandonment of Flight from Newfoundland.

Admiral Mark Kerr, who was in charge of the Handley-Page transatlantic flight expedition, and who, although nearly 55 years old, piloted the Handley-Page machine on the flight from Harbor Grace, N. F., July 4, in which the machine was damaged in a forced landing at Parrsboro, N. S., arrived in this city yesterday, and is at the Hotel Biltmore, with W. W. Workman of the Handley-Page Company.

Admiral Kerr said that, despite the trouble which compelled the abandonment of the flight, the experience gained on it had been of great value. He said that after one engine was out of action the three remaining Rolls-Royce engines did wonderful work, and demonstrated that multiple engines are essential on planes used for long flights.

"We left Harbor Grace at 6 o'clock on the evening of July 4," he said, "with a load of 29,000 pounds, the largest load ever carried by any type of airplane. This included the crew, consisting of Major Brackley, Major Gran, Mr. Wyatt, Engine Mechanic Arnold, and Airplane Mechanic Clements. The machine was fitted with Marconi directional wireless and with a transmitting and receiving instrument. All this equipment worked admirably.

"The course was laid for Sydney, which we passed at 10:15 P. M., the average speed being eighty-three miles an hour with an adverse wind against us. At 9 o'clock the crew had dinner in the cabin, while the pilot had his dinner taken to him at the wheel, after which the off-duty pilot had a few hours' sleep.

Risk Lives in the Dark.

"At 11:30 o'clock I was piloting the machine when I noticed that the starboard foremost engine was dropping revolutions, and with the throttle wide open, could maintain only 1,600 revolutions. Major Gran and Arnold climbed out to the engine, but beyond finding a quantity of oil they could not, in the darkness, ascertain the trouble. This feat of Gran and Arnold was very daring, and they deserve much credit for it.

"The engine continued to run at 1,600 revolutions until 2:05 o'clock in the morning, when one piston rod gave out and the cam rod broke the engine cover, passing through the fuselage, together with several pieces of metal. The other three engines now had to do all the work, and the throttles were open and the revolutions went up to 1,800 and 1,820.

"These engines kept the machine in the air with the weight of 29,000 pounds, running three hours and fifty-five minutes, until the landing at Parrsboro. We were in the air ten minutes less than twelve hours.

"The race course which we sighted from the air, and about which we knew nothing, appeared to be a safe place to land, and had it not been for a concealed ditch a new engine could have been installed and the machine could have continued its journey.

"Despite the accident some excellent lessons were learned from the trip.

"First—It proved the value of multiple engine machines.

"Second—It showed what a good engine and a thoroughly well built airplane can accomplish in the face of an accident, when thirteen tons are kept in the air for nearly four hours on three engines, and might have kept up as long as there was gasoline to give the engines.

"Third—It demonstrated that wireless and directional wireless are of the greatest use in a machine large enough to carry them.

"Fourth—Comfort and sleep can be had in a machine of our type during a long flight.

"Fifth—It is well to remember that in all the transatlantic attempts, as well as in this flight, not a life has been lost or a bone broken. Given a good machine, good engines, and good pilots, the risk in flying is small. Neither is flying confined to any special age. I have been flying for over seven years and have been a pilot for five years, and I will be fifty-five years old in September. One of the other pilots is nearly thirty, and the other under twenty-five.

"I consider that there is a great future for commercial flying in America, the land of great distances, great trade, and speed. If the airplane is used intelligently, it will prove an enormous boon to commerce and travel over long distances. Its capabilities are enormous, and its future assured as long as its promoters remember its limitations and that reliability is essential before all other things."

Admiral Kerr, in a few days, will return to Parrsboro to assist in repairing the machine. He expects to fly it to Atlantic City soon.

Continues Bergen Beach Injunction.

On the application of the Bergen Beach Land Corporation, Supreme Court Justice Benedict in Brooklyn yesterday continued a temporary injunction obtained some time ago by the plaintiff restraining the City of New York from violating or rescinding an agreement entered into by the plaintiff with the Mitchel administration and having to do with plans for the development of the Bergen Beach water front. The present municipal officials, it is said, sought to replace the agreement, made in 1917, with a plan of their own, the deeds putting the city's agreement into effect not having been executed by the outgoing administration.

WILSON IN SUFFRAGE PLEA.

Urges Georgia Ratification, but Rejection Is Predicted.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, July 16.—President Wilson has wired to Governor Dorsey to impress upon the Georgia Legislature the political expediency of ratifying the equal suffrage amendment to the Federal Constitution. The amendment is now before the Legislature, and it is conceded that it will be overwhelmingly rejected, despite the President's action.

The President's telegram was received in the Senate today by Senator Elders, the suffrage leader, and created some resentment. Senator J. J. Flynt, after the reading of the telegram, inquired of Senator Elders if he construed the message to be instruction from the President to vote for ratification. Georgia bought one pig in a poke on the President's recommendation, said Senator Flynt, and "we don't propose to buy another."

Senator Flynt's reference, which caused a laugh, was to the election of W. J. Harris to the United States Senate on the recommendation of President Wilson.

The President's suffrage telegram read:

White House,
Washington, July 15, 1919.

Hon. Hugh M. Dorsey, Governor,
Atlanta, Ga.

I am profoundly interested in the passage of the suffrage amendment to the Constitution and would very much value your advice as to the present status of the matter in the Georgia Legislature. I would like very much to be of help, for I believe that it is absolutely essential to the political future of the country that this amendment should be passed, and absolutely essential to the fortunes of the Democratic Party that it should play a leading part in the support of the great reform. WOODROW WILSON.

WALES TO SAIL AUGUST 5.

Prince to Visit Canada on New Battle Cruiser Renown.

LONDON, July 16.—The Prince of Wales will sail from Portsmouth Aug. 5 on his trip to Canada, it was announced here today. He will go on the new battle cruiser Renown, one of the "mystery ships" built during the war.

The Prince will land at St. John, N. B., on Aug. 15, and will visit Halifax, N. S., and Charlottetown, P. E. I., and then continue his journey on the Renown to Quebec.

The Renown and four other battle cruisers of the same type—the Repulse, Glorious, Furious, and Courageous—were built in 1916. Under the pre-war naval plans the Renown was to have been of the Royal Sovereign class of superdreadnoughts, but construction on them was stopped and the plans greatly altered. The Renown has a displacement of 26,500 tons and carries a crew of 900 officers and men. Her length is 794 feet and her beam 90 feet.

The old battleship Renown, no longer in service, in 1905 was transformed virtually into a royal yacht for the trip of the then Prince and Princess of Wales to India. Later it served for other voyages of royalty.

DR. KELMAN ACCEPTS CALL.

Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church to Get Pastor from Scotland.

At a meeting of the congregation of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church yesterday the Rev. Dr. John Kelman of Edinburgh, Scotland, was named as the new pastor, to succeed Dr. John Henry Jowett, who resigned last year to go to the Westminster Congregational Chapel in London. It was said that Dr. Kelman had accepted the appointment and would take up his new post on the first Sunday of October.

Dr. Kelman, who is in his fifty-fifth year, was educated at the Royal High School, Edinburgh University, and the New College in Edinburgh. In 1897 he was called to the North United Free Presbyterian Church, Edinburgh. He visited the United States about a year ago and preached at Princeton, in this city, and also delivered through many cities in the West and in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church a lecture on "Life in the Trenches." This Spring he spent almost two months in this country, preaching here and in several Western cities and delivering a course of lectures at the Yale Divinity School. Some of his publications are "The Holy Land," "The Faith of Robert Louis Stevenson," "The Light That Saves," and "The Courts of the Temple." It was said at the meeting that he will be the highest paid Presbyterian minister in this country.

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FORDHAM PUSHES DRIVE.

Progress Made Toward $1,000,000 Fund for Medical School.

In an effort to continue the Fordham University Medical School, which it was announced on June 15, last, would not reopen in the Fall because of the inability of the university to operate this branch any longer without an endowment, a campaign is now being carried on to raise a $1,000,000 fund. The campaign has been under way for two weeks and it was said at the university yesterday afternoon that the committee is hopeful of obtaining the amount required.

The following compose the committee: Clarence J. O'Connor, Chairman; Louis J. Cassano, Secretary; Jacob Diner, Ph. G., M. D., Treasurer; Rev. Edward P. Thunan, S. J., President of Fordham University; Robert C. Ten Eyck, Francis X. Mancuso, Otto A. Rosalsky, and the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman.

Bank Robber Gets Prison Term.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 16.—The third of the robbers who held up the First National Bank at Freeport on March 19 last was today sentenced to a term of not less than ten years nor more than twenty years in Sing Sing Prison by County Judge Smith. He is David Brounstein, 19 years old, of Manhattan. The other two men implicated in the holdup, Fred Rothermel and Henry Berman, have already been sentenced to similar terms of imprisonment. The American Jewish Seventy Elders are interested in Brounstein and the associations going to appeal to the Governor for clemency.

Navy to Vacate Radio Station.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 16.—Orders have been received by Ensign W. C. Finch, in command of the naval radio station here, to withdraw all the naval forces on Aug. 1 and to turn the station back to the Marconi Wireless Company, from whom it was taken over in the Summer of 1917. The Marconi concern will have to install new apparatus before it will be able to take up commercial work.

WHITLOCK COMING HOME.

He Refuses to Talk in Brussels of Possible Promotion.

BRUSSELS, July 16. (Associated Press.)—Brand Whitlock, American Minister to Belgium, who was reported to have been named as Ambassador to Italy to take the place of Thomas Nelson Page, will leave for the United States on July 26.

Mr. Whitlock refused to comment on the possibility of his going to Italy, and gave as his reason for the American trip that he needed a rest after his work here. At the legation it was said today that all reports about Minister Whitlock's promotion were unofficial.

K. C. to Take Up Educational Work.

The War News Service of the Knights of Columbus announced yesterday that plans have been formed for the launching of an educational system to give young men executive, technical, and cultural training which will render their citizenship more effective. A conference will be held in New York City during the week of July 27th in which educators of national prominence will participate. A concrete program will then be presented to the Peace Conference of the Knights of Columbus, to be held in Buffalo on Aug. 5 and 6.

304th F. A. Form Legion Post.

The New York State Branch of the American Legion announces that steps have recently been taken to organize the 304th Field Artillery post of the legion. All officers and enlisted men of this organization who wish to join the post are requested to communicate with Elliott C. Bacon, 23 Wall Street. The headquarters of the post will be temporarily at the 77th Division Club in the old old Astor Library, 40 Lafayette Place.

...and in New York

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